

# The Democrat.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1870

## A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The President of the United States, in his annual message to Congress, has recommended to all citizens to meet in their respective places of worship on Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of November, INSTANT.

there to give thanks for the bounty of God during the year about to close, and to supplicate for its continuance hereafter.

Now, therefore, be it known that I, L. F. Grover, Governor of the State of Oregon, do hereby recommend to the citizens of this State that they lay aside all ordinary secular pursuits on that day and assemble at our customary places of worship and there offer the sacrifice of Thanksgiving to Him, the "Giver of every good and perfect gift," for the manifold blessings which have crowned the closing year.

Given under my hand at the city of Salem this 10th day of November, A. D. 1870.

By the Governor, L. F. GROVER, Secretary of State.

## THE "OFF YEAR" OF POLITICS.

The Oregonian, in its desire to find a healing plaster for the smarting defeat which its party has just sustained in the elections, resorts to an argument which is hardly worthy so "respectable" a source. It says that whatever apparent gains the Democrats have made are attributable to the "light vote which is always thrown in the 'off year' of politics," and intimates that at the coming Presidential election the party will poll a full vote and obtain its usual victory.

Now, with all deference to the opinion of our metropolitan cotemporary, we do not think that the facts to be considered justify the statement which we quote from its columns. This year, in the States which held elections north of Mason & Dixon's line, over 50,000 negroes voted, and that strength was added to the Republican party, and yet in every State, save Ohio, the Democrats made immense gains, and even in the Buckeye State, leaving out the negro vote, the Democratic gain was nearly 16,000. In Ohio the Republican vote was stronger than in the last Presidential election, and yet its majority this year is 24,000 less than in 1868. If Ohio, in which the Republicans claim the greatest gains, is taken as an example, the Radical hope for the next Presidential election is formed upon a very ephemeral basis. Again, Missouri, with her myriad of Democratic voters enfranchised by the present sweeping Conservative victory, is sure for the Democracy in 1872, and the Radicals will find it impossible to find a sufficient number of their voters who remained away from the polls this "off year" to save Pennsylvania, Indiana, West Virginia and many other of the States that went Democratic on the popular vote in the recent elections.

The truth of the matter is that the Republican party are appalled at the sweeping Democratic victories which have crowded thick and fast upon each other in the past few months, and they talk of the "off year in politics" and Republican divisions, and such other childish excuses as a party about out of capital and devoid of hope may invent, to account for that which their better judgment tells them is an overwhelming defeat. It is not the "off year" that ails them. The masses of the Republican party have reached past the point of indifference which marked their actions in the elections which immediately preceded the recent ones, and have, in sheer disgust at the chicanery and rottenness of their own party, left it and cast their vote and their influence with the brave old Democratic party which they know is destined to bring our country back to the purity which our fathers intended should be its governing power and its ruling object. The "off year" will prevail in the Republican ranks until the transition of party power is complete, and until its few remaining adherents will be forced to change its name from sheer shame of its past infamies. And when it is hurled by an outraged people into the grave which its villainous leaders had prepared for the Democratic party, there will be no one left to sing a requiem or to mourn its death.

The most baseless, yet the most urgently reiterated of all the claims of public favor set forth by Radical orators, is the claim of having diminished the public debt. It is not true, in fact. But if it were true, what credit could they justly demand for paying part of the public debt out of the taxes collected of the people, unless they think the people ought to thank them for not pocketing the money themselves? But their real object is, by claiming to have diminished the public debt, to imply that the reduction was, of course, effected of savings in the expenditures. But this they dare not assert. Their own figures flatly prove the contrary. Justly, indeed, might the Hon. James M. Keith, before the late Democratic convention in Massachusetts, say, "As well might the highwayman claim credit for paying his debts with the funds of his plundered victims."

BACK TO WASHINGTON.—Hon. J. S. Smith started back to his Congressional labors last Monday, accompanied by his oldest son, who goes East to attend law school.

