The Democrat.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 10, 1883.

"Pluck" calls it the be-trayed dullar.

Sammy Tilden carries a level head and a silent tongue.

Several Presidential booms appear to have been sunstruck.

Mr. Blaine has declined to take any part in the Ohio canvass.

The telegraph operators' strike was a sort of electric shock to the country.

A dollar's worth of good goverment for every dollar of taxation is a very good platform.

The "old ticket" is for the "old ticket" only, and again Republicans rise up and cry out for "protection."

The Republicans never have any trouble in disposing of the surplus revenue.

Mr. Secretary Chandler can again give his undivided attention to the American navy.

Blaine begins to think that Mr. Tilden has been actuated all along by pure cussedness.

Mahone is deeply interested in a Virginia canal. He probably looks upon it as his last ditch.

Of course, John Bull has no fellow-feeling or he would never go back on American cattle.

In the opinion of Republicans the greatest Democratic mistake is in winning an election.

It is getting to be a cold day with the Ohio Republicans, and they have fallen back on the bloody shirt.

There is no report yet that Chief Justice Waite has fined or imprisoned the bucking pony of Yellowstone Park for contempt of court.

Many of the ablest allies of Mahone in past campaigns are arrayed against him this time. The last and worst of the bosses must go.

Ex-Senator McDonald will probably measure swords with Blaine in the Ohio canvass. We are sorry for Blaine.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* believes that the man who wrote "Put yourself in his place" was a Kentucky Republican.

There is a tradition among the Indians that you can always identify the trail of General Sheridan's exploring parties by the empty whiskp bottles scattered along the line of march.

A new gubernetorial movement reported in Boston yesterday is one in behalf of the nomination by the Republicans of Francis B. Hayes whose friends claim for him a record of merit as an exposer of abuses and of activity in party work.

"Tom" Marshall, who declined the regular Republican nomination for Representative-at-large in Pennsylvania last year, is not satisfied with this year's ticket. As to Republican reunion there he says: "I have the first sign of it yet to see."

The Tilden and Hendricks boom is swelling into the proportions of a Missouri cyclone. It will be a good thing for the Republican party to get out of the way aud let the procession pass.

Strange as it appears a Republican member of the Oregon legislature has resigned. But the extenuating circumstance was that it was necessary to enable him to accept a federal appointment.

Even the anti-Stalwart papers speak in very respectful terms of Mr. Authurs possible selection as the Republicans candidate. They evidently intend to eat no more crow than is absolutely necessary.

Foolish ond shortsighted as it may appear, Foraker, Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio, is attempting by calling into requisition the Southern outrage mill. Like Conkling's enemies this Ohio man is trying to set the country back ten years.

The old two and three cent stamps and stamped envelopes will be valid after October 1, and must pe accepted in payment of postage. The new two-cent stamps will be issued on September 15, and stamped envelopes on the Ist of September, but they are not to be sold before October 1.

Now, that the time for the fall election is approaching, the telegraph English informs us that a syndicate of holders of confederate bonds has been founed to press their payment. This syndicate, it is said, has determined upon a system of financial pressure of the Southern States with the view of forcing the south, through this pressure, or the goverment through sympathy for the south, to assume the payment of these bonds.

[illegible] thern outrage mill has, from [illegible] ne, turned out some very [illegible] material upon which Republicans might conduct thin political compaign but we must confess that this is the finniest grist of them all.

SAMUEL J TILDEN.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* calls attention to some revolution of the Pennsylvania democracy favoring the nomination of Mr. Tilden for president in 1884 and asks if Mr. Tilden will heed them. The *Sun* makes the flouring reply: Of course Dr. Tilden will heed these Pennsylvania resolution. They cannot fail to interest his mind. They express a sentiment which is strong in the hea.ts of millions.

