Wm. Fortmiller & Co.,

—FUNERAL DIRECTORS.—

Prompt Attention-First-class Hearse

☞ After business hours call at residence corner Fifth and Baker streets.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Oregon City, Or., October 10th, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, Or., on

Wednesday, December 30th, 1887,

viz: John S Thomas, Homestead Entry No. 4295 for lot 2, of Sec. 12, in Tp. 10, S R 1 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L Huber, H Shelton, A M Shelton and H Philips, of Jordan P. O., Linn county, Or. Also Thurston H. Thomas, Homestead Entry No. 4299, for the S W ¼ of Sec. 6, in Tp. 10, S R 2 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: H Philips, L Huber, H Shelton and A M Shelton, all of Jordan P. O., Linn county, Or.

W. T. BURNEY, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Roseburg, Or., October 10th, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, Or., on

Saturday, November 19th, 1887,

viz: W W Robe, Homestead Entry No. 4331 for the S E ¼, Sec. 6, Tp 14, S R 1 west Willamette meridian. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: G P Colbert, of Crawfordsville, Linn Co., Or., H Hamilton, of Sweet Home, Linn Co., Or., E S Masters, of Brownsville, Linn Co., Or., C B Tyeer, of Brownsville, Linn Co., Or.

CHAS. W. JOHNSTON, Register.

Red Crown Mills

ISOM, LANNING & CO., PROP'R'S.

NEW PROCESS FLOUR SUPERIOR FOR FAMILIES AND BAKERS USE.

BEST STORAGE FACILITIES.

Highest Price in Cash for Wheat

ALBANY OR.

BOSTON MILLS.

Wm Simmons & Finley.

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ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE Electric Truss. Perfect Retainer Easy to wear. Instantly relieves cough. Has cured thousands. Established 18 Send for Free Illustrated Pamphlet No.

MAGNETIC ELASTIC TRUSS CO., 704 NORTH SIXTH ST., ST. LOUIS, MO. 2704 SACRAMENTO ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Oregon Pacific Railroad.

225 MILES SHORTER.

20 HOURS LESS TIME.

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Daily passenger trains except Sundays.

Leave Yaquina, 6:30 A.M.; Leave Albany, 1:00 P. M. Leave Corvallis, 10:30 A.M.; Leave Corvallis, 1:47 P. M. Arrive Albany, 11:35 A. M.; Arrive Yaquina, 5:50 P. M.

Oregon and California trains connect at Albany and Corvallis.

WM. M. HOAG, General Manager.

C. C. HOGUE, A. G. F. and P. Agent, Corvallis, Or.

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SAILING DATES.

FROM YAQUINA	FROM SAN FRANCISCO
Y. C., Wednesday, Sept. 28	Y. C., Tuesday, Oct. 4th
W. V., Sunday, Oct. 2nd.	W. V., Saturday, Oct. 8th
E. O., Thursday, Oct. 6th	E. O., Wednesday, Oct. 12
Y. C., Tuesday, Oct. 11th,	Y. C., Sunday, Oct. 16th,
W. V., Saturday, Oct. 15th	W. V., Saturday, Oct. 22.
E. O., Wednesday, Oct. 19.	E. O., Tuesday, Oct. 25th
Y. C., Monday, Oct. 24th	Y. C., Sunday, Oct. 30th
W. V., Saturday, Oct. 29th	W. V., Friday, Nov. 4th

The Company reserves the right to change sailing days.

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—VIA—

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South				North.
6:00 P. M.	Leave	Portland	Arrive	10:40 A M
3:05 P M	Leave	Albany	Leave	7:05 A M
5:30 A M	Arrive	Ashland	Leave	5:40 P M

LOCAL PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday).

8:00 A M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	3:45 P M
12:40 P M	Leave	Albany	Leave	11:35 A M
2:40 P M	Arrive	Eugene	Leave	9:50 A M

LOCAL PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

8:1 P M	Leave	Albany	Arrive	5:45 A M
3:50 P M	Arrive	Lebanon	Leave	8:00 A M
12:5 P M	Leave	Albany	Arrive	2:45 P M
1:30 P M	Arrive	Lebanon	Leave	2:00 P M

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

daily between Portland and Ashland, Siskiyou's and San Francisco.

Emigrant sleeping Cars between Portland and Ashland, Siskiyou's and San Francisco. FREE OF CHARGE.

West side Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND CORVALLIS.