## NEW YORK.

The result of the recent contest in the Empire State is a subject of congratulation to all true Democratic hearts, and is one which was hardly anticipated in view of the pressure that was brought to bear by the enemy to prevent it. Congress had passed a law having especially in view the contest in the two great States of New York and Pennsylvania, and which intended to operate so as to keep Democrats from the polls. In Philadelphia, in October, the law was an eminent success, and the Radicals, by the aid of soldiers stationed at every voting place, were enabled to control the election so as to gain another short lease of power; and after the strife was over there the mighty engine which a Radical Congress had invented was sent on to New York for the same purpose. Soldiers were crowded into all the military stations and harbor forts in and around the city, and there were 20,000 troops, with artillery to back them, ready to march to any point of the city within 20 minutes warning. Military companies, armed with bayonets and bearing flaunting flags, were paraded through the streets the entire day, and a desperate attempt was thus made to carry by pompous display and over-bearing pageantry what they knew was impossible by ballot. But the strong will of the voters of that gallant city was not to be thus over-ridden and trodden under foot, and they marched in solid phalanx to the polls and cast such a withering rebuke, by their ballots, upon this contemptible interference that future powers will pause ere it is again attempted. The tardy and reluctant wires bring us the news that New York gives thirty thousand majority for Governor Hoffman. This is a gain of 20,000 over the Democratic majority in the last Presidential election, and a gain of 10,000 over last year. The returns also state the Democracy have gained in the Empire State three Congressmen, which makes the next delegation in Congress from that State 15 Democrats to 16 Radicals. In this view of the case, if a few more troops had been stationed in that State the people would have been so disgusted that the Republican party would have hardly been able to secure a Representative in the next Congress. Thus are the villainous engines invented by a corrupt party made to recoil upon their own heads, and thus are the rights and liberties of the people vindicated against the tyranny of their oppressors.

That very excellent Democratic paper, the Concord (N. H.) People, says that Grant is undoubtedly the most attentive family man to be found in the country.—His brother-in-law, Cramer, who has been acting awhile as Consul at Leipzig, having got into trouble there and received a severe castigation, the President has changed his quarters for the better by making him Minister to Denmark. To be sure Denmark is not a great nation, but this mission will answer until something better turns up. Cramer was a played out Methodist minister when his brother took him up.

Speaking of this matter calls to our mind another recent illustration of Grant's disposition to look out for his family relatives. Somebody unheard of before received an appointment to an important government office in Schenck's district in Ohio. Schenck's friends found it out, and were astonished, and one of them went to see the President and remonstrated with him, telling him that unless Schenck could have the disposal of that office his chances of election would not be worth much. Grant coolly replied that he was very sorry for Mr. Schenck, but that the appointee was his own second cousin and could not be meddled with!

## A FAMILY MAN.

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## THE PRESENT SITUATION.

Taking the recent election for a guide in summing up the probable result of the next Presidential election, we find that the Democrats will have 195 votes in the electoral college and the Republicans will have 139—a Democratic majority of 56. In this count we give the Radicals Illinois and four Southern States which we believe will return Democratic majorities in the Presidential election. This count gives us a large margin and a sure prospect of success. In the language of Ed. Baker's boy, "We've got em!"

AS "OBESAN" WANTED.—The Corvallis Gazette is indignant over the passage of the "Bill to Protect Litigants," and as it is the only paper published in Benton, we are at a loss to know what the people of that county will do for a litigant organ; for of course the Gazette will not "compound a felony" by accepting an appointment under what it calls an infamous measure, notwithstanding it would furnish much bread and butter for ye editor's political bowels.

BACK TO WASHINGTON.—Hon. J. S. Smith started back to his Congressional labors last Monday, accompanied by his oldest son, who goes East to attend law school.

## RECENT ELECTIONS GREAT DEMOCRATIC VICTORIES! YE DEMOCRATIC ROOSTER CROWETH!



## DEMOCRATS, READ AND REJOICE!

The following which we glean from the reticent telegrams and other sources, will give our readers some idea of how the elections resulted which were held on the 8th instant:

**NEW YORK.**  
Hoffman, Democratic candidate for Governor, will have in the State 30,000 majority. The Democrats gain three Congressmen, and the Legislature is said to be a tie.

**MASSACHUSETTS.**  
In Massachusetts Wendell Phillips has not polled the vote conceded by his opponents. Claffin (Rep.) has a majority of 8,000. Last year the Radical majority in Massachusetts was 24,100.

**MINNESOTA.**  
The Republican majority in the State will be about 1,200. Booth, Republican candidate for Congressman, is elected by three or four thousand majority.

