The Democrat.

FRIDAY.....APRIL 7, 1882

LINN COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS

A Democratic Convention for Linn County, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket, will be held in Albany, at 10 o'clock a. m., on

WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1882.

Primary meetings will be held at the voting places in the several Precincts on Saturday, May 6, 1882.

Precincts will be entitled to representation in each of the County Conventions according to the following table:

East Albany	8	Liberty	2
West Albany	7	Brownsville	6
Lebanon	5	Orleans	2
Brush Creek	2	Syracuse	3
Center	3	Scio	7
Franklin Butte	5	Shedd	3
Harrisburg	9	Santiam	4
Fox Valley	2	Sweet Home	3
Halsey	5	Waterloo	1
		Mable	1

By order of the Committee

J. H. BURKHAT,
Chairman.

R. B. HAYES is running for the Legislature on the Democratic ticket up in Lane county. Strange things will occur out here in Oregon.

IN the race between Hanlon and Boyd on the Tyne, the former won by about three lengths. Hanlon now has a complete lead in the aquatic world.

THE Central Pacific Company have located their Oregon extension for a distance of twenty miles north from Redding, following the Sacramento river The route is difficult and progress slow.

Ex-Gov. F. W. M. HOLLIDAY, of Virginia, arrived in Portland last week, and was a guest for several days of Col. W. H. Effinger. Gov. Holliday is the recognized leader of the debt-paying wing of the Virginia Democracy. This is sufficient introduction for him to any one in Oregon.

A VAST financial plan is being agitated in banking and political circles in the East, which if carried out will have a great influence on money matters in the United States. It is proposed to replace the outstanding government 3½ per cent. bonds with $200,000,000 in legal tender notes at 2 per cent per annum interest. There is every reason, it is said, to believe that the plan will be worked up to a successful termination.

THERE is some hope now for the Democracy of New York. They are taking an emetic and will probably throw up the notorious John Kelly and his vile gang. The Anti-Kelly Tammany Democracy met one day last week and resolved that the so-called Kelly-Cornell alliance is such an infamous display of party treason as to make it eminently advisable that the Democratic State Central Committee be convened and such measures taken as will forever assure loyal Democrats that hereafter there will be no cowardly recognition or compromise with John Kelly.

THE Democrats have recently gained an unexpected though significant victory in the eighteenth New York senatorial district, where the Republican, Wagner, has been defeated by over a thousand majority. This district has been unswervingly Republican by something like three and four thousand majority. The nomination of Conkling for Supreme Judge is believed to have caused this revulsion in public feeling. The chances are that the fall congressional elections will result in the routing of Stalwartism, preparatory to the cleaning out of the Republican national augean stable in the Presidential election of 1884.

DURING the month of February there arrived in the customs district of Baltimore, Boston, Detroit, Huron, Minnesota, New York, Passamaquoddy, Philadelphia and San Francisco 30,447 passengers, of whom 28,247 were immigrants, 1,631 citizens of the United States returned from abroad and 659 aliens not intending to remain in the United States. Of this total number of immigrants there arrived from England and Wales, 3,037; Ireland, 1,464; Scotland, 501; Austria, 698; Belgium, 27; Denmark, 289; France, 275; Germany, 8,626; Hungary, 1,534; Italy 1,777; Netherlands, 235; Norway, 193; Poland, 353; Russia, 1,052; Sweden, 431; Switzerland, 431; Dominion of Canada, 3,771; China, 3,389, and from all other countries, 174.

SPRING ELECTIONS.

News of city elections throughout the East show Democratic victories on all sides, in many cases heretofore strongly Republican. This is quite significant and speaks volumns. Dubuque, Iowa, is carried by the Democrats for the first time in twenty years. Keokuk goes Democratic; Dayton O., the same by about 400, showing a gain of 500. Cincinnati is Democratic by about 8,500; Columbus, O, elects its Democratic Mayor by about 1000. In Cleveland the Democrats elect most of the officers by from 700 to 2200. The Republican majority last Spring was 300. Indianapolis, Ind goes Democratic by about 600. Toledo, O. a Republican city goes Democratic by about 1000. In the smaller places heard from the result is the same in nearly every case.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive Cure.

THE CHINESE BILL.

