

No Indian war news of special interest.

Gen. Nesmith was before the Senate investigating committee on Tuesday. In the course of his testimony he said a Mr. Mosier, a member of the Legislature from Wasco county, came to him before the final vote was taken for U. S. Senator, and stated that he had been offered \$1,400 to vote for Grover, and that unless he (Nesmith) could get a little better he (Mosier) would vote for Grover. Nes. didn't get any better and Mosier voted for Grover. Grover seems to be getting into a tight place.

THE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.

Following is a short sketch of the members of the Senatorial Committee who arrived a few days since at Portland, here for the purpose of investigating as to the charges made that Grover secured his election to the United States Senate by fraud. The Committee is now in session at Portland:

OLIVER P. MORTON. Was born in Wayne county, Indiana, August 4, 1823, and is consequently 54 years of age. He was educated at Miami University. He came to the bar in 1847. At the age of 23 he was elected, as a Democrat, Circuit Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit. In 1856 he was nominated by the Republicans for Governor as a reward for his alliance, but was defeated. In 1860 he was elected Lieutenant Governor, and in 1861 became Governor on election of H. I. Lane to the U. S. Senate. He held the office of Governor for four years, and in 1865 he was re-elected for a second term. He was stricken with paralysis in 1865 and visited Europe in hope of improving his health, but returned in 1868, and resumed his Executive duties. In June 1869, he made a great speech while sitting in a chair, and created much enthusiasm, causing his election to the Senate in 1873. He was re-elected to the Senate, and now occupies an enviable position as one of the leading statesmen of this country.

WILLARD SAULSBURY. Was born in Kent county, Delaware, June 2, 1820; was educated at a Delaware College and also at Dickinson College; admitted to the bar 1845; appointed Attorney General, in 1850, of Delaware, and in 1859 was elected Senator in Congress. He was a delegate to the Chicago convention in 1864, and was re-elected to the Senate for the term ending 1871 and again re-elected in 1871. He is a man of fine ability and pleasing address.

SAM J. R. McMILLAN. Was born near Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, graduated at Duquesne College in that city in 1849; admitted to the bar in 1851; emigrated to Minnesota in 1852, and settled in Stillwater. In 1857 was elected Judge of the District Court of the first District, and on admission of the State (1858) took his seat on that bench. In July 1864 he was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court. In the fall of the same year he was elected Supreme Judge for the term of seven years. In 1871 he was re-elected. In 1874 Justice Wiley having resigned, he was elected to that position. He was elected in 1875 to the United States Senate, after a protracted contest, by Democrats and Independents. He is a ruling elder of the Presbyterian Church. The parties stood in the Legislature on joint ballot, 89 Republicans 58 Democrats when he was elected.

LETTER FROM PINE CREEK.

PINE CREEK, W. T., June 21, 1877.

THE INDIAN WAR. There has been great excitement about the Indians in the last few days up here, but I believe it is all over now. People were panic stricken and all rushed to Colfax for protection, when there was no real danger. Old Thunder, Chief of the Palouse, told me the first I knew of it.

The trouble is with Joseph's band, in the Wallawa valley, some hundred or two miles from here. Sunday night, the 17th, the report came in after night that the Indians were upon us, and we all rushed for G. W. McQueen's place. The next morning the people began to start for Colfax, and a good many went on to Walla Walla. The few of us that remained started a runner to Couer d'Alene, seven miles northeast of us; then we sent another to Palouse City, fifteen miles south. The runners came back and reported all quiet. The Chief of the Couer d'Alene sent a messenger over to us, and told us if there was any danger he would let us know, and come over and help us. This was on the 18th of the month. On the same evening there came two Spokane Indians to us, who reported that the hostile Indians were within twenty-five miles of us and coming straight for Pine Creek. Thus warned, the balance of the settlement, to-wit: eleven women, twenty or twenty-five men besides the children, started for Colfax at sundown. We had only ten guns and a limited amount of ammunition. Some of us thought it was all gammon, and didn't want to go, but did go with the rest. I, with a few others, wanted to go to Hangman's creek, where the Couer d'Alene were, and stay with them. Besides the Couer d'Alene, there are a Palouse from the mouth of Palouse creek, a large number of Nez Percés and Spokans, a number of Yakimas and members of other tribes, all gathered there to dig camas and run horse races—the annual custom for years. And at the present time, while I am writing this, they are gathered there in large numbers, and all are friendly. I have talked to some of them—they pass by my house every day, and a good many stop. While we were absent at Colfax, the children's home of his men over to watch our crops, and to keep any ill disposed persons from plundering our houses and drying off our stock. There were a few things taken out of our house by some one. There are always a few in every Indian tribe that will steal anything and ev-

