That the act to authorize the settlement of That the act to anthorize the settlement of the accounts of officers of the army and navy approved June twenty-third, eight-cen hundred and seventy-two, be further continued for one year from June twenty-third, eight-een hundred and seventy-four, and no longer Approved, June 18, 1874.

AN ACT to amend the thirty-first section of an act entitled "An act for excelling and calling out the national militia, and for other purposes," approved March third eighteen hundred and sixty-three. Be it enriched by the S nate and House of b presentatives of the United States of Ameri-t in Congress assembled,

ca in Congress assembled,

That all officers on duty at any point west of a line drawn north and south through Omaha City, and north of a line drawn cust and west upon the southern boundary of Arlzena, shall be allowed sixty this leave of absence without deduction of pay or allowances: Provided, That the same is taken but once in two years: And provided further, That the leave of absence may be extended to three months, if taken once only in three years; or four months, if taken once only in four years. Approved, May 8, 1874.

AN ACT to establish an assay-office at He lena, in the Territory of Montana.

lena, in the Territory of Montana.

Be it enacted by the S-note and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby anthorized and required to establish an assay-office at Helena in the Territory of Montana, the said assay-office to be conducted under the provisions of the act entitled "An act revising and amending the laws relative to the mints, assay-offices, and coingge of the United States," approved February twelfith, eidliteen handred and seventy-three.

Sec. 2. Tigat the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to cruse to be constructed a suitable building at Helena, in the Territory of Montana, for the purpose of said assay-office, and provide the same with the necessary fixtures and apparatus, at a cost not exceeding thy thousand dollars, which

ores and apparatus, at a cost not exceed og fitty thousand dollars, which sum is ereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. Approved, May 12, 1874.

AN ACT to change the name, of the porof San Pedro, California, to Wilmington. Be it enacted by the Senate and Hense of Representatives of the United States of Amer-ica in Congress assembled. That the port of San Pedro, on the Pa-cific coast, shall be called Wilmington. Approved, June 6, 1874.

AN ACT to equalize pensions in certain

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amer-ica in Congress assembled,

text in Congress assembled,

That all persons entitled to pensions under special acts fixing the rate of such pensions, and now receiving or entitled to receive a less pension than that allowed by the general pension-laws under like circums ances, are, in then of their present rate of pension, hereby declared to be entitled to the benefits and subject to the limitations of the general pension has entitled "An act to revise, consolidate, and amend the laws relating to pensions," approved March third, eightien hundred and seventy-three; and that this act go into effect from and after its passage; Provided, that this act shall not be construed to reduce any peasion granted by special act.

Approved, June 6, 1874.

Approved, June 6, 1874. AN ACT to amend the net entitled "An act to promote the development of the mining resources of the United States," passed May tenth, eighteen hundred and

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of expresentatives of the United States of Amer a in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the fifth section of the act entitled "An act to promote the development of the mining resources."

of the act entitled "An act to promote the development of the uniming resources of the United States," passed May tenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, which requires expenditures of labor and improvements on claims located prior to the passage of said act, ara hereby so amended that the time for the first annual expenditure on claims located prior to the passage of said act shall be extended to the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

Approved, June 6, 1874 Approved, June 6, 1874.

AN ACT authorizing corrections to be in errors of prizedists. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amer-ira in Congress assembled,

That the second and third paragraphs of the tenth section of the navy-prize law, approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, which relate to the shares of commanders of divisions and feet-captains, shall apply to officers serving in those positions from April eighteen hundred and sixty-one, the commencement of the late war,) and the shares shall be paid in the manner as provided for division commanders in said second paragraph, said payments to be made out of the maval pension fund; and all acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved, June 8, 1874. That the second and third paragraphs of

AN ACT to facilitate the exportation of distilled spirits, and amendatory of the acts in relation thereto, Be it enacted by the S-rate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amer-ica in Congress assembled,

