

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

- FOR GOVERNOR, L. S. GROVER, OF MARION. FOR COMMISSIONERS, G. A. J. DOW, OF WASHINGTON. FOR SECRETARIES OF STATE, S. F. CHADWICK, OF DUGGAL. FOR STATE TREASURER, A. H. BROWN, OF BARKER.

FOR STATE PRINTING, MARI. V. BROWN, OF LINN.

FOR SUP. PUB. INSTRUCTION, F. J. DAWNE, OF MARION.

Judicial Nominations.

- First District—For Prosecuting Attorney, H. F. HANNA. Second District—For Judge, J. P. SCHERER. For Prosecuting Attorney, W. W. TITUS. Third District—For Prosecuting Attorney, J. W. WITNEY. Fifth District—For Prosecuting Attorney, J. H. LAWRENCE.

Linn County Democratic Ticket.

- FOR STATE SENATORS, A. D. HALEY, JOHN MUNKREPS. FOR REPRESENTATIVES, C. P. HERRINGMAN, JOE HENNINGTON, A. W. STANBARD, HARRY SHELTON, G. F. CRAWFORD, E. H. BOIT. FOR COMMISSIONERS, F. A. PORTER, G. A. HILL. FOR COUNTY CLERK, G. A. HILL. FOR COUNTY TREASURER, J. S. PALMER. FOR COUNTY CLERK, JOHN CURR.

Benton County Democratic Ticket.

- FOR SENATOR, MILTON SHANNON. FOR REPRESENTATIVES, JOHN T. HUGHES, MURPHY VERNON, M. W. SIMPSON. FOR COUNTY CLERK, ELIAS D. JONES. FOR COUNTY CLERK, PERCY HANSELL. FOR COUNTY TREASURER, J. S. PALMER. FOR COUNTY TREASURER, WILLIAM HINKLE. FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, BRITTON WOOD, WM. CAUTION.

TRUE MEN TO THE FRONT.

Before we again address our readers, through the medium of these columns, the great political battle of the first of June will have been fought and the victory won or lost. Voters of Oregon consider your interests. Look at the vast and varied interests of your State and decide candidly whether you desire to have an inexperienced, ambitious political preacher; a tool of the Hippie Ring, or an enlightened statesman for your Governor. If you desire the first, vote for Campbell; if you prefer the second, vote for Tolman, but if you would have the third, vote for Grover.

A LETTER in the daily Oregonian of May 24th, dated Lebanon, May 20th, and supposed to be a production from the pen of Dr. Ballard, confirms what we said last week in regard to the mission of H. W. Scott to this city. The writer, speaking of a prominent minister in Albany, who is noted for his zealous adherence to the fortunes of the Ring, says: "Ere now, the Rev. is presiding at the county, and using the 'livery of Hate to serve the devil in,' by electioneering with Independents to change off. That is, to induce Independent Republicans to change off and defeat the Democrats on their own ticket. Will a single Democrat remain on the half-price ticket to be sold like a bondman."

CERTAIN parties have been asserting that the extract we published last week, from a speech of Hon. Delazon Smith, referring to the burning of the Territorial Capitol, was spurious. Now, if any gentleman doubts the genuineness of that extract and wishes to risk one hundred dollars on his judgment, we will engage to find another gentleman who will produce the speech as reported and published at the time of its delivery. Mr. Smith did make the remarks to him, while Avery sat crocheting and trembling, unable to reply either by word or gesture.

The Bulletin reports a small pox scare in Albany. That's bad, but the people of Portland should not, in their anxiety for the welfare of their neighbors, forget to take proper precautions against the spread of leprosy. There is a possibility that the city may become infected with that loathsome disease from the presence of a noted Kanaka in their midst.

BAKER COUNTY.—Luo Bedrock Democrat says: "By information we receive from all parts of the county, by letter and from individuals, it is certain that the whole Democratic ticket will receive at least two hundred majority in this county. Other counties east of the Mountains, we are assured will give their usual Democratic majorities."

MODEL REFORMER.