MAIL TRAIN DAILY (except Sunday.)

7:35 A M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	6:15 P M
12:2 P M	Arrive	Corvallis	Leave	1:30 P M

EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday.)

4:30 P M	Leave	Portland	Arrive	9:00 A M
8:00 P M	Arrive	McMinnville	Leave	5:45 A M

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Pacific Railroad.

For full information regarding rates, maps, etc., call on Company's Agents.

R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, G. P. & Pass Agent.

ALBANY COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE ALBANY, OREGON,

1887, 1888.

First Term Opens September 13th, 1887.

—A full corps of instructors,—

CLASSICAL, SCIENTIFIC, LITERARY, COMMERCIAL AND NORMAL CLASSES.

Courses of study arranged to meet the need of all grades of students.

Special inducements offered to students from abroad.

Tuition ranges from $5.50 to $12.50. Board in private families at low rates. Rooms for self-boarding at small expense. A careful supervision exercised over students away from home. Fall term opens September 7th. For circulars and full particulars address the President.

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next east of S. E. Young's, Albany, Or.

Cutting and Fitting a Specialty.

STAMPING OUTFITS, AND STAMPING DONE TO ORDER.

LESSONS IN PAINTING,

Wednesdays and Thursdays of each week, and painting done to order on plaques and other material.

Nice assortment of Artists' materials on hand.

Administratrix Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been by the County Court for Linn county, Oregon, duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of William Drinkard, late of Linn county, Oregon. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are required to present them properly verified within six months from the date hereof, to the undersigned at her home near Halsey, Linn county, Oregon.

This 15th of Sept. 1887.

MARTHA A. DRINKARD, Administratrix of the estate of Wm. Drinkard, deceased.

J. K. WEATHERFORD, Attorney for Administratrix.

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Linn county.

C W Curl, Plaintiff,

vs.

John T Williams, Martha William, Daniel W Williams and H Bryant, Defendants.

To John T Williams, Martha William Daniel W Williams, three of the above named defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the above plaintiff in the above entitled Court, now on file with the Clerk of said Court, against you in the above entitled cause, by the first day of the next regular term following the expiration of the time prescribed in the order of publication herein, which term will commence on the fourth Monday in October, 1887. And you are hereby notified that if you fail so to answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in his said complaint, which is to foreclose a certain mortgage made by the defendants John T Williams and Martha William, plaintiff on the 23d day of [illegible] 1886, to secure the payment to said C D Turner of the sum of $600 with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum. Which said note was made by A M & M M Young, N Young and the defendant, John T Williams, and afterwards transferred to plaintiff by said C D Turner, which mortgage is upon the S E ¼ of the S E ¼ of Sec. 14, and the E ½ of the N E ¼ of Sect. 23, and the S W ¼ of the N W ¼ of Sect. 24 in T 10 S R 1 W of the Willamette Meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, containing 160 acres, and is recorded on page 498 of book R. Record of mortgages in said county, and for general relief.

This Summons is published by order of Hon. E. P. Boise, Judge of said Court, made at Chambers in the City of Salem, Oregon, the 8th day of September, 1887

W. R. BILYEU, Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that A. A. Bashor of Linn county, Oregon, has made a general assignment of all his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors under an act of the Legislature of the State of Oregon, entitled "an act to secure creditors a just division of the estates of debtors who convey to assignees for the benefit of creditors" approved October 18th, 1878 and the acts amendatory thereof. All persons having claims against the estate of the said A. A. Bashor, are hereby notified and required to present the same under oath to the undersigned at Albany, Oregon, within three months from the date of this notice.

Dated Sept. 20th, 1887.

H. BRYANT, Assignee.

Administratrix Notice,

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of Martin Costello, deceased, by the County Court for Linn county, Oregon. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present them duly verified within six months from this date to the Administratrix or to her Attorney.

October 3rd, 1887.

M. J. COSTELLO, Adm'trix.

J. K. WEATHERFORD, Attorney for Adm'trix.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has, this day been duly appointed by the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, Administrator of the estate of Helen K. Allen, deceased, late of said Linn county. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and required to present the same properly verified, within six months from the date hereof, to the undersigned, at his residence in Halsey, Oregon, or to his Attorney.

October 4th, 1887.

B. H. ALLEN, Administrator.

T. J. STITES, Attorney.

Notice of Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of T. L. Porter, deceased, has filed his final account in said estate and the County Court for Linn county, Oregon, has by order fixed the 7th day of November, 1887, at the hour of one o'clock, p. m. of said day for the final hearing of said account and the settlement of said estate.

