

The Democrat. MART V. BROWN, EDITOR. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1880. NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET. For President, WINFIELD S. HANCOCK, OF PENNSYLVANIA. For Vice President, WILLIAM H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA. For Presidential Electors, J. K. WEATHERFORD, of Linn County, T. G. OWEN, of Coos County, JAS. FULTON, of Wasco County. IMMORTAL WORDS. The great principles of American liberty are still the law of inheritance of this people, and ever should be. The right of trial by jury, the sacredness of the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons and the rights of property must be preserved. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK, Maj. Gen. Comd'g Dept. 1, and Texas. HON. JAS. H. SLATER'S SPEECH. Senator Slater last Monday night spoke to one of the largest audiences ever assembled in the court house. Between 500 and 700 people were present, a very great proportion of the audience being ladies. His speech was a masterpiece of logic, argument and incontrovertible fact. He asserted nothing against the Republican party or their Presidential candidates that could not be proven by the record. The proofs he offered were from that party alone, and must remain unchallenged and undisputed. The Senator has a candid, square, open and honest way of presenting his arguments that cannot fail to impress his hearers. He dealt squarely with facts as they exist, and without bombast and spread-eagle display of oratory, he nails his arguments to the cat-head with a power of incontrovertible logic which must convince his listeners and overpower his opponents. He possesses that peculiar conciseness of the successful orator, the power to enchain and hold his audience against all interruption, and by his candor and impartiality of debate he attracts the attention and wins the respect of all who are under the sound of his voice. We regret that we have not the space to give his most admirable speech in detail, or to touch upon the points presented by him. So to say that his speech had the effect to compel Republicans to ponder upon his arguments and make many of them hesitate upon the question as to how they should cast their votes in November. In his closing magnificent service for the cause of the peerless hero, Hancock, and his work will add many figures to the column which will swell our glorious majority next month. PUT IT IN ITS LITTLE BED. In relation to the matter of fees of Clerks and Sheriffs, we notice a specimen of Republican jiggery that is eminently characteristic of that party. Hon. Jno. H. Smith, State Senator from Linn, introduced a fee bill reducing the emoluments of those officers to a fair living rate, but, true to the instincts of the Radical high-salary party, Starkweather of Clackamas headed off Senator Smith's motion to refer it to a friendly committee, and by the power of the Republican majority secured its reference to the Judiciary Committee, where it will most likely sleep the sleep that knows no waking. SENATOR BILYEN AND SMITH MAY AS WELL UNDERSTAND THAT THE RADICAL MAJORITY IN THAT BODY WILL PUT A DEAD LOCK, IF POSSIBLE, ON ANY AND ALL THEIR MEASURES TO REDUCE THE EXPENSES OR REMEDY THE PRESENT EVILS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE. EXERCISE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. The inquiry which was instituted by the committee organized here, into the eligibility of all Presidential Electors named by the Republicans, has already resulted in the discovery of several ineligible electors in different parts of the country. They will be compelled to resign and new names substituted. In one case there was found an elector who was also Collector of Internal Revenue—Washington Correspondence of Cincinnati Commercial, Sept. 25. So it seems that Gov. Grover's decision in the Oregon Electoral case has become the settled law of the land, notwithstanding its being overruled by fraud four years ago. The Republicans are conscious that they cannot nullify the Constitution in this respect a second time. THE CORRECT THING. The Jacksonville city council refused to spend a lot of money out of the public treasury in a reception and "hoosdo" for Hayes, and the Radical papers are scolding around like thunder about it. The council did right not to spend the people's money for any such a fraudulent circus. Let the men who are traveling about the country on Samuel J. Tilden's salary pay the traveling expenses of his own menagerie. DRAPER AND WHITNEY TO-NIGHT AT THE COURT HOUSE. Don't forget that T. M. Draper—the boy orator—and Hon. J. J. Whitney will speak at the Court House to-night. Give them a rousing house. It is unfortunate that the Albany Foot-Pad Squabbles can't have a \$10,000 lundulet to ride Old Flashbrake in next Monday night.

