

INDIAN TROUBLES AGAIN.

Not a great while ago it was announced with a great flourish of trumpets that the hostile tribes of the Rocky Mountains had all yielded and had signed a treaty of peace, and were very anxious to properly behave themselves hereafter.

The force of Indian treaties should be entirely abandoned, and the savages be taught that they are not independent nations, but the subjects of the United States; and that while they are amenable to our laws, they are entitled to our protection.

It is useless to expect the whites and Indians to live together in peace, in revenge for savage barbarities, the frontier settlers kill the Indians without much regard to their individual innocence or guilt.

The only way in which this murderous frontier war can be terminated is, either to kill off all the Indians entirely, or remove them to large and well-defined reservations, placed entirely under military authority, and to exclude all white settlers therefrom.

PRESIDENT GRANT.

Grant assumes the sceptre in the midst of an unparalleled deluge of flattery and servility, coming from the same party who, four years ago, were licking the very boots of Johnson. Grant, like Johnson, is a renegade Democrat—elected by the party to whom he is naturally opposed.

AROUND THE WORLD.

In the course of a few months more, it will be within the power of every man who can command as much as \$1,500, to make a trip around the world. When the railway across the continent to the Pacific ocean shall be completed, there will be constant conveyance by means of railways and mail packets for passengers desiring to travel round the world.

ANDY JOHNSON NOT DEAD.

Since our last issue the telegraph circulated the statement, far and wide, that Andrew Johnson died of paralysis in Springfield, Tennessee; but subsequent dispatches contradict this report—he is not dead but is prostrated by an attack of neuralgia.

A COMPLIMENTARY AFFAIR.

In Ottumwa, Iowa, not long ago, a negro was, by a Radical judge, ordered out of the jury-box, where he had been drawn with the other citizens.—Iowa lately voted equality to the blacks, but the first attempt to make a juror of one results in his being ousted. The learned judge said:—

RADICAL BROTHERLY LOVE.

The leading radical members of congress do not exactly appreciate the fact that it is pleasant for brethren to dwell together in unity. They quarrel, and growl, and snarl, and snap at each other like so many dogs.

"I don't know why it is, but there is a cordiality of hatred and a reciprocity of contempt between the great men of the radical party in the Senate, that, if fully known, would astonish most people. Fessenden hates Sumner, and says in private conversation he is a fool. Sumner hates Fessenden, and says he is a wretch.

It was the shameful boast of the Ramp Congress, expressed through their great leader, Thaddeus Stevens, whose soul his political friends profess to believe is now residing in Heaven, that they legislated outside of the Constitution; that is, they perjured themselves by enactments that were in violation of that instrument.

MELANCHOLY DEMORALIZATION.

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A New York Republican paper says:—"The excuse law is a farce"; "there is no more drinking on the sly on Sundays in the large saloons." It will be recollected that the entire police force of New York is ultra Republican, holding their positions by the Republican party in power at Albany.

Still another Republican paper in Boston cries out against law for the punishment of gambling; and says, "Why legislate against gambling? The laws upon this subject are a dead letter—they are wiped off from the statute book; they are so much useless lumber, and only invite people to become law breakers, and thus tend to demoralize society."

The newspapers are publishing the following about Stanton, Some of them insist that it is true:—"Stanton has the asthma, and what is worse, when the spasms seize him till he is black in the face, he imagines that the fingers of Mrs. Surratt are at his throat, or some other of his murdered bastille victims."

DISPOSAL OF CAUSES.

The following causes were disposed of before the March Term of the Circuit Court for Linn county, which convened in this city on Monday:

CRIMINAL CAUSES.

State of Oregon vs Gordon Cooper, indictment for assault with intent to kill.—Continued from last term. J C Powell for State; N H Cranor for defendant. Continued.

State vs Leopold Lacher, indictment for larceny. Continued. Powell, prosecuting. State vs John Congrove, commitment for assault with intent to kill. Escaped from officer. Powell, prosecuting. Dismissed.

State vs L Brown, indictment for selling liquors without license; continued. Powell for State; Chenoweth for def't. Verdict not guilty.

State vs L Brown, same as above. Continued. State vs Moses Abrams, indictment for selling liquors. Recognizance; continued. Powell for State; Cranor for def't. Dismissed.

State vs Geo Hunsaker, indictment for selling liquors. Bond for appearance; continued. Powell for State; Cranor for def't. Dismissed.

State vs Joshua Sylrester, indictment for assault. Bond forfeited, and warrant issued. Powell for State. Dismissed.

State vs L S Rogers; bond forfeited. State vs John Gilliland; dismissed. State vs Andrew Ralston; dismissed. State vs Isaac Conn; dismissed.

CALIFORNIA LABOR EXCHANGE.

We would have our people familiarize themselves with the idea and value of the above named institution.—They will the more highly appreciate the efforts being made for the establishment of such an one within our own State.

The bill makes Vanderbilt, Stewart and others a corporation for the purpose. Howard submitted a substitute for the House joint resolution in regard to meetings of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. It allows the stockholders to meet in Washington on March 31st, and elect a Board of Directors.

Below we give an extract of a different character:—The operations of this Department have, as far as practicable, been confined to the procurement of suitable places in the country districts for women and girls. From this source the demand has been constant and persistent, being very largely in excess of the supply.

The register shows that from the 7th of July, 1868 (the date of the commencement of the Female Department), to December 31st, 1868, situations were procured for 2,137 females of various occupations. These persons represent all the civilized nationalities.

Just think of it. In the short space of six months, employment has been given to 2,137 females, and that too without their being subjected to a charge of a single cent.

