Albany Register.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY
COLL. VAN CLEVE,
IN THE REGISTER BUILDING,
Corner Ferry and First Streets.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE.

One copy [illegible] $2 50
One copy six months [illegible] 1 50
To clubs [illegible] each copy [illegible] $2 00
Single copies [illegible] Two cents.
Subscribers [illegible] Linn county [illegible] charged [illegible] 50 for the year—as that is the [illegible] postage per annum which we [illegible] to pay on papers mailed by [illegible]

FRIDAY [illegible] FEBRUARY 11, 1876.

Home Interests.

Respecting Steam Fire Engines.

Not long since in these columns, we gave some of the reasons why the committee appointed to select a steamer for Linn Engine Company, No. 2, selected an engine of the Clapp & Jones manufacture. As a further evidence that the committee did not err in their selection we give below a copy of the report of a competitive trial of the principal steam fire engines in the fire department of the District of Columbia, which occurred in Washington City, January 18th, 1876. We find the report in the Washington *Chronicle* of the 19th of January, the day after the trial. We give the paragraphs as we find them:

The competitive trial of the representative steam fire engines of the District took place on Monument lot, yesterday afternoon, in the presence of a large number of spectators, including the commissioners and other fire officials. The new engine, "Thomas P. Morgan, No. 6," (Clapp & Jones' manufacture,) the "Henry Addison, No. 5," (Amoskeag,) and the "Sayles J. Bowen, No. 4," (Silsby,) were selected for the occasion, thus representing the works of all the manufactories whose engines are in use in this city. The engines were placed side by side and the hose stretched toward the President's house. The water was pumped from Babcock's Lake, and was forced through 450 feet of the new canvas hose, with an inch and a quarter nozzle. The first in each of the engines were lighted at the same time, and the Morgan succeeded in getting up steam first, notwithstanding the fact that both the others had started with hot water in their boilers. The average pressure of steam employed on each engine was as follows: Morgan, 115 pounds; Bowen, 118 pounds, and the Addison, 110 pounds. The distance made by each engine, according to official measurement was: Morgan, 209 feet; Addison, 164 feet and 5 inches; Bowen, 142 feet and 3 inches; the Morgan beating the second best by 44 feet and 7 inches. The test was a very satisfactory one and developed the superiority of the new engine in force and equality of stream. The regular and unvarying character of its stream was the subject of general admiration.

During the trial an accident occurred to the Henry Addison, which created no little excitement, but did no damage further than to temporarily suspend its operations. When its pressure of steam was at its full height, the air chamber was forced from its position and the water drawn into the engine thrown in heavy volumes over the firemen and spectators in the immediate vicinity. No serious injury was sustained, and upon the chamber again being placed in position, the trial was resumed.

The reader will bear in mind that the "Morgan" spoken of is a No. 6 Clapp & Jones steam fire engine; and it will also be observed that it was a "Morgan" too much for the other steamers on trial.

OUR FRUIT SHIPMENT HEARD FROM.—The St. Louis (Mo.) *Christian Advocate* of January 26th, has something to say with regard to the fruit recently shipped by the Albany Alden Fruit Preserving Company to that city, which will be of interest to our readers. Our fruit seems to be appreciated there:

Mr. A. B. Morris, of the firm of Parker & Morris, of Albany, Oregon, i-. or was last week in the city for the purpose of placing on the market here some of the Oregon fruit prepared by the "Alden Fruit Company." Our merchants would do well to consider the matter. We have never yet seen the superior of the fruit he offers.

Mr. Eli Carter, formerly of Richmond, Mo., in a letter introducing Mr. Morris, was pleased to say, "Mrs. Carter avails herself of this opportunity to send you a small package of Oregon apples, pears and plums as a slight testimonial of her regard for the editor of the *Advocate*, which paper finds a weekly welcome in our humble Oregon home."

The package arrived safely and in good order, and never before have we tasted such delicious fruit or seen it put up and kept in such a delicate and neat manner. Mrs. Carter will please accept sincere thanks, while we hope she may be permitted to eat the fruit of the Tree of Life and live forever.

Since the foregoing was written we learn that Mr. Morris has consigned his entire shipment of sixteen thousand pounds of fruit to J. W. Cunningham & Sons, Commission Merchants, 1011 North Main Street, who are sole agents and will sell it in boxes of from ten to fifty pounds each to city or country customers."