GUARD AGAINST MONOPOLIES. Transportation corporations and companies pretending to operate as common carriers, but who have the power to discriminate as to the quality or price of freight transported by them, are certainly a great injury to the public. Such monopolies can be, and should be regulated by law. That there is at least one transportation company now extensively operating in Oregon that needs some attention in this respect there is no doubt. From the circular issued by Mr. Willard, President of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, we see that the net earnings of that corporation for six months ending with 1st December were \$699,864 60, while the net earnings of the first half of the present year reached the handsome sum of \$1,625,000. The circular graciously observes that "it will not be deemed extravagant to say that there is hardly another transportation company in the United States able to make such a favorable showing as this." The great and rapid increase in the freight business of the Upper Columbia, of which this Company now possesses the exclusive monopoly, is given as the main reason of this handsome showing. It is evident from a further perusal of this circular that the O. R. & N. Company propose to hold this monopoly of the Columbia, and defeat if possible the construction of any and all competing lines. It goes on to say that "the Northern Pacific R. R. Company have decided to build, and have already entered upon the construction of 220 miles of standard gauge railroad, to be part of their through transcontinental line from the mouth of Snake River, in a northerly direction to the foot of Bitter Root mountains; and this new line will be a direct feeder to our river lines, and will have a deep effect upon us for transportation facilities up and down the Columbia." Again, the circular goes on to speak of the construction of its Company's own line of railroad from Celilo to Walla, "which," it adds, "will strengthen our hold on and give us exclusive control of the Columbia River—which may be termed the backbone of our enterprise." Surely this looks very much like a settled determination to establish a gigantic monopoly such as was never known even in the old monopoly days of the P. T. and O. S. N. Companies, and it should alarm the people of the entire State, and especially those of Eastern Oregon and Washington. But in further proof of this bold attempt on the part of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company to throttle the people and to exclusively control the transportation interest of our State, we quote the following concluding sentence from that eminent body's circular: "Moreover, as the growing importance of Oregon and Washington render certain the construction of new through lines from the East with the next few years, it must be our policy to meet any and all of these at each point as will prevent the establishment of opposing interests in our own territory." Theirs for a territory, forthwith! What right have they, more than any other company, to claim the exclusive control and management of the transportation interests of Oregon? None whatever, and the assumption of such a right should warn the people to be on their guard lest this insolent corporation make its right and power felt beyond the hope of reparation. With an evident intention to head this corporation off in its high-handed encroachments upon the public welfare, Hon. R. Clow has introduced in the State Senate a bill "to provide for the interchange of traffic by common carriers," which, if passed, will compel this monopoly to receive and transport any and all freight or passengers from other lines over their line. This bill should pass by all means, and we urge its consideration and support by the members of the Legislature. Compel that Company to do what is right. Compel them by law to interchange transportation with other companies without extortionate charges or unfair discrimination (as far as the powers of such corporation, firm or person extend), all freight and passengers, whether loaded or empty, in the case of railroads where similarity of gauge exists, and all passengers and freight passing or being forwarded over and along and by means of their railroads, steamships and other water craft, as the case may be, whether such cars are the property of, or under the control of, the corporation, firm or person owning or operating the same, or of any corporation, firm or person owning or operating any intersecting or connecting railroad, and, in the case of passengers and freight, whether their transit may have commenced on such railroad, steamship or other water craft, or on railroads, steamships or other water craft owned or operated by any other corporation, firm or person, whose lines of communication intersect or connect with those of the corporation, firm or person owning or operating the railroad, steamship or other water craft over which it is proposed to forward such passengers and freight. SEC. 2. In construing this Act, dis-