The delay of the President in signing this bill and thus make it the law has created quite a sensation in both political parties on the Pacific slope. It is admitted that a veto would make the Pacific States solidly Democratic. What is the difference between a veto and this delay. Both could indicate nothing more than a powerful opposition to the bill in the Republican party, and a determination to defeat the objects of it by the leaders of that party at all hazards. And such is the purpose of this delay, and if followed by a veto the Pacific States may well understand the attitude in which they stand to the government so long as the Republican party is in power. It is a well known fact that the Six Companies of San Francisco sustain and support with the sinews of war the Republican party in California. General Grant, who never refused anything offered to him, was well received in his tour through the Chinese empire, and now he is to the extent of his influence causing this delay and perhaps veto. The expressed will of the people of this coast cannot be heard at the capital though it is expressed in unmistakable tones by their constitutional representatives. The Chinese empire to-day has a larger place in the heart of the Republican administration than the Pacific States. And no part of the United States is so impoverished by heathen laborers as these Pacific States. If the chinese would go to Lowell and enter her factories, drive out the young women and men by thousands and devastate Massachusetts, eastern Senators not in accord with their own kind on this coast, might conceive in some small degree of the blight that has destroyed our industries as the frost does vegetation. The demand for labor is to be met and supplied by our own people, first last and all the time. The man who will receive the labor of one of his kind for less than a just compensation therefor is as much an enemy of his race as if he received that labor without paying for it at all. Men of ease and affluence are not always the best rulers. They are kept in power by the very men who now complain of this oppression. The Democratic party has denounced this evil for years as a curse to our race on this coast and still denounces it. But when the time comes to settle these matters at the polls, the Republican forces backed by money, influences silence all Democratic pretensions by the defeat of the party. Under the plea that it would not do to change the policy of the government, it might hurt monopolies etc, quite every Democratic banker, broker and money jobber in America ignored Hancock and voted for his opponent. Had we a Democratic President the rights of our laboring classes would be boldly and promptly asserted by signing that bill. It seems sometimes that firemen have to be made slaves before they can realize that they were ever firemen. We must look to the laborer for Democratic success. Would that they knew their power and dared to exercise it at the ballot box.

THE BILL VETOED.

As was expected Mr. Arthur, the apology for President of the United States, has vetoed the chinese bill. In his message he gives as his most vital objection, the 20 years suspension; but a perusal of that document exhibits only a flimsy argument in favor of the immigration of Chinese to this coast. The people here will be accused of acting from passion in their unqualified condemnation of the course of the President in placing a barbarous horde of Celestials before the will of a large and important section of country, over which he is supposed to have authority; but we know that the opposition to Chinese emigration is actuated by the greatest deliberation and the most careful thought. In California out of 160,000 votes there were only 800 in favor of immigration, and Oregon would show the same difference. The veto of the President is a declaration that this vast number of people along this coast who feel themselves injured by the influx of Chinese into this country, have no rights which he is bound to respect. His whole course is based on ignorance. Having had no knowledge of the effect the Mongolian race have on the Pacific Coast, he places his own prejudices before the declared will of as intelligent a people as can even be found around the White House. By doing this he has made himself infamous in the eyes of an immense number of people whose blood is purer than his own. Not only that but he degrades himself farther by showing himself to be the puppet of unstable element. The result of this will be to make the Pacific Coast solid for the Democracy, for it is well known that under Democratic rule the result would have been entirely different. It was the Democrats that took the bill through both houses, and now it is for them to carry it over the President's head if such a thing is possible.

THE Benton County Democracy met in Convention last week, and after electing delegates to attend the State Convention, adjourned without making any nominations for county offices. The delegates will be called together again by their Chairman.

"TWO YEARS IN OREGON."

The above title is the name of a book by Mr. Wallis Nash, which has been widely advertised in the *Daily Oregonian*. As the *Oregonian* called in question the statements and statistics produced by Mr. Nash and left the impression on the minds of its subscribers that the book was an unmitigated lie, the writer was induced to peruse the book and was agreeably disappointed for his trouble.

