

SUB TO DEMOCRAT, \$2 IN ADVANCE; \$2.50 AT END OF YEAR.
Issued every Friday by STUBBS & NUTTING.
Advertising rates made known on application.

2nd Store
FURNITURE, STOVES, FINWARE, TRUNKS, BOOKS, PICTURES, CLOCKS, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC.
L. GOTTIEB,
123 First Street, Albany, Or.



J. P. HALL, Albany Agent,
for Columbia Bicycles, Tricycles and Safety Bikes, also for National Bicycles and Crescent and Junior Safety Bikes, from \$30 to \$80. Send for price list of new and second-hand wheels now in stock.

Conrad Meyer,
STAR BAKERY
Corner Broadway and First Sts.,
DEALER IN:
Canned Fruits, Canned Meats, Glassware, Vegetables, Cigars, Spices, Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Etc., Etc.
In fact everything that is kept in a general variety and grocery store. Highest in price paid for ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

Poultry Wanted.
All kinds of poultry, alive or dressed, wanted at the Willamette Packing Company's Store, Albany, Oregon.

HOW TO GO EAST.
Go East via Mount Shasta Route. Nice climate and scenery all times of the year. See Mount Shasta, Sacramento, Ogden, Salt Lake, Denver. Finest second-class cars made are run daily. Buy your tickets of me and save your fare to Portland. I am the only person in Albany that can sell you a ticket from Albany direct to any point in the United States. Call on me for rates.
W. L. JESTER,
Agent S. P.

JULIUS GRADWOHL'S Golden Rule Bazaar.
His stock has been enlarged so that it equals any on the Coast, and consists of:
Roger Bros. Silverware, French Chair and Crystalware, Boys' Wagons, Doll Carriages, Fancy Goods, and a general assortment of Crockery and Toys.

FAMILY GROCERIES.
In Agent for insurance companies with a capital aggregating \$75,000,000.
Sole on Pacific Coast. His wife's death is a tragedy.

CHAS. MEYER,
Real Estate, Employment and Insurance Agent.
A communication promptly answered in German or English.
OFFICE: ELLSWORTH BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND STREETS, ALBANY OREGON

FURNITURE.
You want the best and most durable furniture that is manufactured in the city?

Thomas Brink.
Delicious Biscuits
COW BRAND
SODA OR SALERATUS.
TO MAKE
A
Delicious Biscuit
Add your favorite
COW BRAND
SODA OR SALERATUS.
Baking Tin.

Constipation

Demands prompt treatment. The cause of constipation is not always a lack of food, but is often a result of indigestion and a sluggish liver. It is a common ailment, and one that should be promptly treated. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills, which are purely vegetable, and their effect is always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and are everywhere endorsed by the profession. Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them myself. — Dr. J. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.

Effective Remedy

For constipation and indigestion, and an ever-reliable remedy in the house. — Moses Green, Lowell, Mass. "I have used Ayer's Pills for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action." — Dr. N. Smith, Tilton, N. H. "I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure." — Dr. Burke, Saco, Me.

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

BREEDERS ATTENTION.

The Imported French Coach Stallion, Vindictive, will make the season of 1889 at the following places: Brownsville, Mondays and Tuesdays; Halsey, Wednesdays and Thursdays; Lebanon, Fridays and Saturdays. He is an opportunity for the farmers of Lebanon county to get the services of the only French coach horse ever brought to Oregon. He was imported from France by Theo. Skillman and is being bred by the same gentleman. The French coach horse has been attracting great attention throughout the Eastern States for many years and is being imported from France in great numbers. Vindictive is a fine representative of this famous breed of horses, standing 17 1/2 hands high and weighing 1500 lbs. He wherever shown, has attracted large crowds of admirers. His pedigree is pure and his sire is the best of the breed. He is a fine specimen of the breed and is a valuable addition to any stable. He is a fine specimen of the breed and is a valuable addition to any stable. He is a fine specimen of the breed and is a valuable addition to any stable.

