

The most interesting thing in bonnets this winter is a pretty face.

Over 200,000 visitors will be in Washington during inauguration week.

George G. Vest has been re-elected United States Senator from Missouri.

John A. Logan is in Illinois to look after his election as U. S. Senator to succeed himself.

Rev. J. R. N. Bell has purchased the Roseburg Independent and will conduct it hereafter.

Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, the famous litigant, died at New Orleans on the 8th inst.

The New York Times describes the Holiday season of Congress as a real from idleness.

The water in Philadelphia is said to be so bad that even the temperance reformers do not dare to advise the people to drink it.

A colored school in South Carolina has been christened Cleveland Academy in honor of the President-elect.

If advice were money, Governor Cleveland would just now be in receipt of a larger income than Mr. Vanderbilt.

Many people have cause to be ashamed of their sons, none more so than New York in the case of her El-son.

The fellow who wanted to begin the campaign of 1888 right away has gone to sleep. Sh—ah! Don't wake him.

Mr. Irving says he has a great fondness for the American eagle. It will be remembered that a \$10 gold piece is an eagle.

Nevada's total vote is 12,797 and she casts the Republican electoral votes. At this rate New York ought to cast 273 electoral votes instead of 36.

It is said that someone gave the child of your Uncle David Davis a toy fence, but the old gentleman destroyed it the first opportunity.

The eighth of January was very generally celebrated by Democrats throughout the east. Democrats have not forgotten Jackson's celebrated victory over the British at New Orleans.

"What minister" thundered Bob Ingersoll to his Chicago audience, "has ever done so much for the world as Darwin?" But a hoodlum answered and confounded the infidel by ejaculating "Barclard."

While Mr. Blaine is writing history this winter, Gail Hamilton will write a novel. It will be a beautiful sight, this picture of home literary industry. The facts will be distinguished from the fiction by the binding.

One Septimus Cleveland who claims to be a relative of the President-elect, is after a Postoffice in Arkansas. It is just possible that Septimus will get left Cleveland is just that sort of a man to beware of nepotism.

It is reported that a portrait of the Rev. Dr. Burdard stands on an easel in the office of the President-elect at Albany. Mr. Cleveland might not mind having it in sight, but must be awfully hard on the easel.

Bob Ingersoll claims to have discovered heaven on earth. He should make the most of it, since he is not likely to see it anywhere else, unless he says he's sorry when he comes to die.

The London Times was 100 years old upon the first of the month. It is venerable and very powerful. Still, we have more venerable papers in America, even if they are less powerful.

Senator Edmunds and Senator Garand are intimate personal friends, and the former is said to advise, the latter not to accept a Cabinet position, but to stay in the Senate and be the spokesman of the Administration.

The rum that was sent to Mr. Cleveland in a gold-banded barrel, wasn't the only lot of liquor that he has received. There is enough in his barn chamber awaiting shipment to the donors to float Bill Chandler's navy in fine style. Rum and poetry head the list of stock on hand.

Mr. Cleveland's inauguration is looked forward to by business men without any of those alarming fears which the Republicans a few months since pictured in such gloomy colors. Business men, as the phrase runs, take no stock in those prophecies of evil—neither do the people.

A market women at Peoria, Ill., avoids paying an election bet because she had read the Shylock performances. She was to wheel a man around the public square, but declares there was nothing in the bond about wheeling his clothes, and declares that he will have to go without them or not at all.

A movement has been started in New England to raise a couple of regiments, to be composed of 1,200 veterans, each hundred to represent one of the original thirteen States at the inauguration of President Cleveland. The military display, as already planned, promises to be finer than anything of the kind ever before seen in this country.

TAXATION.

