

BRIEFS.

Rosa ought to ship a few cyclones to England and turn them loose.

Collectively, the Republican party is afraid of whisky; individually, the case is different.

An Iowa editor being asked if hogs paid, looked over his subscription list, and answered no.

One of our exchanges thinks it was Conkling and not the country that has been set back ten years.

John Sherman shows no disposition to "resume" in Ohio politics. Hence those salt, salt tears of our Republican friends.

To pronounce it properly you must wrinkle your nose on the right side, try to hook your lip over your eyebrows, and say "Te-yewks-bury."

The newspaper is a sermon for the thoughtful, a library for the poor and a blessing to all. Lord Brougham called it, "The best public instructor."

In the Republican State Convention of Ohio on Wednesday, Judge Foraker was nominated for governor. He is, and will most probably remain, unknown to fame.

Some of our Republican contemporaries affect laughter at the suggestion of the old "Tilden and Hendricks" ticket for 1884. Some people make a show of hilarity when they are distressed the most.

There is a belief that Senator Conkling's last speech was made with the direct purpose of defeating the plans which have been formed for Republican harmony and which promised well up to the time of that speech.

When a man becomes so great that he cannot hide himself he dreams of perishing of his own bulk and weight. All the rest of the Ohio Republican statesmen save Senator Sherman alone have been able to hide about behind trees and logs and under bark and leaves, escaping the perilous weight of honors.

"Tis wrong to beat your greer

Out of his honest dues;

'Tis worse to beat the cobbler

Out of his boots and shoes.

There is a chance of pardon

For he who steals your coal,

But he who beats the printer

Will surely lose his soul."

The Republican organs are parroting the cry that their opponents are for "free trade and free whiskey." The only free whiskey men now known of are in favor of taking the internal revenue tax off whiskey, thereby making it as cheap as water, in order to make every household utensil and article of clothing dear. They are the free whiskey advocates, and they are the high priests at the Republican altar.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

This Association has been called to meet in Salem on the 27th of June, and to continue in session three days. We desire to call the attention of the teachers of the public schools of Linn county, especially, to the importance of attending these meetings of the educators in our own State. Young teachers who have yet little experience in the practice of teaching, should, especially, attend, in order to be benefited by the experience of those who have long been in the service. New methods of teaching are constantly being put to the test by bold, aggressive, independent teachers all over the State. These methods often prove far better than old ones. It is quite important that all teachers should acquire these methods. At these teachers' meetings these methods are freely communicated and given to all. The successful farmer is prompt and ever ready to adopt new plans and new machinery if they promise better success. The mechanic is daily trying new methods by which he hopes to perform his labors with greater ease and facility or with less expense. And in this they are approved by all. So likewise, should teachers be on the alert to improve their methods of teaching. There are two subjects which we hope the committee having the matter in charge, will cause to be presented to the Association by some one fully able and competent to do so. One is, "how to make instruction more practical." The other is, "should there not be more moral training and cultivation in the public schools than now obtain?" We think the whole session of the Association might profitably be devoted to these two subjects. We hope the Association will excuse us for saying that it would be well if it would strive to make its own work more practical. It should not be made a place nor occasion to exhibit forensic powers, nor to thrill an audience with the speaker's eloquence. It should be made to subserve the purposes for which it was designed. It should be made a place where the very best methods of teaching and managing public schools are communicated and explained to all. Our experience and observation with reference to school matters lead us to say that these best methods are not confined to experienced teachers or those who have long been in the work. We have received suggestions from young teachers that were far in advance of suggestions on the same subject made by old teachers. For that reason we think it would be well that young teachers should be heard and should be encouraged to take active parts in the work of the Association.

A Republican exchange indulges in a column article berating, scolding and lashing Democratic editors for praying for a revival of manufacturing interests in Oregon and at the same time praying with equal zeal for a revision of the tariff. This Republican editor in a bombastic way, (and by-the-way, it is the only way he has), argues that the duty imposed upon a foreign manufactured article will keep up the price of the article here at home and thus enable and justify our home capitalists in establishing and maintaining establishments to manufacture such articles here. Now, this same editor, not more than two months since, labored in a bombastic way, (for that is the only way he has), through a column article to prove to consumers that a tariff did not cause the price of an article to go up, but in most cases caused the price to go down. He quoted from Hamilton, Clay, Webster and the Salem Statesman to prove this proposition. And it was as well proven as high protectionists ever prove any tariff proposition. The truth is that for the last twenty years we have had a high protective tariff, and yet it has not induced the building of manufacturing mills here. If this gentleman knows anything about the tariff question at all, he will see the very awkward and untenable position which he has placed himself in.

