STATE RIGHTS DEMOCRAT

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY

—BY—

MART. V. BROWN

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30, 1880.

There is not much to talk or write about in Washington now, except politics, but of that we have "right smart," as they say in Virginia. The current seems to be running all one way, however, and the straits and tributations of the Republican committee begin to manifest themselves. Maine was a crusher to the Radical cause, and people not acquainted with the inside workings of the campaign cannot appreciate the extent of demoralization that followed the result in that State. Lack of funds is one of the difficulties the Republican committee encounters now for the first time in its history. Office holders and wealthy politicians are not as free to "spring" for a losing cause as when victory seems certain. And that is what is the matter of the radical cash. The assessments made early in the campaign were prompt generally responded to, but, to begin with, the money was expendered where it has not done much good, and now the effort to collect a new levy is fraught with much difficulty. Every person holding an office under the government from clerks and officials to scrubbing-women and sweepers in the departments, and Notaries Public all over the country have been called upon for the little "two per cent," but many are backward about coming forward with the money. One Notary Public told me that if he sent his two per cent it would amount to about fifty cents, and that he would keep it under the circumstances. Over $100,000 were sent to Vermont and Maine. Where is that one hundred thousand now? The committee would like to have it.

In Democratic circles confidence in the result of the the Presidential election is estimated by the encouraging reports received daily from all directions. Senator Vest writes from Indianapolis to a friend here that Indiana will give ten thousand majority for Landers. Not the least encouraging feature of the Democratic outlook is the assurance that comes from many sources in Virginia that the electoral vote vote of that state is safe for Hancock. The Republicans had little thought of Virginia in their calculations before the Maine election, and now, on the heel of that disheartening result, they have neither energy nor money to spend upon such an unpromising field as that would be for Republican endeavor, even under the most favorable circumstances. It is stated upon the authority of a Republican member of Congress from the South that recently Senator Don Cameron earnestly advised the National Committee of his party against making an fight for the electoral vote of Virginia, declaring it to be plainly out of the reach of the Republicans to capture it, even though the committee should have the means requisite to pay the capitation tax for the negroes, and otherwise put the demoralized and disbanded Virginia Republican party in fighting shape. It is stated also that General Malone told a member of the Democratic National Committee that whenever it should become apparent that the Republicans would seriously contend for the electoral vote of Virginia he would urge his friends to take down their electoral ticket.

Within a day or two there has been a talk about a revival of the Radical scheme for capturing the electoral vote of New York, against the will of the people. It is said that if Indiana goes Democratic in October a meeting of Republican managers is to be held in Boston on the 13th, and Governor Corneli advised to call a special session of the New York legislature to choose electors. I don't think this will be done, for if it was it would never elect Garfield. Illinois, Ohio and Pennsylvania would surely vote for Hancock after such a trick as that. But the talk about it, or the fact that Republican leaders entertain such a project, shows how desperate their case is.

At the headquarters of the Democratic Congressional Committee much work is being done, and $[illegible] per day is paid for the transmission of documents. A visitor called a day or two since who had picked up a very dilapidated-looking specimen of the De Golyer rotten-wood pavement, which he suggested could be manufactured into trinkets and sold for campaign relics. During the absence of Secretary Schurz the radical assessment collectors vigorously worked the Interior Department, but many of the clerks evaded payment upon one pretext and another, until Mr. Schurz' return. He is now here and they expect to be protected in their refusal to be assessed by this great apostle of civil service reform. The annual report of the signal service shows that of the storm warnings during the fiscal year over 88 per cent have been verified, and the weather indications have been correct eighty-six times out of a hundred east of the Rocky Mountains and ninety on the Pacific coast

PHONO.

It is stated that a prominent citizen of Galveston was brought home very late in a comatose condition. His terrified wife, thinking it was apoplexy, sent for the family physician. The doctor examined the patient carefully and then directed that the clergyman be sent for. In a few minutes the spiritual adviser was bending over the couch of the dying man. Finally the clergyman said: "Why, he is drunk! That's what's the matter. Why am I sent for at twelve o'clock at night?" "Do you suppose," replied the doctor, "that I am going to be the only fool on Galveston Island?"