There is a very general discussion of the subject of taxation through the press of the State. This discussion of course is intensified on account of the Legislature being now in session. The starting point in all these discussions seems to be the mortgage tax law. There is an organized effort to repeal this law. This effort comes mainly from money lenders. Those who heretofore have been able to escape taxation because of the ease and facility with which money, notes and accounts might be placed beyond the ken of the Argus-eyed assessor, are now loud in their denunciations of a law which compels them to bear their proper share of the public burden. There are a few general principles which should be kept in view in all cases when legislation upon the subject of taxation is to be had. First, governments are absolutely necessary in order to protect society against its vicious and outbreking elements. Life, liberty and property would be valueless things were it not for the strong arm of the law to protect them. To maintain and perpetuate the government requires money with which to remunerate those officials who are deputed to execute the authority and maintain the functions of the government which they represent. It is to gather in this needed money that assessment and taxation are resorted to. A fundamental principle of our government is that all citizens are equal before the law. This includes public duties as well as rights, privileges and prerogatives. The life and liberty of every citizen is entitled to protection equally with every other citizen. No distinction in this respect can be made between the rich and the poor, the high or the low. The life and the liberty of the most humble citizen is as equally dear and sacred as that of a president, supreme judge, congressman, railroad magnate, bank president or millionaire. And to the extent of the cost of protecting life and liberty, this humble citizen should contribute equally with the millionaire. But all property should be made to contribute equally to pay the expense and cost of its own protection. We use the word "all" advisedly. We mean to say that if a man has one thousand dollars and invests it in sheep, he should be taxed on one thousand dollars worth of property, and that tax should be levied and collected in the county where such sheep are kept. But if another man puts a thousand dollars in horses he, too, should pay tax in the county where such horses are located. If another invests a thousand dollars in a lien upon a farm, he, too, should be taxed upon one thousand dollars worth of property and the assessment upon such property should be made and the tax collected in the county where the owner of such property has seen fit to locate it. If a man in Portland puts his money into sheep and puts those sheep on the grass in Wasco county, he should pay taxes on them in Wasco county. If a man in Portland invests his money in a mortgage in Linn county, the owner of such mortgage should pay taxes in Linn county, whose courts and local governmental officials are to be invoked to protect him in all his rights under the mortgage. But we are told that to tax money is to be unfriendly to it, and thus drive it out of the state. For the same reason we might say that to tax horses, sheep, hogs, goats, etc., would be unfriendly to such property and would drive them out of the state. But such property as the latter is just as essential to the growth and prosperity of the state as money, and our legislators should be as tender towards it as money.

It is wholly unfair and foreign to our system of government to tax one class of people at the expense of another. To let mortgages, notes, or money go untaxed, would be taxing the owners of taxable property for the benefit of the holders of mortgages, notes and money. But we are told that if money is allowed to come here free and that the rate of interest will soon go down and money will be cheap. If this were true, it would be taxing non-borrowers to benefit borrowers, which would lack the essential of fair dealing as well as equality of all citizens before the law. But this is not necessarily true. Strange that this argument should be made almost wholly by those who loan money. A man who loans money does not want the rate of interest to be low. Then why should he depend upon the force of this argument to induce the legislature to repeal the mortgage tax law? Those lenders who make use of this argument are uncandid and selfish about it. Again, we are told that lands are taxed at one half or two-thirds their value, while money and mortgages are assessed at their full value. We admit that their ground for this complaint. But this is not the fault of the law, but the fault of the assessors who, for various reasons, have fallen into the habit of thus assessing lands. Assessors in many cases have thus assessed lands for less than their value for the purpose of keeping up friendly relations with the tax payers who are supposed to control county conventions. Assessors have also assessed property low in order that their counties might escape state taxation. We have no hesitation in expressing the belief that farmers will be fully satisfied to see lands as well as other property taxed at their full value. The only safe course for the legislature to pursue is to enact

such laws as will impose a tax upon all property, whether money, lands, mortgages or notes. Let the present mortgage tax law stand, but with amendments if necessary. There is no disguising the fact that before the mortgage tax law was passed, hundreds of thousands of dollars in notes escaped taxation, because their owners saw fit to leave them out of their statements to the assessor. It was then the farmer's time to growl, and he had just cause for complaint. This offense was removed by the passage of the mortgage law. Now if it be true that many have cause of complaint in land not being taxed at its value, we hope the legislature will remedy the evil, but not at the expense of the repeal of the mortgage tax law. There must be equality and fair dealing between the money lender and land owner.

