The Democrat.

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 20, 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORACE GREELEY,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

B. GRATZ BROWN,

OF MISSOURI.

Presidential Electors:

E. D. SHATTUCK, of Multnomah county.
GEO. R. HELM, of Linn county.
N. H. GATES, of Wasco county.

"WITH THE DISTINCT UNDERSTANDING THAT IF ELECTED I SHALL BE THE PRESIDENT, NOT OF A PARTY, BUT OF THE WHOLE PEOPLE, I ACCEPT YOUR NOMINATION IN THE CONFIDENT TRUST THAT THE MASSES OF OUR COUNTRYMEN, NORTH AND SOUTH, ARE EAGER TO CLASP HANDS ACROSS THE BLOODY CHASM WHICH HAS TOO LONG DIVIDED THEM, FORGETTING THAT THEY HAVE BEEN ENEMIES IN THE JOYFUL CONSCIOUSNESS THAT THEY ARE AND MUST HENCEFORTH REMAIN BRETHREN. HORACE GREELEY."

POLITICAL SPEAKING.

HON. JAS. H. SLATER will address the citizens of Oregon at the following times and places, on political topics of the day:

Eugene City, September 19, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Albany, September 20, evening.
Corvallis, September 21, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Scio, September 23, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Dallas, September 26, at 1 o'clock P. M.
Oregon City, September 27, evening.
The Dalles, September 30, eveing.

THE GOVENOR'S MESSAGE.

The biennial messasge of Governor Grover, which accompanies this number of the DEMOCRAT, in supplement form, is a masterly State paper. His Excellency treats of every subject pertaining to the State Government in an enlightened and comprehensive manner, which does honor to his head and his heart. We commend it to the careful consideration of every reader, not only as containing a full and honest statement of the condition of the affairs of the commonwealth of Oregon, but as a model of literary elegance. It is in every respect above criticism and just such a paper as could be expected from the pen of L. F. Grover. His recomendations are all timely and practical and his conclusions are sound and statesmanlike. It needs no other comment than to be read, and we therefore refrain from dwelling upon its merits, and simply ask for it a candid perusal by every citizen who desires to be informed in regard to the manifold interests of the State.

SECURING THE RESULTS OF VICTORY.

"Let us re-elect General Grant and secure the results of our victory over treason and secession," shouted Boutwell into the ears of the manacled people of North Carolina. It would be interesting to understand exactly what that petty minion of a military tyrant conceives to be the results of that victory. The soldiers whose valor secured victory to the federal arms and the people upon whose industry the expenses are levied, ask no other results than the unity of the Republic and the return of the Southern people to their allegiance to the Constitution and the laws. These results are already secured. Like the first flowers of spring, they sprang up from the red harvest fields of death, where hecatombs of hopeful manhood were sacrificed upon the accursed alter of intermicine strife. What other results do the honest mass of Nortern people expect from their victory over secession and treason? None. Unity, peace and fraternity are all that they ever demended, and these, their brothers of the South, have in all honesty conceded, while they ask only to share with them those heaven-born blessings of a free people. Not so with Boutwell and his associates in crime. They are reaping, and they demand to reap, still other results of the victory over secession and treason.—Their thirst for blood and their lust for gold are still insatiate. The South in its helpless condition, is a fit victim upon which to gratify their unholy passion. Hence, their inflamatory appeals for a continuance of the animosities which grew out of the war, and the prejudice which sprang from ignorance. Are the people willing that these men shall continue in positions where they can keep alive the sectional hate which has so long embittered our national life? If so, let them reelect Grant; let them heed the clamor of incendiary appeals like that of Boutwell in North Carolina and support the buccaneers who are gorging themselves upon booty wrung from honest hands. A vote for Grant in November will be an emphatic endorsement of these wrongs; a vote witheld from Greeley will be no less wicked, for it will show an indifference which is a practical endorsement.

SOLDIERS FOR GREELEY.—Here are a few of the prominent soldiers who fought for the Union and who will not fight for Grant, but will march under the lead of that glorious old peace-maker, Horace Greeley:—Generals Hooker, Meade, Hancock, Banks, McClernand, Sloenm, Kilpatrick, Manson, Pleasonton, Burbridge, Blair, Schurz, Williams, Steadman, Ward, Morgan, Wiley, Heath, Burns, McClellan, Whitely, Banning, Buell, Brinkerhoff, Moore, Tuttle, Hazen, Slack, Haskell, and Kilby Smith.—These men were Grant's associates in arms; they know him, and knowing him they repudiate him.

There are eight Republican members of the United States Senate who are in favor of the election of Mr. Greeley, viz: Sumner, Trumbull Schurz, Fenton, Sprague, Tipton, Rice and West.