Mr. J. H. Smith, of Harrisburg, has taken the stamp in this county in the interest of the Republicans, or, as it is mislabeled, the Independent ticket. Had Mr. Smith remained quiet as certainly became him, his name would not have appeared in these columns during this canvass. We recognize the right of any private citizen to change his party relations without subjecting himself to unfriendly public criticisms. But when a man assumes to make public speeches for the purpose of proselyting others to his belief, he becomes a legitimate object of public remark, and it is not only the right, but the absolute duty of a journal to discuss his claims to public confidence.

We are reliably informed that, in his speech at Harrisburg on last Saturday and at Brownsville, on Monday, Mr. Smith declared that he had espoused the Independent cause because he was convinced that the Democratic party had become corrupt. He also intimated, or stated distinctly, that he was offered the nomination for Congress by the late Democratic State Convention, but declined to accept because he could not consent to run on the ticket with Governor Grover. Whether Mr. Smith made his statement publicly or not we do not personally know, but that he has so stated in private conversation on more than one occasion we are prepared to prove. Now if Mr. Smith will name a half dozen delegates, who attended the State Convention which met recently at Albany, who would have supported him for any position on the ticket—under any consideration—he will astonish his most intimate acquaintances. The truth is his name was never mentioned among the delegates except when he was referred to as a chronic aspirant for position who was likely to bolt, and the general expression was "he's a dead weight, let him go." That Mr. Smith sought the nomination for Congress is susceptible of easy proof. His efforts in that direction provoked only derision, of which all but himself were cognizant. Mr. Smith speaks of the "ingratitude of the Democratic party" and holds himself and others up as men whose worth has been underestimated and whose claims have been slighted. The people understand this kind of demagogism. Democracy is in debt to no man, and if there be any who suppose they can run up a bill against the party by adhering to its principles, let them be undecieved. Democracy is patriotic; it is the love of personal freedom; it is honor in its broadest sense; it is adherence to the honored principles of our forefathers, and attachment to the constitution which was born of their faith in God and their love of liberty. Democracy is free government personified, and it claims the service of its votaries in recognition of its beneficent return to each and all alike.

And Mr. Smith is vain enough to claim that the Democratic party is in debt to somebody. He estimates his principles in dollars and cents, and then weighs others in his own balance. Let him be assured that he will meet his reward. His new Republican flatterers will spurn him as soon as he ceases to serve them and he will gravitate to his native level.

We have refrained from speaking harshly of Mr. Smith in this article. Not because he does not merit severe criticisms; not because he is not vulnerable. He is fearfully liable on both counts, but we rather choose to speak of him in connection with his present political amercement. Let him be assured, however, that should occasion require it, the animus of his disaffection to the Democratic party, and his ingratitude to honored men whom he is now seeking to traduce and injure, shall be spread before the public in all its ugly details.

CHEERING PROSPECTS.

The editor of the Democrat has just returned from a canvassing tour through Eastern Oregon, very much stimulated by the bright prospects for our State ticket in that section. True, some divisions exist upon local questions in the various counties East of the Cascades, but the Democracy are harmonious and united on the State ticket and will roll up a crushing majority against both the Independents and the Ring Republicans. The Independents of Eastern Oregon, so far as the State ticket is concerned are very weak and will scarcely poll one-tenth of the vote of those five counties. And it will be so in like ratio throughout the various other counties of the State. Of course, no intelligent man can hope for the success of that ticket. The fight is between the Democratic and the Holladay-Hippe Ring tickets, and the voters of the State must choose between the two. Viewing the matter in this light we surely think no lover of our State can hesitate as to his duty. The Democratic ticket is unexceptionable—it is composed of honest, efficient and trustworthy gentlemen—men who are subject to the dictation of no Ring or corporation, but are the tried and trusty champions of the people's rights. We may well hope for a glorious victory for Democracy on next Monday.

OUR BENTON COUNTY LETTER.

SEARCHING REVIEW OF THE SITUATION—FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

BENTON COUNTY, May 27th, 1874.

