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WE HAVE OUR NEW SHOPS ALL completed, and are now prepared to handle all kinds of heavy work. We will manufacture Steam Engines, Grist and Saw Mill Machinery, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings.

PATTERNS MADE OF SHIRT NOTICE. Special attention given to repairing all kinds of machinery. Will also manufacture the improved Cherry & White Grist Separator.

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Represents several of the best Fire Insurance Companies on the Coast. Call on his favorable insurance.

A. O. U. W. Members wishing application or desiring name, will please call at Reed & Brownell's store and register their names.

Notice for Publication, Land Office at Oregon City, Or., October 18, 1886

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, at Albany, Oregon, on Saturday, Nov. 19th, 1886, viz: L. K. Brock's Homestead Entry No. 4459 for the S 1/2 of S W 1/4, N W 1/4 of W 1/4, and S W 1/4 of N W 1/4 of Sec. 30, Tp. 13 S R 2 E

He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: J. S. Hays, Geo. Hays and L. M. Quinn, all of Sweet Home, Linn county, Oregon. W. T. Bransky, Register.

THE NORTHWESTERN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

State Rights Democrat.

V. OL. XXII.

ALBANY, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1886.

NO 16

STATE RIGHTS DEMOCRAT, THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM IN THE WILLAMETTE VALLEY

Special business notices in local columns 10 cents per line. 5 cents each additional insertion. For legal and transient advertisements \$1.00 per square for the first insertion and 50 cents per square for each subsequent insertion. Rates for other advertisements made known on application.

ST. JACOBS OIL, THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY For Pain, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BRUISES, SCALDS, BURNS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN. THE CHARLES A. VOELKER CO., BAITONOR, MD.

RED STAR OINTMENT, A Safe, Sure, Prompt Cure. From 115 lbs to 161 lbs. To the Outcure Remedies I owe My Health, My Happiness, and My Life.

ALBANY, OREGON. A. PRUSHAW, DRUGGIST, Stationery, Toilet Articles, Etc. PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY FILLED, Albany, Or.

MISS EMMA SCHUBERT, Fine Millinery, OPPOSITE REVERE HOUSE. To All Sufferers Of EYE, EAR, NERVOUS, OR RECTAL DISEASES. DR. J. B. PILKINGTON, Surgeon, Oculist, Amnist & Specialist.

WAGON WOOD AND HARDWARE. Sox & Stewart have stock-yokes and single-trees, ironed or unironed, neck-yokes, single-tree iron, and iron, fellows, spokes, ax trees, etc., all for sale cheap.

T. J. STITES, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND Notary Public. Linn County Bank, COWAN & CUSICK, ALBANY - OREGON.

ALBANY SAW AND PLANING MILLS. All kinds of rough, dressed and seasoned lumber, laths and pickets kept constantly on hand. Bills sawed to order on shortest notice. Use only best Calapoia timber. Price and terms made satisfactory.

ROBINSON & WEST, GOLD.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

BLAINE BARGAINING WITH GEORGE. New York.—The Star says, editorially: "The purpose of Blaine's visit here is to form a coalition with Henry George." It says that the program is that George shall play the part in the next campaign which Butler played in the last.

WASHINGTON SOCIALLY. WASHINGTON.—The season in Washington this winter will be exceedingly short, and will not shine with the radiant brilliancy which characterized Cleveland's first introduction into society. There seems to be a well grounded belief that Mrs. Cleveland will not take part in the festivities of the winter, and that Mrs. Whitney's reception, which was the feature of the social gatherings a year ago, will not be resumed. These two facts will throw a wet blanket upon society people generally and will cause many who intended to visit Washington to forgo their intentions.

PERMISSIBLE TRAITOR. SAN FRANCISCO.—There is much dissatisfaction among the Republicans with the Chronicle, owing to its action in the recent election. Many claim it was the cause of the Republican defeat as it threw most of the Republican nominees overboard. Rumor says there is a project afoot to start a new Republican paper in opposition to the Chronicle, one to which the Republicans can tie. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars has already been raised, and \$300,000 more is assured, or, in fact, the amount at disposal is almost unlimited. Prominent citizens are interested and intend to push the matter.