THE CAUCUS SYSTEM.

The Republican papers of this State are just now engaged in an earnest discussion of the merits of the caucus system. With the single exception of the *Oregonian*, they endorse the caucus as the only means for maintaining political organizations and carrying out the will of a party having the ascendency. It is not to be believed that those sticklers for the caucus system are sincere, further than they expect to profit by it in the present Senatorial contest. They have assurance that a small majority of the Republican members of the Legislature are in favor of their candidate for the Senate, while a large minority are earnestly opposed to him. The only way possible to insure the election of their man is to manage to get all the Republican members into caucus, and there extort a pledge from the minority, under threats of political excommunication, to yield up their manhood and rights as freemen to a few dictatorial political experts who manipulate the party reins.

While we claim to have no interest in the contest now being waged among the Grant organs, we deem it a proper time to express an opinion in regard to the caucus system. The time is particularly appropriate for the reason that the Senatorial contest now being waged at the Capital, furnishes a practical illustration of the evils which are always liable to result from minorities permitting themselves to be gagged by a caucus resolution. The two prominent candidates before the Legislature for a seat in the United States Senate, are Messrs. H. W. Corbett and J. H. Mitchell. The latter is Mr. Holladay's attorney, and as such is regarded by a large majority of the people, of every shade of politics, as a dangerous man to send to the Senate for six years. Mr. Corbett is an independent citizen, who, by a trial in that high position for the past six years, has proved himself, barring his politics, an honest and worthy Sentor. Were a vote of the whole people of the State taken to-day, to decide the contest between Mr. Mitchell and Mr. Corbett, it is quite certain that the latter would poll ten votes to the former's one. Notwithstanding this, it is stated that a majority of the Grant members of the Legislature are in favor of overriding the will of a majority of their party, and electing Mr. Mitchell. Many of those favoring a caucus were elected for the reason than that they were privately pledged to support Mr. Mitchell for the Senate. For the large minority to yield in the present case, it is therefore plain that they would be surrendering when there is no need of surrender, besides betraying the confidence reposed in them by their constituents. The truth is, that in nine cases out of ten a caucus is a trap in which professional politicians and tricksters catch honest and unsuspecting men, and as such we shall always be glad to see it discarded by any and all parties. It is a sort of Star Chamber, where honesty is sacrificed upon the shrine of villainy and the people are cheated and defeated in the choice of honest and capable men to represent their interests in high and responsible places, and as such a prudent Legislator will shun it.

THE KNOW-NOTHING CANDIDATE.—Henry Wilson, Radical candidate for Vice President, has been driven from pillar to post, on his Know-Nothing record. He went into cover for a while, under a letter written in German to which his signature was attached, flatly denying that he ever was a Know-Nothing. He was smoked out of that and compelled to pronounce the letter a forgery. Hon. F. W. Bond, of Massachusetts, not only gives the time and place of his initiation, but also states that he was *black-balled* on his first proposal for membership. He was afterwards, unfortunately for himself, successful in getting into another lodge, and now comes the New York *Tribune*, with an extract from a speech of Wilson's, published in its issue of the 10th of October, 1855, in which Wilson speaks of himself as a memeber of the Know-Nothing party. O! Jeremiah! That was one of the extracts from the *Tribune* which you did not want resurrected. There is an old proverb that "one false statement breeds fifty." Mr. Wilson has illustrated it for the benefit of the public, in his clumsy efforts to dodge his past record as a Know-Nothing.

GREELEY IN THE WEST—The Detroit *Free Press* says that nowhere in the Union is Greeley's nomination received with more enthusiasm than in the Western States, the home of the pioneer and hardy settler. The changes in his favor in Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Minnesota, Nebrasky, Kansas, and further West are counted by thousands, and the campaign is conducted with even more animation than in the Eastern and Middle States. There is hardly a postoffice hamlet without its Greeley club and its Greeley pole and banner, and in every State mentioned Domocrats and Liberals are working hand in hand to pile up majorities.

Mr. Benjamin Wood, editor of the New York Evening *News*, offers to bet $10,000 that Horace Greeley will be elected the next President of the United States, and nobody has been found who dares risk that amount on Grant's chances.

CAPITAL CORRESPONDENCE.

SALEM, Sept. 16, 1872.

After four days' skirmishing the Senate at last succeeded in effecting an organization on last Friday morning, and now the Legislative pot has fairly begun to "bile." Of course nothing in the way of legislation has been accomplished, but many measures are on the slate and will be submitted in due course of time.