Editor Democrat: The canvass in this county is waxing hotter and hotter and as it progresses, Avery's Folly, sometimes called the "Movement" and again, by way of distinction—the "Independent movement," becomes more apparent. What was at first but dimly outlined, now becomes palpable, and as the aims and objects of the "movement" become more manifest, the rank and file who gave it respectability, abandon it in utter disgust. Who organized this "movement" in Benton county, and for what purpose was it organized? Let voters of both the Republican and Democratic parties, stop and ponder on this question before finally committing themselves to its support. It was mainly and chiefly organized by Mr. J. C. Avery as Head Centre, assisted by malcontents in each party who have not been trusted by either party for fifteen years. The chief had a twofold purpose in its organization. First—The venting of his pent-up malice against the Democratic party and its candidates, and their defeat, if possible. This programme was conditional. If the Democratic State Convention had nominated a ticket acceptable to the Head Centre, everybody knows the movement would have vanished, "like the baseless fabric of a vision." Second—By any possibility the movement should elect any part of the County ticket, such persons were to be installed in office, as would be the subservient instruments of the head Centre himself, as well as his satellites. The subordinates were to perform such services, and to execute such orders as might be assigned to them by the Head Centre. In other words, the movement was to be a personal organization, wielded for the benefit and aggrandizement of four or five men, in this County, and to gratify the spite and malice of one. It is utterly without principle, a heterogeneous mass of discordant disorganization, thrown together by accident, avarice, and ambition carrying the seductive motto of Reform to delude and deceive those who are unacquainted with its interior workings. But the mask is now lifted, and has been for some time. The Grogan features of the movement have abashed some of its early admirers and made others disown it altogether.

One peculiar pretense of the movement, is its pretended purity. "Assume a virtue, if you have it not," is its motto? It arraigns both of the old parties, as well as individuals in each, on the ground of corruption. But who compose the movement? Upon what meat doth this, Caesar feed? Nearly all of its leaders in this county, have actually appeared at Salem during each session of the Legislature, for many years past, and lobbied for various schemes of questionable propriety. In every State during the two or three decades last past some individual has achieved the "bad eminence of Chief of the lobby." Oregon is no exception. Our "chief" resides in this county and he is withal "a bright and shining light" in the movement. "Trust not those casting waters on his eyes. For villainy is not without such gleams. And he, like traded in, makes it seem, Like rivers of remorse and innocency."

But enough! The movement and its proprietors are rapidly disbanding to that political grave which knows no waking. They will doubtless "sleep well, when their fitful fever is ended." A TAX-PAYER.

DR. HENDRIX AND HIS MALIGNERS.

Letter From Judge Baldwin.

Editor Democrat: It is praiseworthy in the people to be careful of the moral standing of those who seek popular favor, but this duty cannot justly be regarded a license to heap calumny upon the candidate because he is a candidate. The good name of the public officer, or the candidate for office, should be as sacredly guarded as that of the citizen who feels it his duty to scrutinize and investigate the moral standing of the aspirants to office, and rumor should never be mistaken for proof of guilt, and he cannot be regarded as a public benefactor who will for partizan purposes or for any other purpose, put aforesaid or seek to keep afloat, a rumor to the damage of his neighbor's good name. These reflections were prompted by reading in last Saturday's Albany Register a communication over the signature of William Cooper, dated at Sweet Home, on the 16th inst., in which he professes to give to the public what he knows concerning Dr. Hendrix's domestic relations. Mr. Cooper says: "In October, 1866, Mr. and Mrs. Brown were living in Canyon City, Grant county, Oregon, and were reported to be man and wife. Not long after I moved to Canyon City—having during the time, become acquainted with Mr. and Mrs. Brown—at the time above stated Dr. Hendrix left innocently with Mrs. Brown in a hack for the Willamette Valley," &c.

