The Democrat.

MART. V. BROWN, EDITOR.

FRIDAY.....JULY 9, 1880.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President,
WINFIELD S. HANCOCK,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

For Vice President,
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
OF INDIANA.

For Presidential Electors,
J. E. WEATHERFORD, of Linn County.
T. G. OWEN, of Coos County.
JAS. FULTON, of Wasco County.

IMMORTAL WORDS.

The great principles of American liberty are still the lawful inheritance of this people, and ever should be. The right of trial by jury, the habeas corpus, the liberty of the press, the freedom of speech, the natural rights of persons and the rights of property must be preserved.

WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.
Maj. Gen. Com'd'g Dept. La. and Texas.

FAVORABLE ESTIMATE OF VOTES.

Alexander Del Mar makes an estimate of the result of the Presidential campaign highly favorable to General Hancock. He gives the Democrats all the Southern States, with New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana and California. This is simply adding California to the list of Northern States Tilden carried four years ago. This estimate gives Hancock twenty-four more than enough electoral votes to elect him. Del Mar's doubtful list includes Pennsylvania, New Hampshire, Illinois, Nevada and Oregon. Del Mar's reasons for putting Illinois and Pennsylvania in the doubtful list, without including Ohio, may be sufficient for himself, but do not seem based on existing political facts. At the last election, the Republicans had a majority in Ohio of less than one-half of one per cent. of the entire vote, or about 3,500 in a total vote of nearly 700,000. Pennsylvania and Illinois went Republican at their last election by large majorities.

All the Democrats have to do to take Oregon out of Del Mar's doubtful column is to make a change of less than 700 from George's majority in June, and Hancock will have the electoral vote of the State in November. By industrious effort this is surely an easy matter of accomplishment. Remember we have an aggregate vote of nearly 38,000 to work on.

FORNEY WEAKENS.

John W. Forney, the veteran Republican editor and politician, very much doubts Garfield's ability to carry the country, and remarks: "It is not safe or politic to tell the truth at all times, but it can never do any harm to utter the thought that is certainly at the portals of every honest Republican heart this day. The defeat of Grant at Chicago was a blunder, and the nomination of Garfield does not improve with time. Exactly as men's resentment against Grant begins to cool, their anger at his unseemly sacrifice begins to warm. The Republicans are already on the defensive from Maine to the Mexican border. Not to be irreverent about it, the men who consummated this crucifixion are startled at the enormity of their guilt, and I fear the day is coming when they will call upon the mountains to fall upon and hide them."

Mr. Forney says the Republican party deserves defeat for taking a man like Garfield for its standard-bearer.

THE STATE FAIR.

This year Salem is all in smiles—the State Fair was a grand financial success. The receipts are in excess of any previous exhibition, and will enable the Society to pay all premiums and perhaps cancel their indebtedness. The weather was propitious, the exhibits were generally first-class, and the races were the best and most interesting ever witnessed in the State. The best of order was maintained by Chief Marshal Downing and his corps of assistants, an unusual scarcity of roughs and drunks was a notable feature of the affair, and in fact everything contributed to make it a grand success.

We heartily congratulate the management on their "happy hit" this time.

WANTED, A LEADER.

The Republicans are in a bad fix. They have no leader in the present campaign. Garfield asked Don Cameron to take the chairmanship of the national committee and run the machine, but he peremptorily declined. Then he interviewed Logan, but the result is not yet known, but it is very doubtful if he will accept. The leaders see that it is going to be uphill work. Zach Chandler ran the campaign four years ago, and wrung victory from defeat; but there wasn't another man in the party that could have done it.

THE NEW SUPREME COURT.

The newly-elected Judges of the Supreme Court were sworn into office on Monday last by Frank E. Hodgkin, Notary Public, and received from Hon. R. P. Earhart, Secretary of State, their certificates of election. The drawing for choice of terms resulted as follows: Judge Waldo secured the six years term, Judge Watson the four years term and Judge Lord the Chief Justiceship with the two years term. Peter D'Arcy remains for the present Clerk of the Court and E. C. McLain Bailiff.

ANOTHER GARFIELD INFAMY.