But what our correspondent means to ask is whether Mr. Tilden will heed these Pennsylvania resolutions in the way of accepting the nomination they urge upon him. We answer that he will not except it. In 1880, when he was younger and stronger than he is now, he declined to be the democratic candidate for President. The nomnination was ready for him then as it is now. The Convention would have been unanimous in the tender; but, for reasons which he expressed fully frankly, he refused; and he refuses now.

That such is the case we regret most deeply. Would that this illustrious man had youth and strength to take upon his shoulders the burden of reforming the Fedetal Goverment! It is a heavy burden, and no one understands its importance better than he. But he has the right to say that he cannot undertake it. That is what he says, and all those who truly appreciate his service to the country are bound to respect his decision.

But with these blessed assurances (to them) the ordinary Republican politician will shiver at the mere mention of the name of Tilden. Verily the Republican party must go.

SCARED

Dorsey in speaking of the feeling of Republicans just before the presidential election of 1880 says: They were the

WORST SCARED LOT I EVER SAW

They were morally certain that New York was lost. I thought so, too, to tell the truth, and I didn't much wonder at Authur's dispair. Finally, I took a room at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and set the ball in motion to snatch victory from defeat. I called for reports of every township in the state, and when I got them saw at once we were beaten unless we could reduce the majority in New York and Kings counties. There was no time to cover the state. We had less than three weeks to work in. It was impossible to do anything but turn every light in upper New York and Kings counties. We succeeded. We cut the Democratic vote down in these two counties 70,000, and by that means got the State by 21,000 majority. They talk of fine work in Indiana. It wasn't a patch to

WHAT WE DID IN NEW YORK

Dorsey described how New York was carried as follows: "Hot work, sharp trades, quick bargains and a golden stream from Stevenson's bank," and concludes his interview by abusing President Authur and declaring he has no show for the nomination for presiden. He declared Sherman or Harrison, or "some other nonentity," as he puts in, will secure it.

THE most foolish thing in all the controversy concerning the mortgage tax law is the threat openly made by those who lend, that they will withdraw their capital from the state unless the law is repealed, or unless assessors assess mortgages at less than their value. This threat has very materially weakened the case of those who oppose the law, as the people of a commonwealth will never submit to such intimidation or dictation. Laws in Oregon are supposed to be enacted or repealed from other motives than threats. The assumption that this mortgage law discriminates against money is simply twaddle and bosh, and can emanate only from the brain of him who opposes the law, If real estate is assessed lower in proportion than mortgages, then the true and only safe remedy is for assessors to raise the assessment on lands and not lower it on mortgages. If the present taxation laws of the state are duly enforced, taxation will be as nearly equal as it is possible to get it. As we have before said, if the inequality complained of really exists, then it is patent upon its face that the fault is not in the law, but in the manner of its enforcement. We have no hesitation in saying that capital should be treated fairly, and placed upon that equality provided for both in the organic and statute law of the land, and if the present law fails to do that then let the law be amended.

The statement that men are talking and laughing about "cinching" the money lender through the operation of the mortgage law evidently was born in a mind highly imaginative. The real friends of the mortgage law would frown upon all such, because it was their opposition to all "cinching" that induced the passage of that law.

The real reason for a change in the control of the Goverment is that the Republican party has become the creature and tool of powerful corporations, and runs the Goverment for their interest and profit, to the injury of the people. It is the recognized champion and supporter inimical to the welfare of the country and the safety of our institutions. It is a party of clamorous struggling to seize and appropriate the property of the people.

Adam is the only man who was never jealous.

GENERAL NEWS.

Two negroes and one woman, (colored) have been arrested on a charge of attempting to poison the family of Andrew Daniel, of Spartanburg, South Carolina.

W. W. Monair, nominated for governor of Minn. by the late Democratic convention, declines to accept the nomination, and his successor will be chosen by the state central committee, which is not yet appointed.

Officials at the state department deny any knowledge whatever of the sensational story to the effect that the German empire had entered into an offensive and defensive treaty with the republic of Mexico.