Now Mr. Editor, I happen to know that the Mr. and Mrs. Brown in question were not living in Canyon City in October, 1866, nor was the Mr. Brown referred to living in Grant

County at that date, and Dr. Hendrix had left Grant County several months prior to October 1866. I furthermore know that in August, and in the autumn of 1865, Mr. and Mrs. Brown were living in Susanville, Elk Creek District, about thirty miles from Canyon City; that about October or November, 1865, Mr. and Mrs. Brown separated, and the following spring, (I think in the month of May 1866) Mrs. Brown removed from Susanville to the vicinity of Canyon City, Mr. Brown having previously left the county. She then commenced a suit for divorce, but too late to have service by publication for the June term of Court, and personal service could not be had. In the meantime, news of Brown's death was received, and about as well authenticated as the death of any one in obscure life. Before leaving Grant County, in the fall of 1866, if she did leave that fall, she was living in the family of Mr. Hooper and I think when she came to the Valley, she came with Mr. Hooper's family.—Dr. Hendrix having left Grant County in the spring of 1866.

Since writing the foregoing Mr. W. M. Smith, who lives in the neighborhood of Lebanon, informs me that Dr. Hendrix came to his house in the spring of 1866, and made it his home until after hay harvest—there was no woman with him then. In February or March following, Dr. H. informed him that he was to be married soon.

Justice to my fellow creature is my only object in offering this communication for publication.

Yours,

J. W. BALDWIN.

"EVERY MAN HAS HIS PRICE."

BAILEY, CURL AND YOUNG "HOUSES"

LEBANON, Ogn., May 27, 1874.

Editor Democrat:

I wish to inform the voters of Linn county, through your paper, of a little deception that is being carried on in this vicinity and through a portion of the forks of the Santiam by one Bartlett Carl, who says that "every man has his price." He is traveling through this vicinity buying young horses, but puts in most of his time in reporting Linn county thirty or thirty-five thousand dollars in debt, and Democratic officials everywhere corrupt. Last fall, while at Salem, he visited Gov. Grover and the Penitentiary and reported, on his return, that Grover was one of the best Governors that the State had ever had. He now abuses him for the same acts that he formerly praised him for. I now wish to show up a little of Mr. Carl's past career. He was elected to the Legislature from this county on the "Caynes" ticket, in 1860, by promising such staunch Democrats as Robert Cary, of Seio precinct, that he would not vote for E. D. Baker for U. S. Senator. Well he did not vote for Baker, until the last two ballots, when "his price" was brought to bear. He was again nominated on the Union Republican ticket in 1862, for State Senator, and was elected, as the county was then largely Republican, and he worked and acted with that party during the session of 1862, but that fall he quit the Republicans, for some reason, and came back into the Democratic ranks. He was elected as a delegate from Santiam precinct to attend the Democratic Convention, which was held in Albany in 1864, for the purpose of nominating a county ticket, and while in Albany he was solicited by Walter Moonith, in behalf of the Republican party, to resign his seat in the Senate. Instead of doing this he came to me and other Democrats saying that he stood where he did when elected but the party had left him and asked us what he should do. I had not hoped to elect him and told him to wait until after election. The county again went Republican but he did not resign. In organizing the Senate in 1864 he voted for Mitchell for President of the Senate, whether it was from choice or "price" he and Mitchell certainly know. He has held part of the time in Linn and part in Grant counties for the last four years, and says he was instrumental in getting up the Independent party in Grant county, where he is now a candidate for the Legislature. Now why is he here with plenty of money using all his energy and influence against the Democratic party, but will not stake his money on Linn county being thirty thousand dollars in debt. It is plain to be seen by a close observer that he is working directly for the Mitchell-Republican Ring, that is if "every man has his price."

Yours, in Democratic faith,

JAMES SLATER.

The Liberal Republican, an Independent seven by nine, published at Dallas, Polk county, devotes a three column article in Judge Whitney in its last issue. After a careful perusal we failed to discover what the writer was driving at and hid the paper aside. Such reading makes us sleepy.

Mr. O'Neare of the Bulletin pours forth through the columns of that paper, a daily torrent of ridiculous lies against Governor Grover and challenges their refutation. To successfully refute these base charges it is only necessary to give the name of the author.