EARNEST IN THE WORK.—Services at the M. E. Church have been held every afternoon at 2 o'clock, and every evening commencing at 7 o'clock. Rev. Lelah Wilson, of the Eugene charge, has been laboring during the week most acceptably. Praying bands have been formed, and every effort is being made to reach and induce sinners to come to Christ. A great work has already been accomplished in waking up and reviving the Church. Several persons have made a profession of religion and united with the church, and more are on the way, while numbers have asked for the prayers of God's people. The pastors of the different churches of the city generally have attended and lent their aid in the glorious work. May the good work continue to grow and spread until the whole city is ablaze with the fire of God's love.

CUMTUX.— A friend in Shedd sends the following: The duel that has been on the tapis for the last few weeks, the allabsorbing topic of thought and conversation, has been fought, wounds dressed and both parties in a fair way to recover. All parties are still at large. Responsible persons assert that it was *not* a duel, but a higher degree in the grange than has been attained by any other parties in this neighborhood. *Rorat.* The chivalry was not there."

TUESDAY NIGHT.—A special meeting of Linn Engine Company, No. 2, at their hall, on Tuesday evening next. A full attendance is what's wanted.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, Albany, Linn county, Oregon, February 10, 1876. Persons calling for these letters must give the date on which they were advertised.

Feb 10 1876	Koutz, Marten
Armstrong, Mrs C	Hitchmen, Mrs M E
Berigan, Michael	Reed, Whitmen (2)
Bryant, Joseph	Reeder, Miss Carrie
Cunningham, J B	Slate, Miss Mary
Furrow, Walter	Sinfelcer, George
Hollens, Wm C	

P. H. RAYMOND, P. M.

ATTENTION, TWOSTERS.—The material for your shirts has been received, and every member is expected to come forward at once and have his measure taken so that his shirt may be cut and made. The entertainment transpires on the evening of the 22d, when every member of the Company is expected to put in an appearance, clothed in a red shirt and black pants, at least. Messrs. Thompson & Irving, who have the contract for making the belts, will do their utmost to have said belts made in time for said occasion. As fast as they are completed they will be handed to the Committee, of whom the members can procure them.

THE COMING FOURTH.—Portland is making arrangements to celebrate Centennial week in grand style, commencing the celebration on Monday, July 3d, and continuing through the week. To give all an opportunity to attend Supt. Brandt announces that the railroads will exact but half fare during the entire week. Portland will exert herself, of course, to make it the grandest occasion ever witnessed in that city. If our people don't conclude to celebrate, then we are in for the Portland blow out.

LOTS SECURED.—The Old School Presbyterians of this city, at present worshipping with the Congregationalists under the name of the Cavalry Church, have purchased the two lots on the corner of Broadalbin and Fifth streets, of Judge Baber, the price being $900. The intention is to erect a church edifice for the exclusive use of the O. S. P.'s in the near future. It is a nice location, and we wish the ladies who have undertaken the matter, the largest success.

HALF FARE ON MONDAY.—Persons desirous of seeing the articles intended for exhibition at the Centennial, now at Portland awaiting shipment to Philadelphia, can take the Albany Express train Tuesday morning, go to Portland, feast their eyes during the day, returning on the same train in the evening, paying but one fare. South of Albany parties can take the regular train on the 14th, and return on the 16th, or the same day out as to fare.

DON'T FAIL TO REPORT.—All sub-committees on Linn Engine Co's. entertainment for the 22d, are requested to report the progress made to the Executive Committee, this (Friday) evening, at Dr. Gray's office. This is important, and it is hoped all will report without fail so that if there is anything lacking steps may be taken at once to remedy it.

STEAMER ORDERED.—On Monday the Directors, through the President, ordered a steam fire engine for Linn Engine Company, No. 2. The steamer is to be a No. 4, Clapp & Jones engine, complete with 500 feet of the best hose. A bell was also ordered of the Troy, N. Y., works—a "bell metal bell," and we expect to get one weighing probably 500 pounds.

ADVICE GRATIS.—Persons who frequent saloons on Sunday, slipping in at the back door, and who don't wish the general public to know that they are guilty of such practices, should train their dogs better than to stand in front of the saloon for hours, on the day mentioned, whining and making every effort to attract the attention of his master inside!