That whenever the owner or owners of distilled spirits shall desire to witness the same from any distillery bonded warehouse for exportation under existing law, such owner or owners may at their option, in lieu of executing an export bond as now provided by law, give a transportation bond with sureties satisfactory to the collector of internal revenue, and under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, conditioned the Treasury may prescribe, conditions for the due delivery thereof on board shi at a port of exportation to be named ther for the due delivery thereof on board ship at a port of exportation to be name! there is, and in such case, on artival of the spirits at the port of export, the exporter or owner at that port shall immediately notify the collector of the port of the fact, setting forth his intention to export the same, and the name of the vessel upon which the same are to be laden, and the port to which they are intended to be exported. He shall, after the quantity of spirits has been determined by the gauger and inspector, file with the collector of the port an exportentry verified by his oath or affirmation. He shall also give bond to the United States, with at least two sureties, satisfactory to the collector of customs, conditioned that the principal named in said bond will export the spirits as specified in said entry, or to same other port without the jurisdiction of the United States.

And upon the halfing of such spirits, the collector of the exportation of the same have been completed by the exporter or owner at the port of shipment thereof, shall transmit to the collector of internal revenue of the district from which the said spirits were withdrawn for exportation, a clearance certificate and a detailed report of the gauger, which report shall show the capacity of each cask in wine-gallons, and the collector of internal revenue of the certificate and a detailed report of the contents thereof in wine gallons, proofgallons, and taxable gallons. Upon receeling to the certificate and report, and upon payment of tax on deliciency, if any, the collector of internal revenue shall cancel to transportation bond. The bond required to be given for the landing at a foreign port of distilled spirits shall be cancelled upon the presentation of antistactory proof and certificates that be also be a better that a said distilled upon the presentation of antistactory proof and certificates that be also be a said that a said distilled upon the presentation of antistactory proof and certificates that be also as a said and a said and dist upon the presentation of satisfactor, proof and certificates that said distilles spirits have been landed at the port of detination named in the bill of lading or an other port without the jurisdiction of the United States or upon satisfactory proof that after shipment the same were lost a see without first form or property of the owner.

That on and after the first day Sec. 2. That on and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-four for the expense of providing and affixing the stamps to each cask containing distilled spirits for exportation, there shall be charged ten cents for each stamp instead of twenty-five cents as now required by law.

Approved, June 3, 1874.

AN ACT in reference to the operations shipping commissioners' act, approved June seventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That none of the provisions of an act entitled "An act to authorize the appoint-

of shipping commissioners by the several circuit courts of the United States to superintend the shipping and discharge of scamen energed in more mant ships belonging to the United States, and for the further protection of scamen "shall apply to sail or steam vessels engaged in the coastwise trade, except the constwise trade between the Atlantic and Pacific casts, or in any case where the scamen are by enschalom or agreement catified to participate in the profits or results of a cruise, or voyage. Approved, June 9, 1874.

AN ACT to change the ime for holding the circuit and district courts of the United States for the castern district of Wisconsin at Oshkosh. Best enacted by the Senate and House of Proventatives of the United States of Amer-es in Congress assembled,

test in Congress assembled,

That the time of holding the circuit and district courts of the United States, for the eastern district of Wisconsin, at Oshkosh, be on the second Tuesday of Tuly of each year, instead of the first Monday of July, as now provided by law; and that all resognizances, indictments, writs, process, and other proceedings, civil and criminal, now pending in either of said courts, may be entered, heard, and tried at the time herein fixed for holding said courts.

Sec. 2. That this act shall not interfere with the terms of said courts appointed to be holden at Milwankee in said destrict, nor will the power now possessed by the indexes of said courts to order special terms of the same as now provided by law.

Approved, June 16, 1874.

AN ACT fixing the times of holding the circuit court of the United States in the districts of California, Oregon, and Ne wade

He it enacted by the S-nate and House of E-presentatives of the United States of Amer-ca in Congress assembled,

ereby repealed. Approved, June 16, 1874.

AN ACT relating to Ambassadors, Consuls Be it counted by the Sounte and House of Representatives of the United States of Amer-on in Cangress assembled,

Representatives of the United States of America in Compress assembled.