FURTHER REMINISCENCES.

Mr. James O'Neare, editor-in-chief of the Portland Ring organ, the Bulletin, makes our article of last week, referring to J. C. Avery, a text for several columns of light reading, made up of perverted facts, whole-cloth lies and frothy rhetoric. Mr. O'Neare rushes to the rescue of Mr. Avery, which is very natural. No one is surprised to see these two worthies working hand in hand to destroy the Democratic party. Both have grievances to redress. For many years they sought to secure positions by a sham advocacy of the principles of the Democratic party. In obedience to the law of gravitation they invariably sank out of sight when brought in competition with men of ability and honesty of purpose. In its defence Mr. Avery the Bulletin declares that "Mr. J. C. Avery was one of Delazon Smith's strongest and most influential supporters, and so was he his trusted and confidential friend until the close of that noted man's life; while Grover continued, down to the last, Delazon Smith's foe and malinger and persecutor!"

There is not a man in Oregon who is conversant with the history of the times to which this extract refers who will not testify that every letter and syllable of this is a base, willful lie. Avery pursued Delazon Smith with all the venom of his vindictive nature. Who does not remember the infamous bargain by which the appropriation for the Territorial University was squandered? Avery was one of the chief agents in that infamy, while Delazon Smith fought it with all the power of his mighty eloquence. By the removal of the Territorial University to Jackson county, Avery secured the State Capital on his town site. Jackson county had but just been organized. The University was located at Corvallis and a part of the munificent appropriation made by Congress for its construction had already been expended at that place. The Territorial Capital was at Salem and Avery traded the University to Jackson county for influence to secure the removal of the Capital to his town site. The bargain was consummated; the University went to Jackson county, where the remainder of the appropriation was squandered. The Capital went to Corvallis to remain a brief week, when the Legislature, then in session, removed it back to Salem. It was pending the consideration of the bill to remove the University to Jackson county, which, if passed, secured the removal of the Capital to Corvallis, that Delazon Smith made the famous speech which no old Oregonian will ever forget. He arraigned Avery as the chief conspirator in the movement and pleaded that the University fund might be secured that the children of the then scarcely settled Territory might enjoy its benefits. He plead in vain. Avery had laid his hand upon the University fund and it had vanished. Referring to this Mr. Smith said: "One great difference between my Democracy and that of the growler from Benton is this: He greets him upon his while I grow poor in the defence of mine. He regards no object worthy of his notice unless it turns to gold in his grasp. I am impoverished by advocating that which my judgement dictates to be right."

Let J. C. Avery and James O'Neare keep their lips closed in regard to Delazon Smith. He held no sentiment in common with their kind. No mercenary motive, no selfish intrigue ever cast its dark shadow over his magnanimous soul. His very nature revolted at the thought of association with such men as O'Neare and Avery. If the Bulletin is capable of a sense of shame let it cease traducing the memory of the honored dead by coupling his name with that of the dishonored living.

THE COUNTY CANVASS.

The candidates on the respective county tickets close their canvass of the county in this city on to-morrow. Thus far the canvass has been an uninterrupted triumphal march for the Democracy. The indications are that at least 300 majority will be given for the State ticket, and the county ticket will not be far behind. Let every true Democrat do his duty from this until the polls close on election day, and a glorious victory will be achieved.

FRIENDLY NOTICE.—The reporter for the Walla Walla Statesman who was present when the candidates for State offices spoke at Weston, Umatilla county, made the following complimentary notice of the editor of this paper: Your reporter had the pleasure of clasping hands with Mr. Brown, Democratic candidate for State Printer; who was present in a dual capacity; electioneering, and watching out for the interests of the State; and from all appearances succeeded admirably. Mr. B., in addition to being a practical printer, is a warm-hearted, jovial fellow, and if elected State Printer will make an efficient officer.

The Bulletin is frantic in its efforts to elect Tolman and secure the removal of W. H. Watkins. The editor disdains the prospect of coming under Bill's wholesome discipline.