The true nature of the difficulties of the navigation of the Columbia river are stated, and Portland does not receive all the attention its citizens generally expect in any description of Oregon. The *Oregonian* is described as a paper which "With a parade of fairness and willingness to admit to its columns views and communications opposing the ideas it may be advocating at the time, it taken care to color matters in such form as to weaken all opposing or criticizing matter. It is bitterly hostile to every movement in the Willamette valley tending towards independence of Portland's money power and influence. While professing to desire the development of the state, it reads that to mean solely the aggrandizement of Portland. It enjoys a happy facility of conversion and will unblushingly advocate to-day the adoption of measures it downcast last week."

We can see from this quotation why the *Oregonian* steeped its pen in gall when noticing this book. Mr. Nash's work deserves better and less biased criticism and we will try to pass fair judgment upon it.

In the first place it is a readable and instructive book. We found it interesting besides being generally correct. One or two slips can easily be overlooked; one adverted to by the *Oregonian* as to seed wheat being purchased for seventy cents while the crop is sold for eighty-five cents per bushel affects Mr. Nash's calculation as to the cost of cultivating and harvesting one acre just thirty cents, not a very grievous error, nor a ground for questioning the accuracy of Mr. Nash's figures. One of the most noticeable features of the work is its very moderate tone and lack of exaggeration, so apt to mark books of this character. Oregon is painted not as a Paradise, but in its true colors, its advantages and drawbacks being fairly shown and discussed.

There is nothing like being able to see ourselves as others see us. An intelligent mute, after reading a chapter or two, remarked, "Why we seem as funny to the English as they seem to us." Absence of all ridicule while stating facts that must be amusing is a noticeable feature. We suppose that the American girl who declined to chat with the wicket-keeper during the game of cricket is only to be matched with an English girl who would talk with the catcher playing up under the bat during a game of base-ball.

We would do well to notice a casual observation in a chapter on social life in Oregon. In describing sociables he says, "Interspersed with the music are recitations, readings or short lectures. The recitations are as commonly given by young ladies as by the other sex; and the most awful and tragic pieces are decidedly the favorite. A good deal of gesture and action is approved."

When will our people learn better taste in these matters? We, as Mr. Nash, have been present when a beautifully rendered selection from a standard poet has been listened to with the greatest impatience, while a blood curdling, harrowing tale, in bombastic, ill chosen language, delivered in tragic style, has received rounds of applause from the small boys and other children composing the audience. Some of our very best speakers think that there is no such thing as oratory unless their audience be thrilled and their hair made to stand on end.

Albany is very kindly noticed as also other towns of importance in the valley. The notice is too long to quote in full, but as we all like compliments, we allude to one paragraph. Mr. Nash says:

"After passing the mouth of the Santiam the most considerable tributary of the Willamette we stop at Albany. This is one of the best situated and most progressive towns of the state. Although with a little less than two thousand inhabitants at present, it has all the enterprise and "go" of a town in Europe of five times that number" You must read the book if you wish to see the rest.

Taken all in all we know of no book that gives a better idea of Oregon as a whole and the prospects of the Willamette Valley. Persons having friends in the east ought to send them copies after reading them themselves. As a rule outsiders can give better descriptions of a country than those brought up in it, and Mr. Nash is no exception. He has been among us long enough to know what he is writing about and he writes well.

CA.

THAT was a huge April fool in San Francisco last Saturday. During a large anti-chinese meeting in Platt Hall a boy brought in a bill which announced the signing of the Chinese bill. The chairman read the first lines, and the immense crowd arose and cheered, but when it was discovered that the bill was only an advertisement for a large chinese establishment, there were nothing but long faces to be observed, and everybody realized that they had been made a fool of.

REPUBLICAN PARTY PROSPECTS.