The wire rope used by Pierce's ferry boat in crossing the Willamette, at foot of Ellsworth street, parted on Tuesday, and the ferry boat will not be able to do business until a new rope is obtained. This will be attended to at once, we suppose.

THANKS.—Mr. E. Goings wishes us to extend his heartfelt thanks to the kind friends who so faithfully waited upon and done all in their power to supply the wants and alleviate the suffering of his wife in her last illness. The Giver of all good will reward them.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—A[8] will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere in this issue, L. Elkins, Esq., offers some splendid bargains in lands, for farming and stock purposes, and some elegant city property. Those wishing property of this character should apply at once.

On Wednesday U. S. Marshal, Malarkey, and U. S. Commissioner, Wilcox, came up from Portland, their business being to select fifty jurors to serve in the U. S. Courts during the present year

IN SESSION.—The Woman Suffrage Convention has been quietly sitting at Salem this week. Mr. D. D. Gray, of this city, was to deliver an address before the Convention yesterday.

We believe Linn Engine Company is as full as the ordinance will allow—70 members. The Company petitioned to be admitted into the city fire department on Tuesday evening last.

PRIZE TO BE AWARDED.—At the masquerade ball on the evening of the 14th, a prize is to be awarded to the best sustained character present.

A petition was presented to the City Council at its last meeting to order the east side of Ellsworth street, from Third to Fourth streets, sidewalked.

Mr. A. N. Arnold has been authorized by the City Council to take the census of the city.

We don't see how it can be possible for times to get duller than they have been this week.

Slight sow fall yesterday.

The new Episcopal church is going up slowly.

The chicken ordinance failed to pass the City Council.

Next Monday is St. Valentine's day. Need we say more?

Quarterly Meeting at the M. E. Church Saturday and Sunday week.

Judge Montanye is expected to arrive home in this city within the next ten days.

Cloudy, damp, cold, melancholy, blue days, the latter part of the week.

County Court has been in session during the week.

Rev. Mr. White concluded an interesting series of meetings at Corvallis on Monday last.

The lines being down we are unable to state when the steamer from Frisco will reach Portland.

EDUCATIONAL.—The Oregon Educational Monthly for February is on our table. It grows in intereet.

One million dollars in silver is now on its way to London from San Francisco.

MEETINGS—At the Evangelical Church, have been held nightly during the week, and it is hoped good has been accomplished.

W. B. Carter, Esq., of Corvallis, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday and gave us a call. Billy is making an excellent paper of the *Gazette*.

CATTLE.—L. Elkins, Esq., offers for sale from 800 to 1,000 head of fine cattle, at $16 per head—a chance for an enterprising man to make a raise.

Rational Medication.

Medication is only successful when it is rational, and it is rational only when it begins at the beginning. In other words, to cure a malady, its cause must be removed. Weakness, either general or local, is the origin of the great majority of diseases. Reinforce the vital energies, regulate digestion and secretion, by strengthening the organs which perform those all-important functions, and dyspepsia, constipation kidney and bladder complaints, uterine difficulties, impure circulation, and the thousand and one ailments which are the consequences of debility, are completely, and in most cases permanently, removed. The best, safest and most agreeable tonic and alternative that can be employed for this purpose is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The experience of twenty-five years, during which time it has outlived perhaps ten times that number of ephemeral preparations which have entered into competition with it, has proved it to be unequaled as a remedy for all disorders accompanied by or proceeding from weakness. feb.

Special Notices.

☞ Who wants to buy a good job office, with Gordon press, and good supply of material, late styles and nearly new? A bargain can be obtained.

☞ If you want to buy the latest style of lady's Rubber Boots, go to Jake Fleischner's, on First and Broadalbin streets. 6tf

☞ Cash paid for Eggs, at J. Fleischner's, corner of First and Broadalbin streets. 6tf

In Every Town and Village persons may be found who have been saved from death from consumption by Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar.

Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute. 20

DIED.

In this city, February 7th, 1876, Mary J. Goins, wife of Edward Goins, aged 31 years, 4 months and 22 days, of disease of the lungs.