Garfield's Congressional record is besmirched all over with uniquities. In addition to his Credit Mobilier and De Golyer bribes, his back-salary steal, etc., let us examine another infamous transaction of his after he became chairman of the committee on appropriations, and, as one of his purchasers said, "held the purse strings of the nation." The forty-second congress, in which the republicans had large majorities in both houses, has gone into history as memorable for scandalous legislation. Among many disgraceful acts was that authorizing the infamous Sanborn contracts, by which informers and spies were enabled to seize the books of merchants, and, by connivance, to blackmail them, and at the same time to plunder the treasury of immense sums. The law was the result of a corrupt combination between certain members of congress, certain treasury officials, and one Sanborn, with one Jayne as the master workman. Some idea of the magnitude of their operations may be formed from the fact that Sanborn drew from the treasury nearly $175,000 for three month's service.

But for Garfield's direct complicity, that infamy would have never disfigured the statute book. The job was done in this way. Sawyer, then carpet-bag senator from the south afterward assistant secretary and a confederate of Sanborn's ring, introduced an amendment to the legislative, executive, and judicial bill, authorizing the contracts to be made. It was a "rider" and not in any way germain to the bill. But the republicans then had the chronic habit of mounting their very worst legislation as riders on regular supply bills. The bill, thus amended, was reported to the house April 8, 1872, and the job was badly beaten.

Then came the fine hand of trickery to play its part. Mr. Garfield, instead of allowing the bill to go back to the senate, where the action of the house might be concurred in, moved directly for a committee of conference, so as to let six men legislate coercively for three hundred, with himself as chairman on the house side. Of course the job was put back on the bill, and it passed the senate, where it had originated. But the house stood firm, and again, by a majority of one, refused its assent on a call of the yeas and nays. Twice defeated, the bill was recommitted to the same conference, and when next reported had a long tail of verbiage, attached to deceive some and to operate as an excuse for others whose prejudices had meanwhile been conquered. Mr. Garfield then applied the previous question, and drove the bill through by ten majority. Addition, division, and silence won the day.

EXPLANATORY.

HOWELL PRAIRIE, OR., July 5, 1880.

Editor Democrat:

I have just read in your paper the request that came to my office for me to send money to the Republican committee for election purposes, and I desire to correct several errors. My post-office is Howell Prairie—not Silverton; and as for my age and salary, neither is important. I did not send that letter with a request to have it published, but an old gentleman who is stopping with me was in Salem a few days ago, and he told some parties in that city that I had such a document, and they wrote to my deputy to send it to town and they would have it published, so I sent it without note or comment. As for my political proclivities, I have voted but *one time* in thirty-seven years, but I denounce all such documents from any political party. If I have to pay political assessments to hold a little nine-penny postoffice they are entirely welcome to the office, as I am heartily tired of it. I am old and crippled, but I would try to live without the office.

In correcting these errors I do not wish to throw any blame on the gentlemen who had the letter published, as they are my warm friends.

D. W. ELLEDGE.

A QUESTION OF TASTE.

The *Oregonian*, by unwonted stupidity, designates Garfield as a "hog;" but we can hardly bring ourselves to this descent in showing up the Radical Presidential candidate's official waywardness. His record undoubtedly shows evidence of the possession of porcine proclivities of no obscure nature—evidence which might justify the inelegant journalist of the *Oregonian* in designating him as a "Hog;" but we are constrained to confine ourselves to a higher plane of journalism and speak of Garfield only as "one more unfortunate" whose easy virtue has been discovered just in time to save the good name of our country by preventing his exposal of the goddess of liberty in the White House.

THE exodus of colored people from the South has recommenced, if the dispatches are to be relied on. A St. Louis telegram says that last week the arrival of colored people there was very large, and that every available space in and around the relief headquarters is crowded with immigrants of all ages, sexes and sizes. These report that the exodus has only set in. Most of them are from Mississippi and Louisiana, especially the former.

THE CHINESE PLANK.