everything they can get their hands on. After we had all left, the Couer d'Alene sent us word to come back, and if we were afraid, to come over and camp with them, and they would look after our crops, or, if this didn't suit, we could stay at home and they would come over and camp with us. The most of us are at home at present as though nothing had happened. People who are talking of coming to this country, need not be deterred from coming, for there is no danger. If we that are here are not afraid to stay, they certainly can come and stay with us.

THE CROPS. Look fine here. We have grain heading out. We expect to get from forty to fifty bushels of wheat per acre. The only pest we have is the squirrels, and we are killing them off by the thousands. We confidently expect to get a good price for our grain. We anticipate having a good time on the fourth of July.

We will have a big dinner and invite the Indians over to help us eat it.

From the report south of Lewiston some forty or fifty miles, they have had some trouble with the redskins, and have had a fight or two, but to what extent I do not know. If there is any more news I will report in due time.

Heroism of Montenegrin Women.

Montenegrin women have the same passionate attachment with the men to family and country, and display much of the same valor. Gopfleveitch supplies two most remarkable examples. A sister and four brothers, the four of course well armed, are making a pilgrimage or excursion to a church. The state of war with the Turk being normal, we need not wonder when we learn that they were attacked unawares on their way, in a pass where they proceed in single file, by seven armed Turks, who announce themselves by shooting dead the first of the brothers and dangerously wounding the second. The odds are fearful, but the fight proceeds. The wounded man leans against the rock, and though he receives another and fatal shot, kills two of the Turks before he dies. The sister presses forward and grasps his rifle and his dagger. At last all are killed or both sides excepting herself and a single Turk. She asks for mercy, and he promises it, but names her manly brother as the price. Indignant, and perceiving that now he is off his guard, she stabs him with the dagger. He tears it from her hand, they close, and she dashes the wretch over the precipice into the yawning depth below.

The second anecdote is not less singular. Tidings reach a Montenegrin wife that her husband has just been slain by a party under the command of a certain Aga. Knowing the road by which they are traveling, she seizes a rifle, chooses her position and shoots the Aga dead. The rest of the party take to flight. The wife of the dead Aga sends her an epistle. "Thou hast robbed me of both my eyes. Thou art a genuine daughter of Ysergora. Come tomorrow alone to the border line, and I will prove by trial which of us was the better wife." The Ysergorine appeared equipped with the arms of the dead Aga, and alone, as she was invited. But the Turkish woman had thought prudently the better part of valor, and brought an armed champion with her, who charged her on horseback. She shot him dead as he advanced, and seizing her faithless antagonist, bound her and took her home, kept her as a nurse maid for fourteen years, and then let her go back to her place and people.

LET THEM ALONE.

Never try to rob anyone of his good opinion of himself. It is the most crucial thing you can do. Moreover it is by no means doing as you would be done by. Crush a woman's self-esteem, and you make her cross-grained and snappish. Do the same with a man, and you can only make him morose. You may mean to create a sweet, humble creature, but you'll never do it. The people who think best of themselves are apt to be the best. Women grow pretty in believing they are so, and fine qualities often crop out after one has been told one has them.