It is a noteworthy fact that immediately after the organization of the House, a Radical member from the classic shades of Yamhill, yclept Burbank, precipitated upon the Husee a bill to repeal the litigant bill, and from the fact that the little Radical papers of Oregon are in the last stages of dissolution which naught but the instantaneous repeal of this law would check, he urged the immediate passage of his bill, being entirely ignorant of the rules governing a law making body. The bill went over under the rule and "Claybank" collapsed. He expects to make a speech square to the dolorous eloquence of the screech-owl and as argumentative as Mother Goose's melodies when the bill is put upon its final passage.—This is the Yamhillian's only chance for fame and he proposes to "feather on to it." He is bound to enroll his name with that of Deady, Woods, Mrs. Duniway, and the other great men of Yamhill.

SALEM, Sept. 17.

Considerable business was transacted in the Senate yesterday afternoon. Baldwin, of Grant, introduced three bills—one in relation roads and highways, another to regulate interests on contracts, and a third to amend the law relating to procuring evidence.—These bills all appear to be measures of utility and necessity, and will doubtless pass. Dolph, of Multnomah, introduced a wise and just bill for the protection of fish and game.—A similar bill was introduced in the House yesterday; so that you observe our legislators have at last awoke to the necessity of some action upon this subject. It is a fixed fact that a game law will be enacted during this session, and the useless and cruel slaughter (out of season) of the timid fallow deer and the swift-footed jackass rabbit will now forever cease within our borders. Many a "bounding roe" and cock-pheasant will rise up and call ye wise Oregon legislators blessed.

Yesterday afternoon the Governor returned to the Senate his veto of two bills passed at the last session—one appropriating $15,000 to drain school lands in Union county, and the other known as the Portland subsidy bill. The Senate immediately voted unanimously to sustain the veto of the drainage bill, and also sustained the veto of the subsidy bill by a vote of 21 to 1—Cornelius of Washington, alone voting to pass the bill over the veto. A caucus of Republican members was called for last night, and a courier-dove tells us that only 33 of the 43 Rads were in attendance—ten refusing to be whipped, cajoled or subsidized into a caucus. The bird further whispers into our ear that a vote upon the Senatorial question resulted in 24 for Mitchell and 9 for Corbett. As it is understood that the ten Repubs who refused to go into caucus are for Corbett, this would indicate that he has 19 votes in his own party, which only lacks three of being a majority of that side of the Legislative body. It is thought that, after the signal failure last night, the caucus will be abondoned and a regular guerrella warfare inaugurated on the part of the Holladayites. The Democrats have as yet had no concert of action, but are simply placid spectators of the combat. They have however, their lances in rest, and will be pretty sure to make a prod into some man's bread basket when the time comes.

SALEM, Sept. 18.

Last night another Republican caucus was held, and is said to have been a worse failure than the one of the preceding night. Only about twenty-eight members were present, and they all shortly retired in disgust. In the light of these events ye Senatorial chances of ye attorney of ye Railroad King are growing beautifully less.

Yesterday afternoon the Legislature resolved itself into a penitentiary visiting committee, and the members went out *en masse* and nosed around the magnificent edifice for a couple of hours. This elegant and imposing new structure has been so frequently embalmed in printer's ink since its erection that I do not deem it necessary at this time to occupy space in its description. The large, commodious and airy rooms, with their finely carpeted or sleekly polished floors, and the less sumptuous but equally reliable cells, are all models of perfection in their way, while the fixtures and conveniences indoors and out seem to be all that the most exacting convict could demand. A large and voluminous library has been provided by the liberal contributions of the Salemits, to which the involuntary guests of the mansion have free access. From the well thumbed condition of the books one would suppose that many of the inmates were diligent students, but it is sad to note that the books on Christian Methodism, with which the library abounds, are freer from soil and dog's-ears than those relating to a heroic individual named "Three-fingered Jack," and a female of questionable repute called by her biographer "Betsey Piper, of Smoky Row." If these convicts continue to read in this line of literature until the expiration of their terms of incarceration there will be no longer any question of their fitness to represent the people in the legislative halls. They are certainly fast gravitating to the title of "Honorable."

We observed that the convicts didn't wear as fine clothes as the Legislature-men, which item of contrast made the latter beam with self-complacent smiles. They were glad to note such a palpable difference between themselves and Watkind's boarders.

There was one woman in the Penitentiary; but she curled her lip in scorn at the familiar approaches of her Honorable visitors, remarking that although in her present position she might seem degraded she yet wished it understood that there were depths to which even *she* could not descend. As it was soon discovered that she had no vote to cast for United States Senator, and was withal opposed to the caucus system, she was left alone with her deeply offended dignity.