In an able editorial on the Democratic platform the S. F. *Examiner* thus touches upon the anti-Chinese plank:

But above other issues of the period, overshadowing every live topic of party consideration, so far as the Pacific Coast States and Territories are involved, is the Chinese question, and right manfully and amply have the Democracy, in their matchless platform, pronounced the voice of the masses of the whole coast upon this vital issue of the campaign. "No more Chinese immigration!" There stands the complete text for every Democratic orator to hold forth upon; and it is as a doctrine of the holy faith of the inspired Gospel, invincible against the assaults and arts of the desperate and crafty adversaries of the Democratic cause. It is sufficient in itself. "No more Chinese immigration!" These are the four bold, plain, resolute words, thorough in their directness of expression; eloquent in all that they imply; impossible of misinterpretation; proof against misconstruction; absolute in their vigorous and verile declaration that, after the triumph, under Hancock and English, under the next Democratic administration, by the power of the grand old party of the Constitution and good government, in its year of victory and its fullness of the new life, with the blessing of Heaven upon the reinstated cause, there shall be "No more Chinese immigration!" Upon the entire complete platform the jubilant and exulting Democracy of California, in fraternal, happy concord and unity with their rejoicing and enthusiastic party brethren throughout the Republic, take their immovable stand; but with especial delight, for the bow of promise for the glory of the victory sure to come to the party in November, the Democracy of California hail and applaud this joyous token of their triumph in the political firmament, to inspire them in the contest and to bring to their organization thousands of votes from the ranks of the sons of toil, whose battle is white free labor against coolie servility and degradation, and whose constant prayer and unceasing cry is now proclaimed by the great Democratic party of the Republic, in motto form, as the chosen watchword of the Democratic legions of California. "No more Chinese immigration!" It is the knell of Republicanism and its twin barbarism on this soil.

COMPARE THEM.

The *Oregonian* one day last week contained the following endorsement of Arthur, the Republican candidate for Vice President:

"Some of the democratic organs are greatly concerned over the nomination of Gen. Arthur for vice president. They need give themselves no uneasiness on this account. Gen. Arthur's reputation has never been assailed, and is above reproach. The administration thought a change in the New York custom house, where Gen. Arthur was collector, necessary as a matter of policy, but no charge was ever brought affecting his integrity."

Not wishing to "throw mud" at the Republican candidate, but simply seeking to show that the *Oregonian* editor is either inexcusably ignorant or else willfully lies, we reprint the following:

"You have made the Custom House a center of partisan political management."—R. B. Hayes to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

"With a deep sense of my obligations under the Constitution, I regard it as my plain duty to suspend you in order that the office may be honestly administered."—R. B. Hayes to Collector Arthur Jan. 31, 1879.

"Gross abuses of administration have continued and increased during your incumbency."—John Sherman to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

"Persons have been regularly paid by you who have rendered little or no service; the expenses of your office have increased while its receipts have diminished. Bribes, or gratuities in the shape of bribes, have been received by your subordinates in several branches of the Custom House, and you have in no case supported the effort to correct these abuses."—Secretary Sherman to Collector Arthur, Jan. 31, 1879.

The spectacle of Arthur paraded on that platform with its civil service plank is one that the best Republicans down this way cannot, at once, contemplate with patience.—*Springfield Republican.*

The nomination [Arthur's] was unwise as representing hostility to the administration of Mr. Hayes, and a kind of politics not acceptable to discreet Republicans. It is but right to acknowledge the disappointment with which the news of the completion of the ticket was received.—*Harper's Weekly.*

THE REPUBLICAN OUTLOOK.

What Members of the Republican Committee Think.

A Chicago *Times* New York special says: Members of the National Republican Committee express unbounded confidence, and several Southern members talk confidently of victory in their States. Gorham of California went so far as to say that with a plentiful use of money Kentucky might be carried. Less sanguine politicians in the hotel corridors say that all the States controlled by the third-term leaders might with propriety be put in the doubtful column. Conkling's friends urge the immediate removal of Collector Merritt, on the ground that the State cannot be carried without it. One of Conkling's followers said that the patronage of the administration in the leading States must be put at their disposal, or neither Logan, Cameron or Conkling would do much in the campaign.

A Remarkable Cure.

One of the best testimonials to the efficacy of any medicine is that of Mr. Chas. S. Prentice, published in this paper some weeks ago. He recommends Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure as a remedy for Bright's disease, and supports his recommendation by giving the details of his fruitless effort to be cured of that malady by consulting eminent practitioners at home and abroad. H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of the medicine, are a prominent and respectable house at Rochester, N. Y., and would not urge the sale of a valueless nostrum. Any one suffering kidney or liver disease should give the remedy a trial.

THE EXODUS.