**WISCONSIN.**  
The Republican majority in Wisconsin is said to be 5,000, with a Democratic gain of one Congressman—Mitchell, of the First District.

**NEVADA.**  
The entire Democratic State ticket is said to be elected in Nevada, and a Democratic Legislature is undoubtedly chosen. The Congressional vote is not yet decided, though the Republicans claim Fitch's election by a few votes.

**KANSAS.**  
"Bleeding Kansas" still bleeds, and goes Radical by 18,000 majority.

**MISSOURI.**  
The Conservative candidate for Governor, B. Gratz Brown, has 40,000 majority, and the Democracy and Conservatives have a large majority in the Legislature. This ends the "reign of terror" in Missouri.

**ARKANSAS.**  
This State is reported to have gone Republican both on State and Legislative ticket, with the Congressional delegation unchanged. Arkansas is one of those unfortunate Southern States in which the de-funct white population are all disfranchised, and where only second-class niggers are permitted to vote.

**ALABAMA.**  
The Democrats carry the State and the Legislature, which gives us a gain of a U. S. Senator in the place of the Radical Warner.

**NEW JERSEY.**  
The Republicans carry the Legislature and the Congressional delegation stands same as last year, though the full returns may give a gain of one Democratic Congressman. The negro vote in the large towns is the cause of the Republicans carrying the Legislature.

**MARYLAND.**  
Although there were over 35,000 negroes registered in this State, every Democratic claim to have carried every Congressional District, which is almost marvelous considering the fact that the colored vote was almost solid for the Radicals.

**DELAWARE.**  
This heroic little commonwealth gives its usual Democratic majority on both State and Congressional ticket, with a good working majority in the Legislature, although by the negro vote the Republicans gain one or two members.

**VIRGINIA.**  
The Congressional election in Virginia resulted as follows: First District, Brown Martin (Democrat); Second District, James H. Platt (Republican); Third District, Charles H. Porter (Republican); Fifth District, R. T. W. Duke (Democrat); Eighth District, William Torry (Democrat); Seventh District, E. M. Braxton (Democrat); Fourth District, not heard from. The Democrats will probably have 7 out of the nine Congressmen from the Old Dominion, which shows that her people have not forgotten the faith of their fathers. God bless Old Virginia!

**RHODE ISLAND.**  
"Little Rhoddy" goes Radical by a reduced majority.

**MICHIGAN.**  
This State goes Republican, but the Democrats gain a Congressman in the Sixth District.

**ILLINOIS.**  
The Sucker State goes Republican by a very small majority, with a Democratic gain of three Congressmen and the Legislature in doubt.

**KENTUCKY.**  
The Democrats certainly carry every Congressional District in the State excepting the Eighth, and it is thought that has also gone Democratic. In Lexington, Paducah, Bowling Green,

and Louisville there was a large negro vote which was cast solidly for the Republicans, but it affected no material change in the general result.

**TENNESSEE.**  
Here is a sweeping Democratic victory and almost unprecedented Democratic gains. The Democrats elect Brown for Governor by a handsome majority, and carry positively five, and probably the entire eight Congressional Districts. The Legislature is Democratic, which will give us a Democratic U. S. Senator in the place of Fowler, Radical. In the last Congress the entire delegation was Radical—the next will be entirely Democratic. And their newly elected Governor, Brown, was a Confederate General during "the late unpleasantness." How is that for an elevation?

**GENERAL SUMMARY.**  
By a glance at the above returns it will be seen that the Democracy have gained TWENTY-SIX Congressmen in the States which held elections on the 8th instant; and that, notwithstanding over 400,000 negroes voted, they are not positively known to have lost a single one! They also gain five or six United States Senators, and do not lose any. This is glory enough for one day and should rejoice every Democratic heart in the Union. Once more is honesty exalted and corruption humbled to the dust, and there is great mourning in the house of the ungodly. So mote it be.

## INDORNE.

We note the fact that the late Veto of Gov. Grover of the Portland Subsidy job has met with the unanimous indorsement of the Democratic press, not only in this State, but of the Pacific Coast.