Kasson, American minister to Berlin in Germany, gave a Thanksgiving dinner to Americans in that city. Shortly after, the report gained currency in the United States that cheering for Cleveland was indulged in at the dinner, whereupon Kasson, when he heard of the report, rushed off with a telegram to the press of the west for publication, denouncing the report as a "willful falsehood." Now, the question arises, what if "loyal" Americans in Berlin did cheer their president elect? Is not that the very thing they should do? Are not all who refuse to do so traitors and copperheads? Is it not disloyal to do otherwise? Is not "the very flesh and blood of the president, the government itself?"

If a "loyal man in Berlin on Thanksgiving Day should direct his cheers in other directions, would he not subject himself to a charge of giving vent to the "rebel yell?" These are awkward questions to republicans, but the times demand answers.

It is a duty which we most heartily and cheerfully perform of noting the fact that the Oregonian, notwithstanding its great bitterness of spirit towards the south and everything southern, has found two spots in the south, just two, upon which it sheds forth gleams of kindness and friendly feeling. Yes, strange as it may appear, the Oregonian applies kind words to Atlanta and Charleston. Fortunate cities! Happy people! to thus win the approval of the Oregonian. Let us sing:

"Long as the lamp holds out to burn, The vilest sinner may return." The Salem correspondent of the Oregonian says there is much prejudice in the minds of Willamette valley members of the Legislature against Portland, both as to a Senator to be elected and the legislation to be enacted by the Legislature. It is unfortunate that this kind of a feeling should enter into the minds of Legislators when legislating for the whole state, but as Portland has exhibited much of the same feeling for years towards the valley, it is not to be wondered at that a spirit of resentment should control the action of valley members. Portland has herself to blame for whatever of prejudice exists against her.

About a year ago we opened polls for the choice among our readers for president and vice president. It will be remembered that S. J. Tilden was the choice of a majority of those who voted. But it is interesting to know that the following voters all gave their choice for president on one postal card: G. H. DeValey, F. P. DeVaney, G. R. Gein, E. W. DeVaney, Geo. Conner, R. L. DeVaney. The choice was Grover Cleveland. First choice of all for vice president has McDonald and second choice Hendricks.

The Jacksonville Times has entered upon its fifteenth year of publication. It is the leading weekly in southern Oregon and well deserves the liberal support which it is receiving. Its editor and proprietor has the energy, pluck and enterprise to make a good paper and we heartily wish him abundant success.

Gen. Grant has written a letter to Cyrus W. Field, in which he declines to accept the gift of a sum of money which Field and other friends of Grant had contributed to pay off a judgment of \$150,000 which Vanderbilt has against the General.

Senator Sherman does not have a very high opinion of the financial ability of Gen. Grant. He says our most successful generals are poor business men. He thinks General Grant unfit to have charge of a large business, while Sheridan could not run a cattle ranch.

Adironack Murray, ex-Minister of the gospel, is, in connection with a married sister, keeping a temperance cafe at Montreal, Canada. He says he will enter the Canadian newspaper field next year and advocate the annexation of Canada to the United States.

A move has been made in Congress to provide an Exposition for the colored people. The exhibit is to include everything produced by colored industry. The idea is an excellent one and should be carried out. No money could be more usefully spent.

S. W. Blizzard, of Cross Hollows, Wasco county, went out a mile from home during the late snow storm to hunt some horses, when he became bewildered and froze to death.

LOGAN'S TATTERED FENCES.

