

Secretary Noble may be right in saying that no profanity is ever heard in Mr. Harrison's cabinet.

Four woolen mills, three of them in New England, shut down last week, two of them permanently, and thus is the Republican policy of taxing raw materials vindicated.

Advisers from West Africa confirm previous reports of the shocking privations to which Mr. Stanley has been subjected. It is said that his hair has turned snow white, that his clothes are in rags, and that he is without shoes being obliged to use skins to cover his feet.

The New York Evening Post publishes a list of strikes, wage reductions and failures since the election of Harrison, and the number exceeds that of a corresponding time under Cleveland. Does high protection help the country?

Col Jack Haverly, who once enjoyed the reputation of being the Napoleon of the theatrical business, is now interesting himself in mining ventures. He registered at St. Louis hotel a few days ago and looked like a cowboy in his broad brimmed sombrero.

It will be found that cows will prefer to drink tannin water, even almost filthy, from pools, rather than to take fresh drawn from the well. It is not the cleanness of the well water that the cows object to, but its coldness.

A small quantity of a two per cent. solution of carbolic acid, sprinkled on sheets, coverlets, pillows and the wall-nest bed, will, it is said, effectually repel the attacks of mosquitoes. As a further precaution, the face and neck may also be slightly wetted with the solution.

Governor Hovey, of Indiana, has been asked by Clay county commissioners to issue a proclamation appealing to the people to give assistance to the starving miners of that section. These are the men who only last fall were assured by General Harrison, whom they visited at Indianapolis, that his election and the maintenance of the present tariff would give them abundant work at high wages.

It is not generally known that the young flat fish have an eye on each side of the body, and it is only in the adult stage that the eyes are both on one side. There has been much discussion among scientific men as to the mode in which the change takes place, but in the flounder it has been observed to travel over the ridge of the head, while in some other fish it passes directly through the soft tissue of the young fish to the other side.

It is announced that the Shah of Persia has in his retinue as he travels about Europe a handsome Circassian girl selected from his harem, whom he dresses in boy's clothes. She is described as a remarkably good looking young girl, not in the least resembling the ordinary Circassian girl of commerce as exhibited in the New York dime museum. She has short hair, very fine eyes, and, in fact, the classical countenance which goes to make up the Oriental beauty.

Edwin Booth has not given up smoking as has been reported. He was observed recently at a small railway station on the Connecticut shore of Long Island Sound dressed in gray and puffing a black, strong cigar, with the air of an enthusiast. His face was pale, his eyes were haggard, and he walked like an old man. One slender was at least two inches above the other.

Sam Wah Kee, the richest Chinaman in New England, is worth about \$100,000. He wants to go to China with his family for two years, and has been bringing about the Boston Custom-House of late trying to prove to the authorities that he is not a laborer. He fears that he will not be allowed to land when he returns to this country from China. He is an importer and wholesale dealer of Chinese staples and has made a fortune since he came to America.

For the information of those who live at a distance from Albany, it is proper to say that the town is pursuing the even tenor of its progressive way. She is on the upward tendency keeping right on in a healthy vigorous stride with no boom flags floating or manufactured signs of progress, but like the boy in school who was called up by the teacher for whistling said he did not whistle, it just whistled itself. So Albany just grows herself.

The spectacle of Andrew Carnegie holding up eminent free traders on the outside of the ocean at a feast given by himself, whilst his workmen on this side of the ocean are making a vain protest against a reduction of their wages, must put Plato in a state of great expectancy. As Mr Carnegie grinds exceeding fine in his own mill, he will hardly expect any change in the running when he shall come to be ground himself.

The strangest canal in the world is a canal 16 miles long, between Worsley and St Helens in the north of England, and is under ground from end to end. Many years ago the duke of Bridgewater's managers thought they could save money by transporting the coal in his mines underground instead of on the surface. So the canal was constructed, the mines connected and drained at the same time. Ordinary canal boats are used, but the power is furnished by men. On the roof of the tunnel arch are cross pieces, and the men who do the work of propulsion lie on their backs on the coal and push with their feet against the cross bars on the roof.

The oldest man in the world, in all probability, is in Nagy Ferencz, of Bars, Hungary. He was born in Heinrich 121 years ago. Twenty years of his life he spent as a soldier, and he fought against the first Napoleon in several armed battles. Early in life he was crossed by leprosy and was a misbegotten ever since. He has used tobacco 104 years and has indulged more or less in beer and wine. He is in perfect health, has all his faculties and can recall events of his childhood readily. He likes to gossip and his conversation is very entertaining.