crimination shall be taken to mean any distinction in time, rate or method of transit, and delivery of the cars, passengers and freight in question. SEC. 3. Every violation of the provisions of this Act shall be punishable by a fine not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, to be recovered by the injured party in an action at law in the Circuit Court of the place within this State where the head office or principal place of business of the offender is situated, or of the place where the offense was committed; at the option of the corporation, firm or person injured. THIS SETTLES IT. A recent issue of the Portland Bulletin charged that the editor of the Oregonian was engaged in 1872 in trying to buy off Mitchell in favor of Hays in the U. S. Senate, and as Scott fairly denies this charge, the Bulletin of last Thursday publishes the following testimony of Gen. E. Cole, Portland postmaster: In April or May, 1872, while postmaster, and after Gen. Holladay's return from Washington, I frequently went night and day to Holladay's house, and attended generally to his private business. He sent for me often. I was his man and received a salary from him. After that time, when Holladay was at Clatsop, Major Towler, his private secretary, came to me and I went to see Holladay, who proposed a scheme for raising \$10,000 to pay running expenses of the Bulletin. This was to be subscribed principally by office-holders in monthly installments, commencing with November, 1872. My name headed the list with \$700, but it was understood I was to pay one cent. It was intended to influence the boys. The talk about Holladay's Senatorial aspirations began on the 4th of July, 1872. At Halsey's request I went to Clatsop, and Holladay wanting to go to the U. S. Senate, I was employed to see the members elect of the Legislature and I then interviewed. I went to Yaquina, Coos Bay and Douglas county, visiting members, and saw parties East of the mountains. Finding that the matter was feasible, I went again to Clatsop, and I got Scott to go down, and it was determined that Mitchell must withdraw. I was authorized to contact with Mitchell, and I went to offer him \$25,000 in gold to withdraw. I went to Salem, engaged rooms, bought cigars and laid in a stock of whisky, and was engaged in working on the matter from July until October, 1872. I slept with Mitchell, and talked with several persons who in turn talked with him, but he declined to withdraw, and that ended the matter. LIGHT'S THE BEST. We make the following extract from a letter received by an Albany gentleman from a friend now in Washington City: "Hancock was elected. He will have 138 votes from the South; New York, New Jersey and Connecticut with 50 more, or 3 more than enough to elect. Indiana will give him 15 more. Ohio, Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Illinois, Colorado and California are all fighting hard, with chances in our favor. Ohio, Pennsylvania and California. We will also more than likely get some Republican votes from Maine, the election in that State on Monday having deprived and disheartened the Republicans all over the country. We all gave up Maine, two weeks before the election, as hopelessly Republican, and the result is perfectly astounding. When the Radicals lose Maine, with the bull-dozing, money, corruption and, reason ed by them to hold her in line, we should not be surprised if the tidal wave sweeps Garfield out of existence in November by more than 500,000 votes!" LINN'S LEGISLATORS. Senator Bilyen and Representative Dawson, of Linn county, were on the Joint Court to visit the insane Asylum and report upon its condition. Representative Chamberlain, of Linn, was on the Hayes reception committee, and we know it went against the grain of that gallant young Democrat to act in even this official capacity in receiving the Great Fraud. Senator Jno. H. Smith, of Linn, is vigorously pushing a bill to reduce the fees of Clerks and Sheriffs. PROJECT THE PLAN. Every patriotic citizen of the land will share the hope which Major Alexander, a Mexican veteran, expressed to General Hancock on the occasion of the veteran's visit to him last week: "General," said Major Alexander, "there is one thing your old comrades look to have you do when you are elected President; they want to see you restore respect for the United States among foreign powers by protecting the mercantile marine sailing under our flag on the high seas." THE OUTLOOK IN OHIO. The Abent Post, a daily German paper published in Cincinnati, has in past been a powerful ally of the Republican party by virtue of its immense circulation throughout Ohio and the Western States generally. It has now declared for Hancock and English for the very simple reason that it "cannot conscientiously support nominees of the bad character of Garfield and Arthur." The outlook in Ohio does not grow reassuring, Mr. Jewell. THOSE REBEL REBELLIONERS. Senator Slater desires us to state that he forgot in his speech last Monday night to tell the Albany Republicans, who are so nervous about those terrible "rebel brigadiers," that they owe to these same brigadiers the passage of the \$10,000 appropriation for Yaquina Bay, Gen. Gordon having been the special champion of the measure in the Senate, where it met with the most opposition. While he was absent!