WILL BROS.

Dealers in all the improved pianos, organs, sewing machines, etc. Also a full line of warranted Razors, Cut-throats and safety razors. The best kind of scientific machines, and extra for all machines. All articles are reasonably done.

WHY NOT.

Mr. A. J. Anselyn is investigating the street cars at Portland and Salem, with a view to bidding for the manufacture of the Albany cars. Mr. Anselyn has had years of experience, and if he can build a superior car right here at home it would be a feather in Albany's cap to have it done.

MARRIED.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Monroe yesterday received a wedding card, announcing the marriage of Miss Veve Wiswell to Mitchell Gilliam at North Yakima, W. T., on the 11th inst. Miss Wiswell formerly resided in Salem and is the daughter of Oliver Wiswell, Statesman. The bride has several friends in Albany.

A HALSLEY PICNIC.

On June 1st next the Band of Halsey will give a grand picnic at Powell's grove. A large number of prizes will be offered, such as for a fat man's race, lean men and heavily women there will be a base ball and foot ball game and in the evening an ice cream social at Jones Opera House.

CARD OF THANKS.

At a regular meeting of Co. E and Regiment O. N. G. held May 4th, 1889, at their armory, a unanimous vote of thanks was given to Co. F and Regiment O. N. G. for their assistance at the funeral exercises of our late comrade, Frank S. Mattingly. Albany papers please copy—Cereville paper.

CHANGE OF VENUE.

At Dallas Wednesday O. P. Beardsley was indicted for murder in the first degree. On motion of his attorneys, Richard Williams and J. J. Daly, he was given a change of venue to Salem and will be tried in June. District Attorney Hewitt arrived home from there today.

THE COWS.

At the next meeting of the common council a cow ordinance will be introduced and passed just as fast as the law will allow. We make this statement in order to ease any fears that may exist that Albany will continue to be a cow-paradise any longer than necessary. Hereafter we are a city.

THE FACT OF IT.

Probably there is no place anywhere where the Christian people of a city take more pains to attend to the wants of the sick and afflicted than those of Albany. There are Christian women here who spend much of their time in works of humanity, and men who keep their pockets books open without advertising it to the public. Because there happen to be cases in which this is not done it is not just to criticize the whole Christian church. They cannot be blamed for not coming to the aid of the sick and afflicted, but in Albany it is the exception when there is neglect in this respect. There are no doubt thoughtful individuals who have never money making comes before everything else; but it is not the rule here. Where one case of neglect is made prominent there are dozens of cases of humanity by the Christian people of the city that very property are not given notice.

BANNON.

There has been considerable speculation as to what cause James Bannon, the Lebanon bank robber, took after leaving Albany Monday night. It is now known that Tuesday morning he took breakfast with Mr. Jesse Parikh, near Sodaville, and also wrote a note to a friend at Lebanon. In the evening of the same day he again appeared at Mr. Parikh's and was given his supper. Whether Mr Parikh knew him otherwise than from description we are not informed.

RECORD KEPT.

Mr. Jas. F. Powell, who is authority on matters relating to Chinese pleases, informs us of a very peculiar incident. A few days ago a nest of Chinese pheasants eggs were found. They were taken home, placed under a setting hen and the next morning a fine brood of Chinese pheasants were hatching. It may now be seen in Judge Powell's yard.

TWO LOANS.

The regular monthly meeting of stockholders of the Albany B. & L. Association was held last Friday at the office of Hewitt, Bryant & Irvine. Two loans were made, one to S. W. Ross of \$1000 at forty-eight months interest in advance, and one of \$500 to Geo. K. Warren at thirty seven months interest in advance.

BEATS ALL.

