The Democrat.

FRIDAY............APRIL 21, 1871.

ANOTHER NEW PARTY MOVEMENT.

A few days ago a manifesto was issued at Cincinnati, Ohio, setting forth the principles upon which a new party is to be established. It was signed by a long list of the prominent and influential politicians of Cincinnati and Hamilton county, and we believe there are no Democrats figuring in the movement. All are Republicans who are disgusted with the corruption and treachery of their own party, and are sick of its ruinous rule and disastrous legislation.—Ex-Secretary Cox, who some months since openly manifested his disgust of Grant's infamous administration by resigning a prominent position under him, heads the list of signatures, and the following is a brief synopsis of the principles upon which the new party base their movement:

1. Universal amnesty—The abolition of all political disabilities imposed for participation in the rebellion.
2. A Revenue Tariff—The abolition of the present unjust system of protection.
3. Civil Service Reform—No more Government patronage for party purposes.
4. Specie payments—A speedy return to the old Democratic hard money system.

The movement in itself may not amount to anything tangible in the way of an organization, but it proves that there are being sown the seeds of discord in the Radical ranks which must eventually end in its total disintegration and overthrow.

The principles above set forth are essentially Democratic and their essence may be found in every Democratic platform adopted since each of the questions have been in existence, and no "New Party" can hope to succeed while fighting for those principles and the same time battling against the party which has always been their champion. If the New Party is honest in its professions of devotion to those great principles which it so loudly fulminates to the world in its platform, why does it not adopt the only reasonable method of success by joining its forces with those of the Democracy? Why does it not enroll its members with those of the good old Democratic party—the party of the people—which is marching to a certain victory with the tenets which the New Party seek to steal emblazoned upon its banners and floating from its mast-head?

If the New Party is desirous of success let it join that enthusiastic Democratic procession and share in the almost certain victory of 1872. On the other hand, if it is only an organization of demagogues and political soreheads, formed for purposes of official spoliation and party vengence, let it sink back into the Radical mob and go down in the whirling maelstrom of popular vengence which will surely engulf that party in the near future.

ANOTHER KU-KLUX OUTRAGE.

The carpet-bag Governor Holden, of North Carolina—formally from Wooden-nutmegdom—was officially impeached and kicked out of office on the 22d ult. The High Court of impeachment in session at Raleigh, where the case was up, found him guilty of six of the eight charges preferred against him; and the sentence of the court is that he shall be removed from office and disqualified from ever after holding any office of honor or profit in the State of North Carolina. The vote stood thirty to thirteen on sentence, and thirty-one to twelve on conviction. So the Radical carpet-bagger and loafing Northern vagabond was forced to pick up his duds and decamp for "other scenes and other lands," leaving nothing but a record of infamy, treachery and villainy behind him.

Of course this impeachment and removal of the martyr Holden was another Ku-Klux outrage and Grant will have to proclamate against the citizens of Raleigh and declare North Carolina in a state of insurrection.—Let the Old North State stand from under, because this high-handed outrage upon a loyal New England pettifogging carpet-baging school teacher must be punished by the army and navy. Look out, you Ku-Klux legislators, the Cngressional nosing Committee will be in a few days smelling around among your out-houses and wench quarters for Ku-Klux signs! Loyalty must be vidicated and Ku-Kluxers punished and the Radicals kept in power.

We see that a man named Cook is to ride across the Willamette at Portland in a tub which is to be pulled through the water by a goose. Shouldn't be surprised if that trip would Cook his goose.

The dispatches published elsewhere say the insurgent French prisoners are taken to Brest. It is safe to presume that they are *infantry*.

A recent dispatch from Fort Shaw, Montana, gives this: Great excitement has been caused at this post by immense numbers of buffaloes crossing Sun river, just above the fort. The garrison have turned out and are slaughtering them by hundreds. It is supposed that they are driven across by a band of Sioux Indians, who are said to be moving in this direction. The buffaloes rub the telegraph poles down faster than the men can re-set them.

NEGRO SUFFRAGE CANNOT BE IGNORED.

We are astonished to observe that several prominent Eastern Democratic papers, such as the New York *World*, the Chicago *Times*, and other less noted journals professing the same political creed, are advising their party friends to accept the provisions of the 14th and 15th Amendments and negro suffrage as foregone conclusions and legitimate measures, and to cease opposing them as a political measure. As we believed with the great mass of the Democratic party, at the time of the adoption of those amendments, that they were undemocratic, unconstitutional and inconsistent with the genius of our government, we still maintain the same belief and do not think the Democratic party who last year incorporated in every State platform hostility to those iniquitious measures, and who marched to glorious victories under a banner upon which was inscribed the most inveterate opposition to negro suffrage, are now prepared to acknowledge that they were wrong and that the Radicals who fraudulently secured those twin iniquities were right. If the Democratic party believed last year that its mission was to maintain a "White Man's Government" upon American soil and to uphold the fundamental principles of the Old Constitution against radical inroad and innovation, why should they now change those views and fall in with the sophistries, the political tricks and the negro equality ideas of the Radical mongrels?