MR. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building) New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the DEMOCRAT at our best rates.

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HUMPHREY & WOLVERTON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Albany, Oregon.
Will practice in all the Courts in the State. Probate matters and collections attended to promptly. v13n51

L. FLINN. G. E. CHAMBERLAIN.
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Albany, Oregon.
Office in Foster's Brick Block. v15n18tf.

R. S. STRAHAN. L. BILYEU.
STRAHAN & BILYEU,
ATTORNEYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW
Albany, Oregon.
PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF this State. They give special attention to collections and probate matter. Office in Foster's new brick. 49tf

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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
—AND—
Notary Public.
Albany, Oregon.
Office upstairs, over John Briggs' store, 1st street. v14n23tf

D. R. N. BLACKBURN,
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Albany, Oregon.
Office up stairs in the Odd Fellow's Temple.
Collections a specialty. ap21.

J. K. WEATHERFORD,
(NOTARY PUBLIC,)
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ALBANY, OREGON.
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF THE State. Special attention given to collections and probate matter.
Office in Odd Fellow's Temple. [14:2

J. C. POWELL. W. K. BILYEU.
POWELL & BILYEU,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
And Solicitors in Chancery.
ALBANY, - - - OREGON.
Collections promptly made on all points. Loans negotiated on reasonable terms.
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Office up stairs in the Odd Fellow's Temple. v13n50

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Will practice in all the courts of the State. Prompt attention give to collections, conveyances and examination of Titles. Probate business a specialty. v13n8tf.

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CORVALLIS, OREGON.
Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office in the Court House. v10n29tf.

E. G. JOHNSON, M. D.,
HOMEOPATHIC
Physician and Surgeon.
Albany, Oregon.
Office in Froman's Brick, two doors East of Conner's Bank. n10

DR. G. WILLIS PRICE,
DENTIST.
Odd Fellows' Temple,
Albany, Oregon.
Office hours from 8 to '2, and from 1 to 4. 16:10tf

D. M. Jones, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon,
ALBANY, OREGON.
Office in Plummer's drug store. Residence on Washington St. 21f

H. J. BOUGHTON, M. D.,
ALBANY, - - - - - OREGON.
THE DOCTOR IS A GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY Medical College of New York, and a late member of Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York.
Office and residence on corner of Fourth and Lafayette Streets, directly back of the M. E. Church, North. v15n22tf

Dr. T. L. GOLDEN,
OCCULIST AND AURIST
SALEM, OREGON.
DR. GOLDEN HAS HAD EXPERIENCE IN treating the various diseases to which the eye and ear are subject, and feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who may place themselves under his care. n08tf.

D. C. CLARK,
(Successor to J. R. Wyatt.)
Dealer in Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Iron, Steel and Mechanic's Tools.
On First street, one door east of S. E. Young's, Albany, Oregon.

REVERE HOUSE,
Corner First and Ellsworth Albany, Oregon.
Pfeiffer Bro's Props.
This new Hotel is fitted up in first class style. Tables supplied with the best the market affords. Spring Beds in every Room. A good Sample Room for Commercial Travelers.
Free Coach to and from the Hotel. 2:41

ST CHARLES HOTEL,
ALBANY, OREGON.
MRS. C. HOUK, - - - Proprietor.
This House has been thoroughly renovated from top to bottom, and is now in splendid condition for the entertainment of travelers. The table is supplied with everything the market affords. Sample rooms for commercial men.
Corvallis, Lebanon and Dallas Stage Office. v15n5tf

$66.00 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co. Portland, Maine.

THE "WORLD'S FAVORITE."

HAS ONLY 12 WORKING PARTS.

OUTLASTS ALL OTHERS.

THE NEW
"DAVIS"
SEWING MACHINE.

Awarded First Premium, Oregon State Fair, 1879 and 1880.
Awarded First Premium, and only Machine placed in First Class (25 competitors) at the Australian International Exhibition, 1880.
ALWAYS RECEIVES FIRST PREMIUM WHEN THE JUDGES ARE IMPARTIAL.