Ell Perkins will please try again after reading the following from a Coville county paper: "Little Willie Perkins, the son of the postmaster at Kelo, swallowed a dollar just two years ago, and left before yesterday he extracted from his left ear a dollar and twelve cents the two years ago he swallowed it. Little Willie is now kicking because he did not receive more interest."

A. B. L. ASSOCIATION.

A branch of the Guaranty Building & Loan Association was organized at Chas. E. Wolterton's office Wednesday evening with the following officers: D. R. Blackburn, president; Isaac Blum, secretary; J. L. Cowan, treasurer; Chas. E. Wolterton, attorney; Directors: D. R. Blackburn, T. L. Wallace, E. L. Thompson, J. L. Cowan, Isaac Blum, L. E. Blain, Chas. E. Wolterton.

FRESH FROM GERMANY.

Elber Fremus, a nephew of Mr. Alberts, arrived in the city today from Northern Germany after a journey of just three weeks, clad in the peculiar habiliments of that country and looking like a picture. Young Fremus was about to be made to do military service, being almost of the requisite age, and left his fatherland to go to a military school.

MANY LADS HIM.

Willie Rock, a eleven-year-old Salem boy, disappeared Thursday night and was not found until Monday, when he refused to return to his home. He had concluded to go it alone because his parents insisted on his going to school. Delebed boy. Probably had gotten hold of a five cent novel.

WHY NOT.

Mr. A. J. Anselyn is investigating the street cars at Portland and Salem, with a view to bidding for the manufacture of the Albany cars. Mr. Anselyn has had years of experience, and if he can build a superior car right here at home it would be a feather in Albany's cap to have it done.

MARRIED.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Monroe yesterday received a wedding card, announcing the marriage of Miss Veve Wiswell to Mitchell Gilliam at North Yakima, W. T., on the 11th inst. Miss Wiswell formerly resided in Salem and is the daughter of Oliver Wiswell, Statesman. The bride has several friends in Albany.

A HALSLEY PICNIC.

On June 1st next the Band of Halsey will give a grand picnic at Powell's grove. A large number of prizes will be offered, such as for a fat man's race, lean men and heavily women there will be a base ball and foot ball game and in the evening an ice cream social at Jones Opera House.

CARD OF THANKS.

At a regular meeting of Co. E and Regiment O. N. G. held May 4th, 1889, at their armory, a unanimous vote of thanks was given to Co. F and Regiment O. N. G. for their assistance at the funeral exercises of our late comrade, Frank S. Mattingly. Albany papers please copy—Cereville paper.

REV. HARRIS DEAD.

Rev. J. W. Harris died at Thursday evening May 16th, 1889, at the age of 58 years and 11 days. The following sketch of his life we take from the Statesman: "Mr. Harris was born in Cornwall, England, on the 23rd of April, 1831. He was left an orphan when eight years old, and came to Wisconsin with his mother. He was what is termed a 'well-made' man, being entirely dependent on his own exertions. Deprived of educational advantages in childhood and youth, his early manhood was given to heroic effort to make up for the loss he so sorely felt. While successfully winning his way in obtaining an education he was enabled to feel the claims of God upon his heart and life; at eighteen he yielded to the call, professed his faith in Christ the Savior, and united with the Congregational church in Union Grove, Wis. His college life was spent in Beloit, Wis. He began the work of the ministry in 1850, and through the years of his life he has been a true and faithful minister of the gospel. He was a member of the churches at Grand Rapids and Evansville, Wis., and of The Dalles, Albany and Salem, in Oregon. He was a hard student and a conscientious worker. His sermons took high rank in local reputation and were widely read. He was charged with the fervor of a deep love for his fellow men and an overmastering desire to do them good. Not self-seeking, he never labored but he was held in highest respect, and loved as a man ever ready to sacrifice his own comfort and his personal interests for the welfare of any he could serve. An upright man—honest, earnest, faithful, loving and true in all the relations of life—the welfare of his fellow men would command him to do all that was in his power. He goes to his rest, a blessed memory to all who knew him. He was buried in the cemetery at Union Grove, Wis. His funeral services were held at the residence of his wife on Wednesday evening last. A large number of friends were present. His funeral services were held at the residence of his wife on Wednesday evening last. A large number of friends were present. His funeral services were held at the residence of his wife on Wednesday evening last. A large number of friends were present.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Present—Mayor, Recorder, Marshal and Councilmen Gradwohl, Parker, Burkhardt, Taylor, DeYoung and H. C. G. The following bills and resolutions were ordered read: J. N. Hoffman, \$51.35; Geo. Hughes, \$21.75; W. B. Barr, \$34; Jas. Riley, \$45.15; cost bills, \$21.85; J. H. Hentley, \$47.40; A. W. McAllen, \$95.22. The committee on accounts and current expenses reported allowing bill of \$10 to Albany English Co. No. 1 for slugging Calpolpa street work. Committee on health and police reported in favor of requesting removal of nuisance on lot 2, block 2, E. A. On motion adopted.