PERIC SCHOOLS. SPRINGFIELD, ILL.—The school statistics of this State for the year 1885-6 have been collected by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and are just now tabulated for use in the biennial report to be submitted to the Governor in December. They are very full and complete, and are compared with the report of the same department for 1884. They show a total population in the State under the age of 21 years of 1,624,921, against 1,574,624 two years ago. The school going population, that is, the number of persons in the State between the ages of 6 and 21 years is 1,096,450, against 1,079,274 in 1884. The total enrollment in the schools is shown to be 743,345, an increase of 14,664 over the last biennial report. The number of teachers employed has increased from 19,897 to 20,540, of whom 1,251 males and 5,630 females were employed in graded schools, and 5,489 males and 8,220 females in ungraded schools. The balance on hand at the beginning of the fiscal year amounts to the astonishing total of \$12,422,308.77, so that the balance on hand for beginning the next year is \$3,369,884.76.

CLEVELAND DECLINES A DEGREE. Boston.—President Cleveland has communicated to the authorities of Harvard College his desire that the degree of LL. D. should not be conferred upon him, and consequently it shall not be. The President's reasons for declining the proposed honor are not stated.

THE HOP MARKET. NEW YORK.—In the hop market the new Pacific Coast crop is showing marked firmness, brewers in many instances giving these goods the preference over foreign. For first-class article 30 cents cash is the inside rate. Sales to brewers 32@33 cents are noted. For less than 28 cents only an inferior article can be secured. State hops are dull and wholly nominal. Foreign more only in a moderate way, and prices show no improvement.

IOWA KNIGHTS' MANDATE. Dubuque, Iowa.—The Knights of Labor of this city have issued a mandate that hereafter no contracts shall be let by the City Council for street work, but that all work shall be done by the day. The Council has acquiesced in their demand, the members being afraid to oppose the Knights.

HOLDING THE BONDS. WASHINGTON.—Several National banks have declined to surrender their 3-per cent bonds, called for redemption by the Treasury Department, preferring to retain the bonds rather than buy 4s or 4 1/2-2s, which command high premiums. The banks contended that they could legitimately hold the called bonds if they desired to do so, and thereby retain the circulation which the bonds, when purchased, privileged them to issue.

Philadelphia is one of the great umbrella centers of the country. The whole number made annually in the United States is reckoned at 8,000,000, or one to every six persons. Half a million are imported from France.

THE CORN FIELD.

WASHINGTON.—The report of the Department of Agriculture says the yield of corn, according to revised returns, is twenty-two bushels per acre, making a production, upon the present adjustment of acreage, of 1,660,000 bushels. This accords well with recent returns of the condition, and will not be naturally changed in the final review of the work of the year.

LABOR STRUGGLES. New York.—While great prominence is given throughout the country to the labor troubles in Chicago, comparatively little attention is paid by the public to the struggles going on in this State, which involves as many, and so much capital, and principles of as vital importance. This is the contest between the knit goods manufacturers and the Knights of Labor, which has now become an open war upon the latter, as an organization. Though the most conspicuous facts in the warfare have been noted from time to time, but few persons have a clear idea of the controversy or realize that fully 20,000 men, women and children are employed in the knit goods mills throughout New York State, which the owners have closed against all Knights of Labor.

THE JERUSALEM CAPITAL SCHEME. SAN FRANCISCO.—H. H. Winderford, of Montreal, Canada, who is interested in the scheme to buy up Palestine and make Jerusalem the capital of the world, is at the Baldwin Hotel. He states that \$1,500,000 of the capital stock of \$10,000,000 has been subscribed. He has been assured that English capitalists will also subscribe when the projectors are ready to complete the scheme. Winderford is a subscriber to the fact. He states that Sir Hugh Sutherland and T. Allan, of the Allan Steamer Line, are also heavy subscribers.

BOSTON.—The toboggan craze has taken possession of the sporting element in this vicinity, and bids fair to equal the skating-wink craze of four or five years ago. The rinks are all deserted, people are realizing that one-half hour of climbing up hill and sliding down with safety is the crisp, bracing sport of winter, it is infinitely better than any exercise they can get in skating rinks, or even in the gymnasium. A number of the base ball associations are making estimates on the probable cost of building artificial slides on their grounds, and thus utilizing the property in winter as well as in summer. A Chicago sporting house has ordered 1,000 toboggans for distribution throughout the West, and 500 for Eastern New York and Pennsylvania. A single manufacturing firm has agreed to fill all of the above orders and hold 10,000 more toboggans in stock.