That no Ambassation, Envoy Extraordinary, Minister Plenipotentiary, Minister Resident, Commissioner to any foreign country, charge "affaires, Secretary of Legation, Assistant Secretary of Legation, Assistant Secretary of Legation, Assistant Secretary of Legation, Interpreter to any legation in any foreign country, Consul General, Consul, Commercial Agent, consular pupils, or consular agent shall be absent from his post or the performance of his duties for a longer period than ten days at any one time, without the permission previously obtained of the president. And no compensation shall be allowed for the time of any such absence in any case except in cases of sickness; nor shall any diplomatic or consular officer correspond in regard to the public affairs of any foreign government with any private person, newspaper, or other periodical or otherwise than with the proper officers of the United States; nor without the consent of the Secretary of State previously obtained, recommend any person at home or abroad for any employment of trust or profit under the too-caucity nor ask or accept, for lithuself or any other person, any present, emolument perminary favor, office, or lithe offany kind from any such government.

Approved, June 17, 1874. com any such governmen Approved, June 17, 1874.

AN ACT to increase pensions in certain B' is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amer-ica in Congress assembled,

ica in Congress assembled.

That all persons who are now entitled to reasions under existing laws and who have lost either an arm at or above the elbow, or a leg at or above the knee, shall be rated in the second-class, and shall receive twenty-four dollars per month: Prarided. That no artificial limbs, or commutation therefor, shall be turnished to such persons as shall be entitled to pensions under this act.

er this act. sec. 2. That this act shall take effect from and after the fourth day of June eighteen hundred and seventy-four, Approved, June 18, 1874.

hundred and seventy-two. Be it enacted by the 8-nate and House of

That hereafter it shall not be lawful for any United States officer, or other person under its employ or control, to recoginze the binding force or legali-ty, or in any manner sustain or enforce or counsel, or give any aid or assistance to sustain or enforce, any contract or agreement made by any person or persons, or corporation, with any band, tribe, or nation of Indians, or individual Indian or Indians, not a citizen of the United States, entered into prior to the date of the act of Congress entitled "An act regulating the mode of making private contracts with Indians," approved May twenty-first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for the payment or delivery of any money or other thing of value, in present or prospective, or for the granting or procuring any privilege to him or her, or any other person or persons, or corporation, in consideration of services for, or advancements made to, said Indians relative to their lands, or to any claim growing out of or in reference to annuities, instalments, or other moneys, claims, demand, or thing under treaties with the United States, or official acts of any officer thereof, or in any way connected with or due from the United States, unless such contract or agreement was reduced to writing and duly signed by the parties in in-terest thereto at the time it was enfered into and fully made known to the parties at the time the contract was signed, and then not until such original written contract shall first have been presented to and examined by the Secretary of the Interior and the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. and these facts by them severally endorsed thereon, and a copy of said contract and of any assignments that may have been made thereon duly entered

sioner of Indian Affairs. Sec. 2. That in addition thereto there shall also be filed in said Commissioner's Office, and retained therein as official papers, and be examined by said Commissioner and Secretary, and fact indorsed on them, the following statement of facts touching each and all such contracts and agreements so presented; which statements shall be sworn to specially by all and severally the person or persons claiming in-terest in and seeking the support and enforcement of such contract or agree-ment, and not by agent or attorney: First, that the writing presented for examination and record, as provided for in the first section of this act, and purporting to be the original contract or agreement, is in fact such, and that it was entered into and reduced to writing at the date and for the purposes it purports to have been made and executed; secondly, such sworn statement shall give particu the names of the real parties in in-terest in the original contract or agreement, naming them if not named written crotract or agreement. and if either of the contracting parties is a band, tribe, or nation of Indians, or a corporation or firm, the name of the person, officer, or agent contract-ing in their behalf, together with his authority for so doing, shall be specially stated; thirdly, a particular statement of all and singular the services rendered or the thing or things done under such contract or agreement prior to said filing, with those things to be done or rendered, together with a particular statement of any and all moneys paid or advanced by either party under such contract or agree-