Indeed, aside from a matter of principle, we believe that opposition to the mongrel tendencies of the 15th Amendment is a winning card in the Democratic hand and will assist more than any other one plank in our platform to secure us a victory next year. We do not know of a weaker or blinder suggestion of policy than that which seeks to ignore negro suffrage and the 15th Amendment in the coming Presidential contest. And yet these pretended Democratic papers—these milk and water journals—those "good Lord, good devil" sort of political trimmers—would hustle it out of sight as though it were a Greek horse full of terrors to the Democratic party. We sincerely believe that it is to the indignation of the white men, all over the country, aroused by this amendment and its practical effects, brought home to the people of the whole country, that we may attribute our successes in the great State elections of 1870 and the recent New Hampshire victory. The people in those elections in stentorian tones proclaimed their undying hostility to mongrel legislation and to the idea that the Constitution of the United States can be permanently suspended, violated and trampled on as it is by the Radical power. But its restoration, regeneration and perpetuation is the object of the rising and arming of the Democratic party from end to end of this great country. And so far every sign of the times points to success and victory in the noble effort. We see no obstacle to its triumph save in a want of faith in the power of a righteous cause, and the timidity that seeks to conquer the enemy by dipping the Democratic flag in compliment to his detestable principles.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 1, 1871.

In the Senate. yesterday, for three long and dreary hours, Senator Pool, of N. C., who is not a carpet-bagger, talked his talk. He denounced the people of his section; called the Democrats hard names; and thought Holden, the impeached Governor a martyr. He was listened to by the Senate as a matter of courtesy, as he virtually said nothing except words, words, and for the good breeding of that body he promised to inflict as many more hours of the same stuff on them at some future day.

The Ku-Klux bill was the subject of debate in the House yesterday, as it has been for several days past. The Democratic members do not mince matters much, but speak boldly what they think, and they charge the President and his friends with an attempt to raise an Empire on the ruins of the Republic. General Farnsworth, Radical, spoke very strongly against the second and third sections of the bill, and when he said that "He did not agree with Mr. Hoar, that we should have a strong central government, and that he believed that the safest place to leave the power was in the States," he struck the proper chord, and a feeling which actuates a number of his Radical friends, sufficient, it is claimed, to modify the most obnoxious provisions of the bill, especially the giving of more power to the President. It is also claimed that should all amendments be voted down there will be a fair prospect of the bill being laid on the table. I have such faith in the efficacy of the Presidential patronage and power, and so little belief in the backbone of those Radicals who dare do as they rather wish, that I look for the worst. In the event of the House passing the bill, it will keep Congress in session till May at least.

The following from the Administration organ here the *Chronicle*, shows how the Empire idea is being pushed: "Do you want the Republic or the Empire? That was the question of one of those chronic conservatives who fear in saving the lives of American citizens we shall damage the Constitution. If the 'Empire is peace' and the Republic is not, if the Empire is safety and the Republic is not, we want the Empire." The sneer at the conservative is in keeping with those who desire the change. How rapid is the progress now being made by Radical misrepresentations and falsehoods to prove that "the Republic is *not* peace and safety," and after the power of more than an Emperor is placed in the hands of the Radical chief—General Grant—how easy to cry out for the "Empire which is peace and safety," and thus accomplish the designs of the conspiracy which I hold has been formed in the interest of General Grant by the cliques who surround him aided by allies in the House and Senate.

The San Domingo Commissioners' report was read in Cabinet meeting yesterday. It answers officially all the questions proposed by Congress; but informally the commissioners have stated that they are in favor of immediate annexation, as Baez cannot hold out till the next session of Congress. It is reported that Grant will send into Congress a message, accompanying the report, asking for the annexation of the much coveted San Domingo. Grant will have his trouble for his pains in this matter, as the feeling is decidedly averse to this job, in both Houses.

Grant has, for the first time, I believe, been forced to withdraw the name of a scoundrel after having nominated one for position. After being deaf when the whole decent press of the country was ringing with the thefts, vileness and depravity of Dan Sickles, I can scarcely understand upon what grounds he withdrew the name of "Colonel" G. B. Berger, who has done such good Radical service, first in North Carolina, as subordinate to Kirk, 'the butcher," in the service of Gov. Holden, and later as a willing witness before the Southern outrage committee, where his services warranted his appointment as Consul to Permanbuco, from which his name has been withdrawn so as to permit him to go to North Carolina on a requisition from Governor Caldwell, of that State, who no doubt will provide him with clothing, board and lodging at the expense of the State for some time to come. Does Grant call this "backing of his friends?"

The Democratic National Executive Committee was yesterday chosen for the ensuing year: Senator Casserly, President; Representatives Shober and Bell, Secretaries; Representatives Randall, Slocum, Eldridge, Swan, Niblack, and Generals Noah and Jeffries, Hon. R. T. Merrick and N. T. Smith, resident committee. The committee did good service last fall, and there is no doubt as great success will attend their next effort as did the last.