ST. LOUIS.—It is learned that the Grand Jury has found indictments against express messenger Frothingham, Jim Casmings and two others, whose names are not given, for the robbery of \$50,000 from the express car on the Frisco road recently. The detectives claim to have located a portion of the stolen money and to have evidence of a conspiracy between Frothingham and others.

HERE THE ASTORIAN ASSERTS THAT a school district is to a township what a state is to the union, that a township is to the county, or a county to the state, what a state is to the union. This proposition is so utterly fallacious that we can only express our surprise that a man, otherwise so intelligent and fair as the editor of the Astorian is, would make it. Not an intelligent lawyer in the Republican party, say, not a State or United States bench, would repudiate such a groundless, as well as dangerous, doctrine. The state is sovereign as to the exercise of all powers not delegated to the general government. A state of the union exercises no delegated power. All her powers are original, inherent. The powers exercised by a school district, township or county are such only as have been delegated to them by the state. These powers are not inherent. A county or district can exercise only such power as is delegated to them by the legislature. A state can exercise all powers not delegated to the general government. The Astorian should remember that the people of the United States have a written constitution, and that that constitution was made to be obeyed, and that the general government is as much bound to observe its provisions as any state. Our present Supreme Court of the United States, although almost unanimously Republican, in all their decisions touching this question have as carefully preserved the individuality and autonomy of the states as we do above, and this devotion to the constitutional rights of the states is and will continue to be the great palladium of American constitutional liberty.

CHICAGO.—The Tribune, in its financial columns, says: "The invisible supply of wheat (with flour reduced to wheat) on hand now is estimated at \$1,000,000 bushels. That of last year at this time was put at 109,000,000 bushels, 1884 at 80,000,000, and 1883 at 81,000,000. If this estimate be approximately correct, it cannot fail to have an important bearing on prices in the coming nine months. In fact, unless the invisible supply is much larger than the figures here given denote, the prices of wheat are likely to be higher next winter than they have been any time since 1883.

MINNEAPOLIS.—The flour output of the mills here touched the highest figure last week, being the largest of any single week for the year, 157,270 barrels, averaging 26,211 barrels daily, against 90,000 barrels the preceding week, and 123,650 barrels the corresponding time in 1885. The same number of mills—nineteen—were in operation this week, and the product promises to reach as high a point as last week. The daily output is fully 26,000 barrels. Another 1,500 barrel mill will be added to the active list next week. Advanced freight rates and low water are expected soon to have a decided effect in curtailing the production. The flour market is less active than ten days ago, though many of the mills are disposing of the current output at slightly reduced prices. There is some demand for flour, but the prices offered are hardly high enough to sell freely.

C. W. Lovell & Co., of Portland, are the authorized advertising agents for the Decatur for that city.

ANOTHER STRIKE.

CHICAGO.—The strike at the stock yard developed no serious feature this afternoon or evening. Great numbers of men are arriving on every train to take the places of the strikers, and to-morrow it is the intention to start all the packing houses, even if some have to work with but a dozen men. The packers claim they can get all the men they want, and in a few days will have as large a force as ever. The strikers have indulged in a good deal of loud talk but have not as yet committed any act of violence beyond chasing some of the new men away from the yards. Two regiments of militia are on duty.

VILLARD'S OPERATIONS. New York.—Henry Villard is negotiating with C. P. Huntington for the final transfer of the Oregon & California railroad company, though it was thought this had been consummated some time ago. Villard was a bidder for \$5,000,000 worth of Oregon Railway & Navigation bonds sold by Elijah Smith to a syndicate, but was not successful.