ment, giving in all cases the time,

place, and real value of services ren-

of record in the office of the Commis-

dered, or thing or things done, or the kind and manner of payment, whether in money, property, or credits, up to the date of the filing of the said sworn statements; fourthly, state specifically whether the original contract or agreement had been submitted to any Secretary of the Interior, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Superintendent of Indian affairs, Indian agent, commissioner, or other person having official sand five hundred dollars. control of or connection with Indian affairs, giving the time when, place where, and person by name to whom such submission was made, and whether by said officer indorsed or not, or whether any such officer was cognizant

him for approval. Sec. 3. That the Secretary or Commissioner of Indian Affairs is hereby empowered to require, in writing, any additional facts or proofs that may be necessary to aid in determining the true character of the contract or agreement, or assignment thereof.

Sec. 4. That no such contract or agreement shall be recognized by any officer or employee of the United States until the Secretary of the Inte-rior shall, after full consideration of of any such contract or agreement, together with the proofs and papers in this act required to be filed, and such as the Secretary of the Interior or Commissioner of Indian Affairs may require in addition thereto, the Secre-That hereafter a term of the elrenit court of the United states for the districts of California, Oregon, and Nevada shall be held as follows, namely: For the district of California, in the city of San Francisco, on the second Monday of February. July, and December of each year; for the district of Oregon, in the city of Porthand, on the second Monday of April, August and November of each year; and for the district of Nevada, in the city of Carson, on the second Monday of March, June, and October of each year; and for the district of Nevada, in the city of Carson, on the second Monday of March, June, and October of each year; and all provisions of his inconsistent therewith are hereby repealed. visions of this act and considered by bim, and in his opinion said contract or agreement or assignments thereof are not exorbitant and not fraudulent. and that they are just, the same shall

But if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Interior, such contract or agreement, or the assignment thereof is fraudulent or exorbitant, he shall officially enter his rejection, in writing upon the record of such contract or agreement, and they shall not be considered of binding force by any officer or employee of the United States.

Sec. 5. That it is hereby made the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to cause an investigation to be made of all existing contracts or agreements, within the purview of this act, now on file in his office, or of the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, or any other office or bureau under his control, and by special notice to the party or parties in interest compel, in the case of each such contract or agreement so found on file, the same strictness of official examination, and indorsement, record and sworn statement of fact, as is required by the several provisions of this act: Provided. That the investigation of facts touching the character of any contract or agreement contemplated by this act may be made by a commissioner ap-pointed by the President for that purpose, who shall report all such facts to the Secretary of the Interior in writing.

Approved, April 29, 1874.

AN ACT concerning the practice in territorial courts, and appeals there-

Whereas, by the organic acts establishing several of the Territories of the United States, it is provided that AN ACT relative to private contracts | certain courts thereof shall have comor agreements made with Indians mon-law and chancery jurisdiction prior to May twenty-first, eighteen and doubts have been entertained whether said jurisdictions must be exercised separately, or whether they may be exercised together in the same proceeding, and whether the codes and rules of practice adopted in said Territories which have authorized a mingling of said jurisdictions in the same proceeding, or a uniform course of proceeding in all cases legal and equitable, are repugnant to the said Be it enacted by the South and House of R presentatives of the United States of Amer-

That it shall not be necessary in any of the courts of the several Territories of the United States to exercise separately the common-law and chancery inrisdictions vested in said courts; and that the several codes and rules of practice adopted in said Territories respectively, in so far as they authorize a mingling of said jurisdictions or a uniform course of proceeding in all cases whether legal or equitable, be confirmed; and that all proceedings heretofore had or taken in said courts in conformity with said respective codes and rules of practice, so far as relates to the form and mode of proreeding, be, and the same are hereby, validated and confirmed: Provided, That no party has been or shall be deprived of the right of trial by jury in

cases cognizable at common-law.

