

Spain will send more troops to Cuba; the Cubans will gobble them.

A late dispatch says only one passenger was lost in the Louisiana Bordeaux—the others lost were of the crew.

It is not the correct thing for a gentleman to wink at a lady. It is always the lady's place to wink first.

The little ones of the Orphans' Home in Salem have been furnished with new suits.

Commissioner Dufur has sent 2,000 pounds of Oregon botanical specimens to the Centennial.

Benton county assessment roll foots up \$2,000,000, and the tax levy is 15 mills.

There are 150,000 bushels of wheat stored at Corvallis, and the town is lively.

A fresh strike, the richest yet, was made in the Gold Hill Ledge, Boise, recently.

A shipment of 208 bales of hops were last week made to San Francisco from Puyallup, and 200 bales are yet to go.

Three-fourths of the women of Boston dare not sneeze with their mouths open owing to their inability to hold on to their teeth!

In the Supreme Court, January 11th, the cases will come up to test the right of the States to regulate railroad rates. In another year the decision may be announced.

High military officers in Cuba want to return to Spain with Valmaseda. He won't let them. They ought to be sent back for wishing to go in such odious company.

The Universities of Glasgow and Aberdeen have elected a Conservative to Parliament. His last name is Gordon and too much comes before for space here. He will take it to Parliament with him.

It is rumored that Mr. McCreight, Q. A. C., will be a candidate for the Mayoralty of Victoria at the coming municipal election. Mayor Drummond will offer himself for re-election.

John Bragger & Son, in the hosiery manufacturing line in Manchester, N. H., have failed for \$100,000, and have \$30,000 to show for it. These Braggers hardly ever do pan out.

At Urban, Ohio, a saloon keeper named Fuldewer discovered a large vein of crude petroleum flowing into his well. An examination showed five gallons on the surface of the water.

As a geographical wonder it is stated that the Tweed has been lately seen in the streets of Havana. But it is the Boes, not the Scotch river, that performed the feat. He reached Cuba in a schooner.

It is said that when a Chinese bank fails all the officers have their heads cut off and flung into a corner with the assets; and it has been five hundred years since there was a bank failure in that country.

At Oakland, last Friday, in a trot, mile heat, 3 in 5, in harness, free for all 2:34 horses, for a purse of \$200, J. G. Welch drove Bellflower, the Oregon mare, and won in 2:41, 2:36, 2:32. She beat Lilly White, American Boy, American Maid, Ross Charley, Dan, and Sorrel Dick.

Two barrels of Bourbon whisky, marked "J. Bean, Marshfield," (Cooz Bay) have been picked up in Barclay Sound by Indians and brought to Victoria. The barrels formed part of the cargo of the schooner Sunshine, from San Francisco, previously reported lost with all on board. The savages resolutely refused to drink the spirits.

The Secretary of the Interior.

Since the report of the Secretary of the Interior, Zaak Chandler, we notice the feeling of opposition to his appointment to the head of that Department is giving way, and in place of said opposition, a strong feeling is growing up that Old Zaak is just the man for the position. He seems to have at once got the various subjects under his control well in hand, and takes vigorous action upon every view of them. Some of the journals that at first so vigorously opposed and sneered at his appointment, have acknowledged their mistake, and confess that the more they see of him and his administration, the more they are convinced in his favor. His views on the various subjects in the report are well in hand, and takes vigorous action upon every view of them.

Pendleton High School has 50 pupils the Winter term.

The Haddon Wall, wheat ship, from San Francisco for Cork, put into Cowes. Her cargo had shifted, her crew were sick, and she had lost some of her sails.

To keep the needy men of Montreal from utter destitution 1,500 of them have been given employment at seven cents an hour.

An incendiary put a stop to a suit for possession of a frame house in Walla Walla by burning it down. Capt. Armstrong owned it.

At the Walla Walla races, two mile heats, Osceola won easily in 3:44 and 3:48, badly distancing Emma McCormick and Rosa Mansfield.

The Democrats have organized a Club at Pendleton, and Turner, of Umatilla, will at the next meeting move the adoption of the Ohio Inflation platform.