The "DAVIS" Sewing Machine Company are manufacturing and

Selling 1,000 Machines per Week!

It is CHEAPEST because it is BEST.

It does every variety of work without basting, and has more practical attachments than all others combined.
:52 W. B. SCOTT, Agent, Albany, Oregon.

Warder's Safe Kidney & Liver CURE.

A Positive Remedy for ALL Kidney, Liver and Urinary Troubles of both Male and Female, Acting Directly upon the Organs Affected. For the Hot Season it is Invaluable.

READ THE RECORD:
"It saved my life." —E. R. Lakely, Selma, Ala.
"I advise all to try it." —John Brandon, Leavenworth, Kan.
"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mother's Magazine.
"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent of the country."—New York World.
"No Remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it"—C. A. Harvey, D. D., Washington, D. C.
"It is the best and only efficient remedy for Kidney and Liver troubles ever brought before the public."—(Col.) John K. McChesney, Washington, D. C.
"I am rejoiced to say I am now a well man and am only too glad to testify regarding the glorious results of a remedy which has made me so happy." —(Rev.) P. P. Harkles, Ark.

This Great Natural Remedy is for Sale by Druggists in all Parts of the World.

TRY IT AND TAKE NO OTHER,
H. H. WARNER & CO,
Rochester, N. Y.

Most Popular Seaside and Summer Resort,
NEWPORT!
Yaquina Bay.
THE OCEAN HOUSE!
JOS. IRVIN, Proprietor.
HAVING LEASED THE ABOVE POPULAR HOTEL for a term of years, I have had it thoroughly renovated and painted inside and out, and furnished throughout with new furniture and bedding. I have also secured the services of Mr. Mark Bell, Oregon's champion caterer, and being located on the most sightly location it is in every sense a first-class house. Parties visiting the seaside for health or pleasure will do well to give us a call. Satisfaction guaranteed.
Board from $1.00 to $2.50 a day, with special rates to families. 1m2

JAMES DANNALS,
DEALER IN AND MANUFACTURER OF
SOLID WALNUT BEDROOM SETS,
Marble and Wood Tops.
Parlor Sets and Lounges, Marble Top Center-Tables, Spring Beds and Mattresses,
WALNUT, MAPLE AND OAK BRACKETS,
And all kinds of
Whatnots, Chairs, Bedsteads, Extension Tables, Stands, Gilt and Fancy Mouldings, Etc.
I intend to keep everything in the furniture line, and will guarantee satisfaction to all who will call on me at Miller's Brick. JAMES DANNALS.

ESTRAY COW.
STRAYED from the undersigned, living five miles southeast of Albany, on the Brownsville road, a small roan cow, 5 years old. Had on when she was missed a cow-bell, a piece of rope around her horns and pair of bridle bits in her mouth; also the shell is knocked off her left horn. If returned to me a liberal reward will be paid. G. W. WILLIS.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have no time to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete outfit free. We will bear expense of starting you. Particulars free. Write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

SAMUEL E. YOUNG
IS NOW RECEIVING HIS
FALL and WINTER
STOCK
—OF—
MERCHANDISE!
—CONSISTING OF—
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
CARPETS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
WALL PAPER,
House Furnishing Goods,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Many of these Goods are bought direct from the manufacturers for cash, and are all First Class Goods---NO TRASH, and will be sold at Popular Prices.

CENTRAL MARKET.
J. R. HERREN, - - Proprietor.
FITTED UP IN THE NEATEST STYLE and keeps constantly on hand a full supply of
FRESH BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, VEAL AND SAUSAGE.
The fullest pains will be taken to accommodate the public. 16:6tf

MONEY is now being made faster than ever by those at work for us. Persons of either sex can make $66 a week in their own towns if they are willing to work. No risk. $5 outfit free. Anyone can run the business. Capital not required. All who engage prosper. No one fails. Particulars free. Address, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

ALBANY
COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.
ALBANY, OR.
The First Term will open on Wednesday, September 1, 1880.
For particulars concerning the courses of study and the price of tuition, apply to
:52 REV. ELBERT N. CONDIT, Pres't.