Washington, Jan. 13th.—General Logan left for Springfield, Ill., last evening. He goes there for the purpose of looking the Senatorial situation over, so as to determine for himself whether he has any chances or not. Captain Taylor, his private secretary, who has been out in Illinois for the last week or ten days, came back last night. He says that the situation out there amounted, in his judgment, to this: General Logan would be reelected, or else no one would be. He has pledged to him ninety-five out of the 120 Republicans in both branches of the Legislature. The Legislature will meet tomorrow for the purpose of organization. There will be an interesting contest over the Speakership in the House. The Democrats have there one majority. A man by the name of Haines is a candidate, and he says he will vote for a Republican Speaker if he is not nominated. But at the same time there is another Democratic member of the Legislature by the name of O'Donnell who says that he will not vote for Haines if he is nominated. So between the independent position of these two the Speakership may be lost. Upon the other hand it is said that there are one or two Republican members of the Legislature who are for sale to the highest bidder. A Democratic member of the House by the name of Brachtendorf is sick in Chicago with consumption and may die. If he does General Logan will be elected. He has a pair at present, and if this pair is refused him in any time the Democrats have it in their power to break up a quorum in the Legislature. The contest promises to be an unusually interesting one, especially since General Logan has gone out to take charge of his own canvass.

Charley Farwell's card of support of General Logan is not regarded by the General's friends to be at all satisfactory. They say General Logan has ninety-five out of the hundred and two votes with Farwell as a contestant, and that the latter had only three out of the remaining seven. They say Farwell's scheme is to try and get a Democratic vote or two for himself and then come over and say to the Republicans: "I am the only man that can be elected." Farwell is several times a millionaire. The Democrats also have a millionaire among their candidates. The fight between Morrison and Carter Harrison is so bitter that the Democrats have been looking out for other men. This has brought into notice Judge Lambertree, of Chicago. He is a man of wide culture, with a splendid record upon the bench, and is worth between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000. His rival is Gen. Black, who was so prominent in the Democratic National Convention last July.

Schuyler Colfax, once vice president of the United States, died at Mankato Minn. on the 13th inst. He was going to Northern Iowa on a lecturing tour. He dropped dead from heart disease in the Omaha depot at Mankato.

W. H. Odell has been appointed postmaster at Salem, vice A. B. Crossman having resigned. The people of Salem are to be commiserated. But this infliction will only last till March the 4th. We recommend Satanites to be as patient as possible.

It is said that scarcely ten per cent of the applications for offices with which Cleveland is deluged have come from the South. The fact is that the modesty and self-restraint exhibited by the South at this time is filling the souls of Blaineites with consuming fires of disappointment.

The Oregon State Temperance Alliance will meet in 18th Annual session in the city of Salem, on Wednesday, February 11th, next, beginning at half past 10 o'clock A. M., in the M. E. Church.

The Alliance shall be composed of delegates from Temperance societies and all other organizations devoted to the Temperance cause. The basis of representation being one for the organization, and one for every twenty members, and one for each fraction over ten. Also any person of known Temperance principles may become a member by paying the sum of one dollar into the treasury.

All delegates will pay full fare to the Alliance in passing over the O & C R R and O R & N C & P lines, and be returned over said lines for one-fifth fare on the certificate of the Secretary of the Alliance, which certificate will be issued during the session.

Dr. J. W. WATTS, President. J. E. HOUTON, Secretary. THE DALLAS, Oregon, Nov. 4, 1884. I am entirely satisfied with the honorable manner in which I was treated in regard to my insurance business, and the settlement and payment of my loss by the State Insurance Company. We shall rebuild our house at once, and shall be glad to continue business with your company.

J. E. HARRIS. Closing out. Having concluded to discontinue business, I will hereafter sell.

BUCKEN'S ARNICA SALVE. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all kinds of skin eruptions. This salve is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 35c per box. For sale by Foshay & Mason.

WALT WHITMAN ON CLEVELAND.

He denounces Blaine and speaks warmly of the President-elect.

Walt Whitman being asked by a reporter what he thought of Blaine's defeat and what would come of it, replied: "I had come to admire the pluck and brilliancy of Blaine's leadership and thought he would exercise as much power over the masses, as well as the leaders, as if he had been elected President; but when the South-South speech came, I am bound to say I thought that utterance breathed the rankest sectionalism and was markedly in bad taste. If Mr. Blaine wanted to fight it out on that line before the election he might have rallied the North to his standard to the breaking down of certain side issues, but renewing the old fires of the rebellion was not to my taste. We are even yet, since the collapse of the rebellion, walking on ashes thinly covering fire. Had Mr. Blaine been elected he would have aimed to build up, and, with that masterful spirit of his he would have been the head of a personal Government little less despotic than that of Louis Napoleon. Under the whip and spur of Blaine's magnetic presence he would have carried things with a high hand. This accounts, in part, for the fear the people had in trusting him with a four years' lease of power.