W. J. STEWART, Administrator.

J. K. WEATHERFORD Att'y for Administrator.

Administratrix Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has this day been duly appointed by the County Court for Linn county, Oregon, Administratrix of the estate of John P. Hawk, deceased, late of said county and State. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified that they are required to present their claims duly verified within six months from the date hereof to the undersigned at her residence near Harrisburg, Linn county, Oregon, or to her Attorney.

Sept. 19th, 1887.

NANCY P. HAWK, Administratrix of said estate.

J. K. WEATHERFORD. Attorney for Administratrix.

HOTEL FOR RENT.

THE EXCHANGE HOTEL IN THIS city is now offered for rent on reasonable terms. For particulars inquire of or address JAMES MURRAY, Albany, Oregon.

Do You Want Furniture?

IF YOU DO GO TO

W. H. WILLARD,

where you will find the best make and finest finished

BEDROOM SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, EASY CHAIRS AND LOUNGES.

Also a fine line of

PICTURE FRAMES,

and a hunderd different styles of

Mouldings.

Picture frames made to order. The largest and best stock of

UNDERTAKERS GOODS,

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Conrad Meyer.

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STAR BAKERY,

Corner Broadalbin and First Sts.,

—DEALER IN—

Canned Fruits,	Canned Meats,
Glassware,	Queensware,
Dried Fruits,	Vegetables,
Tobacco,	Cigars,
Sugar,	Spices,
Coffee,	Tea,
Etc.,	Etc.,

In fact everything that is kept in a general variety and grocery store. Highest market price paid for

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

CITY

Feed and Sale Stable,

4th St. between Ellsworth and Lyon.

Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Baled hay and straw for sale, also oats, barley and chop always on hand.

MRS. L. A. MCCONNELL,

PROPRIETOR.

—o—

DR. I. N. WOODLE,

Veterinary Surgeon,

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ALBANY, OREGON.

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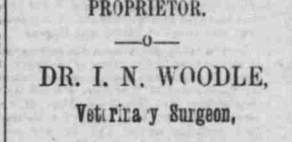

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Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute

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Organized with a full Staff of eighteen Experienced and Skillful Physicians and Surgeons for the treatment of all Chronic Diseases.

OUR FIELD OF SUCCESS.

Chronic Nasal Catarrh, Throat and Lung Affections, Liver and Kidney Diseases, Bladder Diseases, Diseases of Women, Blood Diseases and Nervous Affections, cured here or at home, with or without seeing the patient. Come and see us, or send ten cents in stamps for our "Invalids' Guide Book," which gives all particulars.

DELICATE DISEASES. Nervous Debility, Impotency, Nocturnal Losses, and all Morbid Conditions caused by Youthful Follies and Pernicious Solitary Practices are speedily and permanently cured by our Special Book, post-paid, 10 cts. in stamps.

RUPTURE. Rupture, or Breach, radically cured, without the knife, without confinement from business, and with very little pain. Book sent for ten cents in stamps.

PILE TUMORS and STRICTURES treated with the greatest success. Book sent for ten cents in stamps. Address WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

DISEASES OF WOMEN. The treatment of many thousands of cases of those diseases peculiar to WOMEN at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, has afforded large experience in adapting remedies for their cure, and

DR. PIERCE'S

Favorite Prescription

is the result of this vast experience.

It is a powerful Restorative Tonic and Nervine, imparts vigor and strength to the system, and thus cures, as if by magic, Leucorrhea, or "whites," excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus or falling of the uterus, weak back, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestions, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, internal heat, and "female weakness."

It promptly relieves and cures Nausea and Weakness of Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, and Sleeplessness, in either sex.

PRICE $1.00, OR 6 BOTTLES FOR $5.00.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large Treatise on Diseases of Women, illustrated.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N.Y.

SICK-HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation, Indigestion, and Bilious Attacks, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. 25 cents a vial, by Druggists.

CURED OF SICK HEADACHE.

W. D. Edwards, Palmyra, O., writes: "I have been a great sufferer from Costiveness and Sick Headache, and have tried many medicines, but

Tutt's Pills

is the only one that gave me relief. I find that one pill acts better than two of any other kind, and does not weaken or gripe." Elegantly sugar coated. Dose small. Price, 25 cents. SOLD EVERYWHERE. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

The Democrat.