The building Commissioners, Messrs. Watkinds, Holman and McAlexander, deserve the highest praise for the superior workmanship and artistic skill displayed in the construction of this truly palatial ediffice. It is equal in size and appointments to any similar building in the States of the Mississippi Valley, and would do honor to the mother commonwealths on the Atlantic seaboard. As this building was designed and erected under a Democratic administration it must remain for generations as a monument to that party's enterprise, enlightenment and humanity.

Superintendent Watkinds is doing all in his power to render the prison a self-sustaining insitution, and has already nearly succeeded in doing so. His energy, perseverance, and dilligent attention to his official duties are entitled to the highest ecomiums of the people of the whole State.

Baldwin, of Grant, to-day introduced into to the Senate a Joint Resolution to amend the State Constitution in the following respects: That the members of the Legislature receive five dollars per day, instead of three dollars as now, and three dollars for every twenty miles traveled, and that the presiding officer of each House shall receive seven dollars per day; that each regular legislative session shall not exceed ninety days and each special session thirty days; that the Legislature may at any time provide for a separate Supreme Court; that the annual salary of the Supreme Judges shall be three thousand six hundred dollars, the Circuit Judge three thousand dollars, the Governor two thousand five hundred dollars, the Secretary of State and State Treasurer each two thousand dollars; and that the State shall not incur an indebtedness to exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. The consideration of the resolution was made the special order for Saturday, Sept. 28. The increase of the salaries of officials is probably well enough, but we doubt much if the people are prepared to have the barrier thrown down which forbids the State incuring an indebtedness exceeding fifty thousand dollars. Such a measure requires the weightest consideration before its adoption.—It is a long stride for even our progressive young State to make, from fifty thousand to a quarter of a million of indebtedness. All things considered, it occurs to me that the old law upon this matter of State indebtedness is good enough for some years yet. However, as this question is yet in its incipency a discussion upon its merits may be for the present held in abeyance.

Bills are rushing into both Houses in voluminous numbers, as though there had never been any laws passed for the management of the commonwealth heretofore. Of course lots of the introducers don't expect their bills to pass, they only want to get noticed by somebody. As fast as laws of public interest are enacted I shall transmit copies for publication.

M. V. B.

John W. Forney's paper only figures out four majority for Grant in the electoral college. This is leaving it pretty close for a Grant paper. It is about as good as giving it up. The battle is on the side of Greeley, and the peoplo are rejoiced. Bold and determined fighting from this out will give us such an overwhelming victory that it well be the last of political rings. Let the work be well done, now it is so well begun. The Grant men only appeal to Democrats to save them. Will Democrats help them?

The *Bulletin* announces that it has changed hands and it goes through the simple form of raising the names of Grant & Wilson. It is whispered that H. W. Scott who lost his position as editor of the *Oregonian* when it changed hands is to take editorial charge of the *Bulletin*.

Hartranft's most intimate friend in Pennsylvania is now serving out a ten years term in the penitentiary for stealing money out of the state treasury, which Hartranft aided him in stealing. He is a pretty man to be govesnor of the great state of Pennsylvania.

PACIFIC COASTERS.

Small pox prevails in Southern Utah.

Monmouth College has 150 students.

A large brick hotel is being erected at Walla Walla.

Peaches are worth six dollars per bushel in Portland.

Fires continue to rage in the mountains near Jacksonville.

Clackamas county has $1,918,191 worth of taxable property.

A vein of coal has been discovered near Auburn Baker county.

The taxable property of Benton county foots up $1,500,000.

Snow fell at Kootenia, British Columbia, on the 31st of August.

An infectious disease has broken out among the cattle in Nevada.

Lafayette in Yamhill county asks the Legislature for a city charter.

Washington Territory owes $22,189 93, and has $966 46 wherewith to pay.

The Ashland Academy will not be opened until the latter part of October.

Yamhill dogs subsist principally upon mutton, slaughtered wherever found.

It is reported that Gen. Jo Lane will take the stump in Oregon for Greeley.

Minnie Myrtle Miller is in San Francisco and will lecture on her husband.

Peaches are almost abundant enough at the Dalles to be a drug on the market.

W. H. Odell of Eugene City will deliver the annual address at the State Fair.

Late rains have done immense damage to the grain crops all over Idaho Territory.

Judge Matlock of Oregon City is hopelessly ill. His disease is softening of the brain.

The Salem *Mercury* was four years old last Saturday, and is large and lively of its age.

The machinery of the Dalles Woolen Mill has been sold and will be moved elsewhere.

James Dinwiddie of Lane county threshed 4,000 bushels of wheat from a field of 100 acres.

The Academy at Roseburg was opened last Monday under the management of S. W. Rice.

The Yreka Union says the frost in Scott Valley last Saturday and Sunday nights was very severe.

The cars on the West Side Railroad reached Gaston's farm in Yamhill county on the 13th inst.