It only gratifies a momentary spite to force your own unfavorable opinion of him deep into another's mind. If I never, never, never did any good. Al! if this world, full of ugly people and awkward people, of silly people and vain people, knew their own deficiencies, what a sitting in sackcloth and ashes we should have!

The greatest of all things that a man can possess is a satisfactory identity. If that which he calls I pleases him, it is well with him; otherwise, he is utterly wretched. Let your fellow-beings alone, hold no truthful mirrors before their eyes, unless with a pure intention to uproot sin. So may a mirror without a flaw never be prepared for you. In those things which we cannot help, may we ever be blind to our own short-comings. We are neither ugly, nor awkward, nor uninteresting to ourselves, if we do not know it. A fool may have the wisdom of Solomon in his own conceit. Let him be, and the path to the grave will be easier for him to tread; you will be no worse, he much better.

Leave every man as much self-esteem as his conscience will allow him to cherish. It may be pleasure to enlighten people as to their faults of mind and person, but it is certainly not a duty.

It isn't blighted ambition and blasted hopes that make a young man lie down in the silent grave and be at rest, so much as to suddenly remember, as he pauses at the door of the opera house with Laura on his arm, that he forgot to get tickets, and that his pocket-book is at home in the hip pocket of his everyday trousers.

According to Russian laws, it is a crime for two brothers to marry two sisters. In Utah a man can marry half a dozen sisters, and have the old woman thrown in to boot the job.

A ROAD FOUR THOUSAND MILES LONG.—The Rev. J. T. Gracey in a letter from Liberia, Africa, to the Christian Advocate, says:

There is a broad road ("path") from Cape Mount back through the country of the Boezies, said to be wide enough for even vehicles to travel over, and through this region horses thrive, being in abundance as one recedes from the coast. Here, then, is already one broad highway after the fashion of the country, back from this high and comparatively healthy starting point at Cape Mount.

"This is the road to Egypt," said the Rev. Dr. Blyden, the celebrated linguist and African explorer, who has a fondness for writing articles for Frazier's Magazine and American quarters under the simple signature, "By a Negro." He sat carelessly and at his ease in the boat in which we rode, and which he had placed at our service for the day, and he made the remark in a subdued tone, as if conveying some very common-place information.

"What do you mean?" said we. "That road," said he, "extends unbroken from that point four thousand miles across the continent of Egypt. I saw a Moslem, recently, who had just returned over it from a pilgrimage to Mecca."

A NEVADA COURT.—D. C. McKenney, District Judge of the Fifth District, comprising the counties of Lander, Nye and Churchill, will shortly take his departure for Stillwater, the county seat of Churchill county, to open the regular term of the court in that county. The following are the ceremonies incident to a term of court in Churchill county: The Judge arrives at the county seat, puts up his team, and sends an Indian runner in search of the Sheriff and County Clerk. The Sheriff and Clerk arrive, and the Sheriff standing up in his stirrups, proclaims: "Heat ye, heat ye, hear ye, the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District in and for Churchill county is now open." Then the Judge hitches up his team, gets into his buggy, and says: "Mr. Clerk, this Court stands adjourned for the term." Then the Sheriff and Clerk and Indian sit down in the sagebrush and play Indian poker, and the Judge hides a pair of dice under his seat. The Sheriff and Clerk then take their leave, and the Judge drives on.—Austin Reville.

EVERLASTING FENCE POSTS.—A correspondent of the Western Rural says: I discovered many years ago that wood could be made to last longer than iron in the ground, but thought the process so simple and inexpensive that it was not worth while making any stir about it. I would as soon have poplar, basswood or quaking ashy as any other kind of timber, for fence posts. I have taken out basswood posts after having been set seven years, that were as sound when taken up as when they were first put in the ground. Time and weather seem to have no effect on them. The posts can be prepared for less than two cents a piece. For the benefit of others I will give you the receipt: Take boiled linseed oil and stir in it pulverized charcoal to the consistency of putty. Put a coat of this over the timber, and there is no man that will live to see it rotten.