Ohio politicians here, in their extremity, have cast upon "cussing" Ben. Wade as their candidate for Governor, and called upon him to that effect. Ben. thinks that some younger and more active man in the new kinks of modern politics should be their standard bearer. Does Ben. mean by refusing that he sees defeat ahead, or that he does not understand the "new kinks of modern politics?" Why, it is easy enough, it is easy as "cussing." All you have to do is to d—n the South, vote for all that Ulysses wants, including schemes, jobs, &c., give him the military to carry out his designs, and you are a good Radical.—That's all.

J. H.

KIND WORDS.

As the sight of his childhood's home is welcome to the weary wanderer; as the bright sunshine raises the drooping petals of the sweet flowers; as the green verdure and sparkling fountain of the oasis cheers the heart and brightens the eyes of the desert-worn traveler,—so are kind words of commendation and encouragement welcome to the overworked, brain-weary editor, who is devoting his time and expending his energies to interest, amuse, instruct and benefit those who are from week to week looking for the appearance of his paper and constantly grasping for something *new* in its columns, or ofttimes censuring for a lack of it.

But while there is censure from some quarters there is an occasional word of praise from others; and as we are all more less susceptable to flattery, even a very little of that ingredient obliterates the pang occasioned by those who fault us, and restores us to our wonted equanimity.

The subjoined notices, which we clip from our Oregon cotemporaries, furnish a refutation of the oft-asserted statement that newspaper men cordially hate each other and that they are essentially Ishmaelitish in ther conduct toward those who persue the same profession, desiring nothing better than their professional humiliation or financial ruin. We thank our brethren for their generous commendations and kind wishes, and hope to ever merit their fraternal esteem:

ENLARGED.—The *State Rights Democrat*, published at Albany, has been enlarged by the addition of a column to each page, with a proportional lengthening of the columns—thus making it equal in size to any paper in the State, outside of Portland. We are glad to see this evidence of prosperity, as the *Democrat* is one of the best papers for local news on our exchange list.—*Willamette Farmer.*

The *State Rights Democrat* has been enlarged, and is now a paper of thirty-two columns. Its Democracy is orthodox, its editorials are vivacious, while the selections evince much taste and judgment. It is a paper every way worthy the support of the Democrats of Linn county.—*Oregon Herald.*

The last issue of the Albany *Democrat* comes to us enlarged to an eight column paper, being 32 columns. It is a good paper and we hope it may always meet with the liberal support it has heretofore received. May abundant success attend its useful career.—*Oregon City Enterprise.*

The *State Rights Democrat*, Mart. V. Brown, proprietor and publisher, Albany, Oregon, came to hand last week enlarged and improved. *Mart.* is a clever fellow, and makes a good paper (excepting his politics), and we heartily wish him pecuniary success—but his party political defeat.—*Corvallis Gazette.*

The *State Rights Democrat*, of Albany, published by *Mart. V. Brown*, has been enlarged and improved. It claims to be the oldest Democratic paper in Oregon.—*Christian Advocate.*

The *State Rights Democrat* of Albany comes to us enlarged and much improved in its typographical appearance. Success to you, Brother Brown.—*Dalles Mountaineer.*

The Albany *Democrat* appeared in an enlarged form, last week, and shows signs of thriving business in that flourishing town.—*Roseburg Plaindealer.*

The Albany *Democrat* has added four columns, and is now the largest country paper in the State.—*Eugene Guard.*

The Albany *Democrat* has been enlarged to a thirty-two column paper, and is the best conducted Democratic paper in Oregon.—*Eugene Journal.*

PACIFIC COASTERS.

Ochoco is being fast populated.

Croquet and base ball at Eugene.

Portland has a "Chinnman Jew."

The river is to be bridged at Portland.

Pennies will be introduced into Oregon soon.

The mute school is progressing finely in Salem.

Coal is discovered on the Cowlitz river, W. T.

Astoria was founded 60 years ago last Monday.

The late S. T. Church's estate is valued at $75,000.

The Baker City Academy is to be built this summer.

The last 'Frisco steamer brought up 350 passengers.

Corvallis holds her city election on the 1st proximo.

The late S. T. Church had his life insured for $13,000.

Wm. Peck, of Eugene, was badly kicked by a horse last week.

S. S. Plamondon was drowned in a well at Butteville, last week.

The Salem Woolen Manufactory will suspend work for a year.

The Kalama *Press* will soon start, with W. B. Daniels as editor.

Mr. Daly, a sailor, was drowned near Astoria on the 12th inst.

None but white men will be employed on the Oregon City locks.

Olympia offers 3,000 acres of land for the N. P. R. R. terminus.

The National Medical Society meets in San Francisco on May 2d.

Joseph Rector, of Salem, was kicked senseless by a vicious horse.

Last Friday was the 20th anniversary of the existence of Portland.

Settlers on public lands are given one year more to make proof and payment.

A man can enjoy the luxury of beating his wife in Portland for $5. Dog cheap.

The Chinese miners in Jacksonville, Oregon, are arming for a fight with each other.

Dion and Rudolphe, the great billiard champions, will play in Portland next week.

The body of Judge Ford, who drowned himself at Vancouver some weeks ago, was found last week.

The school teacher and harness maker at Warm Springs Reservation are both full-blooded Indians.