The people have not forgotten that under a high protective tariff on wool, the price, a few years since, went up to fifty cents per pound, and the following year under the same tariff duty, the price went down to twenty cents per pound. Will protection propagandists explain this upon the theory of "protection"? We have no hesitation in saying it cannot be done. It can only be explained upon the ever prevailing principle of supply and demand. If the supply of an article is limited and the demand is great, the price will run high, and if the supply is unlimited and the demand is small, then the price of that article will be low, and either one of these economic conditions is as likely to arise under highly protective, restrictive, or prohibitive laws as under a tariff law for revenue.

As to free trade, absolute, there are probably not a dozen respectable newspapers in the land which favor it. The great majority of Democratic journals favor a tariff for revenue with incidental protection, while the great majority of Republican papers are in favor of a high protective tariff with revenue as an incident. But many of the ablest Republican papers in the land are clamoring for a tariff for revenue just as the Democratic papers are doing.

Our bombastic editor therefore should be castigating such able Republican journals as the New York Times, the Chicago Tribune, Springfield Republican, Oregonian, each of which represents the brains of its party in its locality. This same bombastic editor might with equal propriety be making fierce, unrelenting war upon the last congress, which was Republican in both branches, for passing a tariff law that was said, at the time, to reduce the revenue derived from duties upon imports at least seventy-five million dollars. It is silly at this late day to say that a protective tariff furnishes remunerative wages for workmen. Experience shows that under such laws as from 1868 to 1875 workmen received good wages, but under the same laws in 1877 these same workmen were thrown out of employment because their employers reduced their wages below living rates.

Why so many strikes all over the country if wages are good? A noticeable feature of these strikes is that they occur foremost among men who are engaged in manufacturing articles that are most highly protected. Some more nuts to crack in due time.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondents must bear in mind that nothing of a personal character must be put in correspondence. Let nothing that will reflect upon the standing of anyone appear in correspondence. Let there be nothing but news in which the public are interested. On one or two occasions matter has crept in and been put in print in the Democrat which would have been excluded, had it not escaped our attention. It is our intention to publish a clean sheet, and hence we call upon all who furnish matter for publication to exclude all offensive matter. This is due to themselves, the public, and us.

Mexican papers printed on the Pacific coast are commencing to abuse General Diaz for his friendship with General Grant, and to declare that the anatomy of the republic will be threatened. Should Diaz become President in the present poverty-stricken condition of the treasury, there is a fear that paper money will take the place of coin, and the possible collapse of many railroad schemes is a subject of debate, as are also the grants of \$150,000,000 in aid of railroads, whilst public instruction is almost forgotten. Sinola papers, in particular, write strongly on these points.

The chief political news in New York is the gathering of a sentiment in Ohio to make Foster, the Republican candidate for governor this fall, and the efforts of many Democrats to place Tilden and Hendricks on the Democratic national ticket in 1884.

Twenty thousand mutton sheep were driven through Pilot Rock, Wasco county, a week or two ago, bound for the Eastern markets.

The Missouri high-license law makes the minimum state and county license fees \$850, and the maximum \$1,200 per annum, the county courts being permitted at their discretion to fix them at any point between these limits.

A special dispatch from Washington under date of June 4th, says that on Saturday evening J. H. Mitchell, formerly United States Senator from Oregon, gave a complimentary dinner to J. T. Howlett upon his departure for Oregon to assume editorial management of a daily newspaper there. Mr. Howlett is from the National Republican.

Judge Klock of Philadelphia has furnished "Philadelphia lawyers" and others, something to think about by deciding that a witness, who does not believe in a personal God or in future reward and punishment, is not competent to testify in his court. But an exception was noted and the question will be discussed and adjudicated in the higher courts.