Republican newspapers are very industrious in pointing out the symptoms of discord in the ranks of the Democratic party, especially in the South. This sort of party tactics is resorted to as a sort of counter irritant. There is evidence enough that the Republican party is held together by nothing but the cohesive power of public plunder. This may at any time prove to be only a rope of sand. Strong as it has proven during the venal period of Republican rule, it is a bond of union which always has in it the seeds of its own dissolution. The financial theories of the Republican party of the East, if reduced to practice, or pressed to the point of giving them real vitality, will inevitably drive the States of the Pacific slope and also Colorado into the Democratic fold. The Republican majorits in those States, if it exists at all, is very doubtful. And yet the Republican party weakened by the loss of them, would be in a minority. Belford, of Colorado, has been openly rebellious throughout the present session. And the language of Senator Weller, of the same State, recently uttered in the Senate, is full of significance. After saying the present tariff is not the tariff the people demand, and condemning the policy that would "strike out of existence one-half of the world that men holding the securities might have a better and stronger grip upon the people who hold the money and who pay the taxes in this country," he said: "Mr. President I was educated in the Democratic party, and when it failed to represent my sentiments I had the courage to get out of it, and I propose upon this question to represent myself and not allow the Republican party to be put in a position of misrepresenting the wishes of the great people of the West and South."

The slumbering hatred of the anti-third termers may be stirred into activity at any moment. The stalwart element have the advantage just now in the possession of the executive branch of the government, with all its patronage, but this serves only to intensify the jealousy and disappointment of the defeated faction. Conkling and Robertson menace the harmony of the party in New York, and the fierce war which is now made on Blaine not only endangers the success of the party in Maine but is an ominous sign of general unhappiness among the faithful.

Even the South, which is looked upon as so promising a Republican recruiting ground, presents its difficulties. Such Republicans as are there will prove themselves of a singularly meek and self-sacrificing kind if they shall consent to the entire immolation of their interests and total sequestration of Federal patronage, which they regard as rightfully theirs. They were tractable in Virginia under a great pressure, but it will be a marvel if they view with enthusiasm the purchase of unprincipled and half-hearted Republican allies with honors, trusts and patronage which have always and everywhere been regarded as the guerdon of party fidelity. They will begin to ask where the advantage to themselves is to come in. The organization of the Democratic party may not be as compact as it should be, nor its elements as homogeneous as could be wished, but it certainly does not face greater dangers nor require nearly so much skillful management as its opponent. It should win decisively as the coming contest now appears.—*St. Louis Republican.*

THE PRINEVILLE TRAGEDY.

In answering "J. P. S." in the *Oregonian* J. L. Luckey has the following to say in regard to the Prineville tragedy:

My connection with the affair may be summed up in few words: After Langdon was placed in my charge, I shackled him and took him to the office of the Jackson House, told the prisoner to lie on the lounge, while I, his only guard, had a fire built and sat by the stove awaiting daylight. Several citizens came in to look at Langdon, but nothing occurred to excite my suspicion or that of the prisoner, until about 5 o'clock, when the hotel door was suddenly thrown open, and I was caught from behind, thrown to the floor and held there, and my eyes blinded until after the crowd had accomplished their work. Under these circumstances perhaps "J. P. S." would have accomplished wondrous deeds of valor (in his mind,) but for my part I can only say that I was utterly powerless to protect my prisoner, and ask all right-thinking men to look at the true situation and judge accordingly. Yours respectfully.

J. L. LUCKEY.
Deputy Sheriff Wasco County.

This statement of Mr. Luckey is corroborated by Mr. A. B. Colver, proprietor of the hotel. W. H. Kinder, city marshal, and W. C. Foren, deputy marshal.

MARION COUNTY DEMOCRACY.

The Marion County Democracy met in Convention last week and put out a full county ticket. It is as follows:

Senate—F. X. Matthuen, F. M. Blaine and Dr. A. Kinney.
Representatives—Chas. Miller, Eli Cooley, J. P. Robertson, Dr. Geisy, Mathew McCormick and W. E. Price.
Judge—J. J. Shaw.
Clerk—F. N. Gilbert.
Sheriff—Blair Forward.
Commissioners—M. Murphy and L. C. Griffith.
Surveyor—H. C. Guerin.
School Superintendent—W. R. Privett.
Assessor—L. M. Herren.
Coroner—Dr. W. H. Boyd.

LANE COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The Democrats of Lane County have put up the following ticket, and propose to elect it next June:

Senator—Geo B. Dorris.
Representatives—R. Veatch, John Long, R. M. Mulholland and R. B. Hayes.
Sheriff—J. R. Campbell.
Clerk—J. E. Houston.
Treasurer—Chas Laner.
Commissioners—S. S. Stephens and H. C. Veatch.
School Superintendent—A. W. Patterson.
Assessor—P. J. McPherson.
Surveyor—Geo. Noland.
Coroner—F. W. Osborn.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

The Convention met Wednesday morning at half past eleven. Ex-Governor John W. Whiteaker, of Lane, was chosen temporary Chairman, Charles Nickell, of Jackson, Secretary and J. A. Guyer, of Umatilla, assistant Secretary W. K. Weasherford, of Linn, was appointed Chairman of Committee on credentials.