On the 30th of April Hon. Alex. H. Stephens of Georgia argued a case in the U. S. Supreme Court. It was the first time in many years that he has been able to do so. Physicians have had him dying for more than 30 years, during which time he has held near a dozen terms in Congress, been Vice President of the C. S. A., has written a big book or two, and performed other mental and physical labor sufficient to weary an Ajax. And there is evidently much good leather in the old man yet. He bids fair to rival old Crit. Firkins of Iowa, of whom Jim Jordan once said it would be necessary for the angel Gabriel to come down and tomahawk before we could have a complete resurrection.—Sentinel.

The Walla Walla Watchman gives Saturday a prominence in these apt terms: A Saturday can never pass, unless we bestow upon it a mark of recognition. It is a sort of a winding up day, the "doxology" of the week. Our country friends come in low, rain or shine and all is buzz and bustle even if there isn't a cent spent. With most of them, their credit is good which is equal to cash, only not quite so handy. Last Saturday was a big, large fine day. Our farmers looked jubilant and who can blame them? A bounteous harvest blooms before every door, the price of wheat is way up and they feel ditto. Let them keep that "feed" and make hay while the sun shines.

The quantity of food from a well-fed apple tree is altogether superior to that of a half-starved tree of the same variety. Very few farmers think it profitable to bring poorly-fed beef to market, and there ought to be very few who think it profitable to raise poorly-fed apples. Let us have fat apples as well as fat beef. Feed the apple trees. Top dress with ashes, muck, or barn manure. Apply superphosphates, bone dust, and potash salts.

M. Courbet, the Paris artist, has consented to pay the fine of \$60,000 to which he was sentenced for his share in the destruction of the Vendome column during the communist troubles, and the court will take it in annual installments of \$2,000.

Detective Golden arrived at New York recently from England with Thomas A. Lewis, who, with Benjamin R. Beckwith, embezzled between \$250,000 and \$1,000,000 from Babbitt, the soap manufacturer, and he has been committed to the toms.

Ann Taylor never had a sick day in her life. She was never out of the village (Holbrook, England,) in which she was born. She left a daughter 80 years old. She was herself 102 years old.

Fourth of July week—excuse any delinquencies, "we're all poor critters!"

For Sale. A LARGE BAND OF WORK, FARM, ROADSTERS, AND RIDING HORSES!

Will be offered in the market at Lebanon, July 7th, 1877, where they will remain until Wednesday, July 14th, after which date they will be taken to Albany, remaining 3 or 4 days, where they can be seen at Mrs. Marshall's care, for inspection and other points. There is a chance to secure No. 1 horses on reasonable terms. W. C. MOYER, of John Day Valley, July 6, 1877-41

Take Care of Your Eyes.

DR. M. S. SASSERATH. THIS VERY DISTINGUISHED FRENCH Oculist, who has practiced his profession for over twenty years, arrived in Salem on Thursday evening, and can be found for a few days only at Rooms 21, at the Chameleon Hotel.

DR. SASSERATH.—This eminent and scientific French oculist arrived on the last steamer, and is now residing at the St. Charles hotel. Dr. Sasserath resides in New York, and has been a resident of California for many years. He has a desire to see the numerous and rapidly growing young States, of which he has had recent personal experience. He has been solicited for the past six months in California, endeavoring to give his complimentary credentials which he bears Dr. Sasserath's name, and has been successful in the golden State. Prominent among the names of those who have been benefited by the skill of Dr. S. as an oculist, can be mentioned Dr. John Leconte and Dr. Jos. Leconte, of the University of California; Dr. P. Wilkins, of the Santa Ines Asylum; T. H. Siney, M.D., of San Francisco; Dr. J. M. Smith, of Marysville; Dr. G. A. Shuttleworth, of Stockton; Dr. J. M. Smith, of Sacramento; and many other distinguished names. He has had numerous consultations with leading physicians, and has been successful in curing many cases of eye disease, which were considered hopeless by the best informed people who ever he goes.