It would seem at last as if fortune was once more returning to Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague. Mrs. Chase, as she now calls herself, had perhaps the greatest social career in Washington that any woman ever had, except Mrs. Dolley Madison. When Chief-Justice Chase died his estate was not supposed to be worth \$100,000, and Mrs. Chase, who inherited the half had been managing her own money affairs which distinguished her father, managed to get rid of her share of it long ago, except the Chief-Justice's country place, Edgewood, near Washington. Lately an electric street railway has been extended out there, the suburban farm has reached the neighborhood, and Mrs. Chase finds herself the owner of one of the most valuable properties in the District. Her son, Willie Sprague, who went with his father in the Sprague domestic troubles, and afterwards married a sister of the woman his father married, has separated from his wife and returned to his mother. He is a young fellow, not much over twenty-one, and there is hope for him.

Belting.—A fine line of rubber and leather belting kept constantly on hand at Stewart & Sox's. All required sizes in stock.

Day by day the fallacies of the organs of "protection war taxes" are exposed. What is funny about the whole thing is the manner in which these organs contradict each other, and the manner in which an organ often contradicts itself in order to maintain the structure of war taxes on the sandy foundation on which it rests.

The Oregon Blade, a sheep organ, says: "Had the Democratic party been successful last fall the Mills bill would have become a law, and mutton would have been plenty, and wool would now bring five cents instead of 18."

Now let us see. The republicans have jeered and booed at the statement insisted on by democrats that the duty on wool is the same as that on sheep. They have tried to ridicule the position taken by democrats that the tariff is a tax paid by the American consumer whether he used a home article or an imported article. These republican organs, the Blade among them, have often made the argument that placing a duty on an article reduced its price, and caused it to be sold cheaper than if the tariff had never been imposed. But now the Blade comes forward and states that if the tariff had been removed, wool would have sold for a cent a pound instead of 18, which it now brings. The duty is 10 cents a pound, and the Blade argues that removing it would make a difference of 13 cents per pound, and retaining the duty makes the same difference. These organs-grinders are being driven into knotholes from which they will never be able to extricate themselves. If the price of wool is increased 13 cents per pound for a one-cent tariff, who pays the increase? or except the man who consumes the wool? It would be laughable were it not so serious a matter, to see the very awkward dilemma into which these organs get themselves, by the illogical attitude they take on the subject.

It is true that the present administration has been too busy in distributing the spoils of government and attending to other matters of weighty personal concern to develop the financial policy proposed by the country in the late campaign. But after four months of republican administration the much maligned financial policy of President Cleveland remains undisturbed by his political enemies. The millions of treasury surplus lie untouched in pet national banks, and Secretary Windom moves as cautiously as did his democratic predecessor in purchasing government bonds. While the treasury situation shall remain without change, the only judicious mode of extraction from its embarrassments will be in pursuing the path of revenue reduction marked out so ably and so courageously in President Cleveland's message.

Judge Dudley, of New York, decides that Col. Dudley must first submit to an examination as to the grounds of his complaint in his libel suit against the New York World for publishing the "black and five" letter. He has never yet told under what part of the published letter he did or did not write or dictate. And the New York World writes to know if he will take the stand. We suppose that he will not take the stand—nor let the stand take him if he can help it.

Mr. Blaine is evidently in entire accord with Mr. Harrison in one feature of the Presidential policy—the bestowal of offices upon relatives and connections. A second nephew of the Secretary of State, in addition to his brother, has just been put upon the public pay-roll, in the appointment of Edward Stanwood as special Agent of the Census. Nepotism quickly becomes the fashion when the head of the Government sets the example.

WILL COLLECT.—Owing to unavoidable circumstances I did not collect water bills on the 10th of this month as advertised, but I will be round collecting the first of next month. Let every one be prepared to meet my call. L. E. GRAY, Sec'y Water Co.

That Cantankerous Old Woman Described in the nursery ballad, who "lived upon nothing but victuals and drink," and yet "would never be quiet," was undoubtedly troubled with chronic indigestion. Her victims, like those of many other elderly persons whose digestive powers are impaired, naturally agree with her. This was before the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, or some one of her numerous friends and relatives would undoubtedly have persuaded her to try the great specific for dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. This medicine has been a measure of self protection on their part. For she would soon have been cured and ceased to disturb them with her clamor. The most obstinate cases of indigestion, with its attendant heartburn, flatulency, constant eructations of the stomach and of the nerves, are completely overcome by this sovereign remedy. Sufferers from indigestion, constipation, rheumatism and kidney troubles are also relieved by it.