Much has been said about the southern exodus and the cause of it. The Republicans claimed that it was owing to the treatment the blacks received in the south, while the democrats laid it to agents who wanted to bring the colored men north to help in the elections. It was claimed that this was particularly the case in Indiana, and Senator Voorhees had a committee appointed to investigate the matter, but all the testimony taken failed to show any connivance on the part of the republicans to fill up that state with voters from North Carolina. But a letter has lately fallen into the hands of the democrats which puts the matter in an entirely different light. It is written by Samuel L. Perry to Thomas M. Brown, member of congress from the Fifth Indiana district, and goes to show that the whole thing was planned. Perry even claims an office for bringing 2,000 Republican voters to that state, and intends to run in as many more. Here is the letter:

WASHINGTON, April 24, 1880.—Hon Thomas M. Brown, M. C.—*Dear Sir:* I have carried the letter that you were so kind to give me to several places, but they all tell me there are no vacancies in their departments. I have not been to see Secretary Sherman yet, but intend to go to-morrow. I am in a bad condition of affairs—am behind in my house rent and also my grocery bill. I do not know what to do. It is well known that I have added two thousand votes to the republican party in Indiana, and through my agents, now at work, will add at least ten thousand during this month and next. I set out last fall to direct the exodus from other states direct into Indiana, and I have succeeded in doing it. Just think about it. I carried over two thousand men there myself, and I am still directing others to go there. I talked with Postmaster Halloway, Marshal Dudley, Register Jordon, and in fact, all of the republicans in Indianapolis on this subject, last summer, and the matter was talked over. Voorhees tried to make me expose the men, but I believed it to be honest and right, and told him I did, and I think so yet. I therefore use nobody's name except my own. I would have been there myself, but when I was compelled to stop I was there without money and had no way to get off. Now, what I want you to do is to go and see Gen. Tyner, Secretary Thompson, or somebody that will give me something to do, so I can get money enough to get away from here with. I do not see how I can keep my family from suffering here. Whether I can get anything to do or not, I am still in favor of the exodus. If you cannot go, get me a letter from Gen. Garfield and Mr. Butterworth, and that directed to Secretary Sherman. From what I have been told a letter from Mr. Garfield and other members of Congress would aid me considerably with Secretary Sherman. Please let me hear from you soon. I am in a suffering condition.

Very respectfully yours,
SAMUEL J. PERRY.

Direct 2,002 Seventh street, city.

Perry was in communication with leading Indiana republicans regarding the exodus. This letter will go further towards convincing the people that it was a put up job to throw Indiana into the column of republicans states than a dozen investigating committees.

A NOTABLE CONTRAST.

It was not the amount of corruption money that went into Garfield's pocket in the Credit Mobilier affair, the Boston *Post* alleges, but the fact that he was in the ring and was deemed at the time to be a man whose votes and influence could be bought for money that smooches him. He did get and still holds dividends on stock which he says he never held. Contrast his conduct with that of another Ohio gentleman. When Salmon P. Chase was Secretary of the Treasury, Jay Cooke purchased for him some shares in a Pennsylvania railroad, which he proposed to hold as an investment. Contrary to his expectation Mr. Chase was unable to pay for it. Cooke continued to hold it, but finally sold it at a profit of $4,200 and sent a check for that amount, proposing to treat the advance purchase made by Cooke as a temporary loan. Mr. Chase returned the check, saying he could not accept the favor. In his letter he referred to the fact that he had been clothed with remarkable powers over the currency, and that he had determined to avoid every act that would occasion suspicion of availing himself of his knowledge and position to put money into his pocket. His closing paragraph was, "In order to be able to render the most efficient service to our country, it is as essential for me to be right as to seem right; and to seem right as well as to be right." Note the contrast.

WHEN Chittenden had secured Garfield's services for the Chicago paving ring, he wrote to McClellan and De Golyer as follows: "To-day and to-night's work has secured the assistance of General Garfield. You can not overrate this accession. He is the Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations and holds the purse-strings of the National Treasury. Through him must come every dollar of appropriations. I need not say that I now feel certain of success." This "accession" enabled the paving ring to filch $1,250,000 from the public Treasury.

BLAINE'S BUREAU.

Put away our Jimmy's bureau,
It will keep for four years more;
Mark it "Waxed by Grant in '80,"
Fetch it out in '84.

"OLD FROSS" says there is now no danger of rust.

DEMOCRATIC PATRIOTS.