More grain has been put in this season in Butte creek county, Umatilla, than in any past season, and fine weather has been enjoyed. Improvements are going on.

A yield of 1202 pounds of hops to the acre is the way they do it up in Umatilla county, and the crop 'was all sold to local brewers, for 16 1/2 cents per pound—\$204 per acre. Pretty good pay.

Matt. Carpenter having been charged by the Chicago Tribune with complicity in the late whisky frauds, writes a letter to the Tribune, stating that he will sue the proprietors thereof for libel, and advises them to be gathering their evidence to prove their charges.

The Democrats have not had the organization of the House of Representatives since 1857, when they elected James L. Orr, of South Carolina, Speaker. At the opening of Congress in 1850 the famous struggle between the two adverse parties commenced. The House began balloting on December 5th, 1850, and on February 1st, 1850, W. L. Pennington was elected. Ever since that time the Democrats, until now, have been in a minority in Congress.

Henry Stiles is dead. Don't know him? Why, he was the first son of white parents born where Cincinnati now stands, and lived in Detroit when old Cass ran his sword into the ground and broke it in two rather than to submit to the disgrace of surrendering it as Gen. Hull cowardly if not treasonably surrendered the army under him. He was not the subject of "I Am Sitting on the Stile, Mary." The "style" these days of pull backs is not good for sitting.

The Hingham Manufacturing Company, of Boston, has failed for \$180,000, assets six, and the Clerk is under arrest for perjury. They call it a fraudulent failure because none of the capital swore to was paid in. Wherein it differs from the honest firms or companies who have been in the failing line this lively season of bankruptcies seems to be in the non-payment of capital or indebtedness. Honor among thieves does not hold good when the rogues are high-toned bankers, manufacturers, merchants, etc. Think of Duncan, Sherman & Co.

The suggestion of the President regarding the school question has, in a measure been acted upon by Representative Blaine, who has proposed a constitutional amendment, providing that no State shall make any law respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; and no money raised by taxation in any State for the support of public schools, or derived from any public fund thereof, or any public land devoted thereto, shall ever be under the control of any religious sect, and that no money or lands so donated shall be divided among religious sects or denominations.

According to the ancient Egyptian astronomy there were seven planets—two, the sun and moon, circling around the earth, the rest circling around the sun. These planets they arranged in order (beginning with the planet of the longest period), as follows: 1, Saturn; 2, Jupiter; 3, Mars; 4, the Sun; 5, Venus; 6, Mercury; 7, Moon. The seven days in order were assigned to the planet which ruled the first hour, and thus the days were named as follows: The Sun's day (Sunday); the Moon's day (Monday, Lundi); Mars day (Tuesday, Mardi); Mercury's day (Wednesday, Mercredi); Jupiter's day (Thursday, Jeudi); Venus day (Friday, Vendredi); Saturn's day (Saturday, Italian Il Sabato). Dion Cassius, who wrote in the third century of our era, gives this explanation of the Egyptian week, and of the method in which the arrangement was derived from their system of astronomy.

Since Gen. Babcock has been arraigned as among those who have been defrauding the General Government of its revenues, he threatens, if the prosecution is not discontinued, that he will make terrible disclosures, effecting leading men of the nation, including even the President. We are among those who, whatever else may be said of President Grant, do not believe that such can be truthfully said against his integrity. So far in his administration there has not been shown a single scrap of testimony that would lead the worst enemy of the President to believe he was guilty of taking bribes. No responsible man will assert to the contrary if there is even a ghost of a show that he will be called upon to produce evidence to support the charge. We hope every man who has participated in the whisky frauds will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law, Gen. Babcock among the rest. The President has stood by Secretary Bristow all through his campaign against the whisky ring, telling him to spare none, but bring the guilty to justice as speedily as possible. If President Grant had ever in any way participated in the fraud, he would never have so warmly sustained and supported the Secretary in the breaking up and exposure of the ring. Bring Babcock to the bar, and let him make his boastful threats good;—as far as the President is concerned, we have no fears for the result.