The *Plaindealer* says that the Coos Bay wagon road is the best mountain road constructed in the State.

The trial of Mrs. Laura D. Fair for the murder of A. P. Crittenden is in progress at San Francisco.

The famous Arizona "diamonds" are said to command about one dollar a bushel in the home market.

The time required to travel from Jacksonville to Portland by stage and rail is less than thirty hours.

The exempt firemen of San Francisco have expended $7,600 for funeral expenses during the past year.

The Central Pacific Railroad earned $1,288,000 in August, making nearly nine millions this year so far.

The amount of through freight on the Central Pacific Railroad during the month of August was 2,775 tons.

Mr. A. Cantrell, of Benton county, has purchased a number of Angora Goats which he proposes to introduce on his farm.

The *Mountaineer* says there are enough vagabond "siwashes" about the Dalles to start a good sized Indian Agency.

Over one thousand patents for land claimants have been received at the Land Office at Olympia during the past month.

Silas Rich, of Prickly Pear valley, Montana, has a field of wheat which he claims will average eighty bushels to the acre.

The Library of the Willamette University contains 2,000 volumes, all first-class works and some of them very valuable.

Goldsmith Maid and Lucy have arrived in San Francisco and will try their speed against Stanford's horse at an early day.

The jury in the Fair murder case is now full. Nine hundred and fifty were called before twelve qualified were obtained.

The wife of Mr. Thos. Cross, of Salem, was thrown from a buggy and killed on last Monday, near the long bridge in Salem.

Mrs. C. P. Baden, of Portland, and her daughter Hattie, were thrown from a buggy in Portland last Tuesday and severely bruised.

Peter Otterdorf, of Jacksonville, was thrown out of a carriage the other night and suffered the breaking of a rib and other injuries.

James Hamilton, son of Dr. Hamilton, of Roseburg, has been appointed to the Agricultural College by the Senator from Douglas county.

The Virtue quartz mill at Baker City is running up to its full capacity upon rock from the mine of that name, and is said to pan out well.

An Olympia exchange says:—"Coal oil of superior quality has been discovered in Chehalis Valley, and minerals in the Black Hills."

The *Pacific Tribune* says: It is stated that Ben Holladay will run a line of steamers from Gray's Harbor to within eight miles of Olympia, by traversing the Chehalis and Black Rivers, and a stage line to this city will make the connection complete.

A foot of snow fell in places on the summit of the Sierras, on Tuesday last. This for that locality, is the earliest snow storm on record.

Volney V. Smith, son of the late Hon. Delazon Smith, of this State, is the Radical Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor of Arkansas.

The Olympia *Transcipt* says the railroad work is being pushed rapidly ahead. In a few days the locomotive will be running through Lewis county.

The Deer Lodge, Montana, *Independent* says the lightest wheat crop in that section will average 25 bushels to the acre and the heaviest 75 or 80 bushels.

A Polk county man, eighty years of age, swallowed four live frogs the other day. It is not stated how many were a mess for him when he was younger.

The Kalama *Beacon* gives credence to the rumors that a company of capitalists are about erecting iron works across the river from that place and about four miles up.

S. Barcley, Superintendent of the Nevada Transportation Company, was shot, but not dangerously hurt, at Eureka, California, last Sunday morning, by John McIntosh.

The lumbering and coal trade of Coos Bay, in the southern portion of Oregon, is said to be suffering for want of sufficient tonnage to carry on the products of the district.

A Man named Miller, a German, in attempting to leap from his wagon while his team was running away, at Portland last Saturday, fell upon the back of his head and was killed.

E. M. Waite, Esq., Secretary of the Oregon State Agricultural Society has by authority of the Society presented the members of the Legislature with admission tickets to the coming State Fair.

Hon. E. D. Shattuck and Judge Page addressed a rousing meeting of Democrats and Liberals at Eugene City last Tuesday evening. The Eugene *Gaurd* speaks in high terms of the speaking.

The officer having in charge the river improvements on the Upper Willamette has a force of men at work constructing about one thousand feet of a wing-dam on Humphrey's slough.

The late heavy rains, says the Baker City *Democrat*, are reported to have injured the crops materially in Eastern Oregon and Idaho Territory. The weather at latest advices remained unsettled and threatening.

The La Grande *Sentinel* says: Now that the harvest is very nearly over throughout the county, we are enabled to state from the best sources of information, that the grain crop is about three-fifths of the average. At all events, taking the old on hand, and the new crop, there will be a large surplus.

The Helena *Herald* says: "The party of N. P. R. R. surveyors now operating in the Bozeman Pass, are making a permanent survey for the construction of the road. After the preliminary survey to the summit, rendered necessary by the loss or removal of old landmarks, the party will make the final survey of this pass, and drive the stakes on the line of the railroad."