A valued Democratic exchange truthfully observes that it is a part of the regular stock in trade of the Republican politicians to claim that their party, as a party, subdued the rebellion, and they make the claim in their Chicago platform. They know very well that the claim is false, and that the war was fought out by democrats and republicans alike, but they must have some reason or excuse for the continuance of their party's life, and they give this one. To show the utter fallacy of their claim upon all the patriotism of the country, we present a few of the long list of distinguished soldiers who were while alive or are today exemplar democrats, and whose patriotism the republican party dare call in question. It will be difficult for the republicans to name men more distinguished for the bravery on the field or honored for their services than:

Gen. Winfield S. Hancock,
" George H. Thomas,
" George B. McClellan,
" W. S. Rosencranz,
" Fighting Joe Hooker,
" H. W. Slocum,
" Franz Seigel,
" John M. Palmer,
" Geo. W. Morgan,
" Thomas Ewing,
" Alfred Terry,
" John F. Farnsworth,
" J. M. Schofield,
" Gabe Bouck,
" Bragg,
" John M. Corse, the hero of Altona.
" John A. McClernand,
" John J. Steadman the hero of Chicamaugua,
" George A. Custer, sacrificed by a republican president,
" Fredrick Steele,

together with heroic thousands of officers and soldiers, lower in rank, yet no less brave and patriotic.

HELP FOR THE POSTMASTERS.

Following is a late dispatch from Washington:

The increase of salaries of postmasters in Oregon under the new adjustment provided by law gives the following result: Albany, $2,000, an increase of $300; Astoria, $1,000; Baker City, $1,100; Corvallis, $1,200, an increase of $100; Eugene City, $1,300, an increase of $100; Oregon City, $1,500, an increase of $100; Portland, $3,000, an increase of $400; Salem, $2,600; The Dalles, $1,800, an increase of $300.

So it seems our Oregon postmasters are to be enabled by an easy method to "come out" on the assessments made by the Radical Campaign Committee. This opportune "raise" on their salaries comes just in good time, and will assist materially in swelling the funds of the corruption committee at Washington.

Of course a large class of the people may feel inclined to "buck" at the use of their money in this way, but we don't see how they are to help themselves just now. These salaries have been opportunely and conveniently increased just on the heels of the Radical committee's assessment; the demand for the money comes with the sanction of Civil Service Reformer Hayes, and as a consequence the poor Niobys of the country must "come out!"

OUR NATIONAL DEBT.

In the countries where it is owed it is equal to about thirty dollars for every individual, or one hundred and fifty dollars for every family. Considering that in many of those countries labor is paid at the rate of about 25 cents per day, it would take two years of such labor from all the heads of families to pay it. England has a debt of about two thousand five hundred millions of dollars, equal to about seventy-five dollars per head of her population, or $375 per family; and it would take all the wages of an ordinary English family at about a year and a half to pay it were it to be paid. In the United States the interest paying debt is about $1,600,000,000, or about $36 per head—$180 per family per year. The average earnings per family are probably $600 per annum, so that the load is lighter here than elsewhere, and it would take not quite four months earnings of the average family to pay it.

GARFIELD'S "EASY VIRTUE."

The course of Garfield in that De Golyer business brings out prominently his easy virtue. When confronted with the evidence of having been paid a large sum for inserting into an Appropriation Bill, of which he had charge, the item for pavement contracts, he boldly claimed the right to be retained as counsel on matters seeking legislation. Such moral obtuseness as that is not what the people want in their representative at the White House. When he quit preaching, he evidently stepped down from a high moral pedestal, as many others have done before him. Even his best friends have sufficient respect for popular intelligence never to associate his name with reform.

FRED Douglas, the Chicago *News* asserts, said to an old friend, as he was leaving the Palmer House with his grip-sack in hand, and with all the appearance of a broken-down man: "I scarcely dare to speak; my heart is bruised; they have deserted my people; they have lost the country." He was asked to call upon Mr. Garfield to congratulate him, but instead, with bowed head and dejected mien, he took his solitary way to the depot.

EDITORIAL POINTS.

GRANT is grooming for '84.

SENATOR GROVER's health is slowly improving.

GEN. PRATT, Grand Army Treasurer, opposes Garfield.

DON CAMERON's health is still failing, and his friends are anxious.

THE Connecticut Greenbackers have nominated a full State ticket.

SENATOR SLATER will stump Oregon for Hancock and English. Good!

ILLINOIS Democrats feel confident of electing Lyman Trumball Governor.