Major Blakeney, of the life-saving service, at San Francisco, has received a petition from residents of Newport, Yaquina Bay, for the establishment of a station there. The petition will be sent to Washington with the recommendation that it be established at Gray's harbor.

Twenty Turks, who arrived from Constantinople Saturday, were at Castle Garden, New York, Sunday, and sat on the floor, eating their noonday meal. They were waiting for Goldstein, who is to take them to Worcester, Massachusetts, to be employed in factories there. They are without means.

J. E. White of Chicago, assistant general superintendent of the railway mail service, left Omaha Saturday for Helena, Montana, to make arrangements for forwarding mails to Washington Territory via the Utah and Northern branch of the U. P. to Deer Lodge, and thence by stage to the east end of the western division of the Northern Pacific, by which several days will be gained over the old route via San Francisco and steamers.

The California and Southern railroad has begun operations to extend its roads from Colton to San Bernardino, a distance of three miles. A pile driver is now at work. The steel crossing over the Southern Pacific railroad is ready for laying. Trouble is anticipated in attempting to cross the rival road. There are two immense engines at Colton, for the alleged purpose of tearing up the crossing as soon as placed.

Charles Thompson, a carpenter employed on Kinney's new brick building, while laying a joist for the second floor, slipped and fell thirty-four feet to the sidewalk Monday at Astoria. The result was a fractured skull and several internal injuries. He was conveyed to the hospital and was attended by Dr. A. C. Kinney. The case is very critical. The injured man was late from Capron, Boone county, Illinois, where he has a wife and children.

Upwards of 1000 Knights Templar have already arrived in San Francisco, and from this time on the various eastern commanderies which will participate in the festivities will begin to arrive in force. The only representatives of the north registered at the conclave headquarters are F. J. Babcock of Salem, No. 1, and J. C. Woodward of Berlin commandery, No. 10. The register also shows that quite a number of the visiting knights have gone on a tour through Oregon, some going to the sound, and still others to British Columbia.

The British Parliament has passed an act prohibiting the importation of American cattle because our preventive laws or the sanitary condition of our cattle, are not such as to afford reasonable security against the extension of "foot and mouth disease," It is plain to the casual reader, that the real design and intent of Parliament is to protect the English cattle grower in order that he may be able to higher rents to the lordly landholders who alone hold seats in the English Parliament. This is nothing less than retaliation upon us for our high protective laws. There is much reason in the statement that if high protictive and prohibition laws are good for Americans citizens they will be egually good for English and other foreign peoples.

It is not an alarming fact that we are fast becoming a nation of millionaires and tramps—the sick growing richer and the poor poorer? Combinations of captial create monopolies, and monopolis make their owners and beneficiaries sick and the "rest of mankind" poor.

CROP REPORTS—The following partial returns have been received: 74 acres of wheat belonging to Dave Taylor yielding 3500 bushels; Moses Woodward's wheat went as high as 52 bushels to the acre, Sam Gerking had 40 acres that made 1875 bushels of wheat; Jake Nelson threshed 5650 bushels of wheat from 125 acres; 15 acres belonging to J. Gerking made 719 bushels; the wheat on Mr. Reeder's farm yielding 30 or 40 bushels to the acre; forty acres on the farm of Boston Durr gave, 34½ bushels of wheat to the acre; 1980 bushels of wheat was the product of forty acres belonging to R. Ginn, who lives a mile or two west of Weston; J. S. Harris averaged a little over forty bushels to the acre from a forty acre field. J. A. Downing had 40 acres of oats that yielded 1842 bushels, and 12 acres of Spring wheat that averaged 26 bushels to the acre.—*Weston Leader.*

BIG YIELD— Beall Bros. of Monzanita thseshed the wheat from 29¾ acres last week and got 1,500 bushels, of fine grain, or over 50 busnels per acre. Who can beat it?—*Jacksonville Times.*

TEACHERS NEEDED.