STREET COMMISSIONER.

Street Commissioner reported that city was out of lumber and in favor of several sewer connections. Chinese laundry in rear of Revere House was ordered abated. City Surveyor Barr reported in reference to sewer connection with blocks 27 and 34. Petition of F. L. Howe and others for sidewalk on southwest First street adjoining block 13, It's A, and for foot bridge over Third street across Santiam ditch west end of street.

THE TRUTH FRIEND OF THE SOUTH.

Some time ago a municipal election was to be held at Lafayette, Louisiana, when a mob, masked, rode into the town and by threatened violence prevented colored voters from voting. This was taken up by republican journals throughout the north and the whole south was denounced for the act of these few men. Hundreds and thousands of people throughout the north are made to believe that such violence meets with hearty approval in the south. That such charges against the south are utterly absurd needs no better proof than the following extract from the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the leading democratic paper in that state: "It is the best and truest friend of the Southern people who tells them plain truths in a frank and many way—not in anger, nor yet in caustic reproval, but inspired by a sincere love of the South. And just now it is quite clear that the best and truest friend of the Southern people will urge a full and perfect obedience to the law, a cessation of extra-legal means to accomplish ends, however desirable these ends may be, and a return to the ways of prosperity and peace."

PROFIT SHARING.

One of the special features of the Paris centennial exposition is to be the compilation of statistics relative to profit sharing, with explanations of the several systems in vogue in different countries. There is reason to believe that much good may result from the new impulse the idea will receive by being thus brought to the attention of representatives from every part of the world. In the meantime news comes from Minneapolis of the adoption of the plan by another large business concern in that city. The experiment has been successful in one of the largest sporting mills in Minneapolis for five years past and has stood the severest test of one year without profits. There have been no strikes and the class of help employed has steadily improved. Another establishment in the city shows similar results, and the Minneapolis Tribune has given the movement, in the direction of a gradual extension of the principle favored, its cordial support. In a recent article on the subject this paper sums up the system and at the same time points out some of the obstacles in the way of its complete success. It is something that must be slowly, perhaps painfully evolved out of actual experience, and cannot be hastened too rapidly without endangering or—most retarding—the progress. On this point the Tribune well says: "Profit sharing is the employer's contribution to the great end of solving the labor problem, while co-operation is the correlative move made by labor. The history of profit sharing proves that in many instances the employees have been to blame for the failure of their employer's laudable venture. In Germany, especially, socialistic agitation has been the stumbling block of many profit sharing ventures. The uneducated mind imbued with visionary dreams of a universal happiness and comfort as a result of the expected 'social revolution,' is unable to realize that true growth, an evolution by degrees instead of a revolution. These economic irreconcilabilities have retarded the generous philanthropy of employers, but on the contrary so frequently are disposed to thwart their noble efforts. But the large body of producers are ready to co-operate with any employer who will devote his energies and risk his money in a practical attempt at establishing better conditions. And this is the main thing. For if the labor question is reversed, the task of solving the vexatious problem will devolve upon the sensible workmen and the far sighted and noble hearted employers."