The *Gaurd* says: Lane county is well represented at Salem at present. We have at that place our five members of the Legislature, and in addition, Hen. Owens, who bets all his coin on "Old Nes. for United States Senate, by G—d!" H. R. Kincaid, the henchman of the Attorney General, Rev. J. H. D. Henderson, who wants a temperance law passed, John Kelly, who knows what he wants but don't tell anybody, and Oregon's G. Francis Train, Gen. E. L. Applegate, who don't know which he had rather do or be elected Senator himself.

Mr. H. B. Morgan, living on the Hillsboro farm, belonging to S. G. Reed, set fire on Monday to some stubble. A strong northeast wind set in, blowing the flames toward the town. The noise was deafening, the roaring and crackling was heard for two miles, and so rapid was the approach of the fire that the entire village was called out to stop its progress. After considerable trouble it was stopped within a block of the houses. A quantity of fencing was destroyed. Mr. Morgan took the precaution of clearing away from the fences a distance of one rod, but the heavy wind caused the fire to jump thirty yards at a time. Considering the dryness of everything the town narrowly escaped being burned.—Had the fire reached the town no human aid could have saved it.

THERE ARE SEVERAL FEDERAL OFFICIALS, including a postmaster at Portland, a collector of Internal Revenue for the Oregon District, a Collector of Customs at Astoria, and an occupant of a Load Office at Roseburg, here, counselling the disogranization of the Repulican party. If the President knew of this and did not give the incumbents of office above-mentioned indefinite leave of absence, we should think he could not reasonable expect the Republicans of Oregon to give him the State in November *Statesman*.

The Federal officials referred to by the *Statesman* are Hon. Wilson Bowlby, Hon. A. Hinman, and Hon. L. H. Wakefield. Now gentleman, say your prayrs. The wolves are on your track.

WEEKLY TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Senator Sumner has gone to England.

Grant is on a visit to Washington.

Horace Greeley is making a tour of the Western States.

The Geneva Conference has finished its work and adjourned.

Ex-Senator Henderson has been nominated for Governor, by the Grantites of Missouri.

It is asserted that the Czar of Russia will demand the abrogation of the treaty of Paris for the purpose of co-operating with Austria and Prussia.

A Constantinople dispatch says it is understood that some trouble has arisen regarding the annual tribute of two thousand dollars annually paid to the Sultan by the Government of Montenegro, and that war will follow.

The Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F., of the United States, met at Baltimore on last Monday.

Charles Sumner has been nominated for Governor, by the Liberals and Democrats of Massachusetts.—It is not yet know whether he will accept.

Merriman, of North Carolina, will contest the election of Caldwell.—There is little doubt but he will oust his late competitor.

Full returns from Maine show the Republican majority to be 17,082, a falling off of about 4,000 votes, compared with the preceding election.

A dispatch from New York to the Chicago *Tribune*, says that the Grantites propose to capture Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, by offering him a purse of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. We have no idea but such a proposition will be spurned with contempt. Great efforts, however, are being made to secure him to Grant.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Company have selected a site on section 8, township 13 north, range 2 west, half a mile south of the crossing of the Newaukum River, for a station, to accommodate the Chehalis, Boisfert and Newaukum country. Gen. Tilton is now laying out a town to be called Newaukum.

The Eugene *Guard*, the only Democratic paper west of the Rocky Mountains, which refuses to support Greeley and Brown, says if O'Connor does not accept the Louisville nomination then we must ratify the bargain made at Cincinnatti. Well O'Connor will not accept.

The very men who are now urging Republicans to go into caucus for the nomination of a senator are the fellows who disregarded the caucus decission in 1866 which nominated Gov. Gibbs. Oh! consistancy thou art a jewell.

It is the funniest thing on record to hear the fellows who bursted the caucus of 1866, in which Gov. Gibbs was nomnated Senator, prating about the duty of Republicans going into caucus and abiding its decission.

The Jacksonville *Sentinel* pipes in its feble way for a Holladay-Mitchell caucus.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—For Scurvy, Leprosy, and cutaneous diseases they are unrivalled. In places where these malanies are prevalent, the cures are marvellous, for the expulsion of pimples, blotches, &c., they are unparalled, and as a column tic the Ointment stands unequalled. Sold everywhere. 25 cents per box or pot.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Dec. 13, 1870.

DR. R. V. PIERCE: For the past six months I have used your Golden Medical Discovery in my practice, and in that time I have tested its merits in severe coughs, both acute and chronic in chronic diseases of the throat, severe cases of bronchitis, general derangement of the system, constipated condition of the bowels, and wherever a thorough Alterative, or blood purifier, has been indicated. In all cases I have found it to act gently, yet thoroughly and effectually in removing the various diseased conditions, add bringing about a healthy action throughout the system. Yours fraternally, H. L. HALL, M. D.