WHEAT WANTED.
Ballard, Isom & Co.
WILL PAY A
PREMIUM
of FOUR CENTS per bushel in Mill feed over and above the Market price on all good Merchantable wheat stored with them this season.
Are prepared to pay CASH DOWN, and guarantee as good prices as can be obtained elsewhere. A large supply of Sacks always on hand.
We have our Mill fitted up with all the latest improved Machinery, and do CUSTOM WORK.
BALLARD, ISOM & CO.
Albany, July 22d, 1880. :52

NEW BARBER SHOP!
J. H. SURLES, Prop'r.
A GOOD SEA FOAM SHAMPOO goes with each shave. Prices for shaving and hair-cutting same as usual. Rooms opposite McIlwain's store. 16tf

A REPUBLICAN LETTER.

Air—"Wearing of the Green."

Oh! Jimmy, dear, and did you hear,
The news that's going round?
The say—and truthfully I fear—
Your record is not sound.
They state and prove you took a bribe—
Oh! 'tis most sad to see,
And what is more, they charge you too
With wilful perjury.

CHORUS,

Oh! Jimmy, Jimmy Garfield,
How could you do the deed?
Unto the scriptures you once taught
You should have given heed.
But it's too late for worldly good
If you should now repent,
And through your sins that Hancock man
Will be the President.

Oh! Jimmy dear, it seems so queer
You couldn't do what's right;
You ought to know a President
Is not made in a night.
And when a man's a candidate
His record must be clear,
Not for a week or a month or two,
But really every year.

CHORUS:

Oh! Jimmy, Jimmy Garfield,
You took that salary, too,
You've done those things the church book says
That you ought not to do;
And though the tears roll down my cheeks
In sorrow for my sin,
I'll have to vote for Hancock, too,
For he is sure to win.

A SCHEME SHADOWED.

The following appears in the associated press dispatches from New York of Tuesday of last week:

SURE OF A MAJORITY OF TWO.

In view of the confidence of the Democrats in their ability to carry Indiana, Republican managers have been estimating their chances in the event that Indiana should go Democratic, and they find that the Republicans would have a majority of two in the Electoral College, even if the Democrats could carry Indiana, Ohio and Maine.

This means that Indiana, Ohio and Maine are conceded by the Republicans, and that they contemplate seizing the electoral vote of the State of New York by calling an extra session of the Legislature, and as it is Republican, they propose to have it choose the electors, and thus have it do away with the trouble and uncertainties of an election.

It is a revolutionary proceeding, to be sure, but the party that stole the Presidency in 1876 will not scruple at any means to steal it in 1880. But to make their plans a success, they would require the votes of Pennsylvania, Illinois, California, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon and New Hampshire. The loss of either one of these doubtful States would result in their defeat, even though New York be stolen. And as we propose to carry at least half of those named without the advantage that the revolutionary proceedings in New York would give us, the chances for Garfield are very slim, indeed.

FREE BALLOT DOWN IN MAINE.

A Maine paper publishes this as a sample of hundreds of similar kinds sworn to in that State since the last election. It proves how devoted an admirer Blaine is of "a fair and free ballot," as well as "an honest count" after the votes are all in and the Returning Board election begins:

"I, William Mahon, of Biddeford, in the county of York, on oath depose and say that I have been employed by the Hepperell Company of said Biddeford for the last nine years, and for the Laconia Company some eight years previous to my working for the Pepperell Company; that on Monday last I voted the Democratic ticket, and that on Wednesday, September 15th, 1880, I was notified by the Superintendent, R. M. Hobbs, that I could have no more work from said company, as I had voted the Democratic ticket on Monday last.

His
WILLIAM X MAHON.
mark

Witness: E. Stone, John B. Donovan.
Biddeford, September 15, 1880.
State of Maine, York, ss:
BIDDEFORD, September 15, 1880.
Subscribed and sworn to before me,
EDWIN STONE, Justice of the Peace.