SACRAMENTO has an immense Hancock and English Club organization.

OHIO and Indiana are the only States that will hold their elections in October.

IT is thought that the city of San Francisco will give Hancock 25,000 majority.

WEAVER, the Greenbacker, will take the stump. That's about all there is left for him to take.

THE San Francisco Workingmen's Party has repudiated Kearney, and will support Hancock.

FOUR Presidential tickets in the field and more a-coming. Every fellow can vote to his taste this year.

IT is now thought that General Logan will be made Chairman of the National Republican Committee.

IN the Democratic Conventions first in 1868 Hancock received 144½ votes, and in 1876, 75 votes for President.

BEECHER says Garfield has a good mother and a good wife. Glad of it but the Lord never does everything for one family.

THE Troy, N. Y., *Budget*—a Radical Republican paper—says Garfield's nomination should not bind Republicans to vote for him.

NEARLY 200 Union soldiers—all of whom were heretofore Republicans—have formed a Hancock club in San Francisco.

FRAUDY HAYES and family are *en route* for the Pacific Coast, and will visit this State. Oregonians, take in your grindstones!

THE Radical managers are beginning to feel very blue about Oregon. The rank and file don't enthuse worth a cent over Gar-an'-Arth.

GARFIELD's record will be worth something to him after the election. He will be offered a big salary as a bank president or a railroad manager.

THE Democratic war-horse, Congressman Whiteaker, was handsomely received and serenaded on his arrival at his home in Eugene last week.

GEN. NESMITH has a handsome photograph of Gen. Hancock, which was presented to him by the next President some seventeen years ago, in Washington.

GEN. HANCOCK was born Feb. 14, 1824—on St. Valentine's Day; he weighs about 265 pounds, and is therefore a rather hefty Valentine to bestow on the country just now.

THIS increase of postmasters' salaries is a good thing for the Democrats who will go into those offices after the 4th of March next, as it will save them from asking for a "raise."

A Republican paper says Mr. Garfield's record will not have to be defended. That is abandoning the field rather early in the action. There are indications of a panic in the Republican ranks.

THE Southern people will give Hancock a tremendous endorsement in November. They would have put him in in 1868 had the Republican despots held their unhallowed hands off their throats.

JOHN Sherman said to the Senate in 1879: "The restoration of Messrs. Arthur and Cornell would be a serious injury to the public service, involving a loss of public revenue and an increased expenditure."

THE last on Garfield is that in Congress in 1871 he voted against a resolution asking the President to interfere in behalf of American Fenians imprisoned in Canada. No Garfield need apply for Irish votes now!

EXCHANGES drift to our table yet with puffs for Jas. E. English, of Connecticut, for Vice President. If these fellows will chalk up their cues and take a carom over on to Indiana they will get the right English on the shot.

THE Republican Congressman, C. H. Voorhis's, welcome home to New Jersey is not a pleasant one. He has been arrested at Hackensack for embezzling $5,000 from the First National bank, which went to ruin under his presidency.

THE Lafayette *Courier* (Ind.) says of Gen. Hancock: "His record as far as we know is stainless and beyond reproach. A noble gentleman and a brave soldier, worthy of the highest civic honor and position in the gift of the people."

THE *Oregonian* is happy at naming things. This time it calls the DEMOCRAT's assaults on Garfield's record "Hog Wash!" We hadn't quite denominated Garfield a "hog," but as the *Oregonian* has been pleased to come to our assistance and dub him with the correct designation, we "accept the amendment," and will proceed to wash him some more.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

BUCK POMEROY's *Democrat* has been suspended, and Brick's partner is in jail for forgery.

IT is mentioned as one of Mr. Garfield's strong points that he is passionately fond of base-ball. He is, no doubt, just as terrible at croquet.

THE Republicans will make the most of Garfield's military record, but that only lasted two years, and his civil record runs through eighteen years.

GARFIELD says the charges as to his connection with the Credit Mobilier were "refuted long ago." If such a refutation has been made, it has never been published in any republican organ.

THE Garfield boom stuck more terror into the soul of Conking than Sprague's shot-gun at Narragansett pier—but he had his revenge in making a tail to a ticket which will defeat the head.

THE financial claims of the Republican party are supremely ridiculous, when one remembers that the Republican Congress killed McCulloch's plan for the retirement of greenback currency and passed the Inflation Bill.

