The Democrat.

FRIDAY.........SEPTEMBER 5, 1873.

CALL FOR A DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

A Democratic State Convention for the State of Oregon, is hereby called by the Democratic State Central Committee, convened in Portland, Oregon, this, the 9th day of August, 1873, to meet at Portland, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 9th day of September, 1873, at 12 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Member of Congress, to be voted for at the special election, to be held October 13, 1873, and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before it.

The several counties of the State will be entitled to delegates in such Convention as follows:

Benton	8	Lane	8
Baker	5	Marion	10
Clackamas	7	Multnomah	12
Columbia	2	Polk	6
Clatsop	2	Tillamook	1
Curry	1	Umatilla	6
Coos	3	Union	6
Douglas	9	Wasco	5
Grant	8	Washington	3
Jackson	9	Yamhill	6
Josephine	2		
Linn	12	Total	124

It is suggested by the Committee that the several counties hold their Primary Conventions on the 23d day of August, 1873, at 2 P. M., and their County Conventions on the 30th day of August, 1873. Where this arrangement does not suit the convenience of the Democracy of the several counties, it is expected that they will make the necessary changes through their County Committees.

W. L. WHITE,
Ch'n Democratic State Central Com.

MART. V. BROWN, Secretary.

OUR PLARFORM.

A Straight Democratic Candidate--Free Trade and Farmers' Rights.

With this we ought to win, and can win. Without it, we will be busted —as usual.

A WORD OF WARNING!

We avail ourself of this number of the DEMOCRAT to utter a few timely words of warning to the people of Oregon in view of the Congressional campaign which will be fairly opened before the issue of our next number.

The Democratic Convention which meets in Portland on Tuesday next, will, of course, place before the country a platform of principles and a candidate for Congress in full sympathy with the principles then and there enunciated. Principles never change. Different expedients may be resorted to from time to time to carry out the principles, but the principle, nevertheless, is the same. The principles that actuated our forefathers in adopting our federal system of government in 1789 are to-day, and have ever been the principles of the Democratic party as expounded by Jefferson and adhered to by all subsequent Democratic administrations of our general government. And so long as these principles were carried out in the administration of our federal government, so long were we at peace at home and respected abroad; our government was only felt in its beneficence—like the gentle dews of Heaven, it fell alike upon all—nourished and protected all alike; no special legislation for the interest of capital as against labor; no exemption by federal legislation of the taxation of any species of private property; no protective tariffs to rob the consumer for the benefit of the manufacturer, and no interference by the powers at Washington in the local state government, nor was there ever, during any Democratic administration, any effort on the part of Congress to encroach upon or diminish or circumscribe the sovereign powers of a State.

It is idle to say that all these questions are obsolete. They are as dear to the patriotic heart to-day as they were in the first Congress that assembled under the Constitution in 1789, when, among others, the 9th and 10th amendments were proposed, to-wit: IX—"The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people." And X—"The power not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

The Republican party have not yet completed the work they set out to accomplish, nor will they complete it until they have rendered every State in the Union as powerless for the purposes of local government as is any county in any State. Look at the strides already made to supercede by federal authority all State governments. In 1868, in their National platform, they declared that "the question of suffrage rightfully belonged to the States," and in less than six months passed an amendment to the Constitution, through Congress taking this sovereign right away from the States and lodging it in Congress, and then Congress coerces certain States to adopt the fifteenth amendment by denying them any representation in Congress, upon their failure or refusal to ratify the fifteenth amendment.

We warn the people to place no reliance in any promises made by the Republican platform of Thursday next. They will denounce monopolies, and you all know how they build them up and subsidize them, and tax you to pay the subsidies. They will cry out against Chinese immigration, and you all know that the last session of Congress increased the Chinese Mail Steamship subsidy from $500,000, to $1,000,000, and you certainly have not forgotten that it is only about three years since that the U. S. Senate passed a bill by a large majority, changing our naturalization laws so as to allow Chinese and all other inferior races immigrating to this country, to become *citizens*—entitled to the right of suffrage; and were only induced to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed, as was stated by leading radicals, that its passage might lose them the vote of the Pacific States, in the Presidential contest of 1872; not that the bill was an outrage upon American citizenship; not that a radical Congress was not willing to fasten this humiliation upon us if it could have done so, and still have held on to power, but it took counsel of its fears; let these fears pass away, let them be firmly seated in power and then Chinese are admitted to citizenship.