INDIAN WAR.—The small speck of war, caused by the "Joseph" band of the Nez Perce Indians withdrawing from their peaceful avocation of taking scalps, and embarking in the more lucrative employment of stealing horses gives occasion for the Statesman to say that, in all probability, Gen. Martin Van Buren Brown will be compelled to sign himself for war, and issue orders for Capt. McComas, of La Grande, and Lieut. Baker, of Portland, to hold their eleven men in readiness to march to the front, at least as early as the coming 4th of July! The great army of savages who are causing this great commotion, and against whom Gen. Brown will be called upon to exercise his great military strategy, consists of nearly forty Siwashes! In this terrible emergency the General has the sympathy of the people of the entire world!

There is evidently work for the Good Templars at the hitherto quiet town of Wheatland. A few days since a half-breed opened a saloon, and the first night about a dozen persons got beastly drunk. One man was drunk and laying in the road who had in his pocket the snug little sum of \$1,330 gold. A friend "went through" his pockets, took the money and locked it up in the safe for his inebriated friend. The next morning, after the effects of the whisky began to die, the unfortunate wretch wanted to shoot his friend for taking care of his money.

Mr. Blaine proposes to forever settle the possibility of any danger that might arise under the discussion of what might be termed the religious phase of a school question, by an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, forever prohibiting the appropriation of one dollar of the school funds for sectarian purposes. Our State Constitutions would then be uniform, and the matter would be lifted out of politics.

By the personal solicitation of President McCosh, a wealthy merchant of Princeton, New Jersey, has given five billiard tables to the college at that place. The President believes the students will now have less inducements to visit billiard saloons where intoxicating liquors are sold.

The will of Georgianna Mary Diamond of Philadelphia gives \$80,000 in bequests to different societies of the Catholic Church; \$1,000 to Archbishop Wood, and after a number of private bequests, it is provided that the remainder of the estate go to the Society of St. Joseph and the St. John's Orphan Asylum, share and share alike.

The largest flouring mill in America is owned by Hon. C. G. Washburne, of Minneapolis, Minn. It is seven stories high and crowded with machinery from top to bottom. Its cost was \$300,000, has forty run of burrs, and turns out 1,000 barrels of flour per day.

Mr. Allan Magruder, of Baltimore, will contribute to the January Atlantic an account of Mr. Lincoln's interview with Judge Campbell just after the fall of Richmond, in which evidences is given of the breadth and generosity of Mr. Lincoln's views about the restoration of the Union.

Five attempts have been made to have Utah admitted as a State. The first was in March, 1849, when Brigham was nominated Governor, Wells Attorney General and John Taylor Associate Justice. The other attempts were in March, 1850, January, 1852, March, 1852, and December, 1857. Next.

It is remarkable that 38 ladies in New York, during the past year, have become converts, unsolicited by any Rabbi, to the Jewish faith. It is not any more remarkable that each of the 38 married rich gentlemen of the same faith. But it is more remarkable that the gentleman in each case proposes to a lady not of his own faith, and nearly as remarkable that the lady in each case accepted a proposal from one whose faith so soon seemed better for her than her own.

Perhaps there was never before so large a proportion of the members of Congress who were entirely without congressional experience. The New York Tribune states that of the 366 members, composing both houses, 170 are there for the first time.

James B. Beede, lately died, left an estate valued at \$4,000,000. Besides many private bequests, he left to public charities a total of nearly \$100,000, and to his widow and six children the bulk of his large fortune. He was one of the "solid men of Boston."

A Walla Walla woman pugilistically inclined, walked into a saloon the other evening and commenced a vigorous assault on a man. She exercised her muscle to such good advantage, that the object of her attack soon found himself uncomfortably stretched out under a billiard table.

They have made the pleasant discovery in Chicago that the only survey ever made of the Lake Front was rejected by the Commissioner of the United States Land Office, and that as a consequence the track still belongs to the United States.

Reports from the Oro Fino and Pierce districts, in Idaho, and other parts of Idaho, intimate that the coming season will be the most prosperous in the carrying on of mining operations of any they have had there for a long time.

Col. A. C. Gillen, of the First Cavalry, U. S., and who for a while commanded in the war against the Modocs, in 1857, died a few days ago at his home, near Nashville, Tennessee.