Voters of Oregon, if you wish to give Ben Holladay a bill of sale of your State, vote for Tolman.

WILL THE "BULLETIN" CHARGE IT AGAIN?

The persistency with which the Bulletin reiterates the infamous falsehood, of its own invention, that the editor of this paper rejoiced over the hanging of Mrs. Surratt, in the very face of the fact that we have produced irrefutable proof that the statement is wholly and absolutely untrue, has called forth another letter upon this subject. The writer, Hon. J. H. Turner, is a high-minded, honorable and reliable gentleman and a practicing attorney at Pendleton Umatilla county, and was with the editor of this paper, on the way to Oregon, when the news of the hanging of Mrs. Surratt reached us—as was also Geo. Humphrey, Sr., Geo. Humphrey Jr., and Dr. W. Q. Stewart, now residents of this city.

The letter from Mr. Turner should have the greater weight with the public as he is not supporting the Democratic ticket, but is an ardent champion of the Independent movement. We herewith submit the letter to the careful perusal of a candid public, and ask them to judge whether a journal which would fulminate such a base lie as this of the Bulletin, in regard to itself, is entitled to credit in any statement affecting the character or antecedents of any one.

PENDLETON, Ogn., May 18th 1874.

M. Y. Brown, Esq.

Dear Sir:—I see a statement in the Bulletin of the 16th inst., in which you are charged with having been a Loyal Leaguer, &c., and having rejoiced in Iowa, at the hanging of Mrs. Surratt.

Surely, the man that makes a statement of this kind must be lost to every sense of truth or virtue—must ever regard it as a disgrace to tell the truth. On the 3d day of July, 1865, you and I, in company with our families, and many others, crossed the South Platte, in our "prairie schooners," on our way to this country. From the 4th to the 10th, we were on the Cache La Poudre River, we lay over on the 4th and had a kind of one horse celebration, fishing, &c.

The news of the hanging of Mrs. Surratt did not reach us until about the 10th of August. I was traveling with you at the time and know that you were not in the State of Iowa, I know furthermore, that there was not to exceed two or three Republicans in the train—one a gentleman by the name of Dawson, and the others I do not recollect. Neither did you rejoice over the hanging of Mrs. Surratt, but like every one in the train most heartily condemned it.

I give you this plain statement feeling it a duty I owe you, as you have been misrepresented so widely in this matter. I wish you success in everything but in politics.

Yours in haste,

J. H. TURNER.

Geo. D. Coffin, accused of the crime of incest at Woodburn a few days since, had his trial at that place last Saturday. After hearing all the testimony in the case, Justice Smith, before whom the trial was had, held him to answer in the sum of \$3,000 for the crime of rape. Not being able to furnish the required bonds he was taken back to Salem and lodged in the County Jail.

Messrs. Thompson and Le Greutz, miners at Coquille, have invented a machine for beach mining. They claim for their new machine the merit of being able to save ninety per cent of the gold visible in the black sand. They have also satisfied themselves by their new method of boiling the sand they can catch all the invisible gold, and what is better save all the quicksilver.

Amity fumes over a late sensation. One of her citizens eloped with his niece to the foaming surf and sounding billows at Yaquina, for the purpose of joining hands in marriage. The law was too strict. Disappointedly they returned home. The dogs of war are howling, and the populace clamor for the unfortunate lover's scalp.

Corvallis sidgets over a smouldering shameful sensation. The vile wretch who attempted to take liberties with a little child seven years of age, was detected by a lady and driven off. The child's father amused himself during the remainder of the day by making a foot-ball out of the degraded villain.

It is said that at the Spencer Independent precinct meeting on Thursday, near Eugene City, there were thirteen candidates and one man who was not a candidate present. They made half hour speeches to him; at the close of the sixth hour he was a raving maniac.

The Indian, tried last week at Walla Walla for the murder of Jan. Coriege, a Scotchman, near that place last fall, was convicted of murder in the first degree, and Saturday last was set for the sentence, which, under the law, could only be that of death.