A Greenville, Texas, special says: A tornado struck here last evening in a northwesterly direction, with terrific force. Torrents of rain fell for twenty minutes, and the total destruction of the town seemed inevitable. A survey of the city shows 150 houses blown down, and a large number of old buildings were more or less injured. Only one life was lost, although several were seriously injured.

Mormon missionaries are again at work in the western part of North Carolina. They have induced large numbers of women to join their church. The ceremony of baptism of the new converts is attended by the most horrible orgies. All that was previously known of the abominations of Mormonism was surpassed by the scenes that took place on this occasion. The Mormons probably will be driven out of the State. Public indignation is so great that lynching is feared.

If Kneeger Shannon Longacre or Thompson Addison Longacre sees this notice he will please communicate with his sister, Mrs. Evelina Mytinger, at Warrenton, Va. Her husband, son and sister have recently died within a few days of each other and she is left almost alone in the world. It will be a favor worthily bestowed if Oregon or Washington papers will kindly copy this notice.

The capital commission of Dakota, met June 2nd and took seven ballots, resulting the same each time: Bismarck receiving two votes, Pierre two, Redfield two, Huron one and Mitchell one. No selection. At 4 in the afternoon the commission reconvened, when, on the first ballot, the town of Bismarck had four votes. The choice of Bismarck was then made unanimous. It will be the future capital to the territory of Dakota.

Jas. Morton, who keeps a store at Wolf creek, came up from the front this week, from whom we learned that one of the men employed at the Grave creek tunnel was robbed of several hundred dollars one day last week by a character known as "Yamhill." It seems as if the victim divulged the place where he buried his money, while in a drunken condition, and the thief lost no time in digging it up and departing. At last accounts "Yamhill" had not been arrested.

The bureau of statistics of the United States treasury department reports that during the month of April there arrived in the custom districts of Baltimore, Boston, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New Orleans, New York, Passamquoddy, Philadelphia, and San Francisco, 78,475 immigrants. The arrival of immigrants in the same districts during the corresponding month last year numbered 104,274, a decrease of 25,799. The arrivals in these districts for the ten months ending April 30 were 417,689; for the same period last year, 544,601, a decrease of 126,912.

T. H. Stevens, owner of Fatragut and other horses at the jockey-club course, in Ky., was shot June 4, by policeman Charles McGrath. Stevens had passed out of the grand stand and during his absence lost his badge. On his return he was refused admittance by the doorkeeper. Words followed and Stevens was said to have attempted to force his way in. McGrath intervened, when, as alleged, Stevens drew a knife. McGrath then fired, the ball striking Stevens left arm at the elbow and entering the body near the shoulder. The full nature of the injuries cannot be ascertained. McGrath was released on a bond of \$500.

The Boston Herald says it is announced that the independents will now hold a state convention, and nominate a candidate for governor, the object being to defeat Butler, should he again be a candidate. The movement first came to notice at a meeting of the Massachusetts reform club to-day, when the club voted unanimously to hold a convention of Massachusetts independents opposed to Butlerism. The convention will be called early to anticipate the action of other state conventions. Among the prominent gentlemen present were Colonel Theodore Lyman of the civil service reform committee, congressman-elect, General Francis A. Walker, Charles Francis Adams, Jr., and John S. Parlow, president of the club.

Early last May Governor Butler ob-

tained, through a State detective, a piece of tanned human skin from the Wymouth tanning firm, which he used in the Tewksbury hearing. The firm recently sent for their property, but the governor refused to return it, stating that he acknowledges no property in human hides, but if the firm thinks any property of theirs is being wrongfully retained, they are at liberty to try, by a writ of replevin or other process of law. The governor assures the firm, however, that the human remains in his possession will be decently buried, after they have served the purpose of evidence.

The notorious Barber brothers, outlawed by reason of their murder of Deputy Sheriff Shepherd in Fayette county, Iowa, last September, and for other crimes, and for whose capture \$5,000 reward is offered in Illinois and \$1,000 in Iowa, were discovered near Sumner, Iowa, on Monday afternoon. A Deputy Sheriff and posse attempted their capture, and Jarvis was wounded in the shoulder by one of the outlaws. An armed body of 200 men are now scouring the woods in the vicinity for them, and their capture appears to be assured.