The *Mountaineer* says the letting of the mail service between Ochoco and the Dalles has been unaccountably defeated.

Subsidies are all the rage now. The town of Hubbard, Marion county, offers a subsidy for a saw mill at that place.

Ben. Holladay offers to take the railroad into Salem for $30,000. He would doubtless run it up Mount Hood for $100,000.

The Oregon Presbytery of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church will meet at Belpassi, May 11th, 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M.

The citizens of Union county held a railroad meeting at La Grande, on the 5th inst., which the *Democrat* says was largely attended.

Rev. I. D. Driver, the star Methodist preacher of Oregon, has just returned from the East with his fourth wife. Guess he is a "star marryer," also.

The Masons of Harmony Lodge No. 12, Portland, charged Brother Richardson with marrying without the consent of the Brethren, and he got out of it by treating to an oyster supper.

Richard Bush, of Lane county, proposes to beat anybody in Oregon shooting for $500, and let them set the distance. Won't some of our Linn county shootists give this Bush a whack?

ROCKED TO SLEEP.—Some time ago the authorship to "Rock me to Sleep," a plaintive poem, by Florence Percy, was claimed by a plagiarist named Ball, who lives somewhere in New Jersey, and writes very bad verses. To this person Mark Twain addresses the subjoined apostrophe: "Backward, speed backward, O, Ball, in your flight! Make not an ass of yourself (just for to-night;) pull the few silver threads out of your hair, fill up and varnish those furrows of care—care that was born of attempting fame's steep, which you couldn't climb, Ball, whom none rocked to sleep! O, Bally, come back from the echoing shore! Cease for a season the public to bore with your infamous rhymes, and your stupid complaint, for you know you are claiming to be what you ain't. Oh, drivel no more—don't snuffle, don't weep—hang up your lyre, Ball—I'll rock you to sleep!"

THE IRISH WORLD.—We have received a copy of a new paper of the above name, published in New York. It is a large eight-paged journal. and contains 48 columns of reading matter. As an organ of thought, it has already acquired even an European reputation; and is recognized by the press of America, of Ireland, and England as standing first of its kind in the United States. As a Vehicle of News, it is, as its name purports, a condensed weekly history of the world—that is, of the Irish world—(and where ever the earth are Irishmen not to be found?) The chief Editor is the Hon. W. E. ROBINSON, late Member of Congress,—who has so distinguished himself for his persistent opposition to the arrogant pretensions of England, at all times and in all places. The *Irish World* is a marvel of cheapness—only $2.50 per year. The Editors invite persons to send on for *Specimen Copies*, FREE. The St. Patrick's day number has a splendid illustration of the Grand Procession, *five miles long*, marching through New York. A thrilling story was commenced at about that time. Address—"THE IRISH WORLD," 11 Frankfort street, New York.

BALLOU'S MAGAZINE FOR APRIL.—The April number of this superb family magazine is already issued, and contains a list of contents such as will please every one, old and young. "The Rivals on the deep," which will be found in the April number, alone is worth more than the price of the whole magazine. It is the best story that has been written this year. But all the tales in "Ballou's Magazine" are good, and here is a list of them:—"Fishes and Angling," by B. P. Shillaber; "On our Boulevard;" "A Picture of War;" "Stettin, Prusia;" "Circassians manufacturing Armor;" "A Leap in the Dark;" "Beyond the Sea;" "Dan Burton's Life Romance;" "Nan's Pelargonium;" "To One who was tried;" "The Iron Mask;" "The Rivals on the Deep;" "A Legend of Ancient Corinth;" "Dark Corner;" "Abel Budge's Expiration;" "Dr. Hurlbutt's Prescription;" "A Mystic;" OUR YOUNG PEOPLE'S STORY-TELLER—"Rival Leaders;" "What we found in the hollow Tree;" "The Housekeeper;" "Facts and Fancies;" "Our Picture Gallery"—Humorous Illustrations—Thomes & Talbot, 63 Congress Street, Boston, are the publishers, but "Ballou's Magazine" is for sale at all the periodical depots in the country at 15 cents per copy, or $1.50 per year; and it is clubbed with "THE MONTHLY NOVELETTE" for $3.00.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned From the Telegraph.

Thursday, April 13.

FOREIGN.

The losses of the Nationals on Saturday and Sunday were 225 killed, and 485 wounded.

Favre is going to Berlin to accelerate the conclusion of peace and reassure Bismarck of the early restoration of order.

The Nationals claim another victory.

Disappointment and disgust is felt in Paris at the action of the Commune.

84,000 French soldiers have been sent home from Switzerland.

Twelve thousand insurgents occupy Chatillon. They sortied against Platteau and were repulsed.

The arrest of Delascluse is contradicted.

The insurgents demand 100,000 francs or else they will kill the Archbishop of Paris.

1,000 French are daily leaving Paris.

DOMESTIC.

Caleb Cushing is to be appointed Minister to Mexico.

Six men and a woman were murdered by Indians in Texas yesterday. Troops pursued and killed and captured 80 Indians.

22 stores burned in Grand Rapids, Michigan, yesterday. Loss, $253,000.