"ARE" OR "IS," WHICH. The Astorian is still trying to prove that we should say "United States is" instead of using the plural verb "are." We showed in our issue of recent date that as a mere matter of grammar the use of "are" or "is" would depend upon the sense in which we use the phrase. Our contemporary says it is a question of fact and not one of grammar, and right here he stumbles into deep water without being able to swim. The fact is that in 1776 a congress of the "united colonies" by resolution declared that they, the colonies, and not the United States, were free and independent states. There were thirteen of them, all now states in the union. At the close of the Revolutionary war England acknowledged that they, the colonies, were free and independent states. These colonies were at the time associated together for mutual protection. At the close of the war they elected delegates to a constitutional convention to frame a constitution for the general government of all. The constitution was formed, and in it was placed a provision to the effect that it should become operative when adopted by nine states. Each state was left absolutely free to go into the union by adopting the constitution, or remain out by rejecting it. Every one at that time held that the people were the source of all power, and that the people of a state in adopting the constitution gave up only such power as was delegated by the constitution to the general government.

To show the dense fog in which Bro. Halloran seems to live and move when contemplating his politics, we quote: "This nation, known and hailed as the United States, is composed of several distinct states. Each state is composed of several distinct counties, each county of several distinct townships, school districts, etc. Now if the United States "are," then Oregon "are." If Oregon "are," then Clatsop county "are," and Umatilla, where dwell four states rights friends, "are."

Here the Astorian asserts that a school district is to a township what a state is to the union, that a township is to the county, or a county to the state, what a state is to the union. This proposition is so utterly fallacious that we can only express our surprise that a man, otherwise so intelligent and fair as the editor of the Astorian is, would make it. Not an intelligent lawyer in the Republican party, say, not a State or United States bench, would repudiate such a groundless, as well as dangerous, doctrine. The state is sovereign as to the exercise of all powers not delegated to the general government. A state of the union exercises no delegated power. All her powers are original, inherent. The powers exercised by a school district, township or county are such only as have been delegated to them by the state. These powers are not inherent. A county or district can exercise only such power as is delegated to them by the legislature. A state can exercise all powers not delegated to the general government. The Astorian should remember that the people of the United States have a written constitution, and that that constitution was made to be obeyed, and that the general government is as much bound to observe its provisions as any state. Our present Supreme Court of the United States, although almost unanimously Republican, in all their decisions touching this question have as carefully preserved the individuality and autonomy of the states as we do above, and this devotion to the constitutional rights of the states is and will continue to be the great palladium of American constitutional liberty.

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Washington.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 30th, 1886. The week has been rather a quiet one in Washington. The President and his Cabinet returned promptly after the fatigue of Barthold day in New York, and settled down to their desks. I do not think they are billed for any more fairs or unveilings this fall. The annual autumn races, which have always attracted large contingents from the fashionable, diplomatic, army, navy and official circles of Washington, are in progress, but the weather is unpropitious and they have excited less interest than usual. Those of you who live far removed from Governmental machinery cannot realize the extent of the improvements in Departmental work under the new Administration. But those of us who have been here all the time, and who have seen so much of the idleness, extravagance, worthlessness and corruption of the old Republican officials and methods, take special delight in the new order of things and feel as if too much could not be said about it.

For instance, the current business of the Patent Office is in a much better and more prosperous condition than when Commissioner Montgomery assumed control. At that time the work was largely in arrears, and he has succeeded in bringing much of it up to date. The application of an inventor for a patent is now reached in about three months after filing. The time formerly was five and a half months. Mr. Montgomery says he expects to be able to bring all of the work substantially up to date within the next few months, and so keep it.

A little over a year ago some of the divisions in this office were as much as seventeen months behind in their examinations. To fully appreciate the work accomplished, consideration must be given to the fact that the Commissioner was inexperienced and had to study up and advise himself thoroughly on all points relating to a very difficult practice. The attorneys practicing before the office are much pleased with the progress made, and ask that the good work may go on. The Patent Office, besides being self supporting, pays a balance in the Treasury. There is now an account to its credit there of nearly three million dollars. Last year 24,134 patents were granted out of 37,695 applications.

A new order of things confronts politicians these days; no help from Washington, and stamping federal officials to be called to account. Consequently few can be seen here this week. The elections are only five days off, but the habit of running to Washington in a hurry to get friends or offices to assist in the election, is not in order this year. No assistance beyond sending out documents by the campaign committees has been drawn from the Capital. Notwithstanding the great interest felt in the result, the Administration has rigidly abstained from everything that could be construed into official interference, and no campaign contributions have been collected in the Departments.