Deceased had been a consistent member of the M. E. Church for some years, and died in the faith. The funeral took place on Tuesday afternoon, from the residence near the City Mills, Rev. S. S. Van Dersal preaching the funeral sermon. Deceased leaves a husband and three small children to mourn the loss of a cherished wife and an affectionate mother.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

THURSDAY, Feb. 10, 1876,

Gold in New York, 112⅜.
Greenbacks, 88@89.
Wheat, 80c per bushel.
Oats, 50c per bushel.
Potatoes, 75c@$1 per bushel.
Onions, $1 50 per bushel.
Flour, $1 37½ per sack.
Eggs, 25c per dozen.
Butter, 37½@40c per lb.

A deficit of some twenty millions in the military budget is one of the facts least gratifying to Germany; and the government curiously has proposed to meet it by increasing one of the least popular of existing taxes. He who interferes with a German's beer must be a daring man. The tax is already high, and beer is dear; and now the proposal to make it still dearer for military purposes fills the popular soul with anguish.

The Boise *Statesman* of Jan. 29th says: Mr. Galusha B. Grow arrived here by Wednesday's overland stage from Susquehannah county, Pennsylvania. He is the nephew of Galusha A. Grow, who represented the Wilmot District in Congress for twelve years. Mr. Grow is here for the purpose of buying a thousand or twelve hundred head of cattle and intends to drive them next summer to Wyoming Territory, near Fort Laramie, where he will winter them, and the following year when fat run them into the Chicago market on the cars. He has some idea of going to Grand Ronde valley and Walla Walla, thinking he can buy cheaper than here.

The *Transcript* says: "While there are within a range of from fourteen to thirty miles of Olympia inexhaustible supplies of coal, and track for a railroad graded nearly all the way, and a bonus equal to nearly $100,000, it is indeed strange that capital cannot be commanded to complete the road. The demand for this coal in San Francisco is more than equal to the present supply. Vessels are constantly anchored in Seattle harbor, waiting days and sometimes weeks for cargoes from the mines in that vicinity."

Union, Fellowship and Harmony.

EAST PORTLAND, Feb. 7, 1876.

There is probably no subject of more importance to the children of the Kingdom of Christ, than that to which we wish, in these lines, to call their attention.

They that gladly received the Word at the day of pentacost, and were baptized upon the reception thereof, continued steadfast in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, in breaking of bread, and in prayer, etc., Here lies the foundation of all Christian union. Where the word of the Lord is rejected, or is not gladly received, there is no scriptural ground for christian fellowship; but where the word of life has been gladly received, as on that memorable day, and sinners, quickened by its almighty power, have bowed their necks to wear the yoke of Jesus, and in holy ordinance of baptism have put it on, and do, like those primitive Baptists, continue in the apostles' doctrine, true gospel fellowship must and will invariably follow. They not only continued steadfastly in the apostles' doctrine, but equally steadfast in the apostles' fellowship among themselves. And while abiding in the doctrine and fellowship of the apostles of the Lamb, the saints are prepared to travel harmoniously in the breaking of bread and social worship, but under no circumstances are the saints at liberty to extend their fellowship where there is not a hearty reception of the Word, it faith and practice, and a steadfast continuance in the apostles' doctrine. The moment our fellowship exceeds these New Testament limits, it ceases to be Christian union or gospel fellowship, and becomes a wicked perversion of the Word—a mere giving of flattering titles one to another. Called with a heavenly vocation, by one spirit, and in one hope of their calling, having one Lord, one faith, one baptism and one God and Father of all, the saints are not only prepared to adhere strictly to the doctrine and practice of the gospel as ordained by Christ and taught by his inspired apostles, but also to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace; to bear one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ. Under such circumstances it is not only lawful but expedient that Christians should exhort oneanother to cherish an unfeigned love and Christian regard for the happiness and spiritual growth of the Kings' royal family. No subject is of more vital importance to the church of God. So we see the necessity of gaurding against the influence of anything in doctrine or practice that is calculated to sever these blessed bonds; but we should never be unmindful that it is Satan's masterpiece to lead us, if possible, to incorporate within the embrace of our fellowship and union, something that is not found within the limits of the apostles' doctrine, and thereby to pervert our union and subvert our hearts. Beware of him.