A FRIGHTFUL calamity happened in Hillken, Switzerland, Christmas day, at a festival in the school house. The floor broke away, and eighty persons were killed and fifty injured.

HISTOP. CUMMINS boasts that his Reformed Episcopal Church has now fifty-two congregations and as many clergymen whereas two years ago it had only eight clergymen and not a single congregation.

THE Comptroller of the Currency has ordered a statement from all the National Banks of their condition—to be dated from the closing hour of business, December 17th.

There are giantsess in Minnesota, it seems. A country paper there in describing the burning of a dwelling-mentions the rescue, "by way of a window, of the servant-girl, fifteen feet in height."

EXULTANT.—The Detroit News goes off in this style: "Good! The Apaches have shot an Indian agent! "Let no guilty man escape."

W. B. ANTON'S WILL.

The New York papers give reports of the will of the late millionaire. He left an estate worth between fifty and one hundred millions. To his two daughters, married, and grandchildren, he left snug fortunes; to his sons John Jacob and William B., the bulk of his vast wealth. And these are his other bequests:

- To the widow of Benjamin Astor, an annuity during her life of \$200.
To the American Bible Society, \$10,000.
To the Society for Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females, \$5,000.
To the Institution for the Blind, 5,000.
To the New York Lying-in Asylum, \$5,000.
To the Ladies' Repository, \$5,000.
To the Exempt Firemen's Benevolent Fund of the Volunteer Fire Department, \$10,000.
To Philip Kiegan, Augustus F. Saterles, William W. Bruce and Thomas M. Beane, \$2,500 to each of them, provided he shall be in my service at the time of my death.
A sum \$200 a year to widowed Astor, and \$40,000 in all to Charity!
Out of every one of his millions the magnificent sum of, say \$500, is devoted to Charity! One dollar in every \$2,400! Faith, Hope, and Charity,—but the greatest of these is Charity! It does really seem like one of those cases of the eye of a needle and a camel, told of in the Holy Book. No wonder Paddy rhymed it: "Them as are rich may ride in chariots, and them as are ricker may go to blazes." But, there, we do not join in the sentiment.

Wm. Blake & Co., of Boston, have just cast a chime of nine bells for a church upon St. Paul's Island, in the Bering Sea, not far from the Straits of Alaska, and about 3,000 miles from San Francisco. The congregation are the Russian employes of the Alaska Commercial Company, and include that of the Greek church. There are about 75 houses on the island.

Some notion of the extraordinary prices ruling in the city of London for real estate may be got from a recent sale to Messrs. Samuel Brothers, the Ludgate Hill tailors. The lease of the ground on which Nos. 65 and 67 stand, with the houses, has been sold for a sum which, added to the capitalized ground rent, represents about \$7,000 per foot frontage for the freehold. The situation is one of the best in London for general business purposes, but land near the Bank fetches a still higher price.

STATISTICS OF THE SPEAKERS.—Readers with a morbid taste for statistics will probably be interested in knowing that Massachusetts has had the honor of supplying the Speakers during 10 years, all told; Virginia during 13 years; Kentucky during 16 years; Indiana has had the Speaker 8 years; Pennsylvania, Maine, New Jersey and North Carolina 6 years apiece; Tennessee 5; New York and South Carolina 3 apiece; Georgia and Connecticut 2 apiece.

The first Speaker, Muhlenberg of Pennsylvania (elected April 1, 1789), seems to have been chosen purely on personal grounds, as were Trumbull, of Connecticut (1791), and Dayton, of New York (1795), called in, was called to the chair a second time in 1793; by the way, Sedgwick, of Massachusetts (1799), was elected by the Federalists on the party issue. In 1801 he was succeeded by Mason, of North Carolina, a Democrat. Since and including his term the Democrats have held the chair 49 years, the Whigs 7, the Republicans 13.