We expect to see them on Thursday next come down in the dust of humility before the farmers, cringe and fawn and *promise* to favor all their interests—the *only friends* the farmers have. No doubt if they thought it would secure them a triumph in this election they would, and we shall not be surprised if they do, declare for "free trade and farmers' rights." But of what avail? Who is the voter in Oregon that does not know that such a promise will be made only to be broken? A protection tariff is as much a fixture in the radical party as are greenbacks for the tax ridden laboring man, and gold for the non-taxed bondholder. No doubt they will deny ever having been opposed to opening the falls of Willamette river to free navigation, but you have not forgotten the denunciation heaped upon a Democratic legislature by the radicals in the last campaign, for what they were in their classic style pleased to call that enterprise, "the lock and dam swindle."—And another thing our friends, both Democrats and Republicans of the Willamette, have not and will not soon forget—it is, that the "lock and dam swindle" has brought them *cheap transportation*.

REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

In this paper will be found what we regard a very good Democratic platform, as far as it goes, that may or may not, as the convention at Portland on Tuesday next determine, be taken into consideration by that august body. Not wishing to seem partial in bestowing gratuitous labor, we now propose to give our radical friends who hold their convention in this city on Thursday a platform. In this it will be seen we have departed from the rule observed in constructing the Democratic platform. In that we used the same timber always used by the party in such instances. In this we shall use what the *practice* and *policy* of the the Republican party would indicate the timber to be and build it accordingly. Here it is:

1st. Our Federal Union was formed for the benefit of the general government.

2nd. The several States can exercise no powers not delegated to them by the general government.

3rd. That all the States not in harmony with the administration at Washington in its political sentiments should be reconstructed by Congress, and, if need be, Congress should disfranchise enough Democrats in such obstinate States to enable the Republicans therein to bring such States into harmony with the administration at Washington.

4th. We approve of a protective tariff. Our manufacturing establishments of salt and iron, cotton and woolen fabrics are thereby enabled to exact from our people better prices for the products of their establishlishments, and also enables them to pay our members of Congress larger sums to vote for protection.

5th. As all other needed railroads are either built or properly subsidized for building, except the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, we are opposed to granting aid to said road for the reason that Eastern Oregon persists in being Democratic, and for that reason should enjoy no such facilities, and there is great danger that the completion of said road would facilitate the settlement of Idaho to that degree that it would soon apply for admission as a State and beyond a doubt would be Democratic.

6th. Inasmuch as the Republican party hold the three Pacific States by a frail tenure, we are in favor of encouraging Chinese immigration and enfranchising them, being assured that they would then vote the Republican ticket and our future and lasting power be assured.

7th. Youthful indiscretions committed before the 27th year of their age should not be remembered against those afterward attaining high places in our party. We fully forgive "our new Senator" his early indiscretions and attribute all to a "perturbed state of mind."

8th. Too high a moral standard should not be set up by which to judge our public men. Living in Washington is expensive and federal officers generally, and everywhere, must live high to maintain the dignity of their several stations. Republican officers are taxed high to carry the elections in the different States and salaries must be high, and if even then the exchequer of some should fall short and public funds be taken to supply the deficit, the necessity of the occasion should be deemed a valid and sufficient excuse.

9th We approve of the administration of President Grant in—1st. His financial abilities having, since first inaugurated, accumulated a fortune equal to our favorite shoddies and secured so large an increase of his salary, and—2nd. In his edict to the people of some of the Southern States to "let politics alone"—we hope he will he have it apply to all, then we need hold no conventions, nor write and publish platforms—taking his edict as our platform, and his choice as our candidate—and 3rd.—For his masterly genius in being able in eight months of the year to perform all his arduous duties as President and allow himself four months of the year for recreation—and may President Grant grant us the favor never to have any other President but Grant.

PLATFORM.

We are not a delegate to the Democratic State Convention, and hence can have no voice in making up the platform embodying the principles of the party and its future policy. We therefore propose to make one of our own and to give this written authority to the State Convention to adopt it, or so much thereof as it may deem fit, or none if it so decides; but we fear if the substance of what we have here is not embodied in that platform there won't be much Democratic ring about it. Here it is:

1st. That our Federal Constitution is the written agreement by which the several sovereign and co-equal States consented to form a federal Union, and by which the States so forming this Union agreed to be bound; and that such powers as were not by the terms of this Constitution granted to the federal government were reserved to the States respectively.

2nd. That the purposes of this Union were to "establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare and secure the blessings of liberty," and the safest means of communicating and treating with foreign powers.

3rd. That the powers granted to the federal government should be strictly construed, and it should be fully sustained in the exercise of all the powers delegated to it; and that any attempt on the part of the general government to exercise a power not delegated to it in the Constitution, or in a manner not therein prescribed, is an act of usurpation, demanding the unqualified condemnation of the people as tending to the destruction of our federal system and to centralized despotism.