OFFICIAL COUNTY and CITY PAPER.

THIS PAPER is on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

TEMPERANCE DEPARTMENT,

EDITED BY THE

Women's Christian Temperance Union

The W. C. T. U. meets on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month at 3 o'clock P. M., at the A. O. U. W. Hall, over French's Jewelry Store.

PROHIBITION IN KANSAS.

Probably as many people make the excuse for their position against prohibition on the plea that it does not prohibit as on any other grounds. But it is only an excuse. Reliable authority proves that in Kansas, the example state, it does prohibit. The following from Attorney General Bradford of Kansas to a gentleman at The Dalles is the strongest evidence to be obtained:

When the prohibitory law of 1881 was enacted, I was then county attorney of Osage county, a county inhabited largely by miners, a great number of whom were foreigners whose habits of life had been fixed before coming to this country, and who absolutely believed the prohibitory law was unjust and tyrannical, and that they were justified in swearing falsely upon the stand in order to protect themselves from its operation. I had great difficulty in enforcing the law in Osage county as county attorney, and felt relieved when my term of office expired. After having been elected to the office I now hold, the legislature—whether acting upon their observation of my experience as prosecutor in Osage county, or not, I am unable to say—put a provision in the law of 1885 making it the duty of the attorney-general to enforce the prohibitory law in every county where the county attorney failed, neglected or refused, or if from any cause the law had not been enforced. That provision of the law more than doubled the duties of this office and brought down upon me a deluge of curses and praises that will long be remembered. I went at the violators of the law with ungloved hands, and at the close of the year 1885 to see what the results had been I addressed a communication to each of the county attorneys, clerks of the court, and probate judges, with the view of ascertaining the number of saloons then in the counties and the number of cases prosecuted, and the general result of the year's work. I found that the saloons had been decreased 33 per cent. and that there was a general good result reported. The legislature of 1886, at my suggestion, made new amendments to the prohibitory law. At the close of the year 1886, I again made a summary of the results of the enforcement of the law, and found an increased benefit; but also found that there was an imperfection in the prohibitory law of 1885, which permitted the drug stores to sell liquors simply upon the statement of the individual who desired the liquor, that if was necessary for medicinal, scientific or mechanical purposes. I suggested to the legislature the propriety or amending the law restricting the sale by the druggists of the state, and requiring persons applying therefor to accompany their application for the liquor for the accepted purposes with an affidavit, giving the disease for which it was necessary, or the mechanical or scientific purpose for which it was desired, the name of the patient, if required for medicine, and that the person applying sign his own name to the application. I also suggested that there be a restriction or penalty placed upon the sale of liquor by the druggists for any other purpose except that for which intoxicating liquors could be beneficially used as a medicine. This had the tendency to immediately decrease the sale of intoxicating liquors in Kansas. Since this law went into effect, I have caused another series of questions to be answered by the various county officials, also by officers of the penitentiary, with a view of ascertaining the effect of prohibition upon crime, pauperism and insanity. I am now armed with a series of statistical tables on the subject of the effect of prohibition on crime, the other tables not being yet completed. I have taken the same number of years prior to prohibition that prohibition has been in effect in Kansas, with a view of comparing the percentage of crime to the population before prohibition that we have had since prohibition has been in effect. These tables show the convictions in every county in the state for the several years from 1874 to 1887, inclusive, and for what crimes they were convicted and sent to the penitentiary. We find that in the year 1880, the last year of the dram-shop act, there were 291 convictions for felonies in the state of Kansas, with a population of a little less than 1,000,000 people. Although the population of Kansas was continually increasing year by year, we did not reach the maximum of 291 until in the year 1885, at which time we had a population of 1,425,000 people, showing a decrease in crime since prohibition of more than 25 per cent. Take the crimes that would be the natural outgrowth of broils, saloon rows, and other crimes incident to the intemperate use of intoxicating liquors, and the decrease is even greater than 25 per cent. There is one thing that must be taken into consideration in figuring this result that would be against the favorable showing on the subject of prohibition, and that is that in 1880 there was no city in the state with a greater population than about 20,000, and perhaps not more than three or four cities in the state with a population greater than 10,000; while now we have four or five cities in the state with a population of 20,000, reaching as high as 40,000, and more than twenty cities in the state with populations ranging about 10,000; and it is safe to say that densely populated districts, such as cities and towns, has a tendency to increase crime. I expect in the near future to have a complete compilation of these figures and statistical tables on the subject of the effect of prohibition on crimes, pauperism and insanity, and when completed will take pleasure in sending you a copy. I am satisfied that the showing of the effect of prohibition upon insanity will be more favorable than that upon the effect upon crime. So far as pauperism is concerned, it is safe to say that the effect is wonderful. In communities where saloons were prevalent the disgusting scenes of beggary and want, of dilapidated sidewalks, unhinged doors and broken glass, have almost disappeared. Instead of a debauched husband reeling about the door, comfort and pleasure, well-fed and comfortably-clad children may be seen.