THE 4TH.

A meeting of the 4th of July committee was held at the office of Curran & Monteth last Friday. The finance committee reported nearly \$1000 raised. On report of the fireworks committee it was decided to have day fireworks. Arrangements were reported made for half fair rates on railroads running into Albany. On motion the secretary was directed to invite Hon. G. C. G. to deliver the oration. Prof. Walker, chairman of the committee on literary exercises, reported the formation of a boys' military company with sixty members, who will be equipped for the occasion with wooden drums, and the committee reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress.

LEBANON.

Mr. J. W. Menzies, of Portland, has bought the interest of R. C. Miller in the firm of Cronson & Miller, hardware and machinery business. We are glad to welcome Mr. M. to our town, and bespeak for the new firm a liberal patronage. Mrs. S. W. Hindman returned home last Tuesday evening from Albany, where she had been for the past three or four days. The match game of baseball which was played last Saturday between the Lebanon and country boys turned out in a complete victory for the Lebanon nine, by over double the number of tallies. Mr. George Ridgway, a former citizen and native of this county, died at his home near Prineville on the 4th inst.—Express.

PROGRESS.

In every important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be sought for such is the case, however, and the remedy is to be found in the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

ATTENTION, LADIES.

A new invention for dress-cutting taught in half hour for \$5, including class. The agent for instruction of the system invites the ladies of Albany and vicinity to call on him for a perfect fit. Mrs. S. W. Gilbert, over Golden Rule Bazaar, Albany, Or.

THE TRUE FRIEND OF THE SOUTH.

Some time ago a municipal election was to be held at Lafayette, Louisiana, when a mob, masked, rode into the town and by threatened violence prevented colored voters from voting. This was taken up by republican journals throughout the north and the whole south was denounced for the act of these few men. Hundreds and thousands of people throughout the north are made to believe that such violence meets with hearty approval in the south. That such charges against the south are utterly absurd needs no better proof than the following extract from the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the leading democratic paper in that state: "It is the best and truest friend of the Southern people who tells them plain truths in a frank and many way—not in anger, nor yet in caustic reproval, but inspired by a sincere love of the South. And just now it is quite clear that the best and truest friend of the Southern people will urge a full and perfect obedience to the law, a cessation of extra-legal means to accomplish ends, however desirable these ends may be, and a return to the ways of prosperity and peace."

PROFIT SHARING.

One of the special features of the Paris centennial exposition is to be the compilation of statistics relative to profit sharing, with explanations of the several systems in vogue in different countries. There is reason to believe that much good may result from the new impulse the idea will receive by being thus brought to the attention of representatives from every part of the world. In the meantime news comes from Minneapolis of the adoption of the plan by another large business concern in that city. The experiment has been successful in one of the largest sporting mills in Minneapolis for five years past and has stood the severest test of one year without profits. There have been no strikes and the class of help employed has steadily improved. Another establishment in the city shows similar results, and the Minneapolis Tribune has given the movement, in the direction of a gradual extension of the principle favored, its cordial support. In a recent article on the subject this paper sums up the system and at the same time points out some of the obstacles in the way of its complete success. It is something that must be slowly, perhaps painfully evolved out of actual experience, and cannot be hastened too rapidly without endangering or—most retarding—the progress. On this point the Tribune well says: "Profit sharing is the employer's contribution to the great end of solving the labor problem, while co-operation is the correlative move made by labor. The history of profit sharing proves that in many instances the employees have been to blame for the failure of their employer's laudable venture. In Germany, especially, socialistic agitation has been the stumbling block of many profit sharing ventures. The uneducated mind imbued with visionary dreams of a universal happiness and comfort as a result of the expected 'social revolution,' is unable to realize that true growth, an evolution by degrees instead of a revolution. These economic irreconcilabilities have retarded the generous philanthropy of employers, but on the contrary so frequently are disposed to thwart their noble efforts. But the large body of producers are ready to co-operate with any employer who will devote his energies and risk his money in a practical attempt at establishing better conditions. And this is the main thing. For if the labor question is reversed, the task of solving the vexatious problem will devolve upon the sensible workmen and the far sighted and noble hearted employers."