A silver lode assaying $677 per ton is found in San Bernadino county, Cal.

Friday, April, 14.

FOREIGN.

Shells are falling fast into Paris.

Parisian women help defend the city.

Versailles troops have attacked Montrogue, and a violent cannonade goes on.

Gunboats on the Seine are fighting.

80,000 troops are at Versailles.

Versailles troops were repulsed and lost heavily in Tuesday's battle.

Maillot gate is steadily bombarded.

There is great consternation among the troops at Versailles.

Theirs deems success certain.

A battery of big guns is pointed at Fort Valerien.

Fort Maillot is shattered by the guns of Fort Valerien. The cannonade lasted all day Wednesday, the shells reaching the Arc de Triomphe.

DOMESTIC.

There will this season be a large immigration of French to this country.

The Joint High Commission are quarreling over the San Juan boundary question.

The Canadians are taking steps for their anexation to the United States.

Saturday April 15.

FOREIGN.

English are all ordered to leave Paris.

Assy and Bergaret are condemned to death by the Commune for high treason.

The insurgents won a victory to-day.

A Paris delegation went to Versailles to form a treaty, but were unsuccessful.

DOMESTIC.

The President has nominated members for the Legislative Assembly of the District of Columbia. Among the members for two years is Fred Douglas.

The following appropriations passed Congress to-day: $30,000 for expenses of the Southern outrageous committee; $30,000 for the Carson City (Nevada) mint; $200,000 for the Arapahoe and other Indians.

Schenck's friends will contest Campbell's seat in the House from the Third Ohio District.

Monday, April, 17.

FOREIGN.

Versailles forces are everywhere repulsed at Paris.

2,000,000 francs worth of property has been destroyed by shelling Paris.

Insurgents took 2,000 prisoners at Villiers.

A religious riot lasted three days at Odessa, and was only put down by the bayonet.

All insurgents taken prisoners are sent to Brest. Thursday evening a party of them on the way murdered one of their guards, and eight of them were shot next day.

A National Guard was shot this morning for killing his captain. He confessed to shooting 5 other officers.

Petroleum shells will be thrown into Fort Velerien.

Paris is preparing for a seige.

The German army will make its triumphal entry into Berlin in May.

DOMESTIC.

B. R. Cowan has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Interior, and J. H. Baker Commissioner of Pensions.

Grant will not visit the Pacific coast till fall.

The Senate passed the Ku-Klux bill yesterday—Hill, Robertson, Trumbull, Schurz and Tipton, voting with the Democrats against it.

It is said that the Joint High Commission can't settle the Alabama claims, and now propose to leave the matter to one Representative from each of the following five nations: One from the United States, one from England, one from Brazil, one from Switzerland, and one from Italy. The convention to meet in Washington in six months.

Tuesday, April, 18.

FOREIGN.

Shellls are constantly falling in Paris and there is a great exodus from the city. Several rows of buildings are in ruins.

The insurgents are rendered violent by Thiers' conditions of peace.

A terrible cannonade was kept up all last night.

The attack of the Government troops was everywhere repulsed.

Desperate fighting, resulting in victories for the Commune are reported. Five consecutive attacks made upon Vanvres were repulsed with great slaughter. The loss of the Government troops is dreadful. At Neuilly the combat was fierce but the Communists gained steadily.—Their hopes are now raised to a high pitch.

The streets of Paris are barricaded.

Fighting has been incessant for the past 48 hours.

McMahon has surrounded and captured a large body of insurgents.

Paris is ordered to surrender within 6 hours.

1,000 Government troops were killed yesterday.

Sale of horse flesh has again commenced. There are other signs of a scarcity of food in the city.

It is believed the end of the strife is near.

The lines are filled with dead.

DOMESTIC.

Gen. E. Dumont, the new Governor of Idaho, is dead.

The Fair-Crittenden trial in San Francisco still continues to attract great crowds.

Wednesday, April 19.

FOREIGN.

Versailles troops are surrounding Paris.

Nuilley is still firmly contested.

Foreign powers urge peace.

The commune has instituted a general court-maitial.

DOMESTIC.

Congress orders the Legislature of Mexico to convene the 1st Monday in December.

The Democratic Congressmen will soon issue an address.

Congress is expected to adjourn this week.

Hattie Funk shot and killed her husband at Eureka, California, yesterday.

At San Pasquol, California, yesterday, Peter Abels was shot dead by Robertson.

THE MONTHLY NOVELETTE FOR APRIL.—We have received the April number of "The Monthly Novelette," and find that with age it grows more interesting. The fact of it is, this magazine contains none but interesting reading matter, such as the people like, stories, poetry, wit and humor, and some noted illustrations, and is entirely free from dull lectures and reviews, for which ladies care but little. As the Monthly Novelette is only 20 cents a number, or $2.00 per year, it should be in the hands of one hundred thousand readers before the year closes. The contents of the April number are varied, as follows:—"The Baronet's Daughter," illustrated; "Russian and Finland Views;" "Sunshine;" "Antagonism;" Last Words;" "My Hours of Peril;" "My Governess;" "The Sorceress of the Cannibal Islands;" "Three Views of a Subject;" "Making Boston Light in a Snowstorm;" "The Miner of the Yuba;" "Seraphina's Proposal;" "Wild Flowers;" "An Adventure in Mexico;" OUR JUVENILE DEPARTMENT.—"A False Step; or, The Fortunes and Misfortunes of Fred Wilder;" "By Hook or by Crook;" "Anecdotes—Wit and Humor;" "A Portrait of Queen Elizabeth." Thomes & Talbot, 63 Congress Street, Boston, are the publishers, and they will send a sample copy of "The Monthly Novelette" on receipt of 15 cents.