Taking all in all, it is safe to say that in Kansas, where prohibition succeeded with a majority of a little less than 8,000, were it submitted again it would carry by from 50,000 to 75,000, and possibly 100,000 majority.

FASHION NOTES.

Vests of tan-colored corded silk, and tan-colored galloon, are used to trim black dresses of various kinds.

Skirts are shorter for the street, demi-trained for dinners, five o'clock teas, etc., and full trained for evening wear.

Russian sheath pieces, Vandyked tuckers, plastrons, back insertions, half-vests, guimpes, blouse fronts with jersey sides, and jersey fronts with loose side forms, are a few of the endless variations of the fashionable corsage for both day and evening wear.

The most fashionable dressmakers exercise their ingenuity to make the sides of dress skirts as flat as possible in effect, in spite of garniture, and the back as full and bouffant as is becoming to the wearer.

Bodices which have the sides prolonged into panels which fall loosely to the foot of the skirt are again in vogue, and the panels are decorated and lined in various ways.

Costumes of corded silk, India cashmere, wool canvas and vigogue, in steel serpent, gray, plumb and dove color, are in high favor, and are charming in effect. Silk plush is used to combine with the silk, and moire of a darker shade with the fine woollens.

Silk-warp corduroy is meeting with considerable favor as a dress material.

Tan-colored undressed kid gloves, in fourteen shades, are shown to be worn with fall and winter costumes.

Ivory white satin, faille Francaise and moire antique are the approved materials for rich wedding gowns, and the trimmings are of lace or embroidered lisse.

Rose pink tulle is the fancy of the hour for bridemaids' dresses.

White undressed kid gloves are worn with bridal toilets. All gloves for evening wear are long enough to meet the sleeves, but are worn more smoothly on the arms than heretofore.

Steel gray, London smoke or fawn-colored faced cloth, trimmed with oxidized silver braid, are usually chosen by brides for travelling dresses.

Round hats are more favored than bonnets to wear with Autumn travelling suits and are of felt trimmed with velvet or with paid moire ribbon.

Striped tweeds, in half-inch stripes of brown, blue and olive, or some other dark combination, are often chosen for fall travelling costumes. These are so made up that the stripes in the skirt pass around the figure, and lengthwise or diagonally in the basque.

Four-button gloves, with wide embroidery on the back, in black or self-colored stitching, are the correct thing for street wear. The buttons are gilt, and nearly half an inch in diameter. The embroidery is now done by machine, which is smooth on the wrong side, and does not make deep ridges on the back of the hands, as the hand embroidery does.

The favorite evening gloves are undressed kid of a very light tan-color. Skins matching these gloves are made into slippers, which should be worn with Suede-colored silk stockings. All gloves are worn larger and easier fitting than formerly.

Calculations made in England as to the situation of the wheat crop in 1887 as reported to the Minneapolis Northwestern Miller, places the exportable wheat surplus in the United States, July 1 last to July 1, 1888, at 112,000,000 bushels; that of India at 30,000,000 bushels; Russia, 63,000,000 bushels; Roumania, 10,000,000 bushels; Austria-Hungary, 20,000,000 bushels; Australasia, 8,000,000 bushels; Argentine, 6,000,000 bushels; Chili, 4,000,000, and Canada, Egypt and others, 5,000,000 bushels, or a total surplus of about 257,000,000 bushels. The estimates of requirements from abroad by importing countries is: The United Kingdom, 136,000,000 bushels; France, 20,000,000 bushels; Belgium, Germany and Holland, (owing to short potato crop,) 28,000,000 bushels; Switzerland and Italy, 24,003,000 bushels; Spain and Portugal, 16,000,000 bushels; West Indias, Brazil, China, etc., are calculated to want 20,000,000 bushels, and "sundries" are apportioned 6,000,000 bushels, a total of 250,000,000 bushels, or but 7,000,000 bushels less than the estimated surplus.