A man by the name of Jesso Cary, living at Port Orford, met with a severe accident last week. He was felling a tree, and in the descent it caught him, crushing his leg in a horrible manner.

Vote for the man who, for twenty three years has stood firm in the Democratic faith. That man is L. F. Grover.

Don't scratch a man from your ticket. Don't swap a man, if you do you are certain to be cheated.

Read our Harrisburg letter on first page.

LETTER FROM DR. DAWNE.

Salem, Oregon, May 23, 1874.

Editor News.—The Oregonian has a correspondent who sails under the name of "Timbuctoo." This fellow, too cowardly to attack a man in his own name, has seen proper to make various misrepresentations about me. "Timbuctoo" claims to hail from Albany, though I am informed that he lives elsewhere, and so hides both his name and place of residence. No his name and place of residence. No wonder, for certainly to a bundle of would attack his name to a bundle of such unparaphrased falsehoods. I write this explanation, not for those who know me personally, but for those with whom I am not intimately acquainted. Dr. Geary and Hon. J. Quinn Thornton have pronounced "Timbuctoo" a liar, so far as his charges concerning a sermon I preached in Dr. Geary's church and my autobiography are concerned. Surely the testimony of Dr. Geary and Mr. Thornton is worth more than "Timbuctoo's."

Again, he charged that my medical lectures were borrowed—copies from Hammond. Dr. A. P. Miller, who was a member of the class, graduated at the close of the term, in a letter published in the State in a letter published in the State in the Rensselaer Democrat, in many places, and can be examined at any script and I affirm that they were not copies from Hammond or any one else. Of course, I am not foolish enough to claim absolute originality. Nobody but an inflated gasometer like "Timbuctoo," would do that. He is pre-eminently original in misrepresentation and lying.

If my lectures were borrowed, is it not strange that the Faculty never found it out? Is it true that the Faculty could be imposed upon for a whole term? Surely this would be saying very little for their ability as medical men.

"Timbuctoo" says they proposed to promote me to a more important chair—Theory and Practice, which is true. Certainly this was an account of my ability to fill it, for it is not to be supposed that the Faculty were actuated by any other motive. Dr. A. P. Miller says my lectures were inferior to none delivered during the course, and that "the class often said they would be glad to have more lectures from me and fewer from others, speaking disparagingly of none."

Now, is it possible that I could do this without a medical education? If so, I am certainly a rare individual, or medical schools are a humbug. I do not claim an illustrious ancestry—no king's blood runs through my veins—mine was a humble origin. I belong to the family of Adam, that is all, and I freely admit that I was created the inferior of many in intellectual capacity.

"Timbuctoo" admits that I am inferior in mental capacity. How, then, did I acquire my knowledge of medical science? I will tell you; for well now I remember the years spent in the acquisition of this knowledge: I was a student for two years in the office of Dr. Stephen Cook, when I attended a course of lectures at Richmond, Virginia, at the close of which I entered the army, where I remained until the surrender of Lee's army. In 1866 I attended a course of lectures in the Medical School of Louisiana, holding five weeks. I was called away on account of the sickness of my wife, which proved fatal, thus preventing my return, and of course, my graduation. The degree of M. D. was soon after conferred on me by the Oglethorpe University. When the question arose about my diploma, I sent it to, and received on the 21st the receipts from the express office, showing that it was started on the 7th inst. I handed this receipt to Col. Wm. Thompson, of the Mercury, and he mentioned the fact in the daily of the 23d.

I received the degree of A. M. at Mountain Home University. The Trustees considered me worthy, and they were the proper persons to decide.

Now, I have furnished a plain statement of all the facts. In Oregon I expected to live and die, trusting to myself worthy a place among the living and the dead.

Now let this scoundrel cease to disgrace the dark name of "Timbuctoo" by letting it longer stand as his representative, and assign his own name, which he has kept concealed because he knew it would be the refutation of all he might say.