The convention adjorned till 1:30 p. m., when the committee on credentials reported.

On motion the Chairman appointed Bilyeu of Linn, Myers, of Clackamas, and Chenoweth, of Douglas, a committee on Permanent Organization.

The following committee on platform and resolutions was appointed:

Baker—M H Abbott.
Benton—M Shannon.
Clackamas—W H Vaughn.
Clatsop—C H Stockton.
Coos—S H Hazard.
Curry—A F Campbell.
Douglas—C Ball.
Grant—T C Hyde.
Jackson—Chas Nickell.
Josephine—Chas Nickell.
Lake—J J Burnett.
Lane—R B Cochran.
Linn—W R Bilyeu.
Marion—P H D'Arcy.
Multnomah—C B Bailleger.
Polk—N L Butler.
Tillamook—J L Stery.
Umatilla—J H Turner.
Union—R J Slater.
Wasco—N H Gates.
Washington—W H H Myers.
Yamhill—W D Fenton.

The committee on order of business reported the following:

1. Adoption of platform.
2. Nominating of congressman.
3. Nominating of a candidate for governor.
4. Nomination for secretary of state.
5. Nomination for treasurer.
6. Nomination of Printer.
7. Nomination of supreme judge.
8. Ratification of district nominations.
9. Appointment of state central committee.

The convention then adjourned till Thursday morning.

Afterwards enthusiastic remarks were made by Hon. Jas S. Smith and Col. W. H. Effinger.

Thursday the Convention met and after adopting a solid platform made the following splendid nominations, which are bound to carry the Democratic party to victory in the coming election:

For Governor
JOSEPH S. SMITH.
For Congress
W. D. FENTON.
For Secretary of State
J. K. WEATHERFORD.
For Treasurer
H. ABRAMS.
For School Superintendent
W. S. WORTHINGTON.
For Printer
W. F. CORNELL.
For Supreme Court Judge
E. D. SHATTUCK.

THE case of the colored cadet Whitaker, which has been dragging on for a number of years, at considerable expense and more feeling, has finally been disposed of. The President disapproved of the finding of the Court Martial and ordered his release from arrest; but nevertheless he has been dismissed from West Point by order of the Secretary of War, on ground of non-proficiency in his studies.

POLK COUNTY TICKET.

The Democratic convention of Polk county placed in nomination the following excellent ticket:

Representatives, N. L. Butler, Dr. W. D. Jeffries and E. D. Fenton;
County Judge, I. F. M. Butler;
Sheriff, J. W. Kirkland.
County Clerk, George Townsend.
Commissioners, Jos. Craven and Henry Byerly.
Assessor, W. J. Mulkey.
School Superintendent, P. C. Sears.
Treasurer, E. L. Miller.
Coroner, Dr. J. M. Conaway.

OAKVILLE ITEMS.

OAKVILLE, April 4th, 1882.

Ed. Democrat:

All are busily engaged in farming, except those who are sick.

Mrs Maley is quite sick.

A gloom of sorrow was cast over this neighborhood last week by the death of Miss Sarah Brolls, one of the best young ladies in the county. She was kind and good to all who knew her. She was the only child of Mrs. Brolls, who takes her death completely to heart. Before dying Sarah kissed all around her, and she was happy and bid them farewell.

Mr. Henry Millhollen is happy. It is a boy. He imagines himself a thousand feet high in his stocking feet and bigger than any one.

So is D. Shea, likewise a boy.

Old lady Achers is slowly failing. No hopes of her recovery.

We are proud to send one delegate to the State Convention from here, Joseph Hamilton. Nothing but anti-monopoly need expect his support.

OAK VILLE.

Weather.

Summary of Meteorology for March, 1882, from observation taken at Albany, Linn Co. Oregon by John Briggs Esq.

Highest Bar, 30.20; lowest 29,19; mean 29,82.