Below we clip an article on this subject from the La Grande Mountain Democrat, which truly shows that this Bill was a deep laid scheme not only to lift up a wily opponent of the Democratic party, but for the defeat of the party itself:

"The Governor has vetoed the bill passed by the Legislature, to enable Ben. Holladay to fleece the citizens of Portland out of the sum of \$300,000, and in thus doing he has defeated the attempt to control the State against the expressed wishes of the people. Ben's first defeat was when the people voted the Democratic ticket and thus put an end to his hopes of having a set of unprincipled radical office holders control the affairs of State; the second defeat was the election of a Senator that his money could not buy, and who would oppose any measures that did not have for its purpose the benefit of the whole people, whether the members comprising the Legislature, styling themselves democrats, who aided Holladay in this scheme to rob a people, were, when voting, carrying out the time honored principle of the party—that of legislating for the people, in opposition to capital, and, it is certain they failed to perform their duty to their constituents.

But the Governor remained true to the principles that have been the grand features of the Democratic platform from the foundation of the government, and the people honor him for his integrity. His veto endears him to them the more, and they will in the future be sure to evince their approval of his course."

The country's freedom is rapidly subordinating itself to a military aristocracy. Already rank has left the civil service and climbs highest on the military shoulder. Salary and rank are presumed to correspond in grade, as a rule. The pay and emoluments of the General of the Army are higher than those of the President.—Grant, feeling that as a General, he ought not thus to be disgraced, passes round the hat. The Lieutenant General, little Sheridan, gets by law pay and allowances inferior only to the President on the civil list, and more than twice the salary (\$8,000 per annum) of the Vice President and heads of Departments, and nearly three times as much as the highest minister of Justice on the globe, the Chief Justice of the United States. The like agrandizement of the military over the civil service pervades all grades down to second lieutenants. But it stops there.—The private soldier gets, besides rations and clothes, 50 cents a day. The same is true of the Navy. Admirals, Vice Admirals, Rear Admirals, Commodores, Commanders, Captains, etc., in hordes and crowds, strut about Washington while there is no Navy for them.

But who, watching events for the last few years, needs to be told these facts?

The Ottumwa Copperhead says that there is "one nigger in the Senate from Mississippi, and now comes the news that South Carolina sends a Chimpanzee and two orang-outangs to the Lower House. How are you, Civilization? How are you, Progress?"

Hon. Tom. Robinson, one of the most eminent lawyers and able orators of California, died at San Francisco on the 29th ult. He was a true Democrat and a great loss to the people of our sister Commonwealth.

## THANKSGIVING DAY.

Governor Grover has concurred with the President of the United States in appointing next Thursday, the 24th instant, as a day of Thanksgiving to Almighty God for blessings vouchsafed to our country during the current year. And, while speaking of this matter, we are very sorry to observe the bad taste displayed by some of our Democratic cotemporaries, in their exhibition of churlish contempt for the designation of "Thanksgiving Day." While we would oppose to the bitter end every political movement, upon the part of the Administration, looking to the acquisition of party power or the strengthening of their hosts in elections, and while we believe in at all times and under all circumstances meeting the enemy on the battle field and giving them a taste of Democratic metal, yet we certainly can discover no significant political movement in a President of the United States complying with a custom which it was the pride of that pure christian and eminent statesman, James Buchanan, to appoint, and pleasure to observe, and which has been the annual custom of our Presidents for many years past. Our Government is a christian government, founded by christians, and however hypocritical we may deem the sanctimonious air with which the Great Ulysses issues the Proclamation, yet the christian world is gratified that he yet has a sufficient spark of respect for the masses to thus keep in vogue a custom which was inaugurated by one infinitely superior to him in all the moral traits of a gentleman, and which is dear to every christian heart.

Governor Grover did nothing more than what every other State Executive in the Union has seen proper to do, in his concurrence with the President in recommending to this commonwealth the observance of Thanksgiving Day, and it was that which any dignified officer would pride himself upon doing under like circumstances. And we also think that it is eminently proper, at this particular time, in view of our recent great and cheering Democratic victories, and in view of the returning purity of our people and the almost assured success of our just cause at the next Presidential election, for a Democratic Governor to appoint a day of general Thanksgiving; and we certainly think that every christian in the land, who has the welfare of his country and brethren at heart (and none other can be christians) should let his soul overflow with thankfulness to the Dispenser of all gifts for the great victory which He has this year permitted to perch upon the Democratic banners of the several commonwealths. And, (we say it with our hat off and with bowed head) we thank God that the Radical Philistines are fast being driven from power and that the mercenary money changers are fast being scourged from the temples of justice by thoughts of ballots in the hands of the long-suffering people.