THE CLERK AND SHERIFF'S SALARY BILL. Among the most important measures pending in the present Legislature is a bill introduced by W. R. Bilyen, Senator from our county, who is working faithfully for its passage. It is a bill to make the Clerk and Sheriff's office salaried ones. The bill is known as Senate Bill No. 12. It is well gotten up and well guarded in every respect. The fees are reduced so that if the Clerk was to receive a salary of say \$1500, the county would receive about \$2000 to \$2500 per year instead of paying out of its treasury from \$4000 to \$5000 a year. The bill has some opposition, and from quarters least expected, for some of the opposition to this bill is in direct violation of pledges made by members of the Legislature and against the express wishes and demands of their constituents. There is no necessity of our arguing the utility or justice of this measure at this late day, for nine tenths of the people of this valley are in favor of its passage. This habit of paying Presidential salaries to County Clerks is an infamous outrage upon the tax-payers of our State, when there are good and competent men—hundreds of them in every county—that are willing and anxious to take the position for \$1200 a year. We regret to inform the people of Linn county that some of our own members have shown a disposition to oppose the measure. At present we will mention no names; but, gentlemen, have a care how you trample upon and disregard the wishes and the just demands of the citizens of Linn county! The voters who sent you to the Legislature to represent them will remember how you violate the trust they have reposed in you. It is hardly expected that this bill will pass so as to apply to all the counties in the State, but there is no reason why it should not pass and apply to Linn, and some other of the larger counties in the Willamette valley; for all the members from other counties have expressed a perfect willingness to have the bill pass and have it apply to those counties where they were elected; and if the bill fails to pass and apply to Linn county it will be the fault of our own representatives, and it would be well for them to distinctly understand what they may expect if the bill fail to apply to our county—and that is that all their future political aspirations will be eternally blighted by a justly outraged constituency. WHICH IS THE STATESMAN? In New Orleans, on the 20th of November, 1876, General Hancock issued his famous order in which he said: "The great principle of American liberty are still the law of inheritance of this people, and ever should be. The right of trial by jury, the liberties of the press, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons and the rights of property must be preserved." "Free institutions, while they are essential to the prosperity and happiness of the people, always furnish the strongest inducements to peace and order." These are words of wisdom and true statesmanship. They mean volumes. Compare them to Garfield's expression during the electoral contest of 1876. He said: "We have the army; we have the navy; we have the treasury, and we have the executive. If you had such cards wouldn't you play them?" Could such language emanate from a true and patriotic statesman? WHICH WAS THE PATRIOT? Gen. Hancock was in the army during the rebellion because it was his profession, General Garfield left civil life and fought for the Union, because he was impelled by patriotism.—Dallas Times. Yes; and as soon as the fight began to come thick and fast Garfield left the army and took a safer seat in Congress, "because he was impelled by patriotism"—and fear of rebel bullets! And Hancock fought all through the war "because it was his profession" to fight for the Union and the old flag! Which was the professional demagogue and which the brave and noble patriot? Let Garfield's Congressional stunts and Hancock's gaping wounds answer the question. COL. C. H. LARRABEE. Col. C. H. Larrabee will address the citizens of Oregon at the following times and places: Hillsboro, Saturday, October 2. Portland, Monday, October 4. Astoria, Wednesday, October 6. The Dalles, Saturday, October 9. Weston, Wednesday, October 13. Pendleton, Thursday, October 14. Union, Saturday, October 16. Baker City, Monday, October 18. The local committees will advertise the time of day and the places for the meetings. By order of State Central Com. C. F. BEATTIE, Chairman. SENATOR SLATER'S APPOINTMENTS. Hon. James H. Slater will address the citizens of Oregon at the following times and places: Dallas, Saturday, Oct. 2. Independence, Monday, Oct. 4. McLaryville, Tuesday, Oct. 5. Lafayette, Wednesday, Oct. 6. Hillsboro, Thursday, Oct. 7. Astoria, Saturday, Oct. 9. The hour of speaking at Albany will be 7 o'clock p. m., and at Harrisburg and Seio at 1 o'clock p. m. Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT.