P. G.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

THE WEATHER—BEECHER—MOODY AND SANKEY—DYER AND M'CAULEY—BUSINESS OUTLOOK—THE EXPRESS MONOPOLY—SERVANT GIRLS—THE CENTENNIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14th, 1876.

THE WEATHER.

THE city is thankful for the cool change that came this week. Fog, rain, and feverbreeding weather were just making ready for a host of small epidemics. The ice-men were sick with hope deferred, for there were no signs favorable for their annual ice-crop, and 5,000 men were waiting for work to begin at the great ice-houses up the river. There was little need of invalids going to Florida. But the north-west wind brought clear and bracing weather that makes life a luxury. With all the warm, unfavorable weeks, the season is far from being an unhealthy one, the death rate for the week being considerably less than the corresponding one last winter. After the weather, the

BEECHER TOPIC.

The motions of Plymouth Church may be called erratic, it nothing harsher. Its last performance, after snubbing the idea of a mutual council, was to summon Mr. Bowen, editor of the *Independent*, to a church meeting to hear grievances against him. His two sons were allowed with him, on sufferance, but the stenographer he brought was promptly turned out. But the reporter made good use of his time while he did stay, and took down the debate word for word, and quietly took satisfaction in putting the report into next morning's papers where it didn't read creditably to the fairness or order of private Plymouth Church proceedings. After all, the charge against Mr. Bowen was that when a church demanded that he should tell all he knew about the Beecher matter, he refused to say anything good or bad about it. The shrewd, long-witted Bowen knew what would exasperate the swivel-tongued brethren, and did it, by keeping his mouth shut He turned the tables on the meeting last night by taking ground that the church summoned him to hear charges and receive advice, not to answer, and the Bowen mouth closed like adamant again. The silent is the strongest in the quarrel.

MOODY AND SANKEY.

Barnum's Hippodrome, where Jersey and Vermont girls rode Roman chariot races last winter, and Gilmore's Brass Band made everybody thirsty enough to drink oceans of beer last summer, is now converted into a tabernacle for Moody and Sankey's great meetings in February. Seats for 7,000 cover the saw-dust, and a choir of 7,000 from different church choirs will lead the singing. The vast building has been divided up into rooms for various purposes. Besides the vast auditorium for the regular meetings, there are four very large rooms for inquirers, rooms for preachers meetings, rooms for classes, and rooms for every purpose. The money for all this has been furnished by wealthy religious people in the city, who are determined to make some headway against the depravity that rules the city, and is running it. One liquor seller, who has one of the most popular bars in the city, subscribed, and actually paid $1,000 to the fund for the Moody meetings. When asked why he paid his money to a cause that was in direct conflict with his business, he answered that he had real estate, the income from which was greater than the profits from his bar. That the demoralization of the city, the vice and crime that made New York an undesirable place to live in, was hunting his largest interests. "If them howlers kin stop that kind of a thing," said he, "they are doing me the best turn they kin!" Not a very Christian reason, but an exceedingly practical one. But when you come to revivalists, there are two in the city who deserve more encouragement than they are getting;

DYER AND M'CAULEY

Are two brands snatched from the burning, that is, one was a miserable drunkard and the other was a prize fighter. They were convected, and both felt called upon to do something for the people they had formerly known. So they take lofts or cellars, just as they can, down in Water and Vandam streets, and they hold services among the lowest and most wretched people in the city. They are mobbed, and hustled, and despitefully used in all sorts of ways, but they stick to it with the zeal of martyrs, and are actually accomplishing something. They have got together small congregations in both those streets, and have actually induced a large number of men and women to try a better life. They work without pay, or hope of pay, happy when the half inclined give them enough to get kerosene to light up their rooms. Men willing to labor for humanity where they do, deserve better encouragement than they have received or are likely to.

THE BUSINESS OUT-LOOK

Is just as bad as ever. Last week there were forty-six failures, some of them very large. One jewelry house went up with liabilities to the amount of $400,000, with over $700,000 worth of goods in their store—that is goods that had cost them that amount. This $700,000 worth of goods cannot be sold to day for one-fourth their cost, for the reason that only very few are buying jewelry, and that few can buy the best in the world, of individuals, at half the prices they can of dealers. A diamond never gets to be second-handed, and the people who have them are all willing enough to realize on them, in the hope of holding on till the better time comes. If any of your readers want a $20,000 cashmere shawl, or a $10,000 diamond, they will do well to strike it now. I would buy a dozen or two myself but for reasons.