Constitution Free.

One of the leading papers of Indiana says of Dr. Sasserath: "He is without doubt a very scientific man, who has thoroughly studied the eye, and fully understands all the diseases and defects to which it is subject. He treats the eye, removes all obstructions and performs the most difficult operations, and he is successful in the best remedy he furnishes for the defective eye, and he is successful in curing many cases of eye disease, which were considered hopeless by the best informed people who ever he goes."

Dr. Sasserath: "Having enjoyed the benefit of his skill, I can not but say that in person I feel that I would be derelict in my duty to those similarly afflicted as I am, if I did not make this advertisement of gratitudo to you. My glasses, both for reading and walking, are the work of his hands."

Says the Delphi (Indiana Journal): "We are exceedingly cautious in recommending traveling physicians, yet we know of no one whose ability and skill are endorsed by the best medical men in the State, who can so risk in representing them in the most favorable light. We have never seen a man who can certainly endorse. We allude to Dr. Sasserath, an eminent French oculist, who is very highly recommended by the best physicians of Lafayette, and other parts of the State."

The South Bend Register speaks thus of the great skill of Dr. Sasserath: "He is a French oculist and thoroughly understands the principles of the eye, and he is successful in curing many cases of eye disease, which were considered hopeless by the best informed people who ever he goes."

A. P. Palmer, a prominent member of the C. S. A., writes to Dr. Sasserath: "I have taken great pleasure in referring to the time about five years ago, when you finished me with the first eye glass, and ever since I have been able to read and write to the correctness of your glasses. I feel that I would be derelict in my duty to you if I did not make this advertisement of gratitudo to you."

THE NEW FAMILY SEWING MACHINE will hereafter be sold at \$50.00. And all other styles of Genuine Singer Machines at equally reduced prices.

Though these Machines have been greatly reduced in price, the QUALITY will be maintained at its highest standard.

Titus Bros., Agts ALBANY, OREGON. June 29, 1877

Brick! Brick! MESSRS. CHIDIFF & STILES now have on hand a large quantity of good burned brick, of the best quality, for sale at the lowest prices. Call and see. Albany, Or., June 15, 77-35v3nd

NOTICE.

Oregon & California Railroad Company.

Table with columns for station names and freight rates. Includes stations like Milwaukie, Clackamas, Clatsop, etc.

MADY'S RESTAURANT!

First St., bet Ferry and Broadbain, ALBANY, OREGON.

BOARD BY THIRDAY OR WEEK AT REASONABLE RATES. Meals at all hours. Paragonage of the public respectfully solicited. Albany, Or., June 18, 1877-37

Wool! Wool!

WILL PAY THE HIGHEST MARKET price in cash for wool, at his store on First street, Albany, Oregon. W. C. SHAW.

THE AVERILL MIXED PAINT.

Durable, Beautiful, Water-Proof, Elastic and Economical.

This Paint is mixed ready for use, requiring no Oil or Thinner. It is equally as good for inside as outside work, over old work as well as new; in fact where any paint can be used the AVERILL PAINT will be found superior to any other. Any one can apply it who can use a brush, which truly makes it the POPULAR PAINT.

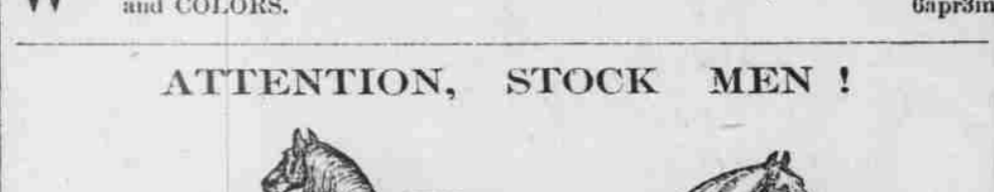
For Further Information send for Sample Card, Circular and Price-List to G. A. PLUMMER, Druggist and Dealer in

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, & C

First Street, ALBANY, OREGON. WILL KEEP IN STOCK a full line of the above PAINT, in ALL SIZES and COLORS.