Joquin Miller has been giving the story of his life to a correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal. He says he came "from a God-forsaken, impenetrable, wandering race," that his father "is a gentleman, a tender, soulful man, so mild that he would not kill a squirrel, so kind with peaceful instincts that he wouldn't participate in a Fourth of July celebration." As near as he can tell, the poet says he was born in Cincinnati in 1811. He ran away from home in California, was captured by the Modocs, lived with them nearly five years, loved them, learned their language, fought with them, and escaped from them to San Francisco in 1853. He then went to Oregon, studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1850. His practice of law was "not worth a cent," and he soon became the editor of a newspaper for a short time. In 1856 he was elected District Judge of Oregon, and served in that position four years. Of his marriage he said: "I was married at Port Orford in 1833. I don't know of one pleasant moment after that for years. Every man and woman will have his or hers about the part of my life. I read a certain book correctly there is but one who arbitrates finally. But that sort of sentiment aside, I leave no scandal to feed the world on.—It loves it, don't it?—nor have I anybody's forgiveness to ask. I may be mistaken, but I don't think the world will ever look in Joquin Miller's eye expecting him to give it what he has buried." When asked about his first poem he replied: "I think my first poem, my very first, poem was babbling at my mother's breast, for I never looked at her, or think of her, but I thought, and in song. I've a blessed mother." He is at work on a new poem, called "Admiral: A Dream of Italy."

AN Illumination of The Pyramids. Dr. Russell sends to the London Times the following description of an illumination of the Pyramids on the occasion of the visit of the Prince of Wales to Egypt:

"A sumptuous dinner was provided in the chateau or kiosk that was built for the convenience of the Empress of the French at the time of her visit. After dinner came the illumination of the Pyramids. The illumination of the Great Pyramid. It was a bold undertaking—the lighting up of a pyramidal mass four hundred and sixty feet high, and presenting two sides, each seven hundred and thirty feet long, and broken into constantly recurring shadows by over two hundred courses of stone, each forming a ledge or platform round the pyramid. However, complete success rewarded the courage of the two Pashas. First, Bengal fires placed at short intervals around the pyramids were lighted and each stone showed as clear as day. Rockets, Roman candles, and other more complicated feux d'artifice filled the air with many colors. Then lights of all imaginable colors which had been placed on every course of stone and up each angle of the pyramid were so simultaneously lit that the blaze seemed to run up the masses and in a moment enveloped it in one great blaze of variegated fire, while magnesium wire shone out bright and clear from the apex. Every sort of firework crackled and blazed and made cascades of light and color in the heavens. The sight was marvelous. The Prince and his suite expressed themselves greatly pleased. But still more emphatic was the hum of approval from hundreds of Bedouins who were squatted about like statues in white drapery on the sand. Soon all was gray and cold again, and the desert and Pyramids came in the lonely and silent Sphinx were left behind in the gloom, while the royal party glided off to their palaces to dress for a special representation at the opera house by the French theateric company lately arrived in Cairo for the winter season."

Two little girls, Nettie Smith and Ann Conlin, were drowned by breaking through the ice, at Lawrence, on Christmas.

S. A. Johns, of Pendleton, has a Sir Henry colt, 2 years old, 16 1/2 hands high, and of 1200 pounds weight.

The sales of the public lands last year show a falling off from the preceding year of 2,500,000 acres.

The Colonist claims that the gold yield of British Columbia for 1875 will be \$2,400,000.

NEW FIRM.—Sam Miller has bought the wagon and Smithshop heretofore occupied by Peters & Seidel, together with the materials and unfinished work, and is now prepared to carry on his line consisting of Carriages, Buggies, Lumber Wagons, Shocks, &c., and general smithing neatly and with dispatch. I can make it an object for you to buy of me, in price, style and durability. I have had several years of experience on this coast, and with the knowledge thus gained, am able to do the work of any other firm. I sell for cash as low as can be bought in this city. A large lot of lumber wagons, sleds and harnesses, carriages and harness on hand. Patronize home manufactures—do not send your money out of the country. As the part of the wagon, and build up your own state, and you will prosper.

CHAS. BOURGELER, WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, With Dr. Plummer, First Street, ALBANY, OREGON. Watches and Jewelry carefully repaired and warranted.