Highest Temperature, 70; lowest 28; mean 43,71.

Prevailing winds S. & N.

Mean Velocity 3.

Total rainfall and melted snow 3,47.

Total snow during month inches 4.

Number of days of cloudiness average 8 scale 10,19.

Number of days on which .01 or more rain fell 13.

Days of frost, 10

FOR DISPEPSIA and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure.

NASAL INJECTOR, free of charge with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price, 50 cents.

HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by Foshay and Mason, Albany; R. A. Rampy, Harrisburg.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by Foshay

CORRESPONDENCE

FROM THE ALBANY PRAIRIE.

ALBANY PRAIRIE, MARCH 26th, 1882.

Editor Democrat:

At a grange meeting held at Harmony Grange Hall, on the 25th inst, the 3d and 4th degrees were conferred on a class of nine, seven young men and two ladies. I must say the officers of that Grange deserve great credit for the able manner in which they performed their duty.

The unwritten work was exemplified by R. A. Irvine, assisted by Clay Powell, in a very plain manner and with great force. The W. M., S. A. Dawson, declared a recess of an hour for the harvest feast, which was prepared by the good sisters. The repast was bountiful and of the best and finest quality, and the way they partook of the edibles set before them was a sure sign that they all enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent. Dinner being over the grange was called to order by the master.

There were several addresses made by visiting friends and it was shown beyond a doubt that it was necessary for the protection of the farming community that the Grange was organized. It was shown that in 1866 there was complaining throughout the United States among the farming community. Andrew Johnson, president of the United States, appointed O. H. Kelley, of the bureau of agriculture at Washington to make a tour of the southern states, and report upon their agricultural resources. Mr. Kelly was well qualified for the task assigned him. He visited all the southern states and inquired minutely into their condition, conversing freely with the farmers and planters. One of the results of this tour was the awakening of Mr. Kelly to the utterly helpless condition of the farming interess, not only in the south but the whole country. There were evils from which this class were suffering, and which all acknowledged but there was no remedy to be found for them. The farmers were scattered, divided in opinion, almost indifferent to their condition and without any means of expressing or enforcing their views as a body.

It seemed clear to Mr. Kelley that a remedy was to be found for the evils that he encountered, it must be in the associated and harmonious action of the farming class, and in order to bring about such an action, the farmers must be given an opportunity for association, and he conceived the plan of bringing them together through the medium of an order for their interest. Mr. Kelley returned to Washington in Nov., 1866, and mentioned his scheme to William Saunders the supetintendent of the gardens and grounds of the department of agriculture to, Wm. M. Ireland, chief clerk of the finance office of the postoffice department, to J. R. Thompson of the treasury department, to Rev. A. B. Gross, of the department of agriculture, and to Rev. Dr. John Trimble, of the treasury department. The matter was discussed by these gentlemen and, on the 5th day of August, 1867, the Grange was organized, Wm. Saunders, master.

It was also shown that through the Grange of Wisconsin the legislature of that State passed a law regulating freights, and that the railroad companies claimed they had no right to pass a law of that kind. The case was carried to the supreme court of the United States and decided that the legislature had the right to regulate freights. It was also shown that in 1876 the grangers attempted to put on a line of steamboats to run from Albany to Portland, and that there was a compromise made with the O. S. N. Co., with the understanding that they would carry freight from Albany to Portland for 9 cts instead of 14 cts. This transaction saved the farmers of Linn Co. that year $72,000.

By co-operating together the grangers of Linn county have been benefitted a great deal financially. The order is also a social and moral institution. The lectures on the moral part were excellent, showing that the associates a young man or lady kept had a great influence with them, and that the influence of the substantial farmers and their wives was much better for the young people than the influence of a certain class that are around the different saloons.

My oppinion is that there is no organization that is having as good effect on our children, in Linn county as the Grange has to-day; nearly all the farmers' children, on the prairie, are joining the Grange this winter and spring, and it does my soul good to see how much good it does the sisters to see their children becoming members and to know that they are coming under the influence of the substantial farmers and their wives instead of those young men who run around the "dead falls" in the different towns. I am satisfied that there are but few farmers in Linn county but what would join the Grange if they understood the objects of the order, and the moral influence it will have on their children. I hear there is talk of a public meeting at Charity Grange Hall the last of May. Farmers come out and hear what we have to say. Bring your wives and children, it will not do you any harm.