Albany Market Wheat—62. Oats—18. Butter—the per lb. HAY—0.80. Potatoes—25 cts per bushel. Corn—1.25 per bushel. Pork—8.50 per lb. dressed. Bacon—12.00. Shoulders, 10 cts. side 11c. Lard—9.00 per 100 lbs. Flour—4.25 per 100 lbs. Chickens—5.00 per doz. Hill Food—14.00 per ton shorts, 10 cts. middling, 20 cts. Choice, 30.

Sheriff's Sale. In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn County.

Robert H. Loller, as administrator of the estate of Sila A. A. A. deceased, plaintiff vs. R. H. Hetherford, Hannah E. Rutherford, and Mary P. Eubank, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named court in the above entitled suit, I will, on Saturday, the 24th day of July, 1889, at the Court House door in the City of Albany, Linn County, Oregon, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., or said day, sell at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest bidder, the real property described in said execution and order of sale, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section 36 in township 9 south, range 1, west of the W. lamette meridian in Linn County, Oregon, excepting the tract bounded as beginning at a point 5.00 chains north of the southeast corner of said section 36, and running south 5.00 chains, thence west 10.00 chains, and thence to the southeast corner of said section 36, together with the tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and the same to be sold to the highest bidder for cash in hand. The proceeds of said sale of said premises to be applied as follows: First, To the payment of the plaintiff's claim in said suit, to-wit: To the plaintiff, the sum of \$2,402.50, in U. S. gold coin, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, from June 27, 1880, and the further sum of \$100 attorneys fees. Dated this 24th day of July, 1889. JOHN SMALLEN, Sheriff of Linn County, Oregon.

Sheriff's Sale. In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn County.

W F Mendenhall and Sam May, administrators of the estate of Rachel Hoell, deceased, Plaintiffs, vs.

Hiram Smith and W W Briggs, doing business under the firm name and style of Smith & Briggs, Hiram Smith and Jas W Bradford, doing business as partners under the firm name and style of Smith & Bradford, Hiram Smith, John M Waters and W W Briggs, doing business under the firm name of Smith, Waters & Briggs, Hiram Smith, James W Bradford, John F McCulley, James M Shelly and W J Bramwell, doing business under the firm name of Smith, Bradford, McCulley, Shelly & Bramwell, Hiram Smith, Mary A B Smith, James P Bradford, Lydia Bradford, Elizabeth Martin, Alexander Somerville, Willoughby Churchill, R P Caldwell, John Q Vaughan, Geo Bailey, John Somerville, H N Hill, Joseph Somerville, Solomon Cox, Samuel Nixon, John McCartney, Henry Kannebe, Catherine Wigle, A Humphrey, John Cogswell, Jacob Wigle, John Kellogg and John Burnett, partners doing business under the firm name of Kellogg & Burnett, Jas E F A Chenovert and F M Johnson, doing business under the firm name of Chenovert & Johnson, Dawson Smith, John F McCulley, Nancy Carson Wilson, John Kaiser, Winfield Rommerville, E F Wyatt, Daniel McClain, G M Baber, Mack Somerville, Harvey Somerville, John W Jerry, Jas H Foster, J D Bennett, J H D Henderson, J B Hill, M Wilkins, Samuel Swift, Hiram Smith and Mary A B Smith, his wife, Wesley W Briggs and Harriet Briggs, his wife, A G Hovey and H C Humphrey, partners under the firm name of Hovey & Humphrey, John M Thompson, E Dawson, Isaac Vandy and D D Hilly, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named Court in the above entitled suit, I will, on Saturday, the 24th day of August, 1889, at the Court House door, in the city of Albany, Linn County, Oregon, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m., of said day, sell at public auction for cash in hand to the highest bidder the real property described in said execution and order of sale. Said real property is described in three parcels marked respectively "A," "B" and "C," and is as follows, to-wit: "A,"

Parcel "A," No. 1, commencing at the northeast corner of fractional river lot, No. 2, in McCulley's addition to Harrisburg, and running thence north 30 feet, thence east 100 links north, 315 1/2 links west to the 1/2 section stake between sections 4 and 5, on main 37, in T 15, S R 2 west of the Willamette meridian, running thence north 84 1/2, west 739 links; thence north 15 1/2, west 782 links; thence south 41 1/2, west 283 links; thence south 12 1/2, west 484 links to the place of beginning, containing 3 acres more or less. Also lot No 2, in block No 1, and the east 1/2 of lot No 4, and the south 1/2 of lot No 4, in blk No 1, in the city of Harrisburg, county of Linn, state of Oregon; also the south 1/2 of fractional river lot No 1, in McCulley's addition to the city of Harrisburg, in Linn County, Oregon, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