Notice to Stockholders. THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Lion County Agricultural Association, at their office in Albany, Lion County, Oregon, on Thursday, the 6th day of January, 1876, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing seven Directors. C. P. BURKHART, President. W. W. PARSONS, Sec. Albany, Dec. 10, 1875-1876

POTLATCH! ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted by note or account to John Briggs, are hereby notified that he has for a settlement, and requests that they will govern themselves accordingly. JOHN BRIGGS, Albany, Dec. 3, 1875-1876

REMOVAL. SOMETHING NEW IN ALBANY!! Dress Making! Millinery Goods! Ladies' Furnishing Goods!

General Emporium Mrs. S. A. JOHNS, at her new store on Broadway street, near the corner of Second, offers the ladies a splendid stock of new MILLINERY AND DRESS TRIMMINGS, of every description, all of the latest and most fashionable styles. She also has a complete assortment of Ladies' and Children's Furnishing Goods and Underwear! of every quality and style, embracing Hats, Collars, Neckties, (brilled or embroidered) Handkerchiefs, Laces, Corsets, Kid gloves, Neck-Ties, &c., &c., and all kinds of ladies' and children's undergarments, which will be sold very low. Call and examine goods. Mrs. S. A. JOHNS, Albany, Nov. 20, 1875-1876

LAND SALE. NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the county of Linn, made and entered of record on the 10th day of said court in the year 1875, in a suit therein pending where H. A. Hogue, et al., were plaintiffs, and P. Hogue et al., were defendants, appointing me, the undersigned, sole referee to sell the following described real estate, to-wit:

Commencing a tract of land described as follows: Commencing at a point sixty rods south of the N. E. corner of section 1 in T. 13 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, Linn county, Oregon, thence south to a point 25 rods south of the southeast corner of the S. E. 1/4 of a section 1 in T. 13 S. of R. 4 W. of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, thence in a north-west direction to a point on the open section line 68 rods west of the S. E. corner of the N. E. 1/4 of section 1 above described, thence in a north-west direction to a point 120 rods west of the S. E. corner of the N. E. 1/4 of section 1 above described, thence north to the N. W. corner of the N. E. 1/4 of section 1 above described, together with the S. E. 1/4 of section 1 in T. 13 S. of R. 4 W. of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, together with the S. E. 1/4 of section 2 in T. 13 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, containing 120 acres. The east 1/2 of the N. E. 1/4 of lots 3 and 4 of section 2, in T. 13 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, containing 120 acres. The south 1/2 of the S. W. 1/4 of section 26 in T. 12 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, together with the S. E. 1/4 of section 26 in T. 12 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, containing 120 acres. The east 1/2 of the N. E. 1/4 of lots 3 and 4 of section 2, in T. 13 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, containing 120 acres. The south 1/2 of the S. W. 1/4 of section 26 in T. 12 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, together with the S. E. 1/4 of section 26 in T. 12 S. of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, in Linn county, Oregon, containing 120 acres. And whereas a commission was issued out of said court, under the seal thereof, directing me to sell said premises, by virtue of said decree and commission, I will sell the above described premises, on the 15th day of January, 1876, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Linn county, Oregon, on the 15th day of January, 1876. And whereas a commission was issued out of said court, under the seal thereof, directing me to sell said premises, by virtue of said decree and commission, I will sell the above described premises, on the 15th day of January, 1876, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Linn county, Oregon, on the 15th day of January, 1876. For any further information call on or address me at Shedd, Oregon. C. P. HOGUE, Dec. 10, 1875-1876

Money to Loan!!! To parties purchasing the farm lands described above, which are to be sold at public sale, at the Court House door in Albany, on Saturday the 10th day of January, 1876. If you want a splendid farm, now is your opportunity. If you only want a snug, cozy little home, now is your opportunity. One of the best farms in Linn county to be sold in parcels. The undersigned, together with other parties interested in this property, propose to advance or loan money on the above described farm lands, on such terms as may be agreed upon by the parties to the purchase, to the amount of three-fourths (3/4) of the purchase price, and will be in attendance on the day of sale, ready to back the purchasers in any amount, on these terms. And whereas a commission was issued out of said court, under the seal thereof, directing me to sell said premises, by virtue of said decree and commission, I will sell the above described premises, on the 15th day of January, 1876, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in Linn county, Oregon, on the 15th day of January, 1876. For any further information call on or address me at Shedd, Oregon. C. P. HOGUE, Dec. 10, 1875-1876

PURITY! ACCURACY! DR. PLUMMER, DRUGGIST, Pure and Fresh DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, TRUNKS AND SHOULDER BAGS, STRICTLY RELIABLE LIQUORS! For Solely Medical Uses.