THE 4TH.

A meeting of the 4th of July committee was held at the office of Curran & Monteth last Friday. The finance committee reported nearly \$1000 raised. On report of the fireworks committee it was decided to have day fireworks. Arrangements were reported made for half fair rates on railroads running into Albany. On motion the secretary was directed to invite Hon. G. C. G. to deliver the oration. Prof. Walker, chairman of the committee on literary exercises, reported the formation of a boys' military company with sixty members, who will be equipped for the occasion with wooden drums, and the committee reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress.

LEBANON.

Mr. J. W. Menzies, of Portland, has bought the interest of R. C. Miller in the firm of Cronson & Miller, hardware and machinery business. We are glad to welcome Mr. M. to our town, and bespeak for the new firm a liberal patronage. Mrs. S. W. Hindman returned home last Tuesday evening from Albany, where she had been for the past three or four days. The match game of baseball which was played last Saturday between the Lebanon and country boys turned out in a complete victory for the Lebanon nine, by over double the number of tallies. Mr. George Ridgway, a former citizen and native of this county, died at his home near Prineville on the 4th inst.—Express.

PROGRESS.

In every important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be sought for such is the case, however, and the remedy is to be found in the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

ATTENTION, LADIES.

A new invention for dress-cutting taught in half hour for \$5, including class. The agent for instruction of the system invites the ladies of Albany and vicinity to call on him for a perfect fit. Mrs. S. W. Gilbert, over Golden Rule Bazaar, Albany, Or.

THE TRUE FRIEND OF THE SOUTH.

Some time ago a municipal election was to be held at Lafayette, Louisiana, when a mob, masked, rode into the town and by threatened violence prevented colored voters from voting. This was taken up by republican journals throughout the north and the whole south was denounced for the act of these few men. Hundreds and thousands of people throughout the north are made to believe that such violence meets with hearty approval in the south. That such charges against the south are utterly absurd needs no better proof than the following extract from the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the leading democratic paper in that state: "It is the best and truest friend of the Southern people who tells them plain truths in a frank and many way—not in anger, nor yet in caustic reproval, but inspired by a sincere love of the South. And just now it is quite clear that the best and truest friend of the Southern people will urge a full and perfect obedience to the law, a cessation of extra-legal means to accomplish ends, however desirable these ends may be, and a return to the ways of prosperity and peace."

PROFIT SHARING.

One of the special features of the Paris centennial exposition is to be the compilation of statistics relative to profit sharing, with explanations of the several systems in vogue in different countries. There is reason to believe that much good may result from the new impulse the idea will receive by being thus brought to the attention of representatives from every part of the world. In the meantime news comes from Minneapolis of the adoption of the plan by another large business concern in that city. The experiment has been successful in one of the largest sporting mills in Minneapolis for five years past and has stood the severest test of one year without profits. There have been no strikes and the class of help employed has steadily improved. Another establishment in the city shows similar results, and the Minneapolis Tribune has given the movement, in the direction of a gradual extension of the principle favored, its cordial support. In a recent article on the subject this paper sums up the system and at the same time points out some of the obstacles in the way of its complete success. It is something that must be slowly, perhaps painfully evolved out of actual experience, and cannot be hastened too rapidly without endangering or—most retarding—the progress. On this point the Tribune well says: "Profit sharing is the employer's contribution to the great end of solving the labor problem, while co-operation is the correlative move made by labor. The history of profit sharing proves that in many instances the employees have been to blame for the failure of their employer's laudable venture. In Germany, especially, socialistic agitation has been the stumbling block of many profit sharing ventures. The uneducated mind imbued with visionary dreams of a universal happiness and comfort as a result of the expected 'social revolution,' is unable to realize that true growth, an evolution by degrees instead of a revolution. These economic irreconcilabilities have retarded the generous philanthropy of employers, but on the contrary so frequently are disposed to thwart their noble efforts. But the large body of producers are ready to co-operate with any employer who will devote his energies and risk his money in a practical attempt at establishing better conditions. And this is the main thing. For if the labor question is reversed, the task of solving the vexatious problem will devolve upon the sensible workmen and the far sighted and noble hearted employers."