Parcel "B," No. 2, described as follows to-wit: The Donation Land Claim of Henry Hays and wife, being Notification No 3628, claim No 102 of sections 11 and 12, T 16, S R W, except 10 acres in the west part thereof to John Somerville; also commencing at the S E corner of the Henry Hays Donation Land Claim, in T 16, S R 4 west, running thence E 191 rods to the county road to a post due east of the S E corner of the said Hays Donation Claim, thence west to the N E corner of the said Hays Donation Claim, thence north along said county road to a post due east of the S E corner of said Hays claim to the place of beginning, containing 114.91 acres. Also the following described premises, being situated in Linn County, state of Oregon, to-wit: Lot 12 and west 1/2 of lot 11, in blk No 1, in McCulley's addition to the city of Harrisburg; also commencing at a point 10 rods S of the S W corner of the plat of the city of Harrisburg, running thence west 4 rods, thence north 22.40 rods, thence E 84 rods thence N 22.40 rods, thence W 80 rods to the place of beginning, containing 17 acres more or less together with the appurtenances.

Parcel "C," No. 3, commencing 40 rods south of the quarter stake on the section line between sections 26 and 27, running thence north 60 rods to a stake, thence west 60 rods, thence north 60 rods, thence east 60 rods to the place of beginning, containing 22 acres more or less, lying and being situated in section 27, T 15, S R 4 west, being in the county of Linn, state of Oregon; also fractional lot No 2, in the city of Harrisburg, Linn County, state of Oregon; also including 16 chains south of the quarter stake in section 26 and 27, running thence north 15, S R 4 west, and running the N E corner of the plat of the city of Harrisburg, running thence west 4 rods, thence north 22.40 rods, thence E 84 rods thence N 22.40 rods, thence W 80 rods to the place of beginning, containing 17 acres more or less together with the appurtenances.

Notice of Publication. Land office at Oregon City, Or. July 17th, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and the said proof will be made before the County Clerk of Linn County, at Albany, Oregon, on Monday, September 16th, 1889.

W. H. HARRIS, pre-emption D S No. 6304, for the S W 1/4 of S W 1/4 of Sec. 14 T 10 S R 2 W. His margin the following residence upon and cultivation of said land, to-wit: Geo. E. H. Rodgers and W. E. Rodgers, all of Sebo, Linn County, Oregon.

The LEADING Grocery Store IN ALBANY. Wallace, Thompson & Co's. SPECIALTIES. CLOTHING. Furnishing Goods. BOOTS AND SHOES. HATS. Tailoring. L. E. BLAIN.

NEW STORE. NEW GOODS. Mitchell & Lewis Co., Agricultural Implements and Vehicles. ALBANY, OREGON.

THE FAMOUS Wire Buckle Suspender. WARRANTED. L. E. BLAIN.

Notice of Publication. Land office at Oregon City, Or. July 17th, 1889.

Sheriff's Sale. In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn County.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named Court in the above entitled suit, I will, on Saturday, the 17th day of August, 1889, at the Court House door in the city of Albany, Linn County, Oregon, at the hour of 1 o'clock p. m. of said day, sell at public auction for cash in hand to the highest bidder the real property described in said execution and order of sale as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the S E corner of the donation land claim of John B 3 chains to a stake; thence N 53 1/2 chains to a post set on iron bar 2x2x36 inches; thence S 12-30 chains to a post and iron bar 2x2x30 inches; thence E 44.19 chains to the east line of the donation land claim of John V. Strickhoff and wife; thence N 9-40 chains to the N E corner of said claim; thence W 40 1/2 chains to the place of beginning, containing 104 1/2-100 acres.

Notice of Final Settlement. In the County Court of Linn County, Oregon.

5. 1889 SPRING AND SUMMER 1889. Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings. Special Bargains in Cashmeres. Embroideries, Skirtings. Piques, Lawns, India Linens. Table Linen. Towelings, Crashes, Etc.

THE LEADER. THE LEADER. G. W. SMITH, ALBANY. "Superior," "Argand," "Garland" STOVES AND RANGES. Fire Backs. Warranted for 15 years. All sizes and styles. The World's best. More than hundred different styles. Cooks and heaters.

F. L. KENTON. DEALER IN. FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES. Choice Candy, Nuts, Fruit, etc. CIGARS AND TOBACCO. NEA - THE POST OFFICE ALBANY, OREGON.

Sheriff's Sale. In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn County.

FOR THE REST FURNITURE. Albany Furniture Company. Choice Candy, Nuts, Fruit, etc. CIGARS AND TOBACCO. NEA - THE POST OFFICE ALBANY, OREGON.

PURE DRUGS. Paints, Oils, Stationary, Etc., and Prompt Attention. DR. GUISS & SONS.

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