Sec. 2. That the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States over the judgments and decrees of said Territorial courts in cases of trial by jury shall be exercised by writ of error, and in all other cases by appeal according to such rules and regulations as to form and modes of proceeding as the said Supreme Court have prescribed or may hereafter prescribe: Provided, That on appeal, in-stead of the evidence at large, a statement of the facts of the case in the nature of a special verdict, and also the rulings of the court on the admission or rejection of evidence when excepted to, shall be made and certified by the court below, and transmitted to the Supreme Court together with the transcript of the proceedings and judgment or decree; but no appellate proceedings in said Supreme Conrt, heretofore taken upon any such judgment or decree, shall be invalidated by reason of being instituted by writ of error or by appeal: And provided further, That the appellate court may make any order in any case heretofore appealed, which may be necessary to save the rights of the parties; and that this act shall not apply to cases now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States where the record has already been filed.

Approved, April 7, 1874. N ACT making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House

f Representatives of the United States f America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys id the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Army for the year ending June thirtieth; eighteen hundred and seventy-five, as follows:

For expenses of the Commanding deneral's Office, five thousand dollars. For expenses of recruiting and transportation of recruits, one hundred and five thousand dollars. And no money appropriated by this act shall be paid for recruiting the Army beyond the number of twenty-five thousand men, including Indian scouts.

Nothing, however, in this act shall be construed to diminish the Signal Service, which shall be maintained as now

organized under the authority of the Secretary of War.

For contingent expenses of the Adutant-General's Department at the headquarters of military divisions and departments, three thousand dollars, For expenses of the signal Service of the Army, purchase equipment, and repair of electric field-telegraphs For pay of the Army, and for al-

lowances to officers of the Army for transportation of themselves and their baggage when traveling on duty without troops, escorts, or supplies, and for compensation of witnesses while of such contract or agreement having on court-martial service; for traveling expenses of paymasters' clerks; for been made, though not submitted to payment of postage on letters and packages, and cost of telegrams re-celved and sent by officers of the Army on public business, eleven mill-ion four hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That only actual traveling expenses shall be allowed to any person holding employment or appointment under the United States, and all allowances for mileages and transportation in excess of the amount ictually paid are hereby declared illegal; and no credit shall be allowed to any of the disbursing officers of the United States for payment or allow-ances in violation of this provision. For subsistence of regular troops,

engineers, and Iadian scouts, two mill-

ion four hundred and nine thousand dollars. For regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department, to wit: For the regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department, consisting of stoves for heating and cooking; of fuel for officers, enlisted men, guards, hospitals, store-houses, and offices; of forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the Quartermaster's Department, at the several posts and sta-tions, and with the armies in the field: for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of artillery. and such companies of infantry and scouts as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including blank books for the Quartermaster's Department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the Pay Quartermaster's Departments, and for printing of di-vision and department orders and reports, four million iwo hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That thee hundred thousand dollars thus appropriated may be applied by the Commisary-General of Subsistence prior to the first day of July, eighteen

for the posts supplied through the Up

posts.

For postage and telegrams of dis-patches; extra pay to soldiers employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, store-houses, and hospitals; in the construction of roads and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March second, eighten hundred and nineteen, and August fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-rour, lecluding them employed as clerks at division and department headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier-posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paynasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escorts annot be furnished; expenses of the interment of officers killed in action or who die when on duty in the field, or at posts on the frontiers, or when traveling on orders, and of non-com-missioned officers and soldiers; authorzed office furniture; hire of laborer in the Quartermaster's Department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the Army; com ensation of clerks to officers of the Quartermaster's Department; compenitioo of forage and wagon master authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expense incident to their pursuit; and or the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantray and scouts as may be mounted, to wit, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicine for horses and mules, picket-ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named; also, generally, the proper and authorized expenses for the movement and operations of the Army not expressly assigned to any other department, one million two hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of horses for the cavalry and artillery, and for the Indian conts, and for such infantry as may be mounted, three hundred thousand

For transportation of the Army, including baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water; of elothing, camp and garrison equipage from the depots of Philadelphia and Jeffersonville to the several posts and army-depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; of horse-equipments and of subsistence-stores from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores and small-arms from the founderies and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier-posts, and army-depots; freights, wharfage, volls, and ferriages; the purchase and hire of horses, myles, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships and other sea-going ves-sels and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters, transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; be expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; for procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads and for removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers to the extent which may be required for the actual operations of troops in the field, tour million dollars.