THE 4TH.

A meeting of the 4th of July committee was held at the office of Curran & Monteth last Friday. The finance committee reported nearly \$1000 raised. On report of the fireworks committee it was decided to have day fireworks. Arrangements were reported made for half fair rates on railroads running into Albany. On motion the secretary was directed to invite Hon. G. C. G. to deliver the oration. Prof. Walker, chairman of the committee on literary exercises, reported the formation of a boys' military company with sixty members, who will be equipped for the occasion with wooden drums, and the committee reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress.

THE TRUE FRIEND OF THE SOUTH.

Some time ago a municipal election was to be held at Lafayette, Louisiana, when a mob, masked, rode into the town and by threatened violence prevented colored voters from voting. This was taken up by republican journals throughout the north and the whole south was denounced for the act of these few men. Hundreds and thousands of people throughout the north are made to believe that such violence meets with hearty approval in the south. That such charges against the south are utterly absurd needs no better proof than the following extract from the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the leading democratic paper in that state: "It is the best and truest friend of the Southern people who tells them plain truths in a frank and many way—not in anger, nor yet in caustic reproval, but inspired by a sincere love of the South. And just now it is quite clear that the best and truest friend of the Southern people will urge a full and perfect obedience to the law, a cessation of extra-legal means to accomplish ends, however desirable these ends may be, and a return to the ways of prosperity and peace."

PROFIT SHARING.

One of the special features of the Paris centennial exposition is to be the compilation of statistics relative to profit sharing, with explanations of the several systems in vogue in different countries. There is reason to believe that much good may result from the new impulse the idea will receive by being thus brought to the attention of representatives from every part of the world. In the meantime news comes from Minneapolis of the adoption of the plan by another large business concern in that city. The experiment has been successful in one of the largest sporting mills in Minneapolis for five years past and has stood the severest test of one year without profits. There have been no strikes and the class of help employed has steadily improved. Another establishment in the city shows similar results, and the Minneapolis Tribune has given the movement, in the direction of a gradual extension of the principle favored, its cordial support. In a recent article on the subject this paper sums up the system and at the same time points out some of the obstacles in the way of its complete success. It is something that must be slowly, perhaps painfully evolved out of actual experience, and cannot be hastened too rapidly without endangering or—most retarding—the progress. On this point the Tribune well says: "Profit sharing is the employer's contribution to the great end of solving the labor problem, while co-operation is the correlative move made by labor. The history of profit sharing proves that in many instances the employees have been to blame for the failure of their employer's laudable venture. In Germany, especially, socialistic agitation has been the stumbling block of many profit sharing ventures. The uneducated mind imbued with visionary dreams of a universal happiness and comfort as a result of the expected 'social revolution,' is unable to realize that true growth, an evolution by degrees instead of a revolution. These economic irreconcilabilities have retarded the generous philanthropy of employers, but on the contrary so frequently are disposed to thwart their noble efforts. But the large body of producers are ready to co-operate with any employer who will devote his energies and risk his money in a practical attempt at establishing better conditions. And this is the main thing. For if the labor question is reversed, the task of solving the vexatious problem will devolve upon the sensible workmen and the far sighted and noble hearted employers."