A. GRANGER.

ARRIVED SAFELY HOME

WALLA WALLA, March 19th,

Editor Democrat.

I and my family arrived safely home from our visit to friends in your county yesterday and found everything in good shape. Farmers are all busy putting in their spring crop and are getting along well. I am sorry to say that our peach crop will be short, as the frost has injured them badly since we left here on Feb 20th.

Business of all kinds is lively. We are all going wild on railroad building. There will be a great deal of it this season. So much I am afraid that farm laborers will be scarce.

A large number of railroad employees are getting mashed up on the road, but the company is now taking good care of them. Dr. Bialock has been appointed Surgeon for the company.

O. W. HARTNESS.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Vitalizer will give immediate relief. Price, 10 and $1.

LEBANON ITEMS.

March 5th, 1882.

Editor Democrat:

Our fellow townsmen C. H. Ralston and W. H. Reed went down to Portland on Tuesday, C. H. Ralston being a delegate to the State Convention, while Mr. Reed thought he would see how everything passed off.

Politics seems unusually quiet just now, the only stir being among the Republicans. The primary meeting being so near at hand is causing some little talk as to how this precinct should go. J. W. Cusick undoubtedly leads and will go into the County Convention with the full delegation. Clay Powell has a very respectable following but not sufficient to control or name the delegation. Sheriff Charlton has a few but the impression with these is that he will make up in other places, although the Republican convention is likely to come to a serious halt over who shall be the nominee for Sheriff. There is but little said as to the other officers, many of the temperance men holding that only total abstainer shall go upon the ticket. Be this as it may it is hardly supposable that either convention will run the risk of nominating men on that issue alone.

The farmers around here have been busy during the last week ploughing and sowing spring grain. From reports there will be more than the usual amount sown. The fall wheat is not as promising as usual at this time of year, owing to the freezing as well as in many places the ravages of the ground mice. The mice in some fields have made serious destruction which will tell upon the yield per acre when harvested.

A young gentleman a few evenings ago in paying a bill of $5.00 passed over what he thought at the time was five trade dollars, but after he had considered the matter and examined his pockets, he became convinced that he had paid two twenty dollar gold pieces and three trade dollars making in all $43. He undertook to have the mistake rectified but the party receiving the same failed to see it in that light and left the gentleman to pursue a different course provided he felt so disposed which owing to some peculiar part of the transaction he concluded it was best to let the matter drop. We understand he is in favor of repealing the law as to the issue of silver dollars, but this might be avoided by paying honest debts when he can see as well as feel.

Every body has been cleaning up and putting in repair their premises during the week and the town begins to look quite attractive. LEB.

GLEANED FROM THE PRINEVILLE NEWS.

A few cattle buyers are in the county at the present time.

The ranchers are industriously engaged putting in their spring grain.

The school has been closed for the present, Mr. Hackett, the principal, being unable to attend on account of sore eyes.

The grand jury, in the case of Ney Gird, committed from this place for malicious injury to an animal, returned not a true bill.

Mr. Castle, of San Jose, has been in town the past week, and has purchased something over 300 head of cattle of various parties in this vicinity.

The grand jury ignored the bill against Charley Long, and he comes home vindicated of blame. This result was anticipated here, and will be satisfactory.

We regret to learn that the health of Mr. E. A. Freeland is not improving. Mr. Freeland ranks among our best esteemed citizens, and we but express the hopes of all when wishing his days among us may be many.

Mr. and Mrs. Beeyman returned Tuesday from a three weeks' visit to the Walla Walla and Willamette valleys. Owing to unpleasant weather, their trip was not as enjoyable as it would otherwise have been.

It has long been known that a better and cheaper route exists between here and the railroad than the one over which our goods are now being hauled and to longer ignore the fact is detrimental to both merchants and consumers. Now that the railroad is finished down to the Cascades, The Dalles has ceased to be a terminus, and is nothing more than a way station, so that goods for inland sections can just as well be unloaded at or near the mouth of the Deschutes, as at The Dalles, no unload from steamers and re-loading on the cars being necessary at the former place.