This medicine is sold by all respectable druggists in all parts of America.

REMOVED.—I take pleasure in informing the public that I have moved NEXT DOOR to the old stand my large stock of Clothing and Gents' furnishing goods, and will receive on the next steamer from San Francisco a new and large invoice of the latest styles of Fall and Winter goods, which I will sell 25 per cent less than any other house in the city, in consequence of having to pay less rent than any other establishment. Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere, and I will convince you that I sell cheaper than any house on the coast.

Try me and "take a smoke," also.
n1w4 N. BAUM, Albany.

Gent's French rubber toilet goods. Samples 25, 35 and 40 cents. Also a large variety of fancy pictures of all kinds at 10 cents each or 3 for 25 cents. Send me a three cent stamp and get one of my circulars. Address J. D. Mountfort, Box 116, Washington, D. C. 3m.

AGAIN IN THE FIELD.—The old reliable house established in 1850. Old firm; new goods. A splendid assortment of French fancy goods just received—many of them now introduced into this country for the first time. Reader, enclose me a three cent stamp and I will send you by return mail my circular, containing most valuable information for every man and woman in the country, and a catalogue of fancy goods which I sell at astonishing low prices. Address J. D. Mountfort, P. O. Box 116, Washington, D. C. n1m3.

WEEKLY PRICES CURRENT.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY P. C. HARPER & CO.

Following are the prices paid for produce, and the prices at which other articles are selling in this market:

WHEAT—White, ₱ bushel 60.
OATS—₱ bushel, 30 cts.
POTATOES—₱ bushel, $ .50.
ONIONS—₱ bushel, $1 @1 50.
FLOUR—₱ bbl. $6 50.
BEANS—White, ₱ lb. 4@5 cts.
DRIED FRUIT—Apples, ₱ lb., 6 cents; Peaches, ₱ lb. 16¾ cts.; Plums, ₱ lb. 18c.; Currants, ₱ lb. 10c.
BUTTER—₱ lb. packed 25c. fresh roll 30c
EGGS—₱ dozen, 30 cts.
CHICKENS—₱ dozen. $3 00.
SUGAR—Crushed, ₱ lb. 15 cts.; Island, ₱ lb. $11@13 cts.; San Francisco Refined, ₱ lb. 14 cts.
TEA—Young Hyson, ₱ lb. $1 50; Japan ₱ lb. 90c@$1 00; Black, ₱ lb. 75c@$1 50
COFFEE—₱ lb. 23@25 cents.
SALT—₱ lb. 1½@2½ cents.
SYRUP—Heavy Golden, ₱ keg, $5. Ex. Heavy Golden, ₱ gal. .$1 25.
BACON—Hams, Oregon, ₱ lb, 18; Eastern, 20cts.; Shoulders, 10 cts.
LARD—₱ lb, 15 cts.
OIL—Devoe's Kerosene, ₱ gallon, 75 cts., ₱ can. 5 gall., $3 00; Linseed Oil, raw, ₱ gall., $1 37½; Linseed Oil, boiled, ₱ gall., $1 25.
BEEF—Neat, ₱ lb, 5½ cents.
PORK—Neat, ₱ lb. 6 cents.
SHEEP—Mutton, per head, $2 75@4.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS:

SEALED PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the Albany & Santiam Water Ditch or Canal Co., up to October 1st, 1872, for grading, digging or fluming said ditch. Plans and specifications will be found at the office of said Company. L. ELKINS, President.
D. MANSFIED, Sec'y. v8n8tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALBANY, Sept. 19, 1872.

CERTAIN PARTIES HAVING CIRCULATED reports calculated to injure the character and good standing of W. S. Newbury as an honest and trustworthy business man, this is to certify that the said W. S. Newbury is our trusted and authorized General Agent, and any transaction by him in the grain business, we hold ourselves personally responsible for.
C. B. COMSTOCK & CO.
Sept. 20, 1872—n6w2.

CHRYSTAL PALACE CIRCUS

—WILL BE—

AT ALBANY DURING THE FAIR!