I have no sympathy for those who fail because of fast living, or extravagance, but that is not the class that is going under at this time. The failures of to-day are caused by the depreciation of goods, and the terrible dullness of trade. It is horrible for a man who has worked hard all his life, and is getting in position to retire on a decent competency, to have it all swept out from under him. The sufferers of to-day are mostly of this class, and they are to be pitied.

THE EXPRESS MONOPOLY.

Everybody except the Express Companies and their subsidized Agents, ought to hope for the successful repeal of the postage law which increased the rates on all third class matter. This amendment has been favorably reported to Congress by the appropriate committee. The Express Companies are straining every nerve to defeat it, but we shall see whether Government exists for the good of the people, or intends the people shall exist for the good of monopolies.

The Companies in New York have a large lobby in Washington, and are spending and lending money widely to influence the matter. Any Congressman who finds his expenses running high with the enormous board bills of the Capitol, knows that he has no safer or surer place to apply for a "temporary accommodation" than to one of the express lobby. There never was a measure more directly for the good of every voter who has ten dollars a year to spend to please himself or his family, than the law which sent packages by mail for a cent an ounce. It brought books and half the facilities of the city, for getting better goods and lower prices to the door of the lonelliest farmer in the northwest, living miles from any village, but visited by the mail rider once a week. The Express Companies have had the field long enough to make gigantic fortunes for every one of them, but with their usual dog-in-the-manger spirit, they don't want poor people to have their little parcels sent at the only rates they can afford to pay. There will always be business enough for the Express people in taking boxes, and articles too large for the mail, but with unparalelled greed they even grudge the sending of books at the reasonable and habitual rates of mail. The oppression of the new postage law in operation the last year, has nearly killed the profits of the large newspapers. Some had increased their size by a column or two to give their readers the benefit of more reading, but the increased weight of a half ounce doubled the postage and nearly ruined the proprietors. I know of one of the largest and most popular newspapers in the country, whose increase of postage by this infamous bill, was $20,000, and there are plenty more to tell a similar story.

If any one labors under the delusion that the express companies need the protection of high postage, let them come to New York and see the magnificent buildings they do business in, the palatial houses they live in, and the enormous salaries the officials vote themselves. Let it be understood that the profits of these monopolies do not show in their statements. It was urged in Washington that they were making only a moderate profit on their capital, but they did not explain that they were using up their profits in $50,000 salaries, and that every stock-holder quartered on the company every relative he had in the world.

SERVANT GIRLS.

In this city it frequently happens that servants sue their employers for wages. It is a thing they are fond of; if they have any small grudge to pay off, they take the time when most inconvenient to demand the money, and if it is not forthcoming at once, to enter suit for sake of seeing a delicate mistress obliged to go to a hideous police court, among vagrants and reprobates. The last case is that of a millionaire who was sued by a girl for her wages, as servant at his country home. He put in the very just defence that she was under contract to stay a certain time, but left before it was up; hence, he refused to pay her. He would have had justice, had he rested his defense there, but he added a bill of the expense it cost to get the girl, including fare to New York, and board for himself and wife at a hotel, intelligence office fees, journey to the girls home in Connecticut, her fare out and back, which amounted to nearly $40.00, which the court stupidly refused to consider as anything but a joke, though the employers who have the same frequent trouble to get a servant and have her leave when she is fairly of use to them, are not inclined to so take the decision. This case will probably have an effect in decidedly abating the servant-girl nuisance, by the ventilation which it will cause to the employee's side of the subject, for many who hire servants will not be slow to make the master's case their own in this instance.

THE CENTENNIAL.

Are you coming to the Centennial? The railroads running into New York have decided to reduce the fare so that the people may come to New York first, and see the metropolis as well as the great show at Philadelphia. The hotel keepers hold a meeting next week, but whether it is to reduce the rates or decide how much additional skinning the people will stand, I don't know. Probably the latter. For a hotel keeper in this city never had a conscience, and very little business sense.

PIETRO.

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn county.

Melvina Coker, plaintiff, vs. Francis M. Coker, defendant.

Suit in equity for divorce.