THE "REBEL CLAIMS" BUC-A-BOO! GEN. HANCOCK SPEAKS! He Directly Declares that no such Claims should be Paid and that he should Vote Legislation to that End. NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—In reply to Theodore Cooke, Esq.—Dear Sir: Your letter of 20th is received. I regret that you are mistaken about that bug bear "southern war claims." The bill cannot be misled by it to suppose that "rebel claims" or claims in the interest of persons who were in the rebellion can in any way or in any degree be countenanced. The imputation of disloyalty, such as used to be made against democrats even when they were in arms defending the country, so far as it touches me I denounce. The government can never pay a debt or grant a pension or reward of any sort for war against its own constitution; nor could I be induced to approve or encourage payment of such debt, pension or reward. Nobody expects or wants such a "natural action." To propose it would insult the intelligence and honor of our people. When rebellion was crushed so was the heresy of secession forever. It is a thing of the dead past. We move forward not backward. If I were president I would veto all legislation which might come before me providing for consideration or payment of claims of any kind for losses or damages by persons who were in rebellion, whether pardoned or not. In relation to Union war claims, the government's obligations to its defenders come first. They are lasting and sacred. The public laws of civilized nations do not in general recognize claims for injuries to property resulting from operations of the war of the union; but as hostilities were closed more than fifteen years ago claims of that nature, now mostly in the hands of brokers or persons other than the original sufferers, are becoming stale and, in my judgment, might fairly be considered as barred by lapse of time, and if hereafter entertained at all should be subjected to the strictest scrutiny. Yours very truly, W. S. HANCOCK. (From the New York Evening News, Sept. 25, 1878.) The following letter addressed to the Southern claims bill was published in the Atlanta Daily Constitution on Sept. 25th. The attempt to revive it now is folly. To the people of the United States: We understand it is now generally charged by the Republican leaders and press of the North that the Southern people expect that a change of the administration of the Federal government and the advent of the Democratic reform party to power will insure to their pecuniary benefit in securing for them payment for loss or damage to property suffered by them during the late war. In reply to this charge we declare that the Southern people have no such hope or expectation. Their loss in debts incurred in support of the war and caused by emancipation is barred from payment by the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Compensation for all other injuries to their property caused by the war is prohibited by the laws of nations and the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States. They have, therefore, no hope or expectation of being reimbursed for either, and we denounce such charge as injurious and false. All we desire is peace, prosperity and just government; giving us equal rights under the Constitution. JAMES B. MCCREERY, Governor of Kentucky. JOHN W. STEVENSON, United States Senator, THOS. C. MCCREERY, United States Senator, A. R. BOONE, M. C., JOHN YOUNG BROWN, M. C., C. W. MILLEN, M. C., J. PROCTOR KNOTT, M. C., HENRY WATKINS, M. C., M. J. DEJAHAM, M. C., J. C. S. BLACKBURN, M. C., J. B. CLARK, M. C., T. L. JONES, M. C., T. L. BURNETT, Chairman Kentucky Democratic State Central Committee, HENRY D. McHENRY, Member National Committee for Kentucky, J. STODDARD JOHNSON, Secretary of State, JOHN S. WILLIAMS, Elector at Large for State, ISAAC CALDWELL, Elector at Large for State. TO CAMPAIGN CLERKS. All Hancock and English Campaign (Clubs and all other organizations which support the Democratic candidates are requested to send to: W. H. BARNUM, Chairman Nat. Dem. Committee, 138 Fifth Ave. New York. 1st. The name and location of their organization. 2d. A statement of the number of members enrolled. 3d. The names of officers. 4th. Report of meetings held. 5th. Records, every two weeks during the campaign, of the number and increase of membership, with the condition and prospects of the canvass. SECRETARY OF WAR RAMSAY told our folks at the depot yesterday that they looked remarkably like other people he had met, and that they were American citizens! Good. Nothing like something new and original in a circus!