COMMENCING WEDNESDAY.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of an execution issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon, for Linn County, and to me directed and delivered, in favor of Barnerd Hunt, plaintiff, and against John Popper and Aleck Keller, defendants, for the sum of $101 50, judgment and costs of suit, I have this 13th day of September, A. D. 1872, levied upon the following described real estate, to-wit: Lot No. 1 in Block No. 8, in the town of North Brownsville, Linn county, Oregon, the property of said defendants, as described on the plats and surveys of said Brownsville, on file in the Clerk's office in Linn county, Oregon, and on

Saturday, the 20th day of Oct., 1872,

between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., to-wit: 11 o'clock A. M. of said day, in front of the Court House door, in the City of Albany, Linn county, Oregon, I will sell the above described property, for cash in hand, at public outcry, to the highest bidder.
ALLEN PARKER,
Sheriff, Linn Co., Oregon.
Dated, September 13, 1872.—n6w4.

GREAT RUSH

—AND—

TERRIFIC EXCITEMENT IN SALEM.

"LOVE LAUGHS AT LOCK-SMITHS."

PLAMONDON & STIMPSON,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BELVIDERE SALOON (the acknowledged fashionable resort in Salem) have opened an elegant saloon in the

CHEMEKETA HOUSE.

Where they are ready to cater to the palates of the most fastidious imbibers of the Capital City and the visiting public.

Don't forget to drop in at the "Belvidere" and "Chemeketa."

PLAMONDON & SIMPSON.
Salem, Sept. 14, 1872—m2.

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE AND Guardianship of Jacob Nye, an insane person, or a person incapable of transacting his own business. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of sale, made and entered of record by the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, at the September term thereof, 1872, I will sell at the Court House door, at Albany, Oregon, at public auction, on Saturday, the 5th day of October, 1872, at 1 o'clock P. M., of said day, that is between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., of said day, the following described real estate belonging to said ward, to-wit: Commencing at a point 20 chains north of the south-west corner of the Donation Land Claim of Jacob Nye, it being claim Not. No. 236, and Claim No. 44, in Tp. 13, S. R., 1 west Linn County, Oregon, and running thence north 12 chains, east 80 chains, south 12 chains, west 80 chains to the place of beginning,—containing 120 acres more or less, lying and being in Linn county, Oregon. Terms of sale are one-half of purchase price to be paid down in U. S. gold coin, and the residue to be paid in U. S. gold coin, with 1 per cent. interest per month in six months, with approved security by mortgage on the premises, upon the notice, terms and conditions as by law prescribed.
F. M. POWELL, Guardian.
GEO. R. HELM, Att'y for Guardian.
Sept. 5, 1872. n1w1

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE

A MOST DESIRABLE

FARM FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE a farm consisting of 320 acres, all fenced in and cross-fenced (new plank). There are 135 acres in finest cultivation, any part of which is suited for fall plowing and susceptible of the highest culture. The land is rich, high and rolling. The balance of the farm is in pasture land of the very best kind. The farm is well protected from the north and west winds by timber, which also affords ample firewood.—There is on the place an orchard of choicest varieties of fruit—the orchard being in much better condition than is even usually seen in this "land of big red apples." The farm is abundantly supplied with pure water.

LOCATION.

The farm is situate three miles north-west of Shedd's Railroad Station; two and a half miles south-west of Tangent Station; seven miles from Corvallis, and ten miles south of Albany.

TERMS OF SALE.

I offer the farm for sale at the extraordinarily low price of $25.50 per acre, and will give the purchaser accommodating and easy terms.

Or, I will take 14,000 bushels of wheat for the farm, one-third to be paid down and the balance to be paid in two annual enstalments, with ten per cent. interest, also paid in wheat.

The place is generally recognized by all who have a knowledge of it as being the

BEST FARM IN LINN COUNTY.

I have raised wheat upon it this year, with ordinary cultivation, on an average of THIRTY-FIVE BUSHELS PER ACRE.

For further terms and particulars inquire of W. L. YANTIS,
v8n6m6. Albany, Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO

FURNITURE STORE!

NEW GOODS

—AND—

REDUCED PRICES!

E. D. WHITLOW & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

FURNITURE!

—AND—

Upholstery Goods,

First St., 3 doors below Conner's Bank,

ALBANY, OREGON,

Keeps constantly on hand for sale

Black Walnut Parlor and Chamber Sets!

Painted Chamber Sets!

Dining Room Furniture!

Kitchen Furniture of All Kinds!

SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
SPRING MATRESSES,
PULU & EUREKA BEDS,
TABLES,
BEDSTEADS,
ROCKING CHAIRS,
STANDS,
BUREAUS,
WHATNOTS,
BRACKETS,
BOOK CASES,
SECRETARIES,
DESKS,
ETC., ETC.

UPHOLSTERING

In all its branches. Orders filled with promptness and dispatch.

COFFINS MADE TO ORDER!

Repairing and Manufacturing Done to Order.

☞All our work warranted☜

Give us an Early Call and Examine our Stock.

☞Goods delivered to any part of the city.☜
v8n6tf. E. D. WHITLOW & CO.