School Books, Stationery, Cigars and Tobacco. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Pictures and Picture Frames. E. B. PURDOM Would announce to the citizens of Albany and vicinity, that he is prepared to furnish all kinds of PICTURE FRAMES to order, at short notice. Pictures framed, and all orders received. Call at his office on First street, one door west of Broadway, and leave your orders. 244

FOR Chemical. Paint, THE BEST AND CHEAPEST USED, Go To A. CAROTHERS & CO., FIRST STREET, ALBANY.

558 ACRES! Large and Valuable Tract of Farming Land for Sale.

THREE HUNDRED ACRES of plow land, 200 1/2 of which is rich bottom land. On the premises are fair buildings, houses, barns, machinery, sheds, etc.; also good bearing orchard of fruit trees—200 acres of the very best pasture land; 50 acres of timber land, ash and maple, the best of farming land when cleared. A never failing stream of water runs through the farm. There is also a splendid quarry of lime-rock on the place, pronounced by experts A 1 rock. Four hundred acres are under fence. It is one of the most desirable and cheapest farms in Douglas county, 15 to 1 1/2 miles from the O. & C. railroad at Oakland. For particulars as to price, etc., apply, in this city, to J. H. BOUGHTON, M. D. Albany, May 14, 1875.

Election of Directors. Notice is hereby given to the subscribers of the capital stock of Linn Engine Company No. 2, of Albany, that a meeting of said subscribers will be held at the Court House in Albany, Linn county, Oregon, on MONDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1875, at 10 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors. G. W. GRAY, Pres. P. H. RAYMOND, Sec. Albany, Nov. 20, 1875-1876

NEW Furniture Rooms.

F. S. DUNNING. Best leave to announce to the citizens of this city and surrounding country, that he has opened a large stock of FURNITURE!

In the building lately occupied by Dr. Plummer's drug store, on First street, where can be had, on most reasonable terms, Parlor Sets, Bedroom Suits, Sofas, Lounges, Easy Chairs, Center Tables, Whatnots, Desks, Book-cases, Sasses, Wardrobes, and in fact everything else needed to GO TO HOUSEKEEPING.

My goods are well made and of the very Latest and Handsomest Styles. PRICES WAY DOWN.

FURNITURE manufactured to order, at short notice. Furniture repaired and put in good shape Give me a call. Albany, Nov. 20, 1875-1876

FOR BLANK DEEDS, Neatly executed, Call at the Register Office

ALBANY FOUNDRY And Machine Shop, A. F. CHERRY Proprietor, ALBANY, OREGON.

Manufactures Steam Engines, Flour and Saw Mill Machinery, WOOD WORKING And AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY, And all kinds of IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS.

Particular attention paid to repairing all kinds of machinery. JOHN SCHMEER, DEALER IN Groceries & Provisions, ALBANY, OREGON.

HAS JUST OPENED HIS NEW GROCERY establishment on corner of Ellsworth and First streets, with a fresh stock of Groceries, Provisions, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., to which he invites the attention of our citizens. In connection with the store he will keep a bakery, and will always have on hand a full supply of fresh bread, crackers, &c. Call and see me. February 1876

JOHN SCHMEER, DEALER IN Groceries & Provisions, ALBANY, OREGON.

W. D. BELDING, WHO MANUFACTURED THE FIRST good Brown Stove used in Albany has returned from California, and opened a manufacturing in this city. He has again commenced the manufacture of all kinds of Brooms, Brushes, Wispes, &c., at his factory on First street, at John Metzger's old stand, east of Magalloway Mills, where he invites those wishing a first class broom to call and secure it at low prices.

W. D. BELDING, Albany, Oct. 10, 1875