A MAN that amounts to anything needs enemies to keep him alive. A celebrated person who was surrounded by enemies used to say: "They are the sparks which if we do not blow them go out of themselves." Let this be your feeling while endeavoring to live down the scandal of those who are bitter against you. If you stop to dispute, you do but as they desire, and open the way for more abuse. Let the poor fellow talk. There will be a reaction if you do but perform your duty; and those who were once alienated from you will flock to you and acknowledge their error.

"How is it that you came home from your party so early last night, Susan? didn't you enjoy yourself?" Susan—"Yes, ma'am, but the young man as took me hin to supper insulted me." Mistress—Insulted you, Susan? Why, what did he say? Susan—Yes, ma'am. He asked me if my program was full, and I am sure that I had nothing but a sandwich and a glass of lemonade, so I came away home."

WHEN the Prince of Wales' son is ordered aloft by the captain, he mentally remarks: "This is my grandmother's ship, and it makes my back ache to climb that pole, and I ain't going to do it only this once."

A novel scheme—A proposition to write a romance.

GEN. W. S. HANCOCK.

Texts from Hancock's Letters.

When fraud, violence or incompetence controls, the noblest Constitution and wisest laws are useless.

The bayonet is not a fit instrument for collecting votes for freemen.

It is only by a full vote, free ballot and fair count that the people can rule in fact, as required by the theory of our Government. Take this function away and the whole structure falls.

The great principles of American liberty are still the rightful inheritance of this people, and ever should be.

The right of trial by jury, the *habeas corpus*, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons, and the rights of property, must be preserved.

The Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, embodying the results of the war for the Union, are inviolable.

If called to the Presidency I should deem it my duty to resist, with all my power, any attempt impair or invade the full force and effect of the Constitution, which in every article, section and amendment, is the Supreme law of the land.

The Union, comprising a general government with general powers, and State Governments with State powers for purposes local to the States, is a polity, the foundations of which were laid in the profoundest wisdom.

This the Union which our fathers made, and which has been so respected abroad and so benificent at home.

The war of the Union was successfully closed more than fifteen years ago.

All classes of people must share alike the blessings of the Union, and are equally concerned in its perpetuity, and in the proper administration of public affairs.

We are in a state of profound peace. Henceforth let it be our purpose to cultivate sentiments of friendship, and not of animosity, among our fellow-citizens.

As one people we have common interests.

A sedulous and scrupulous care of the Public Credit, together with a wise and economical management of our Governmental expenditures should be maintained, in order that labor may be lightly burdened, and that all persons may be protected in their rights to the fruits of their industry.

Let us encourage the harmony and generous rivalry among our own industries which will revive our languishing merchant marine, extend our commerce with foreign nations, assist our merchants, manufacturers and producers to develop our vast natural resources, and increase the prosperity and happiness of our people.

Public office is a trust, not a bounty bestowed upon the holder.

The basis of a substantial, practical Civil service Reform must first be established by the people in filling the elective offices; if they fix a standard of qualifications for office, and sternly reject the corrupt and incompetent, the result will be decisive in governing the actions of the servants whom they entrust with appointing power.

No form of government, no matter how carefully devised, no principles, however sound, will protect the rights of the people unless administration is faithful and efficient.

Power may destroy the forms, but not the principles of justice; these will live in spite even of the sword.

The true and proper use of the military power, besides defending the national honor against foreign nations is to uphold the laws and Civil Government, and to secure to every person residing among us the enjoyment of life, liberty and property.

The Regular Army should be so directed by its superior officers as to be recognized as a bulwark in support of the right of the people and of the law.

I would under no circumstances allow myself or my troops to determine who were the lawful members of a State Legislature.

Our system does not provide that one President should inaugurate another. There might be danger in that, and it was studiously left out of the charter.

The Army should have nothing to do with the election and inauguration of Presidents. The people elect the President. The Congress declares in joint session who he is.