**STATE NEWS.**  
\$42,000 worth of flour was sold by the Salem mills last week.  
The Christian College, at Monmouth, Polk county, has 100 students.  
The colored family that was afflicted with the small-pox, at Corvallis, are out of danger.  
The Salem University has closed for the fall term, in consequence of the "prevailing disease."  
Beatty Fawcett was acquitted of the crime of killing John McCourt, at Baker City, last week.  
Willie and Emma Seffins, late of Indiana, last week died at Eugene, while on a visit to some relatives.  
The Walla Walla Statesman and Baker City Democrat both go into extacies over the arrival of the first snow of the season.  
Wheat in Salem is selling at 80 cents.  
The Deaf and Dumb Asylum for Oregon, under the management of a deaf-mute named Smith, will open next week in Salem.  
Rev. Stephen Sprague, who was last spring studying for the ministry at Philomath, Benton county, sometime in March borrowed a horse from a Corvallis livery stable, rode away and sold it to another man, and he skeddaddled for other parts. He was last week arrested in Portland, and will probably be sent as Chaplain to the Penitentiary.

**A RADICAL PARADISE.**—Winnebago county, Iowa, must be a delectable place for tract-peddlers and wooden-nutmeg vendors, as their is only one Democratic voter in the county, and he is a blind man. He lost his sight by a powder-blast while in the Union army during the war, but even his sad sacrifice in the cause of loyalty didn't protect him from the sneers and jibes of the fanatical hounds who were infesting the polls when he cast his vote. That righteous blind man is probably all that saves Winnebago from sharing the fate of Sodom and Gomorrah of old.

**ARMSTRONG,** the Democratic candidate, is elected Delegate to Congress from Dakota over Spink, the present Radical elegate.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## THE EUROPEAN WAR.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—The Times correspondent, writing from Tours, says the moral effect of the victory near Orleans is incalculable. The forces have gone forward to Gen. Dauriches and De Palladines, who now has a large and effective army.

The excitement in London to-night runs high in political circles respecting the designs of Russia. It is believed she has a secret understanding with Prussia. Dispatches dated Tours, Friday evening, repeat the statement that there was fighting all day on Thursday near Comblainvilliers in which the French were successful, and that Pallieres occupied Chevilly, north of Orleans, taking 600 prisoners and two guns.

But little is heard from Paris now.—The report is reiterated here that the delay in the bombardment of Paris is due to the earnest entreaties of Queen Victoria. The losses of the Germans since the 7th amount to 10,000.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 14.—Gen. Von Der Taus is his official report to the Emperor here announces that in the battle before Orleans, on the 9th, he lost 42 officers and 867 men killed and wounded. The French admit that their loss was 2,000.

TOURS, Nov. 12, Midnight.—General Palladines reports that he took 2,500 prisoners in the last engagement. The French troops now hold the entrenched camp which was occupied by the Prussians at Ardey.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A dispatch from Blois Nov. 14th says Orleans was taken by Gen. Cathelineau's Austrian troops, which first entered the town from the south, driving the Bavarians from the bridge they defended and which they lacked time to blow up, as they intended. At Becona a determined fight occurred with large losses on both sides. The Prussians were beaten and their intrenchments stormed. They left 100 wagons with provisions and forage.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—On Friday last the President directed Secretary Fish to send a cable dispatch to London, peremptorily recalling Motley as Minister to England. Mr. Secretary of Legation, is to act as Charge d'Affaires until a new Minister is appointed.

The President gives as a reason for immediate action, the necessity for an instant decision on the fishery controversy with Canada, and other differences with the British Government which he does not feel inclined to trust to the management of Mr. Motley.

The last number of the Catholic Sentinel sticks a pin through the little Roseburg Ensign and holds it up to the admiring gaze of the world in the following shape:

"We really owe our readers an apology for in any way noticing a paper called the Ensign, published at Roseburg, in this State. The only excuse we can bring forward to somewhat mitigate our offence is, that we were under the impression the Ensign was a decent paper and its editor, whoever he may be, a gentleman. But his last number, that of the 5th inst., undeceived us in regard to that idea and proved to us how mistaken we were. We promise not offend again in this particular."