ATTENTION, STOCK MEN!

THE IMPORTED PERCHERON STALLIONS, WHITE PRINCE AND GEN. FLEURY.



WILL STAND THE ENSUING SEASON, COMMENCING APRIL THIRD AND CONTINUE to the 15th of July.

At the stable of A. H. MARSHALL, Albany, Tuesday P. M., Wednesday and Thursday A. M. of each week.

At the stable of Messrs. Benn & Davidson, Salem, Friday P. M., Saturday and Monday A. M. of each week.

Terms—Three dollars U. S. gold coin the season, due at the end of the season.

I have some pure Jersey cattle for sale. Every family that keeps a cow should have a Jersey, or at least a half blood. Parties that have used them will not do without them if they are to be had.

Early in April I will issue a circular with fine engravings of my mares and horses, a view of my stable, with a history of the Percherons, and why they are preferred to other large horses; some hints on breeding; the demand for large horses in Europe and America, &c. Will be sent on application. March 23, 1877-91v23

We Have IT.

TODD'S MOUNTAIN BALM, THE BEST REMEDY IN THE KNOWN WORLD FOR COLDS, DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, AND FOR RHEUMATISM.

Selected and gathered on the spurs of the Sierra Nevada Mountains. The leaf found in the hotter climates, when dry, contains fifty per cent. of resin or gold-colored gum, from which this valuable medicine is extracted, and sold in Egypt and in Tyre before the times of Solomon.

Testimonials. Dr. Nicklin, of Eugene City, says: "Your Balm is one of the best preserved herbs I ever saw, and is worthy of a higher price than you put upon it."

Rev. S. K. Raymond, of Oakland, Oregon, says: "I went to California to recover from Consumption. The Doctors there gave me up, and told me if I had any friends I wished to see I had better go and see them, as I could live but a little while longer. On my way to Oregon I commenced using Mountain Balm; it helped me! I continued its use until it cured me of the disease."

Mr. W. T. Osborne, of Eugene City, says: "I know a young man who appeared to me in the last stages of consumption, and by using Mountain Balm or Yerbassanta he became a healthy young man."

Joseph P. Moore, Esq., of Milville, Cal., says: "I have been acquainted with the shrub known as Yerbassanta for 20 years, and know it to be a very valuable medicine, both for the Lungs and Rheumatism."

Mr. Kimball, of Kimball & Welton, Red Bluff, Cal., says: "I have been acquainted with the shrub known as Yerbassanta, for many years, and know it to be a great Lung medicine."

"I left Missouri with the consumption. Reached Rock Point, Jackson county, Or., and was taken down. I took a tincture of Mountain Balm, and chewed the leaf more or less, and in four or five days it cleared out my lungs handsomely, and I resumed my journey; and now, after several months, my lungs still seem well."

For sale at the drug stores of Bell & Parker, and John Foslay, 719

CITY DRUG STORE.

Established 1870. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

New Location, New Rooms, New Stock and New Men.

THIS UNDESIGNED having purchased the entire stock of A. Carothers & Co., and placed it under the management of Dr. N. Henton, late of Lewis, assisted by G. B. Henton, who are now refitting and adding extensive additions of new stock, and from their long experience and thorough knowledge of the business in all its varied departments, feel confident that we shall be able to render full satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Our prescription department will at all times be conducted by men eminently qualified for the same.

We cordially invite the citizens of Albany and surrounding country, when in need of any medicine, payable at the end of the season, to usually kept in first-class drug houses to call on our corner of First and Edith streets, Albany, Feb. 23, 1877. W. C. SHAW.

BEE-HIVE STORE!

JOHN BRUSH, DEALER IN Groceries, Teas, Provisions, Coffee, Spices, Dried Fruits, &c., &c. Everything nice and fresh, at 63 FIRST STREET, ALBANY, OREGON. 1822v9

The Fine Roadster Stallion, YOUNG VERMONT.