I like Jefferson's way of inauguration; it suits our system. He rode alone on horseback to the Capitol, tied his horse to a rail fence, entered and was duly sworn; then rode to the executive mansion and took possession.

A LEADVILLE deacon ran a man three miles up a hill, and rolled him back in barrel, for the offense of calling a church a Joss house. They are bound to have religion respected in Leadvilled.

THE YAMHILL DEMOCRACY.

MCMINNVILLE, OCT. 5TH, 1880.

Editor Democrat:

MY DEAR EDITOR: Again I must tax the patience of your readers and also beg your indulgence for taking up a small portion of space in your valuable weekly,

My predictions in regard to the increase in membership of our Young Men's Club is happily realized, as the rolls now contain forty-four signers. The enthusiasm in the Democratic party ranks greater than has been known for many years. Since my last letter our town has been visited by two or more political speakers. Last Saturday evening everybody turned out to hear Mr. C. A. Cornett, a young Republican orator of Portland, speak on the issues of the day. The "mere" soldier without a "record" and the bloody shirt was thrown aloft and fluttered furiously around and about the platform; the terrorism of the black and white Republicans, also dwelt upon, and concluding with a fling at the parties concerned in keeping their portions of the back salary grab. "I guarantee that when Senator Slater addresses you Democrats on the coming Tuesday he will not refer to the salary grab. Mark me if he does." The only remarkable thing about that man's speech was the portion of the speech delivered by ex-Gov. Gibbs in this place some days before. Probably Mr. Gibbs kindly loaned his papers to him.

Yesterday evening (Tuesday, 5th) we were entertained by that logician of orators, Senator Slater. To say that his address was a remarkably good one does the distinguished gentleman but feeble justice. It is seldom that any array of facts, and reasons why a change of administration is so desirable, is heard from a speaker in the course of only a two hours speech. Garfield's transaction in the Louisiana returning board matter was ably handled, as was also the record made by that personage in the Credit Mobilier charges.

He also spoke of the charges made in the Republican ranks in the several states of New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, as given in 1868, and comparing them with the tables taken from the same in 1876.

But one of the main features of the evening's address was the part enacted by the Hon. Senator in the back-pay salary. What a pity the valiant Curtis was not a member of the large assembly. I shall give it in the speaker's language:

"Many of you have been told by a young man who addressed you last Saturday night that I would take pains not to mention the back salary steal! and that I was one of the persons who carried home my portion of salary and failed to return it! But, Mr. President, being paired with a gentleman from Illinois, Mr. McNeal, I was not allowed but one vote, the final one, and I am on record as there voting nay. My portion of the back pay coming to me was $1,200, and that barely covered my traveling expenses. I did accept it, am not sorry. The only difference myself and Garfield on that matter is that Garfield's conscience, being guilty in so many other transactions troubled him so sorely in this that after keeping his $4,500 six weeks he returned it to the treasury. My conscience tells me that I acted rightly.

Am sorry for Garfield's friends that young Curtis attended to this; should advise him to post himself the next time."

F. CACHE,
Sec. Y. M. H. & E. Club.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

Whereas, it has pleased the Supreme Grand Master of the Universe to remove from amongst us by death, on the 31st day of August, A. D., 1880, our beloved Brother, Thomas Donahoo, therefore be it

Resolved, by Scio Lodge No. 39, A. F. & A. M., that by his death we have lost an estimable Brother who has given the fraternity the best years of his manhood.

Resolved, That while we deplore the death of our Brother, we feel assured that we shall meet him again in that Supreme Lodge where there is no more sickness, death nor pain.

Resolved, That we tender to his bereaved family our tenderest sympathy, and say to them, the parting is not forever, for only sleepeth.

Resolved that the jewels of the Lodge be draped in mourning and the Brothers wear the badge for thirty days.

Resolved that a copy of these resolutions be given to the bereaved wife and a copy sent to the DEMOCRAT for publication.

J. J. DORRIS.
J. L. MILLER.
J. S. MORRIS.

A COMPOSITOR who "set up" the toast: "Woman—without her, man would be a savage," put the stops in the wrong place, and it read: "Woman, without her man, would be a savage."