"Grover Cleveland stands out in strong colors in a clear light as a safe and strong man—one with a purpose. No man before the people ever stood up and took the blows of the press with better welcome than did Cleveland. He bids fair to bring the old-time Democracy back to the days of manifest destiny and human progress. In Cleveland there is a combination of Scotch-Presbyterianism added to his early self-education which would make a statesman who will be governed by good sense and patriotism. Under Cleveland, who has what is rarer than genius in our public men, old-fashioned horse sense and a splendid solidity of personal character there is every likelihood of the South, an problem reaching a satisfactory solution in the next eight years, which was 'the liberty of all limited by the liberty of each.'"

The Republican organs, having seen their candidate rejected by the people, after a campaign in which he urged the perpetuation of the tariff as the panacea or all our industrial difficulties, now ask the President-elect to abjure his party and not touch the taxes as a means of improving the business situation. This is certainly a cool request. If the people had wanted the war tariff maintained, they would have elected Blaine. Cleveland and his party were each pronounced in favor of limiting taxation to the needs of Government.

Job Printing. We are now prepared to do any kind of job printing on short notice and in the latest style. Send for estimate on large jobs.

Easy to See Through. How can a watch—no matter how costly—be expected to go when the maninging work operates? How can anyone be well when his stomach, liver or kidneys are out of order? Of course you say, "He cannot." Yet thousands of people drag along miserably in that condition; not sick, but not able to work with comfort and energy. How foolish, when a bottle or two of Parker's Tonic would set them all right. Try it, and get back your health and spirits.

Syrup of Figs. Nature's own true laxative. Pleasant to the palate, acceptable to the stomach, harmless in its nature, painful in its action. Cures habitual constipation, biliousness, indigestion and kindred ills. Cleanses the system, purifies the blood, regulates the liver and acts on the bowels. Breaks the cords, chills and fever, etc., strengthens the organs, and is one for every twenty members, and one for each fraction over ten. Also any person of known Temperance principles may become a member by paying the sum of one dollar into the treasury.

Its Wonderful Efficacy. No remedy ever discovered possesses the wonderful efficacy of Syrup of Figs. The certainty with which it expels all impurities from the system, at the same time giving tone to the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, places it ahead of all other remedies, to say nothing of its being taken. It is selling very rapidly. E. W. Langdon & Co., Albany.

Feeling sure of the unquestionable virtue and absolute curative qualities of Dr. Haven's Dyspepsia Cure, we offer free of charge sample bottles and circulars to all who are troubled with Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Flatulency, Sick-headache or any form of Stomach Disorders. This remedy contains no alcohol, is compounded upon strictly scientific principles and never fails to effect a cure. A trial will convince the most doubtful of its wonderful effect. Sample bottles free at Foshay & Mason's Drug Store.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. I cure Consumption, 'BRONCHITIS' a lasting and fragrant perfume, rise 25 and 50 cents.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis, and Croup. For sale by Foshay & Mason, Albany.

LETTER FROM REV. WHITE.

Baltimore is a fine city. The Centennial Conference of about 600 delegates of American Methodism is a big thing. The essays and five minute speeches are generally very fine and edifying. The growth, development and present status of Methodism is wonderful. A number of men of the largest breadth of the various branches of the great army are here. For a week their deliberations have impressed this great city. The adjourn to-day.