4th. We hold it to be essential to the preservation of the liberties of the citizen, that the several States shall be maintained in all their rights, dignity and equality, as the most competent and reliable administrators of their own domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-republican tendencies.

5th. That the only power delegated to Congress by the Constitution to impose taxes upon the people consists in the right to collect revenue for the current expenses of the government and the payment of the federal debt, and all other duties imposed for the purpose of protecting one class of labor at the expense of another are in violation of the federal compact, and subversion of the rights of the people.

6th. That justice to the people as well as the dictates of common honesty demand a rigid economy in the administration of both State and federal government and the speedy and impartial arrangment of all abuses of public trust before the established tribunals of justice and the great bar of popular judgment.

7th. We are opposed to granting by the general government of subsidies to steamship lines to import Chinese slaves to our shores; and we demand such a modification of the Burlingame treaty with China as will effectually cut off this stream of Chinese immigration.

8th. We demand of Congress an additional appropriation for the removal of obstructions to the navigation of the Willamette river, and such aid by appropriation or otherwise as will open the Columbia river to free navigation, by means of a canal and locks at the Cascade portage; and the proceeds of the sales of alternate sections of public lands, as provided for by bill of the Hon. Jas. H. Slater, introduced in Congress in aid of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad.

9th. That God required man to till the soil; that agriculture is the primary interest of the world, from which all trade and commerce spring; that we hail with delight any and all systemised organizations favoring relief to the farmer from the oppressions of monopoly in the transportation of his products and supplies, and the relief of his burdens in common with all others from the onerous taxation by import duties on all he consumes.

10th. That for the best interest of all, the Democracy of Oregon, forgetting all past political differences, cordially invite the co-operation of all opposed to corruption and consolidation.

IN the exposure of the infamous Credit Mobilier at the last session of Congress, which scandalized the Government of the United States in the eyes of the world, a large number of Senators and Members of Congress were involved. Among them the Vice President of the United States, Henry Wilson (he should resume his old name of Jeremiah Colbraith), Colfax, Bingham, Dawes of Massachusetts, Schofield and Kelly of Pennsylvania, Garfield of Ohio, and a number of other Radicals. There was one Democrat, only, whose good name was smirched by the exposure, James Brooks of New York. He died soon after the adjournment of Congress. No other Democrat was in any way implicated in the Credit Mobilier fraud. Brooks was a stockholder before his election to Congress. The owners of the stock placed by Ames "where it would do good" had not even this poor excuse to offer to their indignant constituents.

LINN COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

In pursuance of previous notice the Democratic County Convention for Linn County met at 1 o'clock, Saturday, Aug. 30th. The Convention was called to order by M. V. Brown, Chairman of the Linn County Democratic Central Committee. A. C. Jones was elected temporary Chairman. J. H. Smith was chosen temporary Secretary, and W. A. McPherson Assistant. On motion of I. N. Smith a committee of three was appointed on credentials. The Chair appointed I. N. Smith of Orleans, B. Curl of Lebanon and Enoch Hoult of Harrisburg. On motion the Convention took a recess of ten minutes. At the expiration of the recess the Convention was called to order and the Committee on Credentials submitted the following report:

The Committee on Credentials find the following named gentlemen entitled to seats as regularly elected delegates from the various precincts:

LEBANON—James Cowan, Bart. Curl, Chas. B. Montague, by Jas. Cowan, proxy.

SCIO—L. P. Devany, B. F. Harris, by Geo. B. Christie, G. B. Christie, Wm. Jodes by D. Gaby, Daniel Gaby.

FRANKLIN BUTTE—Thos. Donahoo, Jno. Ellyeu, L. W. Pomeroy, J. J. Crabtree.

ALBANY—C. P. Burkhart, John Parker, T. J. Stites per Hackleman proxy, A. C. Jones, G. A. Hill, J. H. Hackleman, P. C. Harper, G. Humphrey.

BROWNSVILLE—O. P. Coshow, L. G. Eddleman, H. L. Brown, J. K. Weatherford, C. Hill, W. Brown.

HARRISBURG—J. H. Smith, J. P. Schooling, Levi Douglas, Wm. McCulloch by L. Douglas, proxy, Enoch Hoult.

ORLEANS—Jos. Hamilton, I. N. Smith.

SWEET HOME—J. W. Frank.

SYRACUSE—J. T. Crooks, W. A. McPherson, P. V. Morris by Crooks, proxy.

CENTER—Thos. Humphries.

On motion the report was adopted and the Committee discharged. On motion the officers chosen pro tem. were declared permanent officers of the Convention. The Convention then proceeded to elect twelve delegates to attend the State Convention which is to meet at Portland on the 9th of September. The following named gentlemen were chosen:

O. P. Coshaw, J. L. Cowan, Enoch Hoult, J. H. Hackleman, S. Montgomery, C. P. Burkheart, N. Price, J. J. Crabtree, J. H. Smith, J. Nye, L. Eddleman, F. P. Devaney.