There is much doubt as to the general result of the election, but whatever it may be as to parties, there will be a large number of new men in the next House. The recent action of the President in suspending District Attorneys Skane and Beaton, one a Democrat and the other a Republican, for too great political activity, is accepted as an indication that the order is to be strictly enforced. It is expected that a number of dismissions will result from violations of this order. A general court of inquiry would probably not be found practicable, but where serious charges are made and supported with sufficient evidence, dismissals will follow.

A campaign lie has been going the rounds of late to the effect that when the agent for the sale of General Grant's Memoirs asked permission to canvass the Interior Department for subscribers, Secretary Lamar refused to grant it, but that as agent for the "Life of Robert E. Lee" was accorded the privilege without the slightest objection being interposed. Nobody ever solicited permission to canvass the Interior Department for the "Life of Robert E. Lee" until last Tuesday, when leave was promptly granted. When the agent of Grant's Memoirs made known to Mr. Lamar his desire to go through the Department with his subscription book, the Secretary not only acceded to the request without hesitation, but headed the list of Interior Department subscribers with an order for the twenty-five dollar or costliest edition.

Fancy Work. N. H. Allen & Co. have in stock a full line of material for fancy work, consisting of Fairly soft, Shetland wool and floss, shawls, scarves, shawls, 72 inch English felt, silk, lace, knitting silk, etc.

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1886. FALL AND WINTER. 1886.

N. H. ALLEN & CO.

To the Front!

With a large and well selected stock, BOUGHT FOR CASH, and will be sold at PRICES NEVER BEFORE OFFERED IN ALBANY. LATE STYLES OF Dress Goods, Trimmings, Velvets'

Also the LATEST NOVELTIES IN CLOAKS, Just Received DIRECT FROM EASTERN MANUFACTORIES

which for make and style cannot be excelled. We also keep a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES.

Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, etc., etc. Orders from a distance will be promptly executed, and samples will be sent upon application. PRODUCE TAKEN in exchange for goods.

N. H. ALLEN & Co., 57 First Street Albany,

CAN A WOMAN VOTE. At the late election in Minnesota a wagon was seen to start from a farm house to the voting place of the precinct. It contained the farmer and five sons, each of whom was about to exercise the freeman's right to deposit a ballot. As they drove off the mother came to the door, and, pointing to her five boys, said proudly: "Look at that and then say a woman does not vote." When the wagon reached the polling place the father hopped off and put in a straight Republican ticket, while the five boys hopped off and each put in a straight Democratic ticket. Can a woman vote or not?

The Parent of Insomnia. The parent of insomnia or wakefulness is in nine cases out of ten a dyspeptic stomach. Good digestion gives sound sleep, indigestion interferes with it. The brain and stomach sympathize. One of the prominent symptoms of a weak state of the gastric organs is a disturbance of the great nerve center, the brain. Invigorate the stomach, and you restore equilibrium to the great center. A most reliable medicine for the purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which is far preferable to mineral salts and powerful narcotics, which, though they may for a time exert a soporific influence upon the brain, soon cease to act, and invariably injure the tone of the stomach. The Bitters, on the contrary, restore activity to the operations of that important organ, and the beneficial influence is reflected in sound sleep and a tranquil state of the nervous system. A wholesome impetus is likewise given to the action of the liver and bowels by its use.

The Rarest of Combinations. True delicacy of flavor with true efficacy of action, has been attained in the use of a California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its pleasant taste and beneficial effects have rendered it immensely popular. For sale by Foshay & Mason, wholesale and retail.

THE MOST EFFECTIVE METHOD OF dispelling Headaches, Colds, and Fevers, or cleansing the system, is by taking a few doses of the pleasant California liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, 30c, and 50c bottles for sale by Foshay & Mason. The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Itis, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Foshay & Mason. Cheep Up! Help is at Hand. "I'm afraid I shall have to be taken to a hospital or to the poorhouse. I've been sick so long that my husband, good and patient as he is, can't stand the worry and expense much longer." No, you won't! Clear up and cheer up. See what Parker's Tonic will do for you. Plenty of women as badly off as you are, have been restored to health by the use of it. It will build you up, curing all ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is simply pleasant and safe. STEWART & SON, Successors to Peters & Stewart, Dealers in all kinds of shell and heavy hardware, coal, paints and oils, opposite Old Fall Street, Albany, Oregon.