

We were told by some of our Radical friends, before the election, that Mansfield would beat Helm and Smith would beat Irvine out of sight and hearing. They told us that all of the Radical party and scores of Democrats would support the bolters, and thus they were sure to be elected. Well, the election is over and Helm's majority over Mansfield is 259, and Irvine's majority over Smith is only 345! These are the men that were going to kill the Democratic party in Linn county. These are the men that had such vast influence with Democrats.

The fate of Smith and Mansfield is richly merited. They have none to blame but themselves. Let their fate serve as a warning to all those who may hereafter be disposed to bolt. The Democracy are terribly in earnest now, and they will allow no duplicity—no child's play—to divert them from their purpose. They have determined to kick the corrupt Radical party out of power, and they have no patience with any one who attempts to weaken their ranks with chicanery and duplicity.

The Radicals themselves should also learn a lesson; and that is, to fight on "the square," and not attempt the tactics of the bushwhacker. If the Radicals of Linn county had met in Convention, with open doors like honest men, adopted a platform, and nominated a ticket composed wholly of men of the simpure Radical faith, they would have polled a larger vote than they did last Monday for the bastard ticket which they placed before the people. They would have been defeated, it is true; but they would have escaped the demoralization which always follows duplicity and double-dealing.

Remember the fate of the two bolters!

ELECTION LAUGHING.

Josh Billings says: "It strains a man's philippic the 'wast kind to laff when he gets beat.'" If we ever had any doubt about the truth and wisdom of this remark of Josh, we have none now, and haven't had any since last Tuesday. We saw some Radicals who tried hard to "laff," but it seemed to strain them the "wast kind." It was a ghost-like "laff." The contrast between such a laugh and that of Democrats was very great.—The one was sickly and wheezy, proceeding from the mouth out; the other was loud, healthy, fat and rollicking, proceeding from the pit of the stomach, and even louder. Yes—Josh was right about the "laff." We have gained something like a pound this week.

THE IMPEACHMENT.

It will be seen that the impeachment proceedings have ended; the Court having adjourned sine die. The President is the victor. Stanton, the satanic, has resigned, and another fills his place. This impeachment business will prove a very losing game to Radicalism. That those engaged in it are a set of knaves and scoundrels, tramping on all law, honor and decency, is becoming more and more apparent every day.

THE EMBLEM.—A few Democrats in the county voted for the bolters, Smith and Mansfield. Most, if not all of them, voted for these men on personal grounds, and also because S. and M. pledged their word that they would vote the Democratic ticket en masse. But they were deceived. Mr. Mansfield voted only for Harvey Smith. Mr. S. voted as follows: For Representative to Congress, J. S. Smith; for Representatives, W. J. Matthews, John T. Crooks, Richardson, Pearl, and John Bryant; for Co. Judge, Jas. Elkins; for Co. Clerk, D. Mansfield; School Superintendent, Rev. Irvine; Treasurer, Jas. Shields; Commissioners, Bassett and Burkhardt; Assessor, Nye; Surveyor, Averill.—That's how Smith voted. We never saw a ballot more fearfully mutilated. Some of those Democrats who supported Smith and Mansfield aver that, had they known how S. and M. would vote, they would have voted the straight Democratic ticket. We say to our erring brethren—those who voted for the bolters—let by-gones be by-gones. You erred, but you now see your error, and we invite you to come back into the Democratic fold. Be careful and not be led astray again.

Benton County gave 7 Majority for Smith; and the Democrats elected their Sheriff, Treasurer, one Commissioner and Surveyor, and upon contest will secure the entire ticket except Clerk.

VERY OBERLY.—Everything passed off quietly at the polls, so far as we can learn, all over the county, except at Lebanon. A small skirmish occurred there, but it did not amount to much.

EQUAL TAXATION!!

Linn Claims the Banner.