We should say that at this distance from the scene of conflict, it looks very much like the republicans would carry Maryland in the election next. It looks very much like the democrats deserved defeat. Cause, corrupt bossism.

Indispensable to the Toilet.

Darbys Prophylactic Fluid cures chafing, eruptions and inflammation of all kinds; cures inflammed or sore eyes relieves pains from bites or stings of insects and sore feet; destroys all taint of perspiration or offensive smell from the feet or any part of the body; cleanses and whitens the skin. Used as a dentifrice it purifies the breath; preserves the teeth and cures toothache; sore gums and canker. A little of the fluid in the water used in bathing is very refreshing and especially beneficial to the sick.

Physicians Have Found Out

That a contaminating and foreign element in the blood, developed by indigestion, is the cause of rheumatism. This settles upon the sensitive sub-cutaneous covering of the muscles and ligaments of the joints, causing constant and shifting pain, and aggregating as a calcareous, chalky deposit which produces stiffness and distortion of the joints. No fact which experience has demonstrated in regard to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has stronger evidence to support than this, namely that this medicine of comprehensive use checks the formidable and atrocious disease, nor is it less positively established that it is preferable to the poisons often used to arrest it, since the medicine contains only salutary ingredients. It is also a signal remedy for malarial fevers, constipation, dyspepsia, kidney and bladder ailments, debility and other disorders. See that you get the genuine.

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For full particulars, address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race st., Cincinnati, O.

Will Buy Hogs.

Highest market price paid for hogs, by "Jim Westfall," opposite S E Young's, Albany, Or. Do not sell without calling on him.

A Woman from Austria.

Near the village of Zillingdorf, in Lower Austria, lives Maria Haas, an intelligent and industrious woman, whose story of physical suffering and final relief, as related by herself, is of interest to English women. "I was employed," she says, "in the work of a large farmhouse. Overwork brought on sick headache, followed by a deathly fainting and sickness of the stomach, until I was unable to retain either food or drink. I was compelled to take to my bed for several weeks. Getting a little better from rest and quiet, I sought to do some work, but was soon taken with a pain in my side, which in a little while seemed to spread over my whole body, and throbbed in my every limb. This was followed by a cough and shortness of breath, until finally I could not sew, and I took to my bed for the second, and, as I thought, for the last time. My friends told me that my time had nearly come, and that I could not live longer than when the trees put on their green once more. Then I happened to get one of the Seigel pamphlets. I read it, and my dear mother bought me a bottle of SEIGEL'S SYRUP, (Shaker Extract of Roots) which I took exactly according to directions, and I had not taken the whole of it before I felt a change for the better. My last illness began June 3d, 1882, and continued to August 9th, when I began to take the Syrup. Very soon I could do a little light work. The cough left me, and I was no more troubled in breathing. Now I am perfectly cured; and oh, how happy I am! I cannot express gratitude enough for SEIGEL'S SYRUP (Shaker Extract of Roots). Now I must tell you that the doctors in our district distributed handbills cautioning the people against the medicine, telling them it would do no good, and many were thereby influenced to destroy the Seigel pamphlets; but now, whenever one is to be found, it is kept like a relic. The few preserved are borrowed to read, and I have lent mine for six miles around our district. People have come eighteen miles to get me to buy the medicine for them, knowing that it cured me, and to be sure to get the right kind. I know a woman who was looking like death, and who told them there was no help for her, that she had consulted several doctors, but none could help her. I told her of Seigel's Syrup, and wrote the name down for her that she might make no mistake. She took my advice and the Syrup, and now she is in perfect health, and the people around us are amazed. The medicine has made such progress in our neighborhood that people say they don't want the doctor any more, but they take the Syrup. Sufferers from gout who were confined to their beds and could hardly move a finger have been cured by it. There is a girl in our district who caught a cold by going through some water, and was in bed five years with costiveness and rheumatic pains, and had to have an attendant to watch by her. There was not a doctor in the surrounding district to whom her mother had not applied to relieve her child, but every one crossed themselves and said they could not help her. Whenever the little bell rang, which is rung in our place when anybody is dead, we thought surely it was for her; but Seigel's Syrup and Pills (Shaker Extract of Roots) saved her life, and now she is as healthy as anybody, goes to church, and can work even in the fields. Everybody was astonished when they saw her out, knowing how many years she had been in bed. To-day she adds her gratitude to mine for God's mercies and Seigel's Syrup. MARIA HAAS.