At a meeting at Springfield, Mo., it was determined that a grand reunion of the survivors of the battle at Wilson creek will be held on the old battle ground, ten miles west of that city, August 9, 10 and 11 next. Survivors of the battle of both the union and confederate army will be invited and entertained by the citizens of Springfield and Green counties, free of charge, during their stay. The survivors of the battle will camp on the battle ground the 9th of August, occupying the positions they held on the morning of the battle, August 10th, 1861. Exercises will be held August 10th to be presided over by prominent officers of the two armies. The speakers' stand will be erected on Bloody Hill, near the spot where Gen. Lyon fell. Free transportation will be furnished to Springfield and from the battle ground.

The Grand Jury, at Austin, Texas, indicted from forty to fifty members of the Legislature for gambling. Quite a number of those indicted have left money with their counsel to plead guilty and pay a minimum fine rather than go to trial in the court.

Some one entered the County Clerk's office last night and stole all the indictments returned by the Grand Jury for the violation of the Gambling law, including those against members of the Legislature. No clue to the thief, and the sporting circles are greatly elated.

HARRISBURG ITEMS.

Harrisburg, Or., June 6, 1883. The old building opposite the Copia House, which was formerly occupied as a wagon shop, is being fitted up to be occupied by Messrs. Funk, Miller, & McDaniel as a hardware and agricultural establishment.

Mr. L. Douglas continued his new fence around his residence, thereby adding still more to the fine appearance of the place.

Mr. Geo. Isham, son of Mr. G. W. Isham, left on last Monday for the Northern Pacific R. R. to enter the machine shops, for the purpose of learning the trade of machinist. The well wishes of his many friends attended him.

School closed here yesterday for a vacation until next September, when it will reopen under the management of the same teacher, D. V. S. Reid.

Rod work has just come in fashion, and Justice Boggs has warned a little army of our citizens out to engage in the pastime.

Mr. Ben Thompson is doing a thriving business over the country in the produce line, and general merchandising. Verily, Ben was cut out for a business man, as any one may discover who has met him and learned with what a bland smile he can present the fine qualities of his goods.

Mr. L. Stiles returned the other day from Eugene, where he has been stopping for some time. Our city council appointed another city marshal last meeting, which was held Monday evening of this week. It seems that city marshals last very quickly here. They are too good, or not good enough, or something else. Mr. Marion Hyde is the lucky or unlucky man this time. We conjecture that "he will stay with it."

DAN.

SCIO NOTES.

Scio, June 4, 1883.

Presuming a squib from here would be acceptable at all times, I write you that the farmers around here are jubilar over the late rain, which is helping the late sown grain considerably.

Scio is booming considerably. A new addition to the city has just been laid off by Stipp & Pauland, embracing the lands lying east of business lots on Main street, and to the mill race, making a very desirable location for residence. A beautiful street, 60 feet wide runs through the addition. We learn that several lots have already been sold to parties anticipating the building of residences.

Mr. N. Young sold his flouring mill in Jordan Valley, to George Blyden & Son, which is and will always be good property.

Our merchants are all doing a good business. A call for the voters of this school district is made for June 13th, for the purpose of levying a tax to put another story on the school house, and if it should be done, we will have a district school house second to none of the small cities of Oregon.

The boys that used to smile, "slop over," are rather quiet now—

tending to business, of course. "Grandpa" Philly and his wife paid Scio a visit a day or two since, and look hale and hearty enough for persons of their age, each being about 88 years of age; the oldest couple in the Forks of Santiam.

FOREY.

The country would like to know that justice is keeping one eye on Dorsey. All that is truly beautiful and good in this life, blooms around the altar of domestic love.

Who is Debauched?

While newspapers may be imposed on it is a fact also that advertisers as well as perhaps more than the former. From the newspapers published in Oregon alone as given in the different advertising directories, we are aware of the fact that in most of the cases the circulation is given at double what it really is. Since assuming the management of the DEMOCRAT we have sent with each return to the several agencies an affidavit of circulation, stating the thing hardly another paper in the state dare do. And yet our sworn, bona fide, circulation is nearly as large as the largest "claimed" circulation outside of Portland in Oregon, which, as we have said is probably exaggerated to double its real number. Advertisers will do well to consider these facts.