IS A BEAUTIFUL DAPPLE BAY, he stands high, and weighs about 1,300 pounds. He is a high, and weighs about 1,300 pounds. He is a high, and weighs about 1,300 pounds.

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Monday, the 22d day of October, 1877, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint, which is above entitled suit. In the Court above named, now on file in the office of the clerk of said court within ten days from the date of the service of this summons upon you, or by the first day of the next regular term of said Court, for Lane county, Oregon, to-wit:

Pacific Slopers.

Prof. C. G. Morye has taken the Lafayette school for nine months.

About 70,000 pounds of wool has been shipped from Eugene since the season commenced.

A recruiting office for cavalry has been opened at Astoria. It is difficult to get horses for practice.

The Lucky Queen now has one of the Varney pans, and the managers expect to save \$20 to the ton of rock.

The Grant county Times gives an account of new gold mines having been discovered south of Canyon City that are very rich.

J. E. Fenton of Yamhill, has been appointed professor of mathematics at Mouth college. He is a worthy and capable young man.

The new grade at Roberts' hill beyond Roseburg, will enable a team to haul as much over that formidable place as over any other part of the road.

Baker City has a company of town guards, R. C. George is captain, J. H. Parker first and A. A. Huston second lieutenant. Arms and ammunition have been sent to different places in Baker county.

The Weiser Indians are said to be much afraid of the Nez Percés, and have asked leave to go over to the Payette, which has been granted.

A Scentle paper complains because that town lass to buy all its bread abroad. It says the country doesn't yet produce its own chicken feed, though there is much good land.

It is said that Dr. McCauley, of Salem, who gave morphine to Miss Alice Townsend, with fatal consequences, has left for parts unknown. She died within three minutes after taking the prescription.

The company of volunteers on the Lower Weiser numbers 47 men. The captain is Thos. E. Galloway. Lafayette Landon is first and William Gilderoy second lieutenant. The Upper Weiser company number 53 men. Their captain is Francis Mickey.

The Mountaineer reports that the dead body of Mr. Koozt, a wealthy cattle raiser, was found a few days ago in the Yakima river, supposed to have been killed by the Indians, as his body was considerably mutilated and no trace of his horse could be found. He was returning from the Kittitas valley, and was seen the day before in good health.

The Astorian: Rev. W. L. McEwan, who returned to Oregon by the City of Chester, this week, is the only clergyman in the Episcopal church who was born in Oregon. Mr. McEwan was born on Clatsop in the year 1851. He graduated last month at the Berkeley Divinity school, in Middleton, Connecticut.

At Willow creek, Baker county, on the 23d of June, Mrs. Angeline Cadize was killed instantly by the accidental discharge of a rifle while she was shifting some articles in a wagon, not noticing the gun. The ball entered the abdomen ranging upwards. She was 45 years of age and leaves five young children.

Baker Democrat: The Chinese of this city are preparing for the Indian war. A gentleman informs us that he noticed a certain fixing up his pistol last week, and the following conversation took place: Gentleman—"What are you doing, John?" Celestial—"Heep fixe up my pistol. By-and-by Injun come here he catches Chinatown first; me allee same ready, killee him right away."

DANGEROUSLY ILL.—Mr. Samuel Knox, near Knox Butte, is very low, and at last accounts was not expected to live.

Judge Whittan, of Dalles, died yesterday, looking as young as he did ten years ago.

Senator Morton, McMillan and Salsbury did not appear on the 4th, although invited. The two first named gentlemen desired to come, but Salsbury said he wanted to hurry the investigation as he desired to "go home." Bah!

CASH FOR WOOL.

C. H. W. SIMPSON. AT HIS WAREHOUSE foot of Ellsworth St., he will pay the highest market price in cash for Wool.

WILLAMETTE TRANSPORTATION & LOCKS COMPANY.

NOTICE.—THE FOLLOWING RATES OF F. N. Freight on grain and Flour have been established, for the season commencing on one year from