Forty first class teachers needed in Linn county. We do not mean forty teachers holding first grade certificates, but forty teachers first class in government, who were rightly governed and disciplined in their minority, and who can go into our schools and succeed in teaching our children the necessity of obedience to law, and make them feel that the welfare of society to a certain extent rests upon them. No child who disregards home or family government and school government, will be a law abiding citizen when mature years come upon him.

Forty teachers, first class in energy, who work in and out of school hours, who are so intensely interested in every study and child that they impart physical and mental vim to all their students, and through them to all the parents and patrons, until they are aglow with ardor in the good work with themselves and pupils.

Forty teachers, first class in mature judgments, who mingle wisdom with discipline and instruction, and indeed in all their labors.

Forty teachers, first class in thorough knowledge of all the studies in our public school course, who study harder than any of their scholars, so that they grow better qualified for their important work every day.

Forty teachers, first class in ability to impart instruction, so that the children will clearly understand the "whys" and "wherefores" in all their studies, and lay a broad foundation for a higher state of mental culture.

Forty teachers, first class in morals, who themselves are models for their pupils, who rise above sectarianism and teach that character is either good or bad as it possesses or wants certain virtues. That twenty-one years old and one hundred and fifty bbls. of bone and muscle are not all that is meant by the word "men," but that truth, temperance, honesty, virtue, philanthropy, "Do unto others as you would they should do to you" are the true elements of manhood. That society is good or bad as its individual members possess, or are wanting in these qualities.

Forty teachers, first class, whose motives reach far back of the money they get, whose love for the work enkindles a pleasing consciousness that they are awakening thought, developing mind and morals, preparing children to be better sons and daughters, nobler men and women, more devoted husbands and wives, and true members of society. Making society purer and more refined, and government more stable. We want these forty teachers to unite with those of like qualification already among us.

This is not to invite the inexperienced from elsewhere among us. We already have a nobler class of this kind, who in due time, will, with proper diligence, stand in the front ranks as educationists.

A great battle is being fought, not with steel and lead and dynamite, but polemically. True science is confronted by false science, true morals by false morals, truth by error. The true principles and system of human government is opposed by false principles and old systems that have been sanctioned for ages and held the world of mankind in vasalage. This war is one of extermination and ultimately the right, the true will prevail. Nihilism, communism, socialism, with all the other false isms, ologies and ites are beleaguering our civilization, and emboldening bad men in attempting in turn every form of government. The question is forcing itself upon us and we must answer it by our actions, whether we shall longer regard labor as honorable, and whether we shall not regard poverty as a crime. We are to decide whether the word gentleman simply applies to one with a pocket full of money, or whether it means a man who is the embodiment of all the virtues that make society a blessing and government stable, whether he be poor or rich. There is not an evil in the government that the remedy is not in the hands of the people. These evils must be overcome not by studies, not by violent resistence, not by mob laws, not by dynamite, but by wise and timely legislation. Hence the necessity of rightly educating the children, that they may be wise law makers and good law abiders. We rejoice to know that manhood is beginning to assert itself in every department. The world of mind is beginning to think, but few are willing to accept any theory or system either in government, science or morals, until after a thorough investigation and a test of every principle. No one accepts a decline any longer as axiomated no matter by whom said or sanctioned by ages and philosophies

Let us then have teachers, first class in every respect, who can bring out all the latent energies of our boys and girls, and then the rising generation will have sound bodies, clear minds, and pure hearts, and there will be nothing to fear.

P. A. MOSES,
Supt. Schools.

WATERLOO ITEMS.

WATERLOO, OR., Aug. 7th, 1883.

Eds. Democrat:

Hay harvest is over and the wheat harvest has commenced, and proving more satisfactory than had been anticipated. There has been several changes in our city lately.

Mr. Fred Gross will commence to build his new store, and also a dancing hall next week. I suppose he will then give us a social hop when the building is completed.