Weather.

Summary of Meteorology for May, 1883, from observation taken at Albany, Linn Co., Oregon, by John Briggs, Esq. Highest Bar. 31.16; lowest, 29.44; mean, 29.76. Highest Temperature, 80; lowest, 44; mean, 57.42. Prevailing winds, N. & S. Maximum velocity force, 4. Total rainfall during month, 3.05 inches. Number of days on which .01 inch or more rain fell, 9. Number of days of cloudiness, average 8 in scale of 10, 12. Frost on the morning of 14th.

Given up by Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?" "I assure you that it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die." "Well, day! That's remarkable! I will give this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good."

It only takes a straw to knock a dude down with. We have seen one prostrated by the shadow of one.

"A doubtful friend is worse than a certain enemy," and vice versa. A certain friend is better than a doubtful enemy. Thus Kidney-Wort is an incomparably better friend to the human race than whole catalogues full of doubtful nostrums. It is an unfailing remedy for that tormenting disease piles. It moves the bowels gently and freely, and thus removes the cause. Do not fail to try it faithfully either in dry or liquid form.

A Fair Proposition.

Anyone suffering from habitual constipation, torpidity of the liver, colds, fevers, headaches, restlessness, sleeplessness, indigestion or other ills arising from a disordered or inactive condition of the liver, stomach and bowels, and wishing to give Syrup of Figs a thorough trial, can buy it of Poslay & Mason, Albany, Or., who will agree to return your money if it fails to act promptly and satisfactorily.

"Hush on Hush."

Cleats out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs, skunks, chipmunks, gophers, etc. Druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.

In the Circuit Court, of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn: W H Rattenbury, Plaintiff, vs. M L Hamilton, Defendant.

By virtue of a writ of execution and order of sale issued out of the above named Court, in the above entitled action on the 7th day of June, 1883, to me directed and delivered for the sum of \$118.75, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the 24th day of October, 1882, and the further sum of \$64.40 with interest from said date at the rate of 8 per cent per annum and the further sum of \$62.65 costs, I will on Saturday the 7th day of July, 1883, at the Court House door in the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, at the hour of one o'clock p. m., sell at public auction for cash in hand to the highest bidder the real property heretofore attached in said action and described as follows, to-wit:

The east half of the northwest 1/4 of section 22 township 9 south range 1 east Linn county, Oregon, and the undivided one-half interest in the south half of the southwest quarter of section 23 township 9 south range 1 east in Linn county, Oregon, the proceeds of sale to be applied first to the payment of the costs and disbursements of said action and accretions and next to the payment of said judgment with interest as aforesaid. Dated this 5th day of June 1883.

GEORGE HUMPHREY, Sheriff of Linn County, Oregon.

Final Settlement.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Mary N S Mattoon, deceased, has filed in the office of the Clerk of Linn county, Oregon, his final account as such administrator, and by order of the County Court, of Linn county, Oregon, Saturday, July 7th, 1883, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., of said day, is fixed by for hearing objections thereto, and account and settlement thereof. All persons interested in said estate are hereby notified to appear and file his or her objections to said final account on or before said day.

Dated June 7th, 1883. C. H. MATTOON, Administrator.

Administrators Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the partnership estate of W M Sherrer, and David Sherrer (David Sherrer, deceased) to present the same to W M Sherrer at the office of the County Court, of Linn county, Oregon, the duly appointed administrator of the said partnership estate within six months from the date of this notice.

Dated this 5th day of June, 1883. W. M. SHERRER, Administrator of said estate.

KIDNEY-WORT
IS A GURE CURE
for all diseases of the
LIVER
It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off impurities, stimulating the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, inducing to the system, every one should take a thorough course of it. It is sold by DRUGGISTS. Price 25c.

Albany Market.