IF Arthur wasn't good enough to be Collector in New York for John Sherman and Hayes, how will they enjoy voting for him for presiding officer of the Senate, and possibly President of the United States? Good news for the gang.

"WHAT are we here for but to get office?" said delegate Flanagan, of Texas, at the Chicago Convention, when opposing the Civil Service Reform plank of the platform. And the saints all grinned, conscious of the truth of the Flanagan postulate.

THE Providence *Star*, Independent Republican, says: Fred Grant's army associates say he is fully as great an idiot as he is represented to be. His latest absurdity is this: "Father's gone up, and I am liable to be ordered where there is danger."

ANYBODY to beat Grant served its purpose, but in the hurry the managers forgot to examine the record of record of the body settled upon, and now about the sickest lot of mortals we ever looked at are the chaps who beat Grant with Garfield.

THE Republicans are placed on the defensive. They may get the old outrage manufactory opened up, but they can only work it by starts and fits. They will have all they can do trying to whitewash their man with Credit Mobilier, De Golyer Paving Company and salary-grab pushing at him.

GUSH and mush in Republican papers, the Albany *Argus* thinks, will not elect their ticket. Why did Garfield sell his votes to Oakes Ames and De Golyer? Why was General Auther turned out of the Custom-house? These questions are answerered by facts. Those facts destroy the chances of this ticket to win.

PACIFIC COASTERS.

A Portland horse chews tobacco.

High water at Portland receding.

Far up in the mighty mountain ranges there is still a vast amount of snow left.

Col. Ellinger and Hon. John Myers are coming home from the Cincinnati Convention.

Indian deviltry is reported East of the Mountains, and another outbreak is apprehended.

The California wheat crop has begun to move to market, and is the largest ever produced in the State.

A band of nearly 3,000 cattle were driven through Walla Walla on the 24 inst., bound for Cheyenne.

There were 8,000 to 10,000 people at the State Fair on Monday last. The gate-receipts for the day were over $6,000.

Thos. Watts was shot dead by Harry Lynch, at East Portland, last Monday. Watts fooled around Lynch's wife—and that's Watts the matter.

JAMES V. RICH, a class leader in a Methodist church at Philadelphia, has eloped with a young woman of 24 summers, who was until recently employed in a coffee roasting establishment. He leaves a wife and five children, and has in his possession $4,000 belonging to his late partners in business.

GARFIELD has determined to pass the charges of corruption against him by without notice. The people, however, have a different idea of the matter and demand an answer to the charges and unless a satisfactory answer is given the honest republicans will not fall to repudiate him in November.

WHILE General Hatch was fooling around in New Mexico, pretending to try and capture Victoria and his band, that wily chief burned all the wagon trains that supplied Silver City with provisions, and the people are in danger of starvation.

NEBRASKA has a population of 500,000, and her number of Congressmen will be increased, under the new apportionment, from one to five. Some of the Eastern, New England and Southern States will lose members, and the West will generally gain them.

SOME of the DEMOCRAT force had some Fourth and some took some Fair; hence is why we may be a little short in some of the departments this week.

NEWS BRIEFS.

SIXTEEN young ladies bore torches in the Hancock ratify at Oregon City. All honor to them!

LAST month the Mississippi at Burlington, Iowa, was 14 inches higher than ever before known.

AT Canton, Ohio, last week, there was a circus and three executions. Over 20,000 people witnessed the amusements.

MISS JESSIE RAYMOND has failed to prove that Senator Ben. Hill is the father of her child, and now it goes fatherless.

THERE was a duel in South Carolina last Monday, in which Col. R. C. B. Cash, of Chesterfield, killed Col. Wm. M. Shannon, of Camden.

ON the 19th ult. a negro preacher of Marion county, Texas, was shot dead by one of his congregation, because the said preacher became too familiar "wid de ole woman ob de said homicider."

DAVID L. SHANK, while on a drunken spree, attacked two women in their own house, near Sidney, O., recently, with a fence rail, and killed one of them, and would have killed the other had her cries not brought assistance.

COL. C. C. WHARTON called upon Christians, in his recent speech, to support Garfield, because he "practices their beautiful and holy religion." It will be news to most people to know that bribe-taking and perjury are Christian practices.

BEECHER refused to pray for the Republican Presidential candidate. This is about the only ray of consolation that has shone on Garfield since his nomination. "For God's sake, nominate Grant," telegraphed Beecher to the Convention.