E. J. DAWNE.

The Eugene Journal says: "There have been some errors in carrying out the principles of the Republican party." Well, not many. There was the Credit Mobilier steal, that was a success, the back pay larceny went smooth and old Plaxbreak got away with that larceny. There may have been some mistakes made in minor matters but as a rule the party has been successful.

DR. LEE, Republican candidate for State Senator in Benton county, says, if the grave of his Independent competitor's grandmother were opened "you would find wool." From this remark one would infer that the Doctor doubted his honorable competitor's claim to Caucasian paternity.

We are told that a number of lying Republican electioneering documents will be circulated in the State on election day, which have not appeared in public print. Let no one be deceived by such villainous acts. They are worthy of the party that resort to them.

GRANDE'S BANK.—At the State Convention of Grangers, held recently in San Francisco, the most important business transacted was the organization of the Grangers' Bank of California, with a capital stock of \$5,000,000, divided into shares of \$10 each. \$24,000 has already been paid up and the bank has been incorporated.

SPEAKING AT HARRISBURG.—Governor Grover and his Republican companions addressed the people at Harrisburg yesterday.

DRY GOODS

BRADLEY, MARSH & ANNOUNCE THE RECOVERY OF "AJAX"

37 CASES OF NEW

SPRING GOODS

THESE GOODS, HAVING BEEN... Rich Black Silk, \$1 25 per yard, worth \$1 75. Extra White Gros Grain... Bonnet's Silks; \$3 per yard, worth \$4 75. Rich Pongee Silks; 75 cent yard, worth \$1. Swiss Silks, 75 cents per yard, worth \$1. Yeddo Poplins, 25 cents per yard, worth 33 cents. Japanese Silks, 37 1-2 cent yard, worth 37 1-2 cent. Japanese Poplins, 25 cent yard, worth 37 1-2 cent. All Wool Empress, 50 cent yard, worth 62 1-2. All Wool French Merinos, cents per yard, worth \$1. 500 pieces Dress Goods, 25 cent per yard, worth 37 1-2 cent. Fin's Irish Poplins, \$1 25 yard, worth \$2. Helange Cloth, 50 cents per yard, worth 75 cents. Etruscan Cloth, 50 cents per yard, worth 75 cents. Challis de Soie, 50 cents per yard, worth 97 1-2 cent. Frou Fran Cloth, 65 cent yard, worth 97 1-2 cent.

BLACK GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY BLACK CASHMERE, BLACK MERINO, BLACK TARISE CLOTH, BLACK BIARRITZ GA, BLACK CAMEL'S HAIR CLOTH, BLACK SATIN DE CHINE, BLACK "FARMER'S SAT, BLE CRETORNE, BLE FOULARD, BLE CASHMERE, BLACK GRENADINES, BLACK EMPRESS CROTH, BLACK LUSTER, BLACK ALPAC

Nottingham Lace... Double Width Sheet... Linn Towels... Linn Napkins... Linn Crabs... Heavy Table Linn... Canton Flannel... Bleached Kibards... Shaker Flannel... Wool Towels... Men's Merino Shirts and Pants... Ladies' Merino Vests... Ladies' and Misses' Hose... Juvin's Kid Gloves, first choice... Juvin's Kid Gloves (warranted)... Linn Handkerchiefs... Fanon, large variety... Shawls, a Splendid New Stock... French Rattail Cloth... French Corded English... Yard wide English Prints... Best American Prints

All Domestic Goods will be Sold at Cost Cash Buyers Can Save 25 Per Cent by Purchasing at this Establishment!

FARMERS AND GRANGERS TREATED AS WHOLESALE BUYERS!

Cash Advanced on Every Description of Oregon Produce.

AGENTS FOR Laird's Patent Steamless Grain & Pear's London Soap! Price's London Perfumery! Hackaday's Composition! Printing Paper! IMPORTED INKS AND TYPES

BRADLEY, MARSH & CO Wholesale and Retail

DRY GOODS WAREHOUSE AND GENERAL IMPORTER

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOODS Corner First and Stark St PORTLAND, OREGON.