J. H. Hackleman offered the following resolution which was adopted:

RESOLVED, That the Democracy of Linn county, in Convention assembled, hereby declare that reposing confidence and trust in the integrity, ability and Democracy of Geo. R. Helm, he is the first choice of the Democracy of this county for member of Congress, and we hereby instruct the delegates to the forthcoming State Democratic Convention, this day selected, to use all honorable means to secure his nomination.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

On Tuesday next, 9th instant, the Democratic State Convention will convene in Portland to place before the people of Oregon a candidate for Congress.

In most respects this campaign does not differ from others for the last decade. We will in this, as in the past, have the same wily and unscrupulous foe to fight. Federal patronage and bloated corporations are against us now as heretofore. The Democracy have proved themselves equal to the contest and overcome all this combination of forces. Will it do so on this occasion? The same wisdom in council on Tuesday next that governed the deliberations of our State Conventions in the seasons of our triumph will give us a ticket as it did then, to whose support every Democrat in Oregon can rally and triumphantly elect, if the masses of the party throughout the State but do their duty on election day.

To the delegates of that convention we have a word to say. Survey the whole field. Remember that our representative in Congress is supposed to represent the whole State of Oregon. He who is not comprehensive enough to take in the whole State with its diversified interest, climate, soil and production, is not statesman enough to satisfy the Democracy of Oregon. Go to that convention, gentlemen, determined to surrender, if necessary, willingly and gracefully, your personal preferences for the good of all. If there is a breaker ahead upon which your favorite might founder, don't rush him to destruction, but hold him back for his own good and the good of the party, now, and in the future.

We see no reason why the foregoing remarks will not apply with equal force to every Democrat and every friend of reform in Oregon. You all have your favorites, but there can be but one candidate come out from that Convention. You should then be willing to resign your preferences as readily as you expect others to do it your favorite is the nominee.

EUROPEAN WHEAT CROP.

The latest copy of the *Mark Lane Express* received at New York states that it has, from most trustworthy authority, more unfavorable reports of the English wheat crop, which in many localities is not expected to equal the very poor yield of last year, and there are strong fears of sprouting in the shock from occasional showers. In France the storms have done much damage, and a deficiency of at least ten to twenty per cent. may be relied upon. There are accounts of increased prices in many localities, and in Paris flour has advanced considerably. Old wheat has entirely disappeared from the market and new is supplying its place at higher prices. In Hungary the condition of the crops has been greatly overrated, and from the prevalance of cholera and an interference with the work of harvesting threatened in Germany, only an ordinary yield is hoped for. The paper also sums up the situation by saying that with a deficient crop, exhausted stocks and but generally moderate prospects in Europe, low prices seem almost impossible next season. The International Corn and Seed League, recently held in Vienna, with an attendance of 1,500 persons, formed an estimate that the Austro-Hungarian Empire will export less than usual—say only to the extent of 800,000 quarters in wheat and about 1,100,000 quarters in barley;—whereas, in a favorable season, Hungary has exported three times that amount, while the important article of rice is so deficient that imports will be required for consumptive wants.

PACIFIC COASTERS.

Wheat is worth $1 per bushel at Waitsburg.

The Cape Foulweather Light House has just been finished.

The overland mail now reaches Astoria in ten days from New York city.

Mr. Leland is lecturing on that abstinence to the people of the Sound.

The new manufactory at Portland will be ready to furnish ice by the 15th inst.

The Mayor of Portland has put on a number of "Heathen Chinese" as special police.

There is but one vacant house in Astoria and that one has a lot of furniture in it.

Captain J. H. D. Gray has commenced the construction of a new wharf at Astoria.

The last shipment, for the season, of Oregon salmon was taken to Astoria on Friday last.

There is but one prisoner in the Union county jail, and he is a Chinaman, well contented.

Green B. Smith, of Benton county, has just threshed 5,000 bushels of oats from sixty acres of land.

Three men dug out $1,260 in five days' work, on Myrtle Creek, Curry county, about a fortnight ago.

A Second Advent preacher has been preaching at Junction during the past week to crowded houses.

Denver is being fleeced by a hundred thieves and Denver makes up the loss in return by fleecing tourists.

A new paper will be started at Baker City about the 1st of October. R. B. W. Boyd, editor and proprietor.

Last Friday a fellow was taken out of the Salem calaboose and treated to a coat of tar and feathers by the citizens.

Mrs. Celia A. Blake, the first white person born in Jefferson county, W. T., died at Port Townsend on the 17th inst.