Mr. A. S. McClung's school closed here the 28th of last month, in which he gave satisfaction, and every one seemed to be very well pleased with his school. He took great interest in teaching his scholars, as there were some quite small in the examination in arithmetic in which all did well. The little class, who had never studied arithmetic before, worked in addition, subtraction and multiplication to the surprise of their parents, and others present, who knew where they were when they started to school. The advanced ones did quite well, placed their work on the board in a plain and scholarly way. Several who knew but very little of long division when they started to school did some of the hardest examples in that branch, and they proved their work to the satisfaction of all present. After these exercises were through then came the speeches and dialogues, which were got off in a way creditable to any school, and especially where most of the scholars were small, as they were in this school. Although a small district the patrons prepared an excellent dinner and quite a large crowd turned out, and everybody was well served and delighted with the day. Mr. Moses, the County Superintendent made a splendid speech to the scholars and patrons. He was followed by Capt. Jacob Newman who made one of his best efforts and eulogized the school for the way they had advanced in the highest terms. The picnic also was well attended and duly appreciated.

Mr. Jack Gross has arrived from Centerville, and now resides in our little town of Waterloo.

The campers at Waterloo are limited.

MAUD MULLER.

LAWSON SQUIBS.

LAWSON, OR., Aug=6th, 1883.

Eds. Democrat:

Lawson is a small station on the Oregonian Railway, and is situated about two miles south of the junction with the the Lebanon branch of the O. & C. R. R.

John Lewis, the section boss, has converted a combination into a palace car, and is living here at present. He is putting the track in condition for the train which is to make connection with the Lebanon express.

The click of the binder is heard in every field. The early sown grain promises a fine yield.

By the way we can boast of the boss shockers. Two young ladies from below are shocking grain after a twine binder and get up their ten acres a day and receive therefor $1.50. Young man, if you intend to be a farmer, this is the kind of a woman you want, one that can grace a grain field as well as a parlor.

Mr. Willis Madison, who has been sick with lung fever, is out again.

John Faulkner, of Eastern Oregon, is spending the summer with his aged parents near this place.

Geo. and Bruce McKnight are across the mountains looking out a stock ranch, where they expect to locate this fall.

Miss Jennie Fraser, of Salem, and Miss Lexy Fay, of Portland, are guests of Mrs. John Umphrey.

Miss Jennie Morris, of Albany, is visiting at Dr. Crawford's.

Miss Jennie Alexander has just closed a successful term of school at Sweet Home, and is home again.

A few days ago J. W. McKnight received a letter from Iowa informing him that Emory French, alias Joe Scott, who was arrested at his place last Spring and taken back to Iowa, had received a sentence of four years in the Penitentiary for horse stealing.

RIX.

SCIO NOTES

SCIO, OR., Aug. 8, 1883.

Eds, Democrat:

We would be pleased to furnish you a few items of news, but there has been so great a demand for the article that we have run short in our stock, will send you such as we have, hoping it will suffice for the present.

Everybody is busy in the harvest fields, making town seem very quiet. We have no returns from the crops as to the number of bushels per acre, but that the yield is much better than anticipated generally.

We have no deaths to chronicle, marriages to record or fights to report, so we are happy in as much as we are blessed with the necessary requirements for the sustenance of life and health.

W. Dilly is the boss grousist. We do not know the exact number he has caught on the wing, but it is an enormous number.

O. E. H. had quite an adventure while in the mountains a short time ago. He passed along the road a few days ahead of a band of sheep and becoming tired and foot sore of walking ahead of his company, he sat down on a rock to rest, very near the place where a cougar leapt from his hiding place into the band of sheep 3 or 4 days after. We cannot certify to the cougar being there while he sat on the rock, but he run a narrow risk for his life, and I would think it a risky biz. to be in so close quarters.

It would be well for a certain man to keep his barn door closed on account of the nature of the stock he keeps.