MILLFORD, Pa., fulfills the prophecy of Isaiah—"In that day seven women shall lay hold of one man"—accurate statistics showing that place to contain seven women to one man.

The Democratic candidate in the Fourth Congressional District of Indiana was beaten by only four votes.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**WILLIAM DAVIDSON,**  
Office No. 64 Front Street,  
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## REAL ESTATE DEALER.

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Investments in REAL ESTATE and other PROPERTY, made for correspondents. CLAIMS of all descriptions promptly collected. HOUSES and STORES located in all parts of the State. All kinds of Financial and General Agency business transacted.

Parties having REAL PROPERTY for sale will please furnish descriptions of the same to the AGENTS of this OFFICE, in each of the principal CITIES and TOWNS of this STATE. J. H. BAKER.

## Exuberant Health

Is a blessing vouchsafed to few. Even those who have been favored by nature with strong constitutions and vigorous frames are apt to meet the precautions necessary to preserve these precious endowments. Indeed, as a rule, the more healthy and robust a man is, the more liberal he is inclined to take with his own physique. It is his consolation to the naturally weak and feeble to know that they can be so invigorated and built up, by a proper use of the means which science has placed at their disposal, as to have a much better chance of long life and exemptions from disease and pain, than the vast majority of their fellows who are foolish enough to suppose themselves invulnerable, and act accordingly.

It is not too much to say that more than half the people of the civilized world need an occasional tonic, to enable them to support the strain upon their bodies and minds, which the fast life of this restless age occasions. In fact, a pure, wholesome, unexaggerated tonic is the grand desideratum of the busy millions, and they have the article in HOSFETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS: It is a STAMENAL MEDICINE, it imparts permanent strength to weak systems and invigorates delicate constitutions. Its reputation and its sale have recently increased. Comparative preparations have been introduced and libelous, and as far as the public is concerned, of no account. In the hope of rivaling it, but they have all either perished in the attempt, or been left far in the rear. It has been the singular success of the present preparation, and it is quite certain that no purgative medicine in this country is as widely known or as generally used.

Ten lightning passes, running incessantly (Sundays excepted), the whole year through, barely supply the demand for the Illustrated Almanac, in which the nature and uses of the preparation are set forth, the circulation now being over five millions a year.

## FILES!

Why do multitudes suffer year after year with this distressing disease, which they know must ultimately take them to the grave? The reason simply is that they have never been able to procure a reliable remedy. Temporary relief only aggravates the disease.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NOTICE TO DEBTORS!

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California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, British Columbia and Alaska.

Elegantly engraved on copper and colored in counties. Fifth edition, thoroughly revised and brought down to date 1870. It shows the great Oregon Railroad, also the proposed Northern and Southern Pacific Railroads and their connections; also all Railroads completed and projected in California and Oregon.

Upon the same sheet, on a less scale, are the maps of Alaska, and a complete Railroad map of the United States.

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## WHEAT AND FLAX-SEED DEPOT!

Cleaning and Elevating Capacity 10,000 Bushels per Day!

150,000 Bushels Wheat Wanted in Store!

50,000 Bushels for those who wish to store it.

Flax-Seed Contractors of Flouring Mills will call on us for same.

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E. CARTWRIGHT.

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## A WHEELER.

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HATS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,

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Partial List of Prizes to be Awarded Dec. 24th, 1870:

1 Premium, Gold Coin \$10,000

1 Premium, Gold Coin 5,000

1 Premium, Gold Coin 2,500

1 Premium, Gold Coin 1,000

1 Premium, Gold Coin 500

1 Premium, Gold Coin 250

1 Premium, Gold Coin 100

1 Premium, Gold Coin 50

10 Premiums, Gold Coin, 2500

10 Premiums, Gold Coin, 1000

50,000 Senior Tickets, \$2.50 each.

25,000 Prizes amounting to \$85,000 will be Awarded to Ticket Holders.

This grand Enterprise is gotten up in aid of the

NEVADA SCHOOL DISTRICT,

NEVADA CITY, CALIFORNIA.

TREASURER:

Hon. J. I. CALDWELL, Judge of the Supreme and District Courts.

Reference to BANK OF NEVADA COUNTY.

References residing in this city:

G. Van Stratten, Postmaster; J. W. T. B. ROLFE; A. W. POTTER, ex-Sheriff; J. A. BANCROFT, National Exchange.