YOUNG DEMOCRACY OF YAL. McMINSVILLE, SEPT. 25TH, 1880. Editor Democrat: This is the first of two from this portion of Oregon, relating to the political issues of the day, might be of interest to your many readers I respectfully send you the following in the way of news. The "boom" in favor of our chosen and noble standard bearers, Hancock and English is increasing day by day. The democrats are working together in the glorious cause with a hearty determination and will of purpose that augurs of glorious success. Yallah! County, I doubt not will indicate her title to one of the leading democratic counties in Oregon, at the coming election on the 2nd of November next. At the present time there are three political campaign clubs in our town. The first and largest formed several weeks ago, is the Hancock and English Club, and at this writing numbers 147 members. Two weeks ago the republicans met and formed a Garfield and Arthur Club, with perhaps twenty members at its first meeting. Last night eighteen young gentlemen of this town and vicinity met in Justice Harding's office and formed themselves into a Young Men's Hancock Club. The following officers were elected: President, J. H. Smith, Jr., V. Pres., G. V. Seelling, Secretary, Franklin Cline, Cor. Sec., W. Bangasser, Treasurer, A. C. Wynham. We expect to double our present roll in less than two weeks. And thus the ball rolls on, increasing in size and velocity. Let the young democracy in other parts of this state emulate our maiden effort and the result in November will astonish our moral republicans. On the thirtieth our club will be addressed by that eloquent orator, Col. Larrabee. If agreeable to you I will forward to the DEMOCRAT our weekly proceedings. Wishing you success in the cause you so nobly espouse, I remain, Respectfully yours, FRANKLIN CACHIE, Sec. Young Men's H. & E. Club. EDITORIAL CHIPS. INDIANA, Ohio and West Virginia vote one week from next Tuesday. We will have Nemith here in a few days to cook Old Flashbrake's goose. COL. NEMITH spoke to a great crowd at Independence last Thursday night. COL. NEMITH read a short hard reporter to take down a Mitchell's speech at Salem, and he will answer it in detail at the Opera House in that city tonight. "Nem" will skin him alive! COLORADO election next Tuesday. The Republican plurality in that State in 1878 was 2,823—majority over both Democratic and Greenback, the State was probably given Republican by a round majority. "OLD FARRABEE," alias "Laudaulet" Williams, will speak to the Republicans of Albany next Monday night, at which time the Tow-Path Squabbles will paddle around the streets in imposing secrecy. THE necessity of occupying our columns with political matter at this time precludes the publication of legislative proceedings in detail. However, all important acts of that body will receive due attention in this paper. MRS. HAYES seemed to be the most popular personage in the Presidential party yesterday. She is not essentially handsome, but seems to be a very available, plain-faced woman, and as such we were pleased to see the respectful manner in which she was received and treated by our citizens. THAT treatment of the Albany Ladies' Brass Band by the Radical Senators yesterday was a shabby trick. They telegraphed them to go down, the ladies went to the depot all prepared, and of course they didn't go. The Hayes circles ought to have better masters! JUST 7 Rads met in a Democratic hall office (by courtesy) at Lebanon last Wednesday evening and organized a Hancock boom! When we remember that Lebanon used to be the boasted Radical banner prefect of Linn, we cannot fail to weep in unison with Bro. Wasson and Doctor Ballard on the hopeless degeneracy of that bailiwick! A RADICAL Oregon paper now feebly squeals out: "Errors have been discovered in the Maine election returns which will probably give Plighted (Democrat) a plurality and therefore elect him." O, gosh! in it "errors" that did this? We thought it was Democratic votes! Such "errors" as this will everlastingly knock the pins from under the Rads in November. TO HANCOCK CLUBS. OREGON CITY, Sept. 8, 1880. To the Hancock and English Clubs of Oregon, greeting: Gratified at the interest and zeal manifested for Democratic principles and the success of the Democratic party in the ensuing Presidential election, by the spontaneous organization of the various clubs, as auxiliaries of the party, I respectfully request all and each of them to report their names, date of organization, names of officers and number of members to J. R. Wiley, of Portland, who has charge of Democratic Headquarters at that place. C. F. BEATTIE, Chairman of State Central Com. Subscribe for the DEMOCRAT.