Mrs. Jos. G. Wilson and family arrived at the Dalles on the 23d ult. and intends residing in that city hereafter.

County Court met at Salem Monday, but adjourned without doing any business, owing to the illness of Judge Terry.

Ivan Applegate, of Jacksonville, was thrown from his horse, breaking his collar bone. He was doing well at last accounts.

In Salt Lake during the month of July five persons passed to the other side of Jordan through the medium of six-shooters.

There are now twenty-six Farmers' Granges in Oregon. The State Grange will probably be organized in about four weeks.

The Klamath Lake country is still settling up rapidly. At the present rate of immigration the vacant land will soon all be occupied.

Forty workmen are employed on the new State Capitol building and the stone work will be completed during the present week.

Rev. Stephen Bowers, of Salem pastorate, has received 160 persons into the Methodist Church at that place within the past year.

The total value of assessable property in Lane county amounts to $4,012,212, an increase of more than fifty per cent. over last year.

Sheriff Davisson, of Pierce county, was arrested and fined $20 for an assault on Rev. Dr. Atkinson, in Tacoma, on Thursday, 28th ult.

A boy, aged fifteen years, was struck by lightning in Richmond, Utah, recently. The amputation of one of his feet became necessary.

Joseph Audette, of Napierville, Canada, aged about 14 years, can hear of something to his advantage by addressing John Kelly, of Oregon City.

A Turn Verein Society has been organized at Jacksonville with C. Nickell as President, R. Kahler as Secretary and S. Hubbard as Treasurer.

Rev. Thomas Condon, has rented J. W. Campbell's dwelling house at Forest Grove, and will make that place his residence for some time to come.

A correspondent at Junction City says that about 90,000 bushels of grain are stored in the warehouse at that place, and the crop is not half harvested.

At the burning of the Whatcom sawmill recently the Indians fought the fiery demon in a manner that would do credit to a Chicago fire department.

Last Saturday night the friends of Rev. Stephen Bowers, of Salem, had a donation party at his residence and presented Mrs. B. with a purse containing $30 in coin.

An effort is being made to have the name of Mt. Ranier changed back to original Indian, *Tacoma*. All this comes from the railroad fever at the new city by the sea.

The Farmers' Company have procured an engine, which will soon be at Astoria, for a new pile driver to be constructed at once for the work on their wharf in that city.

Yale students are gathering geological specimens along Green River. A day or two since they found a large petrified animal, closely resembling the South American tapir.

An Oakland correspondent of the *Oregonian*, writing under date of Saturday, says "I have just heard of a horrible accident near town. W. R. Canady, while in a fit, to-day, fell into the fire, and, being alone, his face, shoulders and arms were burned almost to a crisp. Dr. Boughton has just gone to see him. It is feared he will not recover."

The entertainment given last Friday evening by the ladies of the Dalles, for the benefit of the Rev. Thomas Condon, realized about $100 over and above all expenses.

Messrs. Logan and Bryan, of Yaquina, one evening last week, slew a cougar for supper, and the next morning muzzled another for breakfast—both from the same tree.

A man named Levin was wounded last Friday in Tacoma, quite severely, by the accidental discharge of a pistol in the pocket of his pantaloons. He is getting along all right.

A steamboat thirty feet long and ten foot beam is the latest sensation on the Yaquina River. It is owned by H. C. Smith, and will be ready for business in about three weeks.

A few nights ago dogs killed nineteen head of fine sheep on S. G. Reed's farm in Washington county. The worthless curs were caught in the act and simultaneously destroyed.

Messrs. Meyers, Holmes, Daly and Shelton succeeded in catching 417 trout in the La Creole, above Halleck's logging camp last week. Where are the Abiqua and Salmon Rivers now?

Mr. A. Noltner has been appointed to fill the vacancy in the U. S. Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., from the Grand Lodge of Oregon, caused by the resignation of Mr. A. L. Stinson. He started for Baltimore last Monday.

A ledge of pure chalk has been found in the vicinity of Latta Creek, on Clatsop Plains. Residents in that vicinity can now offer liberal inducements for the establishment of a milk ranch.

Deeds have been made out by Messrs. Taylor, J. M. Shively and James Welch, of Astoria, to the lots and blocks of the Farmers' Warehouse, and they are now a matter of record.

A. L. Davis, of Lewis county, W. T., one day last week, cut and thresed 1,660 bushels of oats from a field of 26 acres. This is only one of the many instances of such yields in that county.

Charles W. Hubbard, while attempting to ride an unbroken horse, in the Waldo Hills, on Wednesday last, was thrown to the ground. He struck on his shoulder, breaking his collar bone.