The run on the B. & O. R. R. to Washington city, 43 miles, is accomplished in 45 minutes. I went immediately to the Capitol. Mr. Brents M. C. from Washington Territory did me great kindness. Through his courtesy I got into the White House and with about 150 others heard the address and witnessed the opening of the great Exposition in New Orleans. It requires some time to transmit the presentation speech from N. O. to the President. Then it was read to him by Col. Morehead, then he read his address, which was transmitted and read to the eager multitudes in N. O. Then with the finger of the Chief Magistrate of the U. S. on the bottom of the electric machine for 30 seconds the mighty Corlies engine which moves the machinery of the Exposition in New Orleans 1200 miles distant was put in motion. Wonderful! Grand age in which we live.

I had the pleasure of seeing present the Hon. George and Slater from Oregon. I go to New Orleans in a few days by way of Savannah, Ga. Respectfully, T. B. White. Baltimore, Dec. 17th 1884.

Being desirous of retiring to the practice of my profession. I offer my land for sale, situated 6 miles west of Lebanon on the N. G. R. R. 240 acres will be sold in Lots of 40, 80, 100, 120 or 240 acres. Payments half down and time given when desired by purchaser. Also my splendid hog yard two miles below Lebanon, one of the finest yards in the state; very convenient in tools, dry house and store room; will sell the yard 1 1/2 acres and as much more land as the purchaser may want up to 107 acres in compact farm house, wells and stabling; all well fenced. More money in hops at 14 cents per lb. than wheat at \$3 per bushel. Apply to Dr. W. F. ALEXANDER, in person or by letter, Albany or Lebanon, Oregon.

In Time of Peace Prepare for War. Scarcely any doubt exists in the minds of scientific men about the appearance of cholera in this country another season. The extent and virulence of the disease will depend entirely upon the sanitary condition of the country and the physical condition of the people. Persons in a perfectly healthy condition have little to fear from its approach. Dr. Koch, of Berlin, in his recent writings upon the subject, says: "Under ordinary circumstances the bacilli, introduced by the mouth, are destroyed in the stomach, but give a derangement of this organ due to errors of diet or other causes, and the bacilli is enabled to escape the action of the acid gastric juice and to reach the alkaline intestinal fluid, where it proliferates, sets up irritation, diarrhoea and all the typical symptoms of choleraic seizure."

Dr. Haven's Dyspepsia Cure is a remedy that supplies the acid that is wanting in the digestive juices of a deranged stomach. Sample bottles free at Foshay & Mason's Drug Store.

NOTICE. Having sold my Agricultural Implement business in Albany, all persons indebted to me are notified to pay before February 1st.

We are now prepared to do any kind of job printing on short notice and in the latest style. Send for estimate on large jobs.

The first eastern mail put in appearance on last Tuesday night. It consisted of three small, dirty looking packages, yellow from age. Wednesday's amount was greatly increased.

BLACKSMITHS' OUTFITS. Anvils, vises, bellows, hammers, sledges, stocks and dies and almost every tool used by blacksmiths we keep constantly on hand. Also a full stock of iron of all sizes, horse shoes and horse shoe nails. Special prices made on small outfits for farmers use.

BARN DOOR HANGINGS. Are always breaking, unless you have the kind sold by Peters & Stewart, of Albany. They are made of wrought iron, cannot jump the track and will last a long time. Don't have another barn door until you have seen them.

Final Settlement. In the County Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn: In the matter of the estate of John A. Wrenn, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of John A. Wrenn, deceased, has filed his final account in the above named Court on the 7th day of February, 1885 at the hour of two o'clock in the forenoon at the County Court room at the Court House in the city of Albany, Linn county, State of Oregon and the time and place fixed for hearing objections to said account and the final settlement thereof.

PAINTS AND OILS. Of all descriptions sold by Peters & Stewart. HOOSIER GRAIN DRILL. A better grain drill is not made anywhere, as every farmer says who has used it. For sale only by Peters & Stewart. J. I. CASE PLOWS. This famous plow is well known in Linn County. The chilled and steel plows were well made from the very best material and are warranted to do good work and wear fully as well as any other plow. Peters & Stewart are the sole agents.