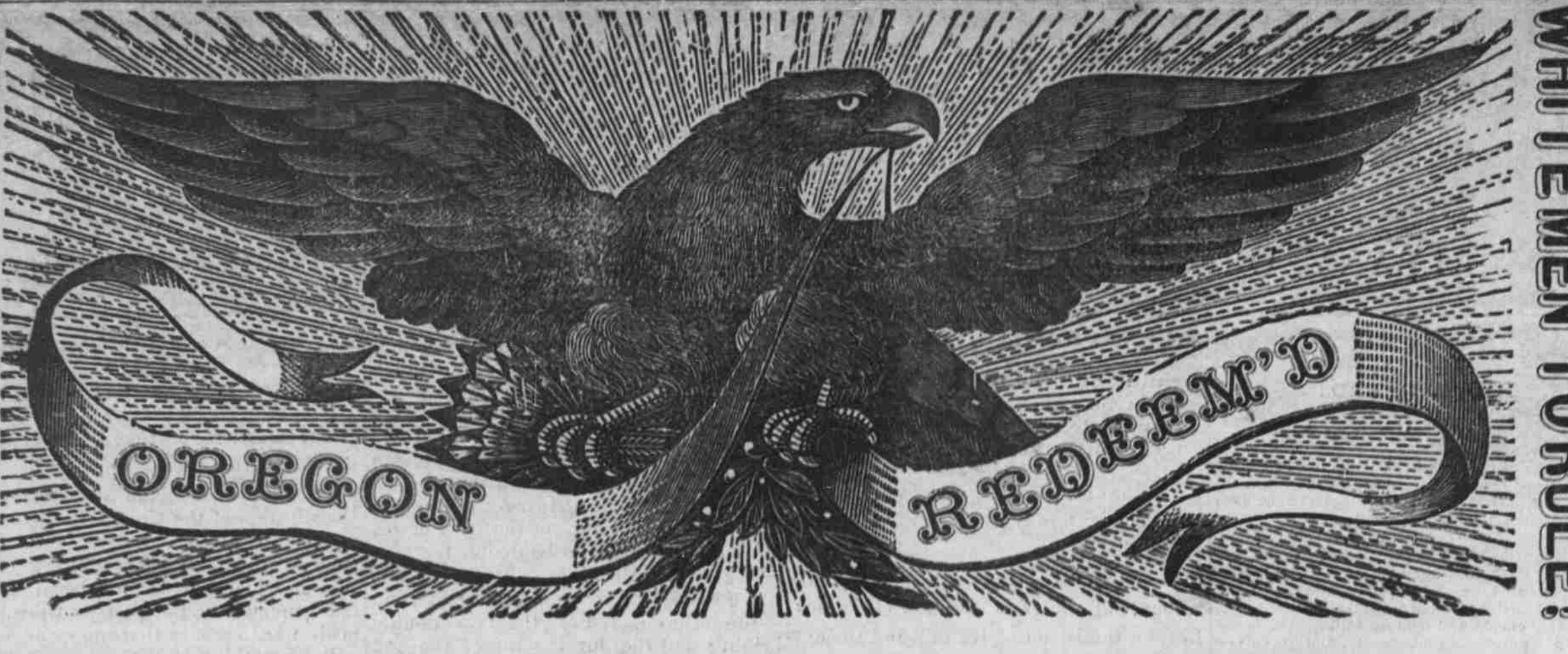
ALL RIGHT!!

RADICALISM DEFUNCT!!

BOLTERS BEATEN!

DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATURE!

1,000 MAJORITY FOR SMITH!!



OFFICIAL ELECTION RETURNS OF LINN COUNTY.

Table with columns for Precincts, Congress, District Attorney, County Judge, Representatives, County Commissioners, Sheriff, County Clerk, Treasurer, School, Surveyor, Assessor, and Surveyor. Lists names and vote counts for various candidates across different precincts.

OUR GLORY! GLORY!!

acted by about the same vote. Jackson county gives Smith a majority of about 250. The vote for Prosecuting Attorney in the 3rd District is very close; but we think Powell is elected by about twenty majority. Mosher, Democratic candidate for Judge in the 2nd District, and Tremble (Dem.) in the 4th District are probably elected by small majorities.

This election is the first one held since the impeachment inquiry has closed and Grant has been nominated for the Presidency. Oregon has the honor of taking the lead in the Democratic column. Oregon has the honor of electing the first Democratic Representative to the next Congress; and the influence that this State will wield in the pending Presidential campaign will be incalculable. Radical orators and editors told the people that "a vote for Logan was a vote for Grant," and yet the Radicals of Oregon are routed horse, foot and dragoon. The victory is complete and decisive, and carries consternation into the ranks of the enemy. The people have decided, in unmistakable language, that they are against negro suffrage,—negro equality in all its forms.—The Reconstruction measures of Congress—the Negro Bureau,—and that they are in favor of taxing the U. S. Bonds,—of paying the principal of the bonds due—of greenbacks as they become due—of equalization of taxes—of a large reduction of the expenditures of the National Government—of the strictest economy in the administration of its affairs and of a tariff for Revenue instead of Protection. This is what this election proclaims, trumpet-tongued, to the world; and this language will be repeated by Oregon next November, Gen. Grant and the Radical party to the contrary notwithstanding.

It is our opinion that \$100,000 at least have passed from Radicals to Democrats within the last five or six days. These dollars are so many Radical tears; or rather, in some instances they are so many drops of Radical blood next the heart. An Albany Democrat, being in Portland recently, bet \$1,000 with a Radical that Smith would receive a larger majority in Linn county than Logan would in Multnomah! Of course our friend won; and of course the Radical makes wry faces. Radical tears are very plentiful just now. When will our Radical friends learn that the Democratic party is not dead? When will they be convinced that a mighty revolution is in progress? When will they be convinced that the American people will not tamely submit to the usurpations of Congress—to class legislation—to unequal taxation and to Negro Equality?

A VERY SHARP FINANCIER. It is currently reported that Dave Logan bet \$3,000, through a friend, that he (Logan) would be beaten. Of course he has won. We call this sharp financiering. Having traveled all over the State, he was well convinced that he would be badly beaten. If he had been victorious he could afford to lose the money. He incurred but little risk, however, in the transaction.

Let everybody come out to the torch-light procession to-night.

WHITEMEN TO RULE!

OTTAWA, May 20.—The witness Turner, who testified against Whalen, was investigated last night by three men, and brutally beaten. Two of these ruffians were arrested. Other witnesses have received threatening letters.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Major Hoffman has received letters from North Carolina asking for provisions and supplies, in alleviation of the distress. The Mayor will receive contributions.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The Secretary of State learns that the naturalization treaty with Bavaria is on equally liberal terms with that of North Germany. The Secretary hopes to negotiate a similar treaty with England.

There is a disposition on the part of a large number of the members of Congress to adjourn about the 1st of July. The General Assembly of the Presidential campaign is now in progress.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—A committee of the Soldiers and Sailors Convention, waiting on Gen. Grant at 1 o'clock to present him with a copy of the resolutions adopted by the National Convention, was received by him in his room at the army headquarters. Messrs. Coleman, Stokes, Gregg, Logan, Hawley and Fairchild were among the committee. The chairman presented the resolutions in an appropriate address. The General responded briefly. He said that while he had never desired to be a candidate for any political office, it afforded him great gratification to feel that he had the support of the survivors of the war. If he did not feel sure that he would not be nominated, he was a candidate now, not as a matter of choice, but as a matter of duty, and having accepted their nomination he felt he should have their aid and support till November as he had during the rebellion. The committee expressed their appreciation of the General's reply, and of his nomination, performed that duty at Grant's residence about 9 o'clock this evening. One hundred persons were present including the Delegates to the Convention, members of Congress, the Indian, and the members of the National Convention. Gov. Hawley, in a brief address, presented the record of the proceedings of the Convention, and tendered to Gen. Grant the nomination of President.

Grant replied as follows: "Mr. President and gentlemen of the National Union Convention; I will endeavor, in a very short time, to write you a letter accepting the trust you have impressed on me." [Applause.] "Expressing my gratitude for the confidence you have placed in me, I will not say a little orally, and that is to thank you for the unanimity with which you have selected me as a candidate for the Presidential office. I can say in addition that I looked on during the proceedings at Chicago with a great deal of interest, and was gratified with the harmony and unanimity which seemed to have governed the deliberations of the Convention. If chosen to fill the high office for which you have selected me, I will give to it the same energy, the same spirit, and the same will that I have given to the performance of all duties which have devolved on me heretofore. Whether I shall be able to perform these duties to your entire satisfaction time will determine. You have truly said in the course of your address that I shall have no policy of my own to interfere against the will of the people." After the applause had subsided Governor Hawley addressed the Convention, and in a nomination for Vice President, to which Mr. Colfax responded in appropriate terms. There were long continued demonstrations of applause, after which the party withdrew to the adjoining room where a collation had been prepared.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The Senate chair appointed Buckalew, Murrill, Stewart, Chandler and Thayer, a select committee to investigate the charges of improper influence on Senators. The Senate insisted on the amendment to the report of the committee, and asked for a committee of conference. Sherman, from the Finance Committee, reported amendments to the National Currency bill.

CHICAGO, May 28.—The Post's dispatch says Thomas has not taken possession of the War Office, and affairs remain the same as when Stanton vacated. The Senate will probably confirm Schofield as Secretary of War. Mr. Cameron objected or he would have been confirmed to-day.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The Herald's special says that the Democratic members have signed a paper, requesting the National Democratic Executive Committee to extend an invitation to the conservative soldiers and sailors' organizations throughout the country to attend the National Democratic Convention on July 4th, and participate in the deliberations.

Gen. Thomas took possession of the War Office as Secretary of War. The Times' dispatch says that several members of Congress endeavored to dissuade Stanton from resigning, but ineffectually. Thurloe Weed publishes a card charging Senator Cameron with either having intended to dispose of three votes on impeachment, or consenting that his friends should use his name to make money.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The resolution to accept the resignation of Col. Forney was laid over. In the House the Sergeant-at-Arms appeared at the bar with Woolley. Mr. Butler desired the Speaker to ask the witness whether he was now ready to testify fairly. The questions were read by the Speaker, when Woolley presented a written reply, saying he was willing to answer any proper question, but denied the right of the Managers to compel him to answer vague, general questions about his private affairs. He asserted that he had drawn no money in the impeachment, and Eldridge raised the question that the Court having adjourned, the functions of the Managers had ceased. The Speaker acknowledged this, but said the question before the House was one of contempt.

Butler offered a resolution continuing the existence of the impeachment Managers, which was adopted. Boutwell offered a resolution that Woolley be detained in close custody until he purges himself from contempt. Adopted by a vote of 29 to 27.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole to consider the Indian Appropriation Bill, and then adjourned.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—Mr. Eggleston, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to regulate the transportation and inspection of imports, which, after discussion, passed, under the operation of the previous question by sixty-six to sixty-four. This bill allows imported merchandise destined for the interior to be forwarded to Chicago or St. Louis under transportation bonds without being opened and examined at the point where first landed. The bill designates the above named cities as ports of entry, and gives detailed directions as to the manner of carrying out the object of the bill.

The House went into Committee of the Whole, and considered the Indian Appropriation Bill, on which no final action was taken. Bingham offered a resolution providing rooms in the basement of the capitol for the disposal of persons in the custody of the Sergeant-at-Arms—the present occasion for their use being the case of Mr. Woolley. The Democrats made a large number of dilatory motions, and the resolution was finally adopted.

Schenck reported back the Tax Bill, and said he would ask its consideration in Committee of the Whole to-morrow and daily thereafter till it was disposed of. Mr. Elliot, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a substitute for Pike's bill, to promote American commerce. The tonnage tax is to be collected from vessels arriving from foreign ports, and a drawback given to the duty is to be allowed on materials for ship building. Several other new provisions are changed in substance. After debate the bill went over till to-morrow.

The House went into Committee of the Whole to consider the Indian Appropriation Bill. House adjourned shortly after.

THE CHEMISTRY OF MEDICINE.—Among the special delights which have so richly repaid our visit to New England was the inspection, it was our privilege to make of Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.'s Laboratory, at Lowell. Although we were by hearsay, that it was large, yet we were surprised when we came into view of its real magnitude, and still more by the extent and complication of its truly immense business. The whole massive structure is in fact one vast chemical laboratory, in which the processes of this wonderful science are constantly going on. Medio-chemical science has found that the curative properties of any substance exist in some one or more of its component parts. Thus the remedial effects of opium are due solely to the morphia it contains, although this is but one eighteenth part of its weight; the other seventeen parts are gun, extractive and inert or offensive matter. Dr. Ayer's system separates the remedial properties of each substance employed and we are here shown the process by which the virtues of each remedial agent are chased through the alambics until they come out completely pure at least. These concentrated, purified medicinal properties, or virtues, are finally combined together to produce the remedies which have made themselves a reputation for unrivaled excellence, all over the world. Not only does the Doctor disclaim all secrecy in his art and explain every process and every particular, but he maintains that this is the only process by which the people can be supplied with the best possible remedies for the treatment of disease.—The Formula by which his remedies are made are published in the medical Journals and have been presented to a large part of the Medical Faculty of the United States, and are constantly sent by mail to such physicians as apply for them.—Daily Chronicle, San Francisco.

SEVEN OLD TRUISMS.—There is a great truth in the following seven mottoes, from which business men in this section might take a hint:

- Has created many a new business;
Has enlarged many an old business;
Has revived many a dull business;
Has rescued many a lost business;
Has saved many a failing business;
Has preserved many a large business;
And insures success in any business.

ADVERTISING. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE long continued co-partnership heretofore existing between N. H. Cranor and Geo. R. Helm, as partners in the practice of Law, under the firm name of Cranor & Helm, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. N. H. CRANOR. GEO. R. HELM. Albany, Oregon, June 4, 1868.

TAKE NOTICE. THE GIFT ENTERPRISE ADVERTISED by the undersigned to be drawn on the 5th day of June, 1868, will positively not be drawn, as the tickets could not be sold. Persons that have bought tickets will have their money refunded. C. GEORGE.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS. SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY us until the 22d inst. at 12 o'clock, m., for the building of a school house in School District No. 29, in Linn county, Oregon. The material will all be furnished on the ground, and plan and specifications can be seen by calling on Mr. C. Farlow, on the stage road, five miles north of Albany. The contract will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Guaranty required. We claim the right to award or reject bids. E. A. JOHNSON. J. F. FARLOW. June 2, 1868.—4252W.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN Smith, Administrator of the estate of Dr. William Miller, deceased, has filed his account in the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, paying a final settlement of said estate, and the discharge of said Administrator. Notice is therefore given that said settlement will be made on Monday, the 6th day of July, 1868, at the County Court room, in Albany, in said county, at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time all persons having objections to said accounts are required to file the same in said County Court at said time. ALBANY, JUNE 2, 1868. C. FARLOW, County Judge. E. F. RUSSELL, Atty for Adm'r.—4252W.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT. J. O. BUSHNELL, ADMINISTRATOR OF THE estate of Jane Emily Cline, deceased, having filed his account in the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, paying a final settlement of said estate, and the discharge of said Administrator. Notice is therefore given that said settlement will be made on Tuesday, the 7th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Court House in the city of Albany, in said county, at which time and place all persons having objections to said accounts are required to file their objections in said Court at said time. Done at Albany, Oregon, this 3rd day of June, 1868. EDWARD R. GEARY, County Judge. CRANOR & HELM, Atty's for Adm'r.—4252W.

EXECUTOR'S SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, Executor of the estate of David Layton, deceased, by virtue of an order of the County Court of Linn county, Oregon, made at the June Term thereof, A. D. 1868, will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Albany, in said Linn county, Oregon, on Monday the 13th day of July, 1868, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described real estate, to-wit: The South half of David Layton's Donation Land Claim, known and described on the plat and surveys of the U. S., as Lot No. 182, Claim No. 48, in T. P. No. 11, S. R. No. 4, W. Linn county, Oregon, containing 625 and 100-100th, as described in the Plat thereof, on record in the Clerk's office in Linn county, Oregon.

TERMS OF SALE: Gold coin of the U. S.; one-half payable on the day of sale, the balance in two equal notes payable in three years, with interest at 12 per cent, secured by mortgage on the premises. JAMES F. HOGUE, Executor of the estate of David Layton, dec'd. Albany, June 4, 1868. J. C. POWELL, Atty for Ex'r. 4252W.

PACIFIC HOTEL. THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY informs the public that this House HAS JUST BEEN FINISHED, AND IS NOW OPEN for the accommodation of all who may favor him with their patronage.

THE FURNITURE is entirely new in every department, and is of the latest and most approved styles.

THE TABLE will always be supplied with the best market affords, and no pains will be spared for the comfort and convenience of all guests.

Persons arriving by boats accommodated at all hours, day or night. Suits of rooms and superior accommodations for families.

A long experience in the business warrants the proprietor in promising satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage, if it can be done by boundedly supplied tables, pleasant rooms, cleanly beds and assiduous attention to their wants. J. B. SPRENGER. Albany, June 4, 1868. 4252W.