That no part of the money appropriated by this act shall be paid to any railroad company for the transporta tion of any property or troops of the Tnited States over any railroad which, in whole or in part, was constructed by the aid of a grant of public land on the condition that such railroad should be "a public highway for the use of Government of the United States free from toll or other charge," or upon any other cunditions for the use of suchh road, for such transpotation; nor shall any allowance be made out of any money appropriated by this act for the transportation of officers of the Army over any such road when on duty and under orders as a military officer of the United States. But nothing herein contained shall be construed as preventing any such railroad from bringing a suit in the Court of Claims for the charges for such transportation. and recovering for the same. if found entitled thereto by virtue of the laws in force prior to the paisage of this

For hire of quarters for officers on military duty; hire of quarters for

troops; of store-houses for the safekeeping of military stores, offices, and of rrounds for camps and summer-cantanments, and for temporary frontier stations; for the construction of temprary buts and stables; and for repairing public buildings at established posts, one million four hundred thousand dollars.

For the construction and repairs of hospitals, one hundred thousand del-

For purchase and manufacture of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and materials on hand at the Schuylkill Arsenal and other depots, one million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That none of the money hereby appropriated shall be used in the purchase of hats, uniform-coats, unifor-jackets, flannel sack coats, and unlined coats, which articles the Quartermaster's Department shall issue from the supply now on hand, known as the old pattern; and none of the article's above enumerated shall be purchased until those now on hand are exhausted.

For preservation of clothing from moth and mildew, thirty thousand dollars. For maintaining national military

cemeteries, one hundred snk fifty thousand dollars. For army contingencies not provided for by other estimates, embracing all branches of the military service, one hundred thousand dollars: Provided. That none of the money hereby apprapriated shall be expended, directly or indirecty, for any use not ltrictly necessary for and directly connected with the military service of the Government.

For purchase of medical and hospital supplies, pay of private physicians employed in emergencies, hire of hospital attendants, expenses of purveying depots, of medical examining boards, and incidental expenses of the Medical Department, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the Army Medical Museum and for medical and other necessary works for the library of the Surgeon General's Office, ten thousand dollars. For engineer-depot at Willet's Point, New York, namely, remodeling portions of bridge equipage, and for the current expenses of the depot, purchase of engineering-materials for use in instruction of engineer battalion and purchase and repair of instruments for general service of the Corps of Engineers, nine thousand dollars.

For trials with torpedoes for horbor and land defense, and to instruct the engineer-troops in their practical construction and application, ten thousand

hundred and seventy-four, to the pur-For the ordnance service required to chase of subsistence supplies intended defray the current expenses at the per Missouri, and for other distant arsenals; of receiving stores and issuing arms and other ordnance supplies; For incidental expenses, to wit: of police and office duties; of rents, tolls, fuel, and lights; of stationery and office furniture; of tools and instauments for use; of public animals, forage, and vehicles; incidental expenses of the ordnance service, including those attending practical trials and tests of ordnance, small-arms and other ordnance supplies, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. Proided, That none of the money hereby appropriated shall be expended, directly or indirectly, for any use not strictly necessary for, and directly connected with, the milittry service of the Government; and this restriction shall apply to the use of public animals, forage, and vehicles: And provided further, That none of the money hereby appropriated shall be expended for the construction or repair of buildings. For manufacture of metallic amunition for small arms, seventy-five thousand dollars For overhauling, cleaning, and pre-

serving new ordnance stores on hand at the arserals, fifty thousand dollars. For repairing ordnance and ord-nance stores in the hands of troops and for issue at the arsenals depots, twenty-five thousand dollars. Foa saddlers' tools, smiths' tools and materials, tool-bags, cavalray forges, with their tools and materials.

for the cavalary service, twenty thousand dollars. For (purchase, and manufacture of ordnance stores, to fill requisitions of troops, and for alteration of carriages the company aggrieved may bring an action in the district or circuit court of dred thousand dollars.