The barkentine Portland, the largest vessel yet built in Oregon, was launched into her element last Sunday afternoon, from the shipyard of A. M. Simpson & Bros., at North Bend.

The *Statesman* learns that there will be on exhibition at the coming State Fair a fine stallion, for which the owner has lately been offered $15,000 in gold by parties living in the Eastern States.

The Willamette Woolen Manufacturing Company of Salem are now manufacturing blankets which sell for $30 per pair. They are, in size, 7x9 feet, and weigh fifteen pounds, and are bound in silk.

Dead fish line the beach south of the Columbia River entrance to such an extent that the birds are fishing by the millions in the vicinity. The supposition is that an earthquake at sea has occurred not long since.

A McMinnville boy swallowed a yellow jacket the other day. It "kicked" on the wind-pipe as it went down, but soothing appliances of salt and salaratus, by the hands of a skillful doctor, soon fixed him all right.

George S. Rogers, of Cypress Island, W. T., is supposed to have been drowned while returning to his home from Sehome. Some suspicion is felt that Indians may have had something to do with causing his death.

Assessor Davis assessed the railroad in Yamhill county at $7,000 per mile. The representatives of the company went before the County Board for a reduction. The Board determined to let Mr. Davis' estimate stand.

On Friday of last week twenty-five Indians fired on a wood train in Bull Canyon, eighteen miles southwest of Rawlins. The train men promptly returned the fire, and the reds got up and dusted. No one killed on either side.

The City Council of Seattle met last Monday evening and passed an ordinance deeding to the Seattle and Walla Walla Railroad and Transportation Company all the tide flats south of King street, in that city, on Elliott's Bay.

Salem's boys are precocious. One of them about 13 years old, "nipped" a horse, saddle and bridle which had been left by the owner at the gate of Mr. T. McF. Patton, a few nights ago. The lad is to be arrested and tried for larceny.

It is cheaper to live than to die in Salt Lake. The Washington House is furnishing meals at fifteen cents. We wonder what Geo. Washington would say if he were to come back and see his hotel feeding people at that rate?

The Chief Engineer of the O. S. N. Co., commenced the survey of a new railroad around the Cascades, on the Washington side, on Thursday last. When the Northern Pacific Company commence the construction of the section of road east from the mouth of Snake river, the materials will have to be transported up the Columbia, and the present road will be insufficient to make the portage. This new piece of road will no doubt ultimately be a part of the through line.

The Lewiston *Signal* reports quite a small-pox scare in the Spokane country, and several deaths have been reported among the Indians. From what we can learn, the disease is confined for the present entirely among the Indians.

Mr. Leander Starr, living near Monroe, met with a very severe accident on Tuesday of last week, by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. The entire charge of bird shot passed through his left hand, fearfully mangling the same.

A Yamhill farmer named Durham made three revolutions around the tumbling-rod of a threshing machine a few day since, at the rate of 800 revolutions per minute. Two more "revolutions" would have wound him and his earthly career up at the same time.

On Wednesday, Ed. Crandall, pump manufacturer in La Grande, met with a severe accident. While handling a pump log his footing gave way and he fell backward, the log falling on his right leg just above the ankle, breaking the front bone. His ankle was also thrown out of joint.

A man at the Meadows, Umatilla county, was stacking hay one day last week, and after finishing the stack, slid down the side of the stack, coming in contact with a pitch-fork handle, which ran into his body, inflicting a very serious wound. The physicians say his recovery is doubtful. Clark is his name.

The *Plaindealer* is informed by Mr. A. Marks, President of the Excelsior Lime Company, that for the present work has ceased at the quarry. The railroad tariff is so high as to render it impossible for this lime to compete in Salem and Portland with the Santa Cruz lime.

The editor of the Olympia *Courier* has a work on medicine published in 1550 by Balthazar Arnoullet, of Lyons, and written by Jahn Ruellius of Soissons. Its nomenclature gives the names of every plant, animal and substance in Greek, Latin, Gallic, Italian and German. As a relic of the olden time it is venerable.

We learn that on monday last, Captain Powell had a fine team drowned at the Dayton ferry. He was descending the hill to the boat with a heavy load of lumber, when the brake gave way, the wagon lurched forward, and the horses, not being able to control it, were crowded quickly into the river and drowned.

The *Astorian* of the 1st says: Yesterday G. W. Wood, of this county, and a young man with him, upset about half a mile off shore, near the upper town, when coming down in a small sail boat. They got ashore in a canoe, and their boat was picked up by B. F. Stevens, of the *Astorian* office, who went to their relief in another boat, just in the nick of time and prevented a first-class sensation.

Senor P. C. Armijo, of Albuquerque, New Mexico is probably the most extensive sheep raiser in the world. His herd at the present time numbers over half a million. He supplies with mutton nearly all that section of country embraced within the Territories of Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Montana, and and the States of Kansas and Nebraska.