THE 4TH.

A meeting of the 4th of July committee was held at the office of Curran & Monteth last Friday. The finance committee reported nearly \$1000 raised. On report of the fireworks committee it was decided to have day fireworks. Arrangements were reported made for half fair rates on railroads running into Albany. On motion the secretary was directed to invite Hon. G. C. G. to deliver the oration. Prof. Walker, chairman of the committee on literary exercises, reported the formation of a boys' military company with sixty members, who will be equipped for the occasion with wooden drums, and the committee reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress. The celebration committees reported progress.

LEBANON.

Mr. J. W. Menzies, of Portland, has bought the interest of R. C. Miller in the firm of Cronson & Miller, hardware and machinery business. We are glad to welcome Mr. M. to our town, and bespeak for the new firm a liberal patronage. Mrs. S. W. Hindman returned home last Tuesday evening from Albany, where she had been for the past three or four days. The match game of baseball which was played last Saturday between the Lebanon and country boys turned out in a complete victory for the Lebanon nine, by over double the number of tallies. Mr. George Ridgway, a former citizen and native of this county, died at his home near Prineville on the 4th inst.—Express.

PROGRESS.

In every important in this age of vast material progress that a remedy be sought for such is the case, however, and the remedy is to be found in the one perfect laxative and most gentle diuretic known.

ATTENTION, LADIES.

A new invention for dress-cutting taught in half hour for \$5, including class. The agent for instruction of the system invites the ladies of Albany and vicinity to call on him for a perfect fit. Mrs. S. W. Gilbert, over Golden Rule Bazaar, Albany, Or.

THE TRUE FRIEND OF THE SOUTH.

Some time ago a municipal election was to be held at Lafayette, Louisiana, when a mob, masked, rode into the town and by threatened violence prevented colored voters from voting. This was taken up by republican journals throughout the north and the whole south was denounced for the act of these few men. Hundreds and thousands of people throughout the north are made to believe that such violence meets with hearty approval in the south. That such charges against the south are utterly absurd needs no better proof than the following extract from the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the leading democratic paper in that state: "It is the best and truest friend of the Southern people who tells them plain truths in a frank and many way—not in anger, nor yet in caustic reproval, but inspired by a sincere love of the South. And just now it is quite clear that the best and truest friend of the Southern people will urge a full and perfect obedience to the law, a cessation of extra-legal means to accomplish ends, however desirable these ends may be, and a return to the ways of prosperity and peace."

PROFIT SHARING.

One of the special features of the Paris centennial exposition is to be the compilation of statistics relative to profit sharing, with explanations of the several systems in vogue in different countries. There is reason to believe that much good may result from the new impulse the idea will receive by being thus brought to the attention of representatives from every part of the world. In the meantime news comes from Minneapolis of the adoption of the plan by another large business concern in that city. The experiment has been successful in one of the largest sporting mills in Minneapolis for five years past and has stood the severest test of one year without profits. There have been no strikes and the class of help employed has steadily improved. Another establishment in the city shows similar results, and the Minneapolis Tribune has given the movement, in the direction of a gradual extension of the principle favored, its cordial support. In a recent article on the subject this paper sums up the system and at the same time points out some of the obstacles in the way of its complete success. It is something that must be slowly, perhaps painfully evolved out of actual experience, and cannot be hastened too rapidly without endangering or—most retarding—the progress. On this point the Tribune well says: "Profit sharing is the employer's contribution to the great end of solving the labor problem, while co-operation is the correlative move made by labor. The history of profit sharing proves that in many instances the employees have been to blame for the failure of their employer's laudable venture. In Germany, especially, socialistic agitation has been the stumbling block of many profit sharing ventures. The uneducated mind imbued with visionary dreams of a universal happiness and comfort as a result of the expected 'social revolution,' is unable to realize that true growth, an evolution by degrees instead of a revolution. These economic irreconcilabilities have retarded the