ITEMS FROM TANGENT.

TANGENT Or. March 30th, 1882.

Ed. Democrat:

As the time affords I will give you a few extracts from observations taken in the past few days.

Weather fine, farmers busy, and every thing lively. Plows may be seen running in every direction. One village blacksmith is kept pretty busy as his work is a guarantee of skill in handling tools.

Mr. Paul suspended school to attend the Institute.

W. A. McGhee will resume his position in the schoolroom of Dist. No. 25 on next Monday.

P. A. Moses, one of Tangent's merchants, seems to be doing a pretty good business with his peddling rig.

From what I learn the Linn Co. Convention sent a good delegation to the State Convention, where it is hoped they will select good men as candidates for the various offices.

Gardening seems to be in fashion now.

Geo Grimes and John Beard will start their butcher business in about two weeks.

ECLIPSE.

NEGLECTED TO OFFER IT.

Ed. Democrat:

The following resolution was handed me to offer in the Institute.

Resolved: That we, teachers of Linn county, should so far as we are able exert an influence among our pupils in favor of temperance.

I was so busy taking notes that the Insitute was adjourned before I expected it, is the only excuse I have for neglecting it. It was unintentional.

C. C. HOGUE.

POLK COUNTY LANDS.

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BEST PASTURES,
TALLEST TIMBER
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of any portion of Oregon, is the **COW COUNTY.** Ask us and we will show you the richest and finest.

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Improved or unimproved, in Oregon, also

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and sell them to you way down in price and on

EASY TERMS.

Write or call on us soon

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Dallas, Polk Co., Or. 35x4

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by an order of the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, duly made and entered of record, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Thomas S. Summers, deceased, will, on Monday, the 8th day of May, 1882, at the hour of 1 o'clock in the after noon of said day, on the premises hereinafter described, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, all the right title and interest of said deceased in and to the following described premises, to wit: Beginning 8.38 chains South and 16.48 chains West of the S. W. corner of section 30, Tp. 12, S. R. 1 West Willamette meridian, and running thence West 23.85 chains; thence South 33.97 chains; thence East 23.70 chains; thence North 36.97 chains to the place of beginning, containing 88 acres, more or less, in Linn county, Oregon. Also the following described tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at the South East corner of donation land claim of Thomas S. Summers and Not. No. 2364, in Linn county, Oregon, and running thence West, 22.25 chains; thence North 16.36 chains; thence East 22.25 chains; thence South 16.36 chains, to the place of beginning, containing 36 acres, more or less, in Linn county.

Also the following described tract of land, to-wit: Beginning at a point 45.35 chains South and 19.50 chains West of the North East corner of section 36, in Township 12, S. R. 2 West of Willamette Meridian in Linn county, Oregon, and running thence West 37.75 chains; thence South 16.36 chains; thence East 37.75 chains; thence North 16.36 chains, to the place of beginning, containing 61 acres, more or less. All of the above described premises being situated near the town of Sodaville, in Linn county, Oregon.

Terms of sale—cash in hand.

L. BILYEU,
March 30, 1882. Administrator.
35w4

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If you are suffering with a cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, loss of voice, tickling in the throat or any affection of the throat or lungs, we know that Dr. King's New Discovery will give you immediate relief. We know of hundreds of cases it has completely cured, and that where all other medicines had failed. Noother medicine can show one-half as many *permanent cures.* Now to give you satisfactory proof that Dr. King's New Discovery will cure you of asthma, bronchitis, hay fever, consumption, severe coughs and colds, hoarseness or any throat or lung diseases, if you will call at

Foshay and Mason, wholesale agents Albany; D. Morris, Scio; Dr. L. Foley, Lebanon; Dr. J. M. Powell, Lebanon; D. M. Calbreatte, Buena Vista; Reafetto and Montague, Jefferson; O. H. P. Cornelius, Tangent; R. A. Rampy, Harrisburg; S. S. Hayes, Halsey; Damon Smith, Halsey; Starr and Blakely, Brownsville.

You can get a trial bottle free of cost or a regular size bottle for $1.00.

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IMPORTANT CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the signature of J. HAYDOCK, surrounds each box of Pills and Ointment. Boxes at 25 cents 62 cents and $1 each.

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