How it feels to be hanged.—Hanging, if successful—that is, if it break a man's neck—is the most sudden death he can die. It ruptures the spine in the immediate neighborhood of the medulla oblongata, and breaks up the communication of the nerve force or vital power to the organs that carry on the human machinery.

The debate was continued by Davis, Garfield, Schenck, Blair and others, and finally at five o'clock the debates closed. The vote of reference was reconsidered. The House refused to concur in the Senate amendment, by yeas 70, nays 99.

An Ohio editor is getting particular what he eats. He says:—"The woman who made the butter which we bought last week is respectfully requested to use more judgment in proportioning the ingredients. The last batch had too much hair in it for butter and not quite enough for a waterfall. There is no sense in making yourself baldheaded, if butter is 35 cents a pound."

BY TELEGRAPH.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—In the Senate, a bill was passed extending the charter of the city of Washington.

Howard made an ineffectual attempt to have the joint resolution granting the right of way for the Memphis and El Paso Railroad. Referred to the Pacific Railroad Committee.

Several bills relating to the District of Columbia were introduced, also a bill to remove political disabilities. Nye introduced a bill to insure the completion of the Washington Monument.

Williams said the withdrawal of circulation from certain States proposed by the Finance Committee would be a breach of faith. Sherman defended the bill, denying that it proposed injustice to any portion of the country.

After further discussion the Senate went into Executive session, after which it took up and passed the bill to abolish the office of Chief of Staff, and adjourned until Monday.

After the business of the morning hour, there being a call of the various committees for private bills, Cessna from the Committee of Elections, reported that Covode had a prima facie right to the seat from the Twenty-first District of Pennsylvania.

The testimony before the Senate Committee indicates that there has been no over issue of Government bonds to the Central Pacific Railroad. The bonds were issued according to the law, it is also shown that the Union Pacific is far from having completed its road to Ogden, and has several miles of temporary grade being used in Echo and Webber Canyons, and the two tunnels will not be finished till the 30th of April.

The Speaker appointed a committee of conference, consisting of Butler, Washburne and Bingham. Davis offered a concurrent resolution for final adjournment on the 6th of April, which was adopted without division.

ans, representing the Conservative and Republican parties, the President said he thought the best plan to quiet opposing parties in Mississippi would be for Congress to authorize the resubmitting of the Constitution a separate vote to be taken on the features objected to by the Conservatives, meantime the present military commander to control the State.

The mail service has been extended on the Central Pacific. Five hundred and ninety-seven miles of track have been laid, and six hundred and twelve miles grading finished to Ogden.

Secretary Boutwell has notified fifty female clerks that they will be discharged at the end of the month. He is instituting a thorough inquiry into the State of the Department of the Treasury.

Secretary Fish declines to receive Lennes, the Minister of the Cuban insurgent government, in an official capacity. Lennes will appeal to Congress.

NEW YORK, March 27.—A firm in this city has received a contract to build a granite mausoleum to the memory of Dean Richmond, at a cost of \$28,000.

NEW YORK, March 27.—Auditor Wickliffe, who was arrested yesterday but released on bail, publishes a card warning the public against transacting business with the Auditor's Bureau. He says the office was illegally seized by Governor Warmouth, and that the financial department of the government was virtually suspended.

NEW YORK, March 27.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer Heron was totally lost seventy miles north of Yokohama, with Japanese troops on board.

ATLANTA, March 26.—A letter from a Republican is published, pointing out the nature of the prospects of the Republican party in Georgia. It shows the Fifteenth Amendment was defeated by combinations between Governor Bullock, General Hill and Robert Toombs.

THE FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.—\$1,800,000,000 of the Five-twenty bonds are payable in Treasury money, for on each bond is printed these words:—"The interest of this bond is payable in gold."

This is good and sufficient notice that the principal is not. But Mr. Schenck's Credit-Strengthening Bill passed by congress says that the principal shall be paid in gold. This only makes a little difference of about \$700,000,000 in favor of the bondholders.

A merchant in Roxbury, Delaware Co., N. Y., writes to us that he has on hand a lot of tobacco put up by P. Lorrillard, of this city, and duly freed from Government tax, as per notice on wrapper which he encloses, which he bought in December. He is now notified by the Internal Revenue officer of this district after the 15th proximo this tobacco will all be confiscated if it is not fully covered with stamps at the rate of 25 cents per pound for chewing, and 10 cents per pound for smoking.

MR. ABRAMS.—We learn that this gentleman, who was so unfortunate as to lose his leg by the upsetting of the stage north of Cantonville last August is now getting much better. His case has been handed to physicians completely so far, but it seems that Dr. Staples of Corvallis has succeeded in allaying the twitching in the stump of the leg by the use of chloroform and the patient is now improving rapidly.—Jacksonville Sentinel.

MARRIED:—McLEOD—RIGGS.—At the residence of Catherine Riggs, in Linn county, by W. R. Bishop, Mr. William McLeod and Miss Leah Riggs.

DIED:—HOLT.—March 19th, at Harrisburg, of brain fever, Retta Bell, only daughter of Benjamin R. Holt, and Savanna S. Holt, aged 4 years, 7 months and 25 days. Gone to join little Minnie, who died on the 11th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned was duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of James Redpath, deceased, on the 11th of March, 1869, by the County Court of Linn county. Therefore, all persons having claims against said Estate are notified to present the same to the undersigned at the County Clerk's office, in Linn county, Oregon, daily, as required by law; and all indebted to said Estate are requested to call on me at Albany and settle the same.

ALBANY PRICES CURRENT. CORRECTED WEEKLY BY J. GRADWELL. ALBANY, APRIL 3, 1869. The following are the prices paid for Produce, and the prices of such other articles as are selling in this market: