

The Constitution is a law for rulers and people, equally in war and in peace, and covers with the shield of its protection all classes of men, at all times and under all circumstances; and no doctrine involving more pernicious consequences was ever invented by the wit of man than that of the suspension of its provisions during any of the great exigencies of the Government.

THE PRESIDENT'S VETO MESSAGE.

We publish in to-day's paper the President's Veto Message of the so-called reconstruction bill, at full length, and hope that it will be carefully read and considered by every intelligent and thinking man and woman in the whole country.

The message meets every proposition in the bill with that candor, fairness, bold state-mans'hip and apparent firmness of purpose that the grave importance of its consideration requires, and as becomes the Chief Magistrate of the Nation.

Notwithstanding the veto by the President, the bill was passed over the veto and became what is called a law, though in clear and unmistakable violation of the constitution of the United States.

This is the work of a Radical Congress, supported and backed up by the corrupt and fanatical party that holds, for the time being, political ascendancy, and is the crowning crime of their unmeasured infamy.

An official document from the War Department informs Congress and the public what is the annual pay and allowance of all kinds of the different officers of the army. Grant, \$18,120; Sherman, \$14,814; Halleck, \$7,717; Meade, \$7,717; Sheridan, \$7,717; Thomas, \$7,717; McDowell, \$5,517; Rosecrans, \$5,517; Colons, \$4,500; Lieutenant-Colons, \$3,994; Majors, \$3,755; Captains, \$3,049; First Lieutenants, \$2,718, and Second Lieutenants, \$2,653.

complete and absolute MILITARY DESPOTISM! We repeat again, what more can be done to complete the work and wicked design of the Radicals to make sure the subversion of the Constitution, the destruction of the rights of the States and the overthrow of our free institutions?

How long this state of things shall continue remains for the future action of the people to solve. We still hope that right reason will return, and have some confidence in the enlightened public opinion and judgment of the people.

Southern Relief.

We this week received a note from "J. T. C.," of Syracuse Township, requesting some information with regard to the distribution of the funds contributed for the relief of the South.

The famine is reported to be appalling. The General Agent of the Relief Commission states that the cash received amounts to \$200,000. The distress is authoritatively stated to be urgent. Increased contributions are urgently solicited.

Up to date Linn county has contributed and paid in over \$400, and only about half the precincts have yet reported. Money paid to Joseph Nixon, Treasurer of the Linn County Southern Relief Society, will be duly forwarded.

CONOVER AND HOLT.—The former of the above couple, says the Wahash Valley (Ind.) Times is the peevish knave employed by the latter named villain to implicate Jefferson Davis in the assassination of President Lincoln.

It is said to be probable that Sheriff Snow of Sheldon, North Carolina, is one of the heirs to a fortune of fifty or sixty millions of dollars, in England.

THE INCOME TAX.

The Journal of Commerce reiterates its doubts as to the constitutionality of the income tax, and not only that but says—"We are not a little startled by the assertion made in a communication before us, that the authorities dare not bring the question to a judicial test, and that a writer, 'although doing a large business in the city, has never had any trouble from non-payment.'"

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Two tribes of Sioux, who came down the South Fork of the Platte, had an interview near Fort Sedgewick with the Commissioners. They said the Sioux were greatly divided on the question of hostilities.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The Tribune's special dispatch says the President has appointed over one hundred Internal Revenue Officers in the South in direct violation of law.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Tribune's special says the administration receives large numbers of petitions and suggestions from the South complaining that the military commanders interfere unjustly with the rights of citizens, interpret the Reconstruction too liberally, are depositing civil officers and exercising functions belonging to civil authorities.

NEW YORK, May 10.—The Times Richmond special says Mr. Chandler is consulting Messrs. Stanberry and Evans as to the course to pursue relative to the trial of Jeff. Davis.

BALTIMORE, May 10.—J. H. Rogers was convicted of an attempt to defraud the National Merchant Bank and sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Ex-President Pierce is here. It is supposed he is connected with the approaching trial of Jefferson Davis.

RICHMOND, May 9.—During the firemen's trial of engines to-day a fight occurred. A negro was arrested, and a mob of negroes rescued him. The negro was again captured, but again rescued by negroes, who seriously wounded several of the police with paving stones.

CHARLESTON, May 9.—Gen. Sickles has issued an order for carrying out the Military Reconstruction measures in North and South Carolina, and ordering the registration to commence on the 1st of June.

NEW ORLEANS, May 9.—General Sheridan has extended the registration till May the 31st.

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tion of the military posts, to avoid a complication with the Cheyennes. LONDON, May 10.—The following is the basis for the deliberation of the Conference agreed on: First—Luxemburg shall remain in the possession of Holland as a Grand Duchy. Second—It shall remain neutral. Third—The fortress of Luxemburg shall be razed.

Derby will be a candidate for Parliament. It is considered that peace is no longer a question of doubt.

NEW YORK, May 11.—A special of the Herald says the terms of settlement are that no troops shall be retained in Luxemburg except the force necessary to maintain order.

JEFF DAVIS BAILED OUT. RICHMOND, May 11.—Jefferson Davis arrived safe this afternoon. He was escorted by the regulars of the Spotswood House. There was no cheering and no hissing by the large crowd of negroes and the few whites who were in the streets.

RICHMOND, May 12.—Jefferson Davis will be produced to-morrow in Court, by Burton, and immediately discharged. He will be re-arrested on a bench warrant, to answer the indictment for treason found by the grand jury of Norfolk.

NEW YORK, May 13.—The Tribune does not anticipate a riot in Richmond, but says the white men have given the negroes bad council, which some of them have been foolish enough to take.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Davis recognizes the right of the States to secede, and that he is not bound by the Constitution. He says he will not be tried by a military court, and that he will move to admit Davis to bail. They are endeavoring to have Chase to preside.

Farland, R. Bayton, Isaac Davenport, Abraham Warwick, Gus. A. Myers, Wm. W. Camp, Amos Lyons, John A. Meredith, Wm. H. Lyons, G. M. Bots, Thomas as W. Boswell, and James Thomas, of Virginia.

Davis to appear in the Circuit Court on the fourth Monday in November. The Tribune says that Greeley went first to sign the bond, after which he was accosted by Davis, and they conversed several minutes for the first time in their lives.

Greeley's name was hissed in the Court room. Judge Underwood before admitting Davis to bail, received an anonymous telegram as follows: "Beware of Greeley—remember Libby Prison, Andersonville and Belle Isle—Fifty millions looking on three hundred thousand patriot graves cry aloud for revenge."

ALBANY, May 11, 1867. Pursuant to a previous notification in the public prints, a number of citizens of Linn county met at the Court House, and on motion, Mr. J. HAMILTON was unanimously called to the chair, and Mr. J. T. CROOKS was elected Secretary.

On motion of Messrs. Payne and Haight, it was unanimously resolved that the Wool-growers will not sell their wool for less than twenty-five cents per pound. On motion of Messrs. Fry and McCoy, Resolved, That if we cannot realize the above named price, that we will ship our wool to an Eastern market.

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strated to invite the Sabbath Schools of Albany to join us in the picnic and that they be further requested to invite all Sabbath Schools in that vicinity to unite with us at the same time.

Resolved, That the Secretary be further instructed to invite the Sabbath Schools at Condit and Pringle's School House to join us on the occasion.

Resolved, That only those connected with the Sabbath Schools and have tickets from the Superintendents, will be permitted to join in the excursions on the boat—members of the press excepted.

Resolved, That Capital Brass Band be invited to accompany the excursion. Resolved, That all connected with the schools meet at their respective places of worship, and proceed from thence to the boat in time to start at 6 o'clock; and that all provisions for the trip be sent to the several churches on Tuesday, the 4th, by or before 1 o'clock.

Resolved, That each Superintendent take charge of and make all necessary arrangements in relation to provisions, etc. Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the newspapers of Salem, Albany and Corvallis.

On motion, Isaac B. Moore was appointed Marshal for the Salem schools; A. B. COOPER, Secretary.

ALBANY Sabbath School Union Pic-Nic. The Superintendents and Teachers of the Sabbath Schools of the several churches in Albany, meet at the Congregational church, on Wednesday evening, May 15, 1867, to take into consideration the reception of the Salem Sabbath School Pic-Nic Party, who are expected to visit this city on the 5th of next month.

WOOL! WOOL! WOOL! 100,000 LBS. OF WOOL. WANTED within the next two weeks, for which the Highest Cash Price will be Paid. J. GRADWELL, Administrator. Notice to Creditors. AUCTION SALE! GENERAL MERCHANDISE! TAKE NOTICE! J. BARROWS & CO., (IN THEIR FIRE-PROOF BRICK ALBANY.)