A most daring robbery was perpetrated in Oregon City last Saturday evening. As we learn the case, about 11 o'clock on that evening two masked men effected an entrance to the sleeping apartment of Mrs. M. H. Kelly, which is directly in the rear of her store on Main street, presented a pistol to her head, and threatened to shoot if she made any noise or refused to deliver up her money. She had in her room $480 in currency, which the robbers obtained and left with. This, we believe, is the most daring robbery ever perpetrated in our city, occurring as it did at such an early hour in the evening, and the house being situated in the most central part of town. It is to be hoped that the thieves may be detected.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

A batallion of Republican Chasseurs stationed in Vichy, have mutinied.

The public debt statement shows a reduction of $6,700,000 for August.

Seven shocks of earthquake were felt yesterday at Mission, San Jose, and Redwood City, (Cal).

The reported massacre at Fort Sill is discredited by both the Indian Bureau and the War Department.

Genuine cholera prevails at three stations between Toano and Corinne, and proves fatal in nearly every case.

It is reported that the French Government will pay to Germany the last installment of the war indemnity on the 14th of October.

A rumor is current that Alfonso, Prince of Asterreas, will shortly attempt, on Sahnish soil, to proclaim his succession to the throne.

Late advices from the Fiji Islands are to the effect that the rebellion had broken out, and that the rebels had murdered a number of white settlers.

A dispatch from Clinton (Missouri) says that on Thursday last a skirmish took place near Monogan Springs, St. Clair county, between the Iowa Sheriff and the train robbers who recently attacked a train near Des Moines (Iowa), in which one robber was wounded. The Sheriff and posse were in hot pursuit a last accounts.

McGarahan entered suit in California for $5,000,000 against the New Idra Company for quicksilver taken from the mine. The case will be tried before the Courts of that State.

John T. Bird, member of Congress from New Jersey, has returned his back-pay to the United States Treasury, including interest on a portion of the amount, which accrued by investment.

The Missouri Republican Convention met at Jackson, Thursday, and nominated Davis (colored) for Lieutenant Governor and Hill for Secretary of State. The evening session was consumed in balloting without choice for State Treasurer.

The Cholera is raging fearfully at Millersburg (Kentucky). There were fifteen deaths in town yesterday morning, and several others will be dead presently. It was never so violent before. The most cases, thus far, are among the colored population. Thirty deaths since Thursday last.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MY wife, Elizabeth Cox, having left my bed and board without reasonable cause or provocation I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting. JOHN W. COX.
Scio, Sept. 4, 1873.

Z. S. COZAD, M. D.,

Graduate of Iowa State University

WILL HEREAFTER PRACTICE HIS PROfession in this city and vicinity. His office and rooms are at the St. Charles Hotel, Albany. n4m3.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In the County Court of Linn County, Oregon.

In the matter of the estate of Thomas Martin, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned, executors of the last will and testament and estate of Thomas Martin, deceased, that said executors have filed their accounts in the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, in the matter of said estate and asked the Court for a final settlement of said account, and said Court has appointed

Tuesday, the 7th day of October, 1873,

at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M. of said day for the hearing of objections, if any there be, to said account, and for the final settlement thereof, by an order of said Court made the September term thereof, 1873.

HIRAM SMITH and J. [illegible]RTIN,
n4w4. Executors.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Linn.

The Albany and Santiam Water Ditch or Canal Company, plaintiff, vs. Hiram Smith, Administrator, with the will annexed of the estate of John Robinett, deceased, Mary Way, daughter of said John Robinett, deceased, and —Way her husband, Nancy Carey, daughter of said John Robinett, deceased, and Miles Cary her husband, Rachel Moore, daughter of said John Robinett, deceased, and Washington Moore her husband, Sarah Seely, daughter of said John Robinett, deceased, and —Seely her husband, Lucinda Mackall, daughter of said John Robinett, deceased, and —Mackall her husband, William Robinett, Noah Robinett and Moses Robinett, sons of said John Robinett, deceased, and Mariette Ellisburg, devisee of said John Robinett, deceased, defendants.

To Hiram Smith, Administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of John Robinett, deceased, Mary Way and —Way her husband, Nancy Carey and Miles Carey her husband, Rachel Moore and Washington Moore her husband, Sarah Seely and —Seeley her husband, Lucinda Mackall and —Mackall her husband, William Robinett, Noah Robinett, Moses Robinett and Mariette Ellisburg, defendants above named.