IN THE OVERLAND MONTHLY for May, 1871, will appear one of the most interesting articles ever published in that magazine. It is contributed by the Rev. Thomas Condon, of The Dalles, Oregon, and bears the suggestive title of "The Rocks of the John Day Valley." Mr. Condon has created a deep interest in the geology of Oregon by his famous lectures on the "Three Stone Heads," recently delivered in Portland, Oregon, and his contributions have already attracted the earnest attention of thinkers and scientists, who pronounce them valuable.

The May number of the *Overland Monthly* will contain a graphic sketch of the famous "Washburn Yellowstone Expedition," which has been the subject of such lively interest. It is contributed by Walter Trumbull, of Helena, Montana, a member of the Expedition, who gives a faithful description of a region before unvisited by civilized man, and said to surpass in natural and wonderful grandeur any known scenery on the American continent. It will command absorbed attention.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Bear in Mind.

When disease has undermined the health, and the physical system has become prostrated, a stimulant that will not only strengthen, but remove the cause, should be immediately resorted to. Mental distress is also a fruitful source of the breaking down of the constitution, and the ravages of this enemy to health are truly alarming. For all such maladies Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have been found unsurpassed. By acting directly upon the digestive organs, they remove the heavy, disagreeable feeling after eating, so often complained of by persons of a delicate temperament. As soon as digestion is restored, the patient finds his strength increasing and his general health improved.

Thousands of persons certify that it may be relied on in all cases of weakness or nervous debility attendant upon sedentary habits. The generality of Bitters are so disagreeable to the taste that they are objectionable to a weak stomach. This is not the case with Hostetter's Bitters, which will be found mild and extremely pleasant. Balsamic plants, barks and roots contribute their restorative juices to render it soothing and strengthening. Its basis is the only pure stimulant which has ever been produced, containing no *fusil oil*, or any other deleterious element. The most careful and skillful chemists have analyzed the Bitters, and pronounce them harmless. This is scientific testimony; but the testimony of the hundreds of thousands who have experienced the preventive and curative effects of the GREAT VEGETABLE TONIC AND ALTERATIVE of modern times is still more conclusive. In Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Nervous Complaints, Chronic Complaints and general debility, it is as nearly infallible as anything in this fallable world can be. apr

1871. SPRING CAMPAIGN. 1871.

A full assortment of Goods of all kinds usually kept in a country store and suitable to the season, may be found at Wheeler's Store in Brownsville.

Having increased facilities, and keeping a wider range of articles, which he is determined to sell even lower than before, the proprietor trusts that he will receive a still greater share of the patronage of the people of Brownsville and vicinity. *Produce of all kinds bought. Cash paid for Wool.* Sacks and twine furnished. Agency for sale of Agricultural Machines and Sewing Machines. v6n30y1.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE THIRD TERM OF MY SCHOOL commences MONDAY, MAY 1st. Tuition, for quarter of 12 weeks, $4.00

Scholars will have every attention. Parents having children to school will do well to send them to me. JULIA A. ELKINS.

Albany, April 20, 1871.

WOOL WANTED!

—AT THE—

HIGHEST CASH PRICE!!

WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST CASH Price for all the Wool offered, delivered at our Warehouse in Albany.

v6n36tf BEACH & MONTEITH.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

—THE—

IMPROVED HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE

Combines the advantages of all other First-Class Machines—using the

Straight Needle and Under Feed!

R. C. HILL & SON are appointed my agents at Albany, and A. WHEELER at Brownsville. Parties in Linn county wishing to purchase the Improved Home Shuttle Sewing Machine can buy them of the above agents AT PORTLAND PRICES. GEO. W. TRAVER,

n36w2 Gen'l Agent.

SPRING & SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

DRIGGS & CARTER,

In order to provide fully for the new era about to open up in the city of Albany and county of Linn, have thoroughly repaired their

PLANING MILL

—AND—

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY

and have added new Machinery, among which is one of **Brach's Positive Motion Scroll Saws**, which is a perfect success in its way.

Have on hand a supply of superior

DOORS, SASH, MOLDING, & SEASONED LUMBER.

Have employed a corps of First-Class Mechanics, and are now prepared, ready, willing and anxious to supply all who may be in want of work in their line; and hope by strict attention to business and punctuality in their contracts to merit a continuance of public patronage.

Orders left at the Factory, or with Eli Carter at his office, will receive prompt attention.

Albany, Oregon, April 20, 1871—v6n36tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RAILROAD LETTING.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD,

25 MILES.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until noon Wednesday, April 26, at the Engineer's Office, in Portland, Oregon, for doing the work on TWENTY-FIVE MILES, *from* KALAMA northward.