To Francis M. Coker, the defendant above named:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You are hereby summoned and required to be and appear in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Linn county, by the first day of the next regular term thereof, to-wit: the

13th day of March, 1876,

and answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled suit on file against you with the Clerk of said Court, or judgment for want of such answer will be taken against you.

You are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff herein as above required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court, for want of such answer, for the relief demanded in the complaint, to-wit that the Court order and decree the dissolution of the marriage contract between plaintiff and defendant, and that plaintiff have the care and custody of the two children of plaintiff and defendant, and that the defendant pay the costs and disbursements of this suit.

POWELL & FLINN,
Attys for plff.

Published by order of B. F. Bonham, Judge, which order bears date January 27th, 1876

Jan. 28th, 1876-19v8w6.

JOHN CONNER,

BANKING

—AND—

Exchange Office,

ALBANY, OREGON.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO check at sight.
Interest allowed on time deposits in coin.
Exchange on Portland, San Francisco, and New York, for sale at lowest rates.
Collections made and promptly remitted.
Refers to H. W. Corbett, Henry Failing, W. S. Ladd.
Banking hours from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Albany, Feb. 1, 1871-22v3

J. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS in the 2d, 3d and 4th Judicial Districts in the Supreme Court of Oregon, and in the U. S. District and Circuit Courts.
OFFICE—In Parrish brick, (up stairs), in office occupied by the late N. M. Crance, First street, Albany, Oregon. to:5v6

EPIZOOTICS DISTANCED.

THE BAY TEAM STILL LIVES,

AND IS FLOURISHING LIKE A GREEN bay tree. Thankful for past favors, and wishing to merit the continuance of the same, the BAY TEAM will always be ready, and easily found, to do any hauling within the city limits, for a reasonable compensation. ☞ Delivery of Goods a Specialty. A. N. ARNOLD.
20v3 Proprietor.

Albany Book Store.

JNO. FOSHAY,

DEALER IN MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, School Books, Blank Books, Stationery Fancy Articles, &c.
Books imported to order, at shortest possible notice. v3n30

H. J. BOUGHTON, M. D.,

GRADUATE OF THE UNIVERSITY Medical College of New York, late member of Bellevien Hospital Medical College, New York. OFFICE—In A. Carothers & Co.'s drug store, Albany, Oregon.

W. C. TWEEDALE,
DEALER IN
Groceries, Provisions,
Tobacco, Cigars, Cutlery Crockery, and Wood & Willow Ware,
ALBANY, OREGON.
☞ Call and see him. 24v5

A. CAROTHERS & CO.,

— Dealers in —

Drugs,

CHEMICALS, OILS, PAINTS, DYE GLASS, LAMPS, ETC.,

All the popular

PATENT MEDICINES,

FINE CUTLERY, CIGARS, TOBACCO, NOTIONS PERFUMERY, and Toilet Goods.

Particular care and promptness given Physicians' prescriptions and Family Receipts.
A. CAROTHERS & CO.
Albany, Oregon-4v5

Piles! Piles!

WHY SAY THIS DAMAGING AND troublesome complaint cannot be cured, when so many evidences of success might be placed before you every day—cures of supposed hopeless cases? Your physician informs you that the longer you allow the complaint to exist, you lessen your chances for relief. *Experience has taught this in all cases.*

A. Carothers & Co.'s Pile Pills and Ointment

are all they are recommended to be. Will cure Chronic, Blind and Bleeding Piles in a very short time, and are convenient to use.

This preparation is sent by mail or express to any point within the United States at $1 50 per package.

Address, A. CAROTHERS & CO.,
27v3 Box 33, Albany, Oregon.

The Eugene firemen are making arrangements for a grand ball at Lane's Hall on Christmas eve.

FOR SALE!

THE CELEBRATED W. A. WOOD'S

REAPERS & MOWERS,

Blaine's Reapers, (Wood's improved.)

Cooptilland's Indiana Farm Wagon.

The Russel and Wheeler Thresher,

(best machines on the coast.

Statesman Force-feed Drill.

Star Plows, and other machines

Call, see, and get price and terms before buying elsewhere, at my Blacksmith Shop, corner Second and Ellsworth sts., Albany, Oregon.
20v5 FRANK WOOD.

558 ACRES!

Large and Valuable Tract of Farming Land for Sale.