While we were rambling about town the other Sunday evening, we noticed a young couple leaning over the front fence, (they were not on the gate,) when we heard a voice from the house saying, "If you folks want to spark you had better come in the house where everybody won't be gaping at yer." The young man took a walk.

J. S. Morris is remodeling his drug store by raising it and putting under a new foundation, and a new glass front. Johnny is bound to keep up with the times.

The measels have been all the rage for some time, but no serious results to report from our vicinity.

The fall term of school will commence about Sept. 1st. There is a chance for some good teachers, as we are informed that there has been none employed as yet.

EXTEMPO.

BROWNSVILLE ITEMS.

Brownsville, Or., Aug. 7, 1883.

Eds. Democrat:

Sheriff Humphrey paid our town an official visit on Monday.

Mr. Thomas Kay, Supt. of the Woolen Mills, went to Portland on Friday last and returned home to-day.

Miss Carrie Cooley has gone to Pendleton on a visit with her cousin, Mrs. Annie Lasure, who has been here some weeks visiting.

Mr. G. Foust has a very sick child, which is not expected to live. A telegram was sent to him this afternoon to come home. He is at work on the N. P. R. R. below Portland.

D. R. N. Blackburn, of your city, paid our town a flying visit last week.

Mr. W. L. Coshow of Ochoco is in town.

J. W. Curl and Wm. Smith have gone to work on the N. P. R. R. below Portland.

Grain is ripening very slowly, and the harvest is making very little progress. But the sunshine of the last two days has been very favorable, and it is to be hoped that all the machines now idle can start up by the middle of the week, and run right along then.

No arrangements have been made thus far to store grain in the ware house here, and it is probable that the farmers will have to haul their grain to Halsey again.

PHAD.

SHEDD NOTES.

SHEDD, OR., Aug. 7th, 1883.

Eds. Democrat:

Harvesting has just commenced in this section. Machines have just started in the vicinity.

Mr. John H. Wood Minister of the M. E. Church, left us about two weeks. ago and moved East of the Mountains.

Mr. Miller Morgan who lives about 3 miles east of this place had a narrow escape, while helping build the Bridge over Butte Creek. He was working under the bridge when one joists fell stricking him on the shoulder but glanced off without hurting him worse than a bad bruise.

Mrs. Simmons wife of Mr. Edwin Simmons of Boston Mills is spending a few days with her friends in Crawfordsville.

Martin Tharp a young man staying at Miller Morgans, was badly hurt a few days ago. He was going to a neighbors on horseback, when he got off his horse in the road and when mounted again the horse got scared and started to run, catching Mr. Tharps foot in the stirrup and dragging him over one hundred yards. He escaped with a few bad bruises. He thinks he will be all right in a few days.

We had the pleasure of attending the temperance lecture at the M. E. Church Monday evening. It was delivered by a blind man from Illinois. Notwithstanding his blindness he delivered a nice lecture. The attendance was not very large on account of such short notice.

MONSIEUR.

In the contest between Sullivan and the Maori Slade Monday night, the former won. Terms of the fight were that Sullivan would knock Slade out of time in four rounds. Some teriffc slugging was done in the first two rounds. In the third round Sullivan knocked the Maori to the floor, where he lay in a dazed condition, the blood spurting from his mouth and nose. At this juncture the authorities interfered. Sullivan was enthusiastically congratulated.

Felicitos Mejia, the famous bull fighter, was fatally hurt Sunday at Mexico city. He was tossed in the air by a bull, which again caught the man on his horns as he fell. The building was crowded at the time, and the greatest excitement prevailed.

Home Items.

—"All your own fault
If you remain sick when you can
Get hop bitters that never—fail.

The weakest woman, smallest child, and sickest invalid can use hop bitters with safety and great good.

Old men tottering around from Rheumatism, kidney trouble or any weakness will be almost new by using hop bitters.