Sportsman's Headquarters. W. B. SCOTT, DEALER IN—Guns, Rifles & Revolvers!! And Ammunition of All Kinds. Just received a large invoice of the latest improved Remington, Sharps, Winchester and Ballard repeating rifles, Remington and Stevens' breech-loading shot guns, and muzzle-loading rifles and shot guns of every description. Also, a large and well selected stock of Fielding Turkin, Cutler, Dog Collars, Fancy Goods, and in fact anything you could wish for in my line. All kinds of Sewing Machines Repaired, Remember That I Cannot Be Undersold Anywhere in this State. Summons. In the Circuit Court of the County of Linn in the State of Oregon. Alvin C. Westgate, Plaintiff, Levi S. Westgate, Defendant. To Levi S. Westgate, the Defendant above named: IN THE NAME OF THE STATE OF OREGON, you are hereby summoned and required to appear and answer the complaint of the above named plaintiff, now on file with the Clerk of said Court, on or before the first day of October, next, at said Court, to be held in Albany, Linn County, Oregon, on the fourth Monday, the 25th day of October, 1880, and you are notified that the relief demanded in said complaint is that the marriage contract now existing between said plaintiff and defendant be forever dissolved, that plaintiff have the care and custody of the minor child, Alvin Westgate, and that plaintiff recover judgment against defendant for her costs and disbursements of this suit; and if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as herein required the plaintiff will apply to said Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. This summons is published in the STATE RIGHTS DEMOCRAT newspaper once a week for six consecutive weeks, by order of Hon. R. B. Boley, Judge of said Court, which order is dated September 27, 1880. STANLAW & BILLYE, Attorneys for Plaintiff. WHEAT WANTED. Ballard, Isom & Co. WILL PAY A PREMIUM OF FOUR CENTS per bushel in Mill feed over and above the Market price on all good Merchantable wheat stored with them this season. Are prepared to pay CASH DOWN, and guarantee as good prices as can be obtained elsewhere. We have our Mill fitted up with all the latest improved Machinery, and do CLEANING WORK. Ballard, Isom & Co. Albany, July 22, 1880. WHEAT WANTED! THE PROPRIETORS OF THE MAGNOLIA MILLS offer a premium of four cents per bushel over and above the market price for good merchantable wheat either sold to them or stored with them in this coming season. Stocks furnished to prefer shipping to store, or sell by them to them. J. H. FOSTER & CO. Albany, July 20, 1880. JOHN ELLIOTT, PRACTICAL MILLWRIGHT, Albany, Oregon. Information given cheerfully. Address me at Albany. NEW BARBER SHOP! J. H. SURLER, Prop'r. A GOOD SEA FOAM SHAMPOO goes with each shave. Prices for shaving and hair-cutting same as usual. Rooms opposite McCall's store. \$300 A MONTH guaranteed. 412 a day at home. We will send you a week's supply of this good money maker, at work for us at any time. The more you use the more you will get as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise will see this notice with their own eyes, and not believe for themselves. Copy Outfit and Terms. Now the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. H. H. HARRIS TRUE & CO., Astoria, Maine. MARKET. J. R. HERREN, Proprietor. FRESH BEEF, PORK, BUTTER, VEAL AND SAUSAGE. The fullest pains will be taken to accommodate the public. MONEY is now being made faster than ever before. By those at work for the State. We will send you a week's supply of this good money maker, at work for us at any time. The more you use the more you will get as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise will see this notice with their own eyes, and not believe for themselves. Copy Outfit and Terms. Now the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. H. H. HARRIS TRUE & CO., Astoria, Maine. ALBANY COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE. ALBANY, OR. The First Term will open on Wednesday, September 1, 1880. For particulars concerning the course of study and the price of tuition, apply to: REV. EMMETT C. CONdit, Pres't. INSURANCE. Commercial Union, of London. Capital, \$12,500,000. North British and Mercantile. Capital, \$10,000,000. Also the Imperial London, Northern & Queen. Capital, \$39,000,000. C. H. STEWART, Agent. \$66.00 a week in your own town. \$5 month business as well as this. Apply if you wish to get paid all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HARRIS & CO., Portland, Maine. THIS PAPER may be found on file at Gen. C. F. BEATTIE'S office, 138 Fifth Ave., New York, where you can obtain a copy for 10 cents. It is published every Friday except on legal holidays. PUBLISHED BY W. B. SCOTT, IN NEW YORK.