Albany Market. Wheat—64c per bushel. Oats—20c " " Beef—on foot, 3c. Hay—baled, 11@13 per ton. 1000, 7 to 10. Potatoes—new 25 cts per bushel. Bacon—hams, 11 1/2 cts. sides, 10c. Lard—40c per lb. Flour—4.00 per bushel. Butter—20 to 25 cts per lb. Chickens—3.00 per doz. Sugar—San Francisco C, 8 1/2c. Mill Feed—bran, 10.00 per ton. shorts, 15c. middlings, 20c. Eggs—30 cents per doz.

A Life Saving Present. Mr. M. E. Allison, Hatchinson, Kan., saved his life by a simple Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases. It is guaranteed to cure. Trial bottles free at Foshay & Mason's Drug Store. Largest size \$1.00.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Bronchitis, and Croup. For sale by Foshay & Mason, Albany.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, AT ALBANY, IN THE STATE OF OREGON, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, 30th day of December, 1884.

Table with Resources and Liabilities columns. Resources include Loans and discounts, Overdrafts, U. S. Bonds, etc. Liabilities include Capital stock paid in, Undivided profits, etc.

STATE OF OREGON, COUNTY OF LINN.—I, H. F. Merrill, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THE BEST WAGON. In the market is the celebrated Studebaker sold by Peters & Stewart, and the spring wagon and sulky of the same make are just as good. Every article is warranted. The prices are down on a dead level with wheat at 50 cents.

DON'T FORGET IT. If you try to build now while wheat is only worth 54 cents you should by all means go to Peters & Stewart's, at Albany for your hardware. You can get what you want at their store and at reasonable figures.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS. We want carpenters to know that we keep constantly in stock the very best tools the market affords, and sell them as cheap as they can be sold. Every tool we sell we can warrant. No shoddy articles zero out. Come and see us.

BLACKSMITHS' OUTFITS. Anvils, vises, bellows, hammers, sledges, stocks and dies and almost every tool used by blacksmiths we keep constantly on hand. Also a full stock of iron of all sizes, horse shoes and horse shoe nails. Special prices made on small outfits for farmers use.

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LEBLAN and YOUTH'S CLOTHING, SHOES, and BOOTS and FURNISHING GOODS. In all the latest Styles OF STOCK HATS, In the Valley. THE LARGEST and Best.

FOR SALE. A SAW MILL AND WATER POWER. At Waterloo, Linn county, on the Santiam River, between five and six miles from Lebanon. This is the finest available water power in Linn county, and the mill has been put in thorough running order. Price \$2500. One thousand cash down, balance secured. Also a

FINE LOT OF LOGS, in shape to run to the above mentioned mill, containing about 500 thousand feet at \$3 per thousand, together with a tract of timber available for present use.

ONE FARM. In Linn county of 248 acres within three miles of Albany, on the route to Corvallis. Of this 220 acres are cleared and under cultivation. It has a fine young orchard, (now bearing), well known varieties of fruit, a commodious barn and small dwelling house. Terms \$3000. \$1500 cash down, balance on time secured by mortgage. Also a

A FINE RESIDENCE. In Albany with barn and two lots, (or six if wanted). Price \$1800. Terms \$600 cash, balance secured by mortgage. Adjoining this house is a small pasture with a large new and commodious barn fit for storing wheat, oats, 50 tons or more of baled hay. Terms according to amount of land wanted. This barn is just outside the city limits and consequently avoids the city taxes, which is close enough to residence to be under constant inspection. Also a

TRACT OF 44 ACRES. adjoining Albany and available for about 180 town lots. The preliminary survey of the Oregon Pacific, crosses the Oregon and California Railroad on this tract which adjoins the depot grounds of the latter road. Terms \$1000. See owner, ROBERT L. STEVENS, or call at Democrat office.

PAINTS AND OILS. Of all descriptions sold by Peters & Stewart. HOOSIER GRAIN DRILL. A better grain drill is not made anywhere, as every farmer says who has used it. For sale only by Peters & Stewart. J. I. CASE PLOWS. This famous plow is well known in Linn County. The chilled and steel plows were well made from the very best material and are warranted to do good work and wear fully as well as any other plow. Peters & Stewart are the sole agents.

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