My wife and daughter were made healthy by the use of hop bitters and I ecom mend them to my people.—Methodist Clergyman.

Ask any good doctor if Hop Bitters are not the best family medicine On earth.

Malarial fever, ague and biliousness, will leave every heighborhood as soon as hop bitters arrive.

"My mother drove the paralysis and neuralgia all out of her system with hop bitters."—Ed, "Oswego Sun."

Keep the kidneys healthy with hop bitters and you need not fear sickness.

Ice water is rendered harmless and more refreshing and reviving with hop bitters in each draught.

The vigor of youth for the aged and infirm in hop bitters.

Julius Gradwohl.

Has moved his goods into the commodious store of Fox, Baum & Co., where he has every thing arranged in the neatest and most perfect manner He has the latest style and best quality of glass ware, dish ware, baby wagons, boys wagons, lamps of every kind and variety, bird cages, toys, cutlery, fine vases, carpet sweepers, hardwars, majolica ware, and a thousand and one other things too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold down at bed rock prices. Be sure and call and see for yourselves.

WANTED.

We want stock land, grain farms and all kinds of lands to sell to emmigrants that are constantly arriving here in search of homes. We have made arrangements in Portland and San Francisco by which al persons that want to buy land in this part of Oregon will be sent to us. If you desire your land sold soon and on good terms call on or send for blank contracts for descriptions.

BURKHART BROS.,
Real Estate and Loan Agents.
Albany Or

Facts.

New goods just received at Allen & Martin's, Albany, Or. Their store is jammed full of new goods of all discriptions, also jammed full of new customers. There is no use of talking good goods and low prices will win. You have got to give the people credit for having good common sense. They will buy goods where they can buy the best goods for the least money, that is the reason Allen & Martin's trade is increasing so fast. Allen & Martin pay the highest price for produce of all kinds.

Hacks and Buggies.

Just received an invoice of hacks and buggies direct from the Abbott Buggy Co Chicago, which will be sold at reduced prices as these goods have arrived much later than contracted for. I do not wish to keep these over winter, parties wanting will see it to their interest to call and get prices. 48

SAMUEL E. YOUNG.

ONCE MORE TO THE FRONT MY FRIENDS, ONCE MORE.

JUST RECEIVED TO-DAY:

New Dry Goods,
New Fancy Goods,
New Embroideries and Laces,
New Furnishing Goods,
New Boots and Shoes,
New Clothing for Men and Boys,
New Blankets, White and Colored,
New Trunks and Valises,
New Hats and Caps,
New Cigars and Tobacco,
New notions and ideas,
New bargains for everybody.

SPECIAL FOR LADIES.

250 YDS. NEW SILKS AND SATINS, AT SEVENTY-FIVE CTS., WORTH ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CTS.

500 YDS. NEW SILKS AND SATINS AT 50 CTS., PER YARD, WORTH $1.00.

120 DOZ. LADIES COLLARS, AT 5 CENTS EACH, WORTH 10 CENTS.

20 DOZ. SILK HANDKERCHIEFS AT 90 CTS., WORTH $1.50.

200 YDS. NUNS VEILING [ALL WOOL] AT 50 CTS. PER YARD, WORTH ONE DOLLAR.

2000 DOZ. NEW BUTTONS AT 5 CENTS PER DOZ. WORTH FROM 25 TO 50 CTS.

1,500 DOZ. BUTTONS AT 10 CTS. PER DOZ. WORTH FROM 50 CENTS TO ONE DOLLAR.

500 YDS. DRESS PLAIDS, 15 YDS. FOR ONE DOLLAR, WORTH TWELVE AND ONE-HALF CTS. PER YARD.

Samples sent free on application.

ONE PRICE **NOLAN'S** CASH STORE

Albany Market.