The Democrat. MART V. BROWN, EDITOR. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1880. NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET. For President, WINFIELD S. HANCOCK, OF PENNSYLVANIA. For Vice President, WILLIAM H. ENGLISH, OF INDIANA. For Presidential Electors, J. K. WEATHERFORD, of Linn County, T. G. OWEN, of Coos County, JAS. FULTON, of Wasco County. IMMORTAL WORDS. The great principles of American liberty are still the law of inheritance of this people, and ever should be. The right of trial by jury, the sacredness of the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons and the rights of property must be preserved. WINFIELD S. HANCOCK, Maj. Gen. Comd'g Dept. 1, and Texas. HON. JAS. H. SLATER'S SPEECH. Senator Slater last Monday night spoke to one of the largest audiences ever assembled in the court house. Between 500 and 700 people were present, a very great proportion of the audience being ladies. His speech was a masterpiece of logic, argument and incontrovertible fact. He asserted nothing against the Republican party or their Presidential candidates that could not be proven by the record. The proofs he offered were from that party alone, and must remain unchallenged and undisputed. The Senator has a candid, square, open and honest way of presenting his arguments that cannot fail to impress his hearers. He dealt squarely with facts as they exist, and without bombast and spread-eagle display of oratory, he nails his arguments to the cat-head with a power of incontrovertible logic which must convince his listeners and overpower his opponents. He possesses that peculiar conciseness of the successful orator, the power to enchain and hold his audience against all interruption, and by his candor and impartiality of debate he attracts the attention and wins the respect of all who are under the sound of his voice. We regret that we have not the space to give his most admirable speech in detail, or to touch upon the points presented by him. So to say that his speech had the effect to compel Republicans to ponder upon his arguments and make many of them hesitate upon the question as to how they should cast their votes in November. In his closing magnificent service for the cause of the peerless hero, Hancock, and his work will add many figures to the column which will swell our glorious majority next month. PUT IT IN ITS LITTLE BED. In relation to the matter of fees of Clerks and Sheriffs, we notice a specimen of Republican jiggery that is eminently characteristic of that party. Hon. Jno. H. Smith, State Senator from Linn, introduced a fee bill reducing the emoluments of those officers to a fair living rate, but, true to the instincts of the Radical high-salary party, Starkweather of Clackamas headed off Senator Smith's motion to refer it to a friendly committee, and by the power of the Republican majority secured its reference to the Judiciary Committee, where it will most likely sleep the sleep that knows no waking. SENATOR BILYEN AND SMITH MAY AS WELL UNDERSTAND THAT THE RADICAL MAJORITY IN THAT BODY WILL PUT A DEAD LOCK, IF POSSIBLE, ON ANY AND ALL THEIR MEASURES TO REDUCE THE EXPENSES OR REMEDY THE PRESENT EVILS OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE. EXERCISE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS. The inquiry which was instituted by the committee organized here, into the eligibility of all Presidential Electors named by the Republicans, has already resulted in the discovery of several ineligible electors in different parts of the country. They will be compelled to resign and new names substituted. In one case there was found an elector who was also Collector of Internal Revenue—Washington Correspondence of Cincinnati Commercial, Sept. 25. So it seems that Gov. Grover's decision in the Oregon Electoral case has become the settled law of the land, notwithstanding its being overruled by fraud four years ago. The Republicans are conscious that they cannot nullify the Constitution in this respect a second time. THE CORRECT THING. The Jacksonville city council refused to spend a lot of money out of the public treasury in a reception and "hoosdo" for Hayes, and the Radical papers are scolding around like thunder about it. The council did right not to spend the people's money for any such a fraudulent circus. Let the men who are traveling about the country on Samuel J. Tilden's salary pay the traveling expenses of his own menagerie. DRAPER AND WHITNEY TO-NIGHT AT THE COURT HOUSE. Don't forget that T. M. Draper—the boy orator—and Hon. J. J. Whitney will speak at the Court House to-night. Give them a rousing house. It is unfortunate that the Albany Foot-Pad Squabbles can't have a \$10,000 lundulet to ride Old Flashbrake in next Monday night.