THREE HUNDRED ACRES of plow land, 200 of which is rich bottom land. On the premises are fair buildings, house, barn, granary, sheds, etc.; also good bearing orchard of fruit trees; 200 acres of the very best pasture land; 50 acres of timber land, oak and maple, the best of farming land when cleared. A never failing stream of water runs through the farm. There is also a splendid quarry of limestone on the place, pronounced by experts A 1 rock. Four hundred acres are under fence. It is one of the most desirable and cheapest farms in Douglas county, lying 1½ miles from the O. & C. railroad at Oakland. For particulars as to price, etc., apply, in this city, to

J. H. BOUGHTON, M. D.

Albany, May 14, 1875.

JOHN BRIGGS

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO INFORM his friends and the public generally, that he is now settled in his

NEW BUSINESS HOUSE,

on the old stand next door to P. C. Harper & Co., where can be found as great an assortment and as large a stock of

Stoves and Ranges

as can be found in any one house this side of Portland, and at as

LOW A PRICE.

—ALSO—

Pumps & Pipes,

Castiron, Brass & Enameled

KETTLES,

in great variety. Also,

Tin,
Sheet Iron,
Galvanized Iron,
and
Copperware,

always on hand, and made to order, AT LIVING RATES.

Call on Him.

Albany, October 22, 1875-3v8

Here's the Place!

S. H. Claughton

Has received and is offering for sale a well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

Which he is determined to sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

—for—

Cash, or Merchantable Produce!

Please give me a call, and examine

Goods and Prices.

S. H. CLAUGHTON.
Lebanon, Or. 15v7

RUBBER PAINT

THE BEST IN THE

World.

Warranted to give Satisfaction.

Call at the Drug Store of

BELL & PARKER

First street, Albany, Oregon, and see Testimonials with regard to the

Economy,
and
Durability,
—OF THE—

RUBBER PAINT.

Sold by the gallon only. It is put up ready for use in cans of ½, 1 and 5 gallons; also in 5 gallon wooden pails and barrels. Call and see it.

PROMPT Delivery, at Living Rates.

HAVING bought out the delivery business of Mr. Lewis Stinson, I beg leave to announce to the citizens and business men of Albany, that I have on the streets an express and job wagon and will be happy to serve all who may give me a call.

All orders will be promptly attended to at reasonable rates.

Orders may be left at the Drug Store of Bell & Parker.

VIRGIL PARKER.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis Asthma and Consumption.

The few compositions, which have won the confidence of mankind and become household words, among not only one but many nations, must have extraordinary virtues. Perhaps none ever secured so wide a reputation, or maintained it so long as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It has been known to the public for about forty years, by a long continued series of marvellous cures, that have won for it a confidence in its virtues, never equalled by any other medicine. Itself makes the most effectual cures of *Coughs, Colds, Consumption*, that can be made by medical skill. Indeed the CHERRY PECTORAL has really robbed these dangerous diseases of their terrors, to a great extent, and gives a feeling of immunity from their fatal effects, that is well founded, if the remedy be taken in season. Every family should have it in their closet for the ready and prompt relief of its members. Sickness, suffering, and even life is saved by this timely protection. The prudent should not neglect it, and the wise will not. Keep it by you for the protection it affords by its timely use in sudden attacks.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. 8v7y

Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For Restoring Gray Hair to its Natural Vitality and Color.

Advancing years, sickness, care, disappointment, and hereditary predisposition, all turn the hair gray, and either of them incline it to shed prematurely.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR, by long and extensive use, has proven that it stops the falling of the hair immediately; often renews the growth, and always surely restores its color, when faded or gray. It stimulates the nutritive organs to healty activity, and preserves both the hair and its beauty. Thus brashy, weak or sickly hair becomes glossy, pliable and strengthened; lost hair regrows with lively expression; falling hair is checked and stabilished; thin hair thickens; and faded or gray hair resumes its original color. Its operation is surely harmless. It cures dandruff, heals all humors, and keeps the scalp cool, clean and soft—under which conditions, disease of the scalp are impossible.

As a dressing for ladies' hair, the VIGOR is praised for its grateful and agreeable perfume, and valued for the soft lustre and richness of tone it imparts.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. 8v7y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR

BLANK DEEDS,

Neatly executed,

Call at the Register Office