AN unhappy marriage is like an electric machine—it makes one dance, but you can't let go.

THE LEBANON REPUBLICANS.

On Wednesday, September 29th, at 7.30 o'clock, P. M., the Republicans of Lebanon held a preliminary meeting at the Band Hall, for the purpose of organizing a Garfield and Arthur Club and to make arrangements for a grand "Repub" blow-out here at some future time. Jonathan Wosom, an ex-Republican member of the Oregon Legislature was elected President and G. Washington Smith secretary. The time fixed for holding the blowout was Friday eve., Oct. 1st, 1880, at 7.30 o'clock, P. M., at which time good speakers would be on hand, and the Albany Garfield Club and Towpath Invincibles would be out in full force. In fact every Republican man in Linn would be represented.

The appointed time rolled around and at their word the meeting was called to order by President Wosom in the following manner: "This meeting will please come to order. "The audience was soon hatless and in a sitting posture, and as soon as quiet could be arrived at, the President said, "we'll hear the report of the constitution." G. Washington Smith presented himself to the audience, (consisting of about fifty persons) and read the following conclusion, which was received with applause:

"WE, the undersigned, voters of Lebanon precinct, do hereby AGREE to abide by the teachings of the National Republican platform adopted by the National Chicago convention, in June last, and furthermore pledge ourselves to vote for Garfield and Arthur at the coming election, to work from now until election for their success, and make all efforts honorable or otherwise to secure success in November next." (Applause.)

On motion of the post master the statement was adopted. The President then announced: "We'll hear music by the glee club," but owing to the absence of this club he announced that we would please hear a speech by Mr. Palmer from Albany. The following is an extract from Mr. Palmers speech: "Ladies and gentlemen, I come before you this evening with the statement to prove the Democratic party a fraud. It will be remembered that in 1860 the Republican party gained power in Congress and elected the President. The Republican party retained this power until 1876, and during the whole 16 years not a single instance of fraud was found being perpetrated by this greater party whose leader is James A. Garfield, not even a committee was dreamed of which should investigate the proceedings of these 16 years of successful Republican administration. This is enough to show the members of the Republican party perfectly innocent of obedience to unlawful measures. (cheers). Now look at the Democratic party. It is a party and its very name means fraud. When it gained power in Congress by a majority in both houses, the first thing its leaders thought of was committees to investigate and root out frauds perpetrated by the Republican party in the elections in the South. They have worked hard on these Southern commissions and the only thing they have succeeded in doing is bringing disgrace on the Republican party and now ask its voters to support their views. Shall we do it? No, we fought the war, we gained the victory! We preserved the Union, the country is ours, and let us keep it." (cheers)

Chas. E. Wolverton was then introduced, who talked at some length, and while he spoke the truth his gift of delivery was excellent, but just as soon as a falsehood was about to escape his lips he would begin that vulgar habit of his, stammering, and I am forced by a clear conscience to say that he spoke with such difficulty as hardly to utter a sentence intelligible to his audience.

On motion the Club adjourned after half an hours siteuce.

Scrofulous swellings, carbuncles and boils, blotches, pimples and eruptions, enlarged glands, internal soreness, torpid liver and general clogged condition of the system, all yield in due time to nature's sovereign remedy—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Sold around the world by druggists and chemists. Foreign trade supplied from London branch. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Proprietor's Buffalo, N.Y. R. V. Pierce, M. D., President.

WEST BLUE MOUND, WIS., March 8th, 1879.
DR. R. V. PIERCE:
Dear Sir—Having suffered many weary months from liver complaint without relief, I was last summer induced to try your Golden Medical Discovery and Pellets. At the time I was scarcely able to walk. Owing to their effect I commenced to improve rapidly and am now as well and strong as ever. I thank you from the depths of my heart for the good they have done me, and wish you all success.
Yours truly,
MRS. S. STAGNER.

"I don't mean to reflect on you," said one man to another. "No," was the reply, "you're not polished enough to reflect upon anybody."