An Oriental traveler describes this busy scene, witnessed on historic shores: "Our steamer landed on a beach which was the part of Antioch where the disciples were first called Christians. There was no town at the water's edge, no people, no wharf. The passengers and merchandise were put ashore in lighters, which ran up into the sand. A troop of camels, with their drivers, lay on the beach, ready to transfer the goods into the interior. Among the articles landed were boxes marked 'Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.,' showing that they contained medicines and whence they came. These, with other goods, were hoisted on the backs of camels, for transportation to Antioch. Thus the skill of the West sends back its remedies to heal the maladies of populations that inhabit those Eastern shores, whence our spiritual manna came."—Windsor (Vt.) Chronicle.

THE OREGON KIDNEY TEA.

Read the following testimonials, not from persons 3,000 miles away, whom no one knows, but from well-known and trustworthy citizens of Oregon, whose names, written with their own hands, can be seen at our office:

Silverton, March 29, 1880.

I have used the **Oregon Kidney Tea** for pains in the back and am satisfied with its effects. I have no hesitancy in recommending it as a mild and safe remedy for lame back or derangement of the kidneys.
C. EISENHART.

Salem, Or., January 18, 1880.

I bought a can of the **Oregon Kidney Tea** and have used only a part of it, but my backache is entirely cured. It has a splendid effect upon the urinary organs.
J. F. HODSON.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE.

No people in the world suffer as much with Dyspepsia as Americans. Although years of experience in medicine had failed to accomplish a certain and sure remedy for this disease and its effects, such as Sour Stomach, Heart-burn, Water-brash, Sick Headache, Costiveness, palpitation of the Heart, Liver Complaint, coming up of the food, low spirits, general debility, etc., yet since the introduction of GRAEF'S ANODYNE FLOWER we believe there is no case of Dyspepsia that cannot be immediately relieved. 50,000 dozen sold last year without one case of failure reported. Go to your druggists, Foshay & Mason, and get a sample bottle for 10 cents and try it. Two doses will relieve you. Regular size 75 cents.

We Challenge the World.

When we say we believe we have evidence to prove that Shiloh's Consumption Cure is decidedly the best Lung Medicine made, inasmuch as it will cure a common or Chronic Cough in one half the time, and relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, and show more cases of Consumption cured than all others. It will cure where they fail, it is pleasant to take, harmless to the youngest child and we guarantee what we say. Price, 10 cts, 50 cts, and $1.00. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Foshay & Mason, Druggists, Albany, Oregon. n34

White's Prairie Flower.

Taken before retiring, will insure a good night's rest, with an awakening in the rosy morn to health, courage and vigor. For coated tongue, bad breath, sick headache, or any disturbance arising from dyspepsia or torpid liver it is without a peer. Its action on disease is entirely different from any medicine ever introduced, quieting pains almost instantly. The hue and cry raised against it by patent medicine men, who have foreseen in its advent the destruction of their nefarious business, and the thousands of unsolicited testimonials flowing in from all parts of the New World, is a sure indication of its great merits. Trial size at all Drug Stores. Half pound bottles, 75 cents. **Foshay & Mason, Sole Agents.**

Impure Breath.

Among all the disagreeable consequences that follow the decay of the teeth, an impure breath must be the most mortifying and unpleasant to its possessor, and it is the most inexcusable and offensive in society; and yet the cause of it may be easily removed by cleansing your teeth daily with that justly popular dentifrice, Fragrant SOZODONT. It purifies and sweetens the breath, cools and refreshes the mouth, and gives a pearl-like appearance to the teeth. Gentlemen who indulge in smoking should cleanse their teeth with SOZODONT, as it removes all unpleasant odors of the weed. Ask your druggist for it.

"My child," said the Captain, "I'm not finding fault; no harm in putting your best foot foremost. I wish you'd do it a little more. At your age you ought to be thinking about getting married." There's very little doubt that the giddy young thing was thinking about it, much more seriously than the Captain—dull, as all men are—ever imagined; but she was troubled about her complexion. Madame Rachel's Enamel Bloom was recommended, and solved the problem. Perfectly harmless, made of the most delicate plants, and wholesome in its effects, it is indispensable to every lady. For sale by all druggists.

MR. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building) New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the DEMOCRAT at our best rates.