GRADING, including such *grubbing* as may yet remain.

PILE-TRESTLE and other *trestle* work.

BRIDGES (four, from 100 to 200 feet span).

LAYING TRACK.

The work will be arranged in subdivisions, not less than five miles.

Parties can bid for one or more subdivisions.

Work to be commenced forthwith after allotment, and finished to end of 25 miles by the 14th of October, and sooner on the southern end of the line.

The Company has some Pile-drivers, implements, etc., which contractors can take at fair valuation.

Plans, specifications, etc., may be seen, and further explanation given at the office of THOMAS B. MORRIS, Engineer of the Pacific Division, in Portland, on and after Monday, April 17.

By order of the President,

J. GREGORY SMITH.

W. MILNOR ROBERTS,

Engineer-in-Chief.

Portland, Oregon, April 12, 1871.

ELI CARTER,

Notary Public,

REAL ESTATE DEALER,

—AND—

GENERAL FINANCIAL AGENT

Will attend to the buying and selling of Real Estate, examining titles, drawing Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Contracts, &c., and will give special attention to collecting, securing or adjusting unsettled claims, *in any part of the United States.* An experience of thirty-five years in active public business—ten years of which have been spent in County Clerks and Recorder's offices in different States and Territories—gives me a familiarity with business, and especially with the Records of Real Estate, which can be acquired only by long experience. During fifteen months' service in the Clerk and Recorder's Office of Linn County, I have discovered that there are many defective titles to Real Estate in this county which it will pay the parties interested to look after, and the sooner the better.

Correspondence from the Atlantic States in regard to Oregon and the Pacific Coast generally will receive prompt attention.

Please address or give me a call at my Office in Albany, Linn County, Oregon.

I take the liberty of referring to the following residents of the different States named:

Missouri.—Hon. James S. Rollins, Boon Co.; Hon. Geo. W. Dunn, Richmond; Hon. E. Lewis, St. Charles; Messrs. Tutt & Donald, St. Joseph; E. B. Threlkeld, Esq., Kansas City; Col. A. W. Doniphon, Liberty; Rev. Wm. M. Rush; Rev. Andrew Monroe, Mexico; Bishop E. M. Marvin, St. Louis; Ex Governor Trusten Polk, St. Louis.

Kentucky.—Bishop H. H. Kavanaugh, Lexington.

Ohio.—R. M. Carter, Esq., Elyria.

New York.—Messrs. Northup & Chick, Bankers, New York City.

Colorado.—Hon. Wm. A. H. Loveland, Golden City; Hon. Wm. N. Byres, Denver City.

Montana.—Rev. L. B. Stateler, Radersburg; Major J. R. Boice, Helena.

California.—Co. P. Reeves, Esq., Suisun City; John T. Hill, Esq., Los Angeles.

Oregon.—Governor L. F. Grover, Salem; Wm. Davidson, Esq., and Russell, Ferry & Woodward, Portland; Rev. B. R. Baxter, Polk county; M. H. Abbott, Esq., Baker City; Hon. John Burnett and Rev. Wm. A. Finley, Corvallis; Rev. E. R. Geary, Hon. W. F. Alexander, Hon. N. H. Cranor, Albany.

Albany, April 20, 1871. v9n36tf

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

JAMES S. DICKSON, EXECUTOR OF THE estate of Reuben Claypool, deceased, having this day filed his final account of his administration of said estate and rendered the same for settlement in Court: Therefore it is hereby ordered by the Court that

Tuesday, the 6th day of June, 1871,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House in the city of Albany, County of Linn, State of Oregon, be appointed for the hearing of objections, if any, to said final account and the settlement of the same; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the "State Rights Democrat," a weekly newspaper of general circulation in said county, once a week for at least four successive weeks prior to the day of said final settlement.

Done by order of said Court.

S. A. JOHNS,

April 18, 1871—36w4. County Judge.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

JAMES S. DICKSON, ADMINISTRATOR of the estate of Isabella A. Claypool, deceased, having this day filed his final account of his administration of said estate, and rendered the same for settlement in Court: Therefore it is hereby ordered by the Court that

Tuesday, the 6th day of June, 1871,

at the hour of one o'clock P. M., of said day, at the Court House in the city of Albany, Linn county, State of Oregon, be appointed for the hearing of objections, if any, to said final account and the settlement of the same; and that notice thereof be given by publication in the "State Rights Democrat," a newspaper of general circulation in said county, once a week for at least four successive weeks prior to the day of said final settlement.

Done by order of said Court.

S. A. JOHNS,

April 18, 1871.—36w4. County Judge.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

State of Oregon, County of Linn:

TAKEN UP BY THE UNDERSIGNED, living five and a half miles east of Albany, one estray horse, supposed to be 10 or 12 years old, about 14 hands high, bay color, with black legs, mane and tail, small star in forehead, left hind foot white, and some saddle marks. No brands perceivable. Has been in our neighborhood for the past year. S. B. KNOX.

Albany, Oregon, April 17, 1871.