Shaker Medicines are now being sold in all parts of the world, and are working wonders, as shown in the above case. A. J. WHITE, 54 Warren St., New York.

For Sale.

One hundred and twenty acres of the best quality of improved wheat land, all fenced into four fields, good house, hard finish, good outhouses, excellent fruits of all kinds. Situated 3 miles west of Lebanon and one and a quarter miles south of the junction of the Narrow Gauge R. R., with the Lebanon branch of the O. & C. R. R. Inquire at this office.

The Czar of Russia receives a larger salary than any ruler now living, the amount being $10,000,000.

Aardews & Hackleman,

SOLE AGENTS,

LEBANON, - OREGON

Washington.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 3rd, 1887.

Perhaps I could not better begin this letter than by giving a brief description of the elegantly appointed and equipped train that is bearing the Presidential party on their great Western and Southern tour, about which so much has been said and written. The train consists of three Pullman cars, connected in such a way that one can walk from one end to the other without opening a door or being exposed to the weather or other discomfort, and the coaches are richly and fashionably furnished and upholstered—among the articles being a beautiful bedroom, centre-table, inlaid writing desk, sofas, rocking chairs, barber chairs, and several large mirrors—to say nothing of a bathroom and smoking compartment, and to cap the climax, the cars are heated by steam from the locomotive and furnished with electric lights from the same source. Washington has certainly never before seen such a splendidly outfitted train. Geo. M. Pullman gave his personal attention to the details, and the outlay is said to represent a capital of $200,000, and it is further stated that the President will be at an expense of $10,000 for the trip. The party consisted of the President and Mrs. Cleveland, Private Secretary Lamont, two or three personal friends of Mr. Cleveland, and three representatives of the press. A great crowd assembled at the Baltimore and Potomac depot to see the distinguished travelers depart—Secretaries Bayard, Endicott and Whitney being of the number. The floral favors to Mrs. Cleveland were lavish and rarely beautiful.

An important act of the President before leaving was the appointment of Secretary Bayard and Messrs. Wm. L. Putnam, of Maine, and Jas. B. Angell, of Michigan, to act as Commissioners in the adjustment of the question of the fisheries troubles with our northern neighbors. All of these gentlemen have had sufficient diplomatic training in positions of public trust to warrant the belief, that if a satisfactory settlement of the international controversy is possible, the country may confidently expect such a result at their hands—a consummation devoutly to be wished.

At the last Cabinet meeting the financial situation was exhaustively discussed, with the purpose to provide against a possible recurrence of the recent stringency in the commercial world, and a decided difference of opinion was developed regarding the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase bonds not required for the sinking fund—the result being that it was determined to refer the matter to the decision of the Attorney General, in case there should apparently arise the necessity of such action on the part of the Secretary, to relieve the money market.

It appears that the monetary alarm was more a matter of imagination than reality, generally speaking, for the very simple reason that the volume of currency was increased seventy-five million dollars last year, which goes to show that the business interests of the country are in a healthy condition.

It is calculated at the Treasury that the Government has saved in interest by the prepayment of bonds under the circular of last month the handsome sum of $3,300,000—not to mention the probably immense financial losses it prevented individuals from suffering.

The Naval Board has concluded to construct at Norfolk the 6,000 tan battleship, authorized by the act of Congress, at a cost of $2,376,000, which is $125,000 less than the appropriation provides. It will take about eighteen months to finish the work on this great monsier of the deep.

The organization of department clerks into State Associations, of which there are several, has been the occasion of one of the most sensational episodes of the present Administration. These organizations partake of a political as well as a social character—the real object being to protect the members in their official positions. On being invited to address the Illinois Democratic Association, Civil Service Commissioner Oberly not only declined to accept the compliment, but wrote the "Suckers" a long letter, informing them that the existence of their Association is a violation of the civil service act, and admonishing the members that for such infraction they are liable to the penalties of the law.

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

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The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it as long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employes. Accidents will happen, and when them come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

NO HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE WITHOUT

FAC-SIMILE OF FRONT OF WRAPPER, WITH Z IN RED.

The majority of the ills of the human body arise from a diseased Liver. Simmons Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy Liver than any other agency on earth.

SEE THAT YOU GET THE GENUINE.

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