Wheat—	86c per bushel, at the mill,	at the warehouse, 83.
Oats—	50 "	"
Beef—	on foot, 5 10/10,	
Hay—	baled, 25/25 per ton,	
lows, 18 to 20,		
Butter—	25 to 30 cts per lb.	
Eggs—	22 cts per doz.	
Potatoes—	65c per bushel,	
Pork—	7 cts per lb.	
Veal—	60 cts per lb.	
Bacon—	hams, 14 to 16c,	
shoulders, 10 to 15c,		
lows, 15 to 16c,		
Lard—	60 cts per lb.	
Flour—	65c per bbl.	
Chickens—	4.50 per doz.	
Sugar—	San Francisco 9, 15c.	
Milk Feed—	bran, 14.00 per ton.	
Dried Fruit—	sun-dried apples, 6c,	
" "	" plums, 8c,	
" "	" machine cured apples, 8 1/2c,	
" "	" plums, 10,	

With Diamond Dyes any lady can get as good results as the best practical dyer. Every dye warranted true to name and sample.

Remember This.

If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid nature in making you well when all else fails. If you are constipated or dyspeptic, or are suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints. If you are wasting away with any form of kidney disease, stop tormenting death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with that terrible sickness nervousness, you will find "Balm in Gilead" in the use of Hop Bitters. If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a malarious district, harness your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have rough, pimply, or scaly skin, bad breath, pains and aches, and feel miserable generally, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, and sweetest breath, health, and comfort. In short they cure all diseases of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver, nerves, kidneys, bright's disease. \$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

That poor, bedridden, invalid wife, sister, mother, or daughter, can be made the picture of health, by a few bottles of Hop Bitters, costing but a trifle. Will you let them suffer?

1700 Acres of Land for Sale.

One farm of 300 acres very desirable. One farm of 125 acres. One tract of 100 acres of wild land. One tract of 80 acres. One tract of 70 acres. One tract of 135 acres, and other small tracts. Will sell in lots to suit purchasers. Will trade for other property. Call at this office.

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.
Relieves and cures RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Headache, Toothache, Backache, Stomachache, Quinsy, Swelling, Sprains, Soreness, Cuts, Bruises, Frostbitten, Burns, Scalds, and all other bodily aches and pains.
FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Direction in 11 languages.
The Charles A. Vogeler Co. (Incorporated in U. S. A.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WM. PFUNDER'S
THE ONLY TRUE
BLOOD PURIFIER
NATURAL MEDICINE
THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE.
This Liver and Kidney Regulator is more powerful and effective than any on the Pacific Coast. Everybody uses it and those who try it, use it always. For sale everywhere. At per bottle; bottles for 60.

A MOVE IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

Sodaville Springs Mineral Water

The undersigned takes pleasure in calling the attention of the public to this most valuable mineral water and the most attractive and accessible

SUMMER RESORT

on the Pacific Coast. The attractive properties of this valuable agent are vouched for by hundreds of the best citizens of the State of Oregon.

Following are the constituents of this water as ascertained by an analysis by the chemist of the State Agricultural College at Corvallis: Carbonic acid, silicic acid, phosphoric acid, magnesium, chloride, iron, soda and potassium. All the elements of a pure and healthy mineral water, and also reveals the presence of iodine, bromine and lithia.

On and after the 10th of May

A DAILY STAGE LINE

will be run from the City of Albany, via Lebanon to Sodaville where the valuable Mineral Springs are located.

HEALTH AND PLEASURE SEEKERS

will find this resort the most desirable place on the Pacific Coast to spend the warm Summer months.

TIME TABLE.

The stage will leave Albany at 1 o'clock p. m., arrive at Lebanon at 3:30 and at Sodaville at 5:30 p. m., returning will leave Sodaville at 6 o'clock a. m., Lebanon at 7 o'clock a. m., and arrive at Albany at 10 a. m.

S. H. CLAUGHTON

READ THIS.
Chicago, Ill., May 24th, 1883.
O. L. IRVING :
Salem Oregon.
The new tying apparatus will be furnished free to all purchasers of Deering Twine Binders for 1883. It is a big improvement.
WILLIAM DEERING.
This new device does away with seventeen parts in the tying head and is guaranteed to be absolutely perfect in its movements and cannot get out of adjustment. For full particulars call on Peters & Blain.
Go to them for the
ACME PULVERIZING HARROW AND CLOD CRUSHER



Julius Gradwohl's Store,
GROCERY, GLASS, SILVER AND CHINA WARE.
A Large Assortment of Baby Carriages,
And a Choice Selection of Coffee, Tea and Sugar.

ONE DOZEN CUPS AND SAUCERS \$1.00.