In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby summoned and required to appear in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Linn, within ten days from date of the service of this summons upon you, if served in said Linn county, but if served in any other county within this State, within twenty days from the date of such service, but if service of this summons be made upon you by publication, then on the first day of the next term of said Court in and for Linn county after publication for six successive weeks, to-wit: on the second Monday the 13th day of October, A. D. 1873, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action against you, on file with the Clerk of said Court, or judgment for want of an answer will be taken against you: you are further notified that if you fail to answer said complaint as so required, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the appropriation to the use of the plaintiff for the right of way for canal, the following described tract of land, to-wit: a strip of land sixty feet wide—thirty feet on each side of the center line of said canal as the same is surveyed and staked by said [illegible] and platted on the plat of the survey of said canal now on file in the office of said [illegible] in Albany, Oregon: Beginning at a point on the south line of the land of said defendants, and in Section 19 three, Township (12) twelve South of Range, 2 West of the Willamette Meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, where the line of said canal, as surveyed as aforesaid, crosses the south line of said defendants' land, and extending thence in a north-westerly direction on each side of said line, sixty feet wide—thirty feet on each side of said center line of said canal—thirty-nine chains and seventy links to the point where said center line of said canal crosses the line between the lands of said defendants and the lands of the heirs of [illegible] Ritter, said strip of land containing about [illegible] 100 acres of land, and that the compensation to be paid defendants therefor by the plaintiff be determined by the judgment of said Court, and that plaintiff have costs and disbursements of this action.

This summons is published by order of Hon. R. P. Boham, Judge of said Court, made on the 27th day of August, 1873.

BOISE & WILLIS and POWELL & FLINN, Attorneys for plaintiff. n4w6.

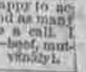
AT ALBANY PRICES.

TRAVELERS ON THE W. V. & C. M. Wagon Road, as well as citizens of Ochoco Valley, will bear in mind that they can purchase Flour, Bacon, Groceries, Dried Fruit, etc., at the Pilgrim Camp, or BUCK HEAD STORE, Sweet Home Valley, at Albany prices. This is no bumming, but a literal fact. Z. H. MOSS.
Sweet Home, Aug. 18, 1873—n2w4.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL whom it may concern, that the undersigned, De Lavontia E. Luper, wife of Martin Luper, residing within the County of Linn, in the State of Oregon, did, on the 18th day of August, 1873, duly make, acknowledge, file, and have placed of record, her declaratory statement of intention to become, and thereupon did become, and now is, a sole trader. Of this let all persons henceforth take due notice.

DE LAVONTIA E. LUPER.
Dated at Albany, Oregon, Aug. 17, 1873—2w4.



WEBFOOT MARKET,

W. H. GEARHART, Proprietor.

HAVING permanently located in Albany, in Cheadle's building, on the corner of First and Broadalbin streets. I will be happy to accommodate all my old customers and as many new ones as may see fit to give me a call. I will keep all kinds of choice meats—beef, mutton, veal, and bolognas. v8n52y1.

Beware of Counterfeits!

JOB MOSES' SIR JAMES CLARKE'S FEMALE PILLS

Are extensively COUNTERFEITED. Dishonest Druggists endeavor to sell the counterfeits to make greater profits. The genuine have the name of Job Moses *on each package. All others are worthless imitations.* The GENUINE Pills are unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. They moderate all excesses and cure all suppression of the menses when caused by cold, inflammation, or disease. In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, they will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although very powerful, contain nothing hurtful to the most delicate constitution.

Circular in English German and French around each bottle, gives full direction and advice.

The GENUINE Pills are sold at most drug stores, but if your druggist cannot supply the GENUINE, do not be persuaded to accept any counterfeit or bogus article but send One Dollar to the sole proprietor, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York, with name of express office at which you will call for the package, and a bottle of the GENUINE Pills securely and safely packed in plain wrappers will be sent by return express.

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS

Cure COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, DIFFICULT BREATHING, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION AND LUNG DISEASES. They have no taste of medicine, and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health that had before despaired. Testimony given in hundreds of cases. Ask for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Price 25 cents per box. JOB MOSES, Proprietor, 18 Cortlandt Street, New York.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS.

Prepared by J. GARANCIERE, No. 214 Rue Lombard, Paris.

These pills are highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France as the very best remedy in all cases of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness; Weak Spine, Deposits in the Urine, Nervous Debility, and all the ghastly train of Diseases arising from Abuse and Secret Habits. They cure when all other remedies fail, and have been used with astonishing success by the leading French Physicians during the past 12 years. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. Price $1 per Box. Sent by mail, securely sealed from all observation, on receipt of price by any advertised Agent. OSCAR G. MOSES, 18 Cortlandt St., New York, General Agent for America.

R. C. Hill & Son, Agents at Albany. v8n1y1.