Wheat—95c per bushel, at the mills, at the warehouses, 92.
Oats—50 " "
Beef—on foot, 5 to 6c
Hay—baled, 22@25 per ton.
loose, 18 to 20.
Butter—20 to 25 cts per lb.
Eggs—30 cents per doz.
Potatoes—65c per bushel.
Pork—7 cts per lb.
Veal—6c per lb.
Bacons—hams, 14 to 16c.
shoulders, 10 to 12c.
sides, 13 to 15c.
Lard—15c per lb.
Flour—5.50 per bbl.
Chickens—4.50 per doz.
Sugar—San Francisc C, 12c.
Mill Feed—bran, 14.00 per ton.
Dried Fruit—sun dried apples, 6c.
" " plums, 8c.
machine cured apples, 8½c.
" " plums, 10.

Shingles.

The very best shingles made can be had of J H Maine, just across the river for $2.85 at the mills or $3 delivered in Albany. His shingles have no superior anywhere. They can be obtained in this city at the mills of Thos Monteith & Son.

Horses for Sale.

The undersigned has 40 head of good horses for sale. Call at his residence near Shedd.

52 JAMES STIMSON.

"Mother Swan's Worm Sprup."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constiation. 25c,

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY
FOR PAIN.
CURES
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica,
Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises,
Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites,
AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES.
Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle.
Directions in 11 Languages.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE; use Kidney-Wort at once, (druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.
Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weaknesses, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.
Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.
☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
Acts at the Same Time on Kidneys, Liver and Bowels.
KIDNEY-WORT

1200 Acres of Land for Sale.

One farm of 390 acres very desirable.
One farm of 135 acres.
One tract of 169 acres of wild land.
One tract of 80 acres.
One tract of 70 acres.
One tract of 135 acres, and other small tracts. Will sell in lots to suit purchasers. Will trade for other property. Call at this office.

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

"Buchupaiba."

Quick, complete cure, an annoying kidney, bladder and urinary diseases. $1. Druggists.

Strayed, Lost or Stolen.

FROM THE UNDERSIGNED LIVING in Jefferson, one sorrel horse 15 hands high branded with figure 7 on left shoulder and two SS or double S on left stifle, last seen by the owner about 10th of June, 1883. A liberal reward will be given to the party furnishing information as to his whereabouts, or returning him to Jefferson, Marion, Co., Oregon.

WILLIAM MEEKER.

NOTICE.

The following resolution was adopted by the Board of Directors of the Albany Farmers' Co. on July 14th 1883, to-wit:

Resolved, by the Board of Directors of the Albany Farmers' Co. that we will store grain for the year 1883, at the following rates, wheat four and oats three cents per bushel, and the same to be delivered aboard of boats, cars, wagons or trucks, when called for by parties owning the same (good merchantable wheat) by paying warehouse charges.

Be it further resolved, that when parties use their own sacks to deliver grain in, the grain will be held for storage only, and when the company furnish sacks to parties to deliver grain in, it will be held for sacks and storage.

We further agree to pay the highest market price for all grain stored in said Co's warehouses.

That we will pay as much in cash for wheat as the millers in Albany including the premium.

G. W. SIMPSON, Pres.
Attest, D. MANSFIELD, Sec.

LeRichan's Golden Balsam No. 1
Cures Chancres, first and second stages; Sores on the legs and body; Syphilitic Catarrh, diseased scalp, and all primary forms of the disease, known as Syphilis. Price, $5 per bottle.

LeRichan's Golden Balsam No. 2
Cures Tertiary, Mercurial, Syphilitic Rheumatism, secondary stages. Pains in the Bones, Ulcerated Throat, Syphilitic Rash, Lumps, etc., and eradicates all diseases from the system whether caused by bad treatment or abuse of mercury, leaving the blood pure and healthy. Price, $5 per bottle.

Sent everywhere, C. O. D., securely packed per express.

C. F. RICHARDS & CO., Agents, 417 & 419 Sansome street, Corner Clay, San Francisco, California.