Appraised by R. M. Powers, J. P., at $50.00.

E. N. TANDY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

—AND—

NOTARY PUBLIC.

HARRISBURG, LINN COUNTY, OREGON.

Will practice in the Courts of Linn and adjoining counties; and will buy good negotiable paper at a reasonable discount. ap8'71

PAY UP! PAY UP!

THE UNDERSIGNED, BEING DESIROUS to travel for his health, hereby notifies all person indebted to the firm of Houck & Myers to come forward and settle the same before the fifteenth day of May next, or their accounts will be placed in an officer's hands for collection; for *I need have money.* I can be found at the St. Charles Hotel. HENRY MYERS.

Albany, Or., April 10, 1871. n35w2

WOOL! WOOL!

WE WILL PAY THE

BEST MARKET PRICE,

IN CASH,

FOR WOOL.

SACKS AND TWINE FURNISHED.

COX & EARHART,

n35tf Commercial St., Salem.

STAR BREWERY!

TALLY & HOUCK,

HAVE ESTABLISHED AN EXTENSIVE Brewery business in

ALBANY AND CORVALLIS,

Mr. Houck keeping the old stand of Tally in Albany and Mr. Tally superintending the Establishment at Corvallis. Beer furnished to

SALOONS AND PRIVATE FAMILIES

to order, and

WARRANTED TO BE THE VERY BEST!

TALLY & HOUCK.

April 14, 1871—v6n35tf.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing between E. B. Moore, G. Gerst and S. May, in the mercantile business in Harrisburg, Oregon, under the firm name of

Moore, Gerst & Co.,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent. E. B. Moore having sold his interest in the said firm to Henry Myers and Garrison Gerst, Henry Myers and Samuel May will continue business at the old stand under the firm name of

Gerst, Myers & Co.,

who will pay all liabilities of and collect all debts due the late firm of Moore, Gerst & Co.

ELI B. MOORE,
GARRISON GERST,
S. MAY,
HENRY MYERS.

Harrisburg, Oregon, April 8, 1871.

In connection with the above notice we beg leave to notify the public generally that we have on hand a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

which we will sell at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

Our Mr. Myers residing in San Francisco, where he devotes his time to buying Goods, we are enabled to sell AT LOWER FIGURES THAN ANY OTHER FIRM IN THE COUNTRY. Soliciting the numerous customers of the late firm of Moore, Gerst & Co., for the continuance of their patronage with us, we invite everybody to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

n35w4 GERST, MYERS & CO.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of an execution issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn county, and to me directed and delivered, in favor of Christian Clymer, Plaintiff, and against William Armstrong, Defendant, for the sum of $1,188, interest and costs of suit, I have this 14th day of April, A. D., 1871, levied upon the following described real estate, as the property of William Armstrong, to-wit:

Being the fraction surveyed of the East half of Section Eighteen (18), Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, and fraction No. One (1) of Section Nineteen (19), all East of the Santiam River; and the East half of the North-East one-fourth (¼) of Section Nineteen (19), all in Township Ten (10), South Range 2 West, containing Three Hundred and Twenty (320) acres, be the same, more or less—said premises being and lying in the County of Linn and State of Oregon.—And on

Monday, the 8th day of May, 1871,

between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., to-wit: 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, in front of the Court House door, in the city of Albany, Linn county, Oregon. I will sell the above described real property for cash in hand, in U. S. coin, at public outcry, to the highest bidder. R. A. IRVINE.

Sheriff, Linn Co., Oregon.

Dated this 14th day of April, 1871.

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS!

MRS. M. A. BRIDGEFARMER

(SUCCESSOR TO MRS. DUNIWAY,)

Has just received from below an elegant invoice of new MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS, such as

FASHIONABLE BONNETS AND HATS!

VELVETS, RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, ETC.

To which she invites the attention of the ladies of Albany and vicinity. Her goods will be sold as cheap if not cheaper than ever before offered in this market, and their quality cannot fail to give satisfaction. ap8v6n34m3

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

J. M. BEACH,

Is now opening a select stock of General Merchandise, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS!

BOOTS AND SHOES!

GROCERIES! HARDWARE!!

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE!

PAINTS AND OILS!

&c., &c., &c., &c.,

Which he is offering to the public at prices corresponding with the times. All kinds of

MERCHANTABLE PRODUCE

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS!

Come One! Come All! And examine Goods and Prices at the old stand formerly occupied by D. Beach & Son, opposite Foster's Brick, South Side of First street,

ALBANY, OREGON,

ap8v6n34y1

J. D. TITUS,

—DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks,

JEWELRY, ETC.

ALBANY, OREGON.

REPAIRING OF CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.,

PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

ap8v6n33tf

The Sun.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons, and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR $50.

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a $50 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, $2 A YEAR,

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, $6 A YEAR.

A preeminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless in politics. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or $6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed. Four Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club). Eight Dollars.

Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club). Fifteen Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club). Thirty-three Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club). Thirty-five Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club). Fifty Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club). Sixty Dollars.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed. Eight Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club). Sixteen Dollars.

SEND YOUR MONEY

in Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
Sun office, New York City.