For infantry, cavalray, and artillery equipments, consisting of valises, hav-ersacks, canteens, and great coat straps, and for recovering cavalry saddles, with leather, and for manufacinre of saddle-bags and repairing horse equipments for cavalry troops, one hundred thousand dollars.

For manufacture at national armories, of the new model breech loading musket and carbine, adopted for the military service on recommendation of the board of officers convened under act of June sixth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, one hundred thou-sand dollars: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be expended at said armories in the perfection of patentable inventions in the manufacture of arms by officers of the Army otherwise compensated for their services to the United States.

For the construction of a post on the north fork of Loupe River in Nebras-ka, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That the cost of said post shall not exceed the amount hereby appropri-

ated. Sec. 2. That all balances of appropriations, for whatever account, made for the service of the Departments of the Quartermaster General and of the Commissary General of Subsistence, prior to July first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, which on the thirt-ieth day of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, shall remain on the books of the Treasury, shall be carried to the surplus fund, except such as the Auditor of the Treasuay whos duty it is to settle accounts against such appropriations shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury to be necessary in the settlement of such accounts as have been reported to him for pay-ment by the Quartermasters and the Commissary Departments pending in his office. And the Quartermaster his office. And the Quartermaster General, Commissary General, and Third Auditor of the Treasury shall continue to receive, examine, and consider the justice and validity of such claims as shall be brought before them under the act of July fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, und the acts amendatory thereof; and the Secretary of the Treasuary shall make report of each claim allowed by them, at the commencement of each session of Congress, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall lay the same before Congress for consideration.

Approved, June 16, 1874.

AN ACT to amend the law relating to Patents, Trade Marks, and copyrights. Be it enacted by the Senate ang House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

every edition published, on the title or the page immediately following, if it be a book; or if a map, chart, musi-seal of the United States, and when cal composition, print, cut, engraving, photograph, painting, drawing, chronio, statute, statuary, or model or design intended to be perfected and com-

pleted as a work of the fine arts, by nscribing upon some visible portion thereof, or of the substance on which the same shall be mounted, the following words, viz: "Entered according ing words, viz: "Entered according to act of Congress, in the year—, by A. B., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington;" or, at his option the word "Copyright," together with the year the copyright was entered, and the name of the party by whom it was taken out: thus—"Conywhom it was taken out; thus-"Copyright, 18—, by A. B."
Sec. 2. That for recording and cer-

tifying any instrument of writing for the assignment of a copyright, the Li-brarian of Congress shall receipe from the persans to whom the service is rendered, one dollar; and for every copy of an assignment, one dollar, said fee to cover, in either case, a certificate of the record, under seal of the Librarian of Congress; and all fees so received shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

Sec. 3. That in the construction of this act, the words "Engraving," "cut" and "print" shall be applied only to pictorial illustrations or works connected with the fine arts, and no prints or labels designed to be used for any other articles of manufacture shall be entered under the copyright law, but may be registered in the Patent And the Commissioner of Office. Patents is hereby charged with the supervision and control of the entry or registry of such prihts or labels, in conformity with the regulations provided by law as to copyright of prints, except that there shall be paid for recording the title of any print or label not a trade mark, six dollars, which shall cover the expense of furnishing a copy of the record under the seal of the Commissioner of Patents, to the party entering the same.

Sec. 4. That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the foregoing provisions be and the same are hereby Sec. 5. That this act shall take et-

fect on and after the first day of August, eighteen hundred and seventy-Approved, June 18, 1874.

AN ACT making additions to the fifteenth section of the act approved July 2, 1864, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military, and other purposes, approved July 1,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House f Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That there shall be, and is hereby, added to the fifteenth section of the act approved July second, eighteen hun-dred and sixty-four, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military and other purposes, approved July first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," the following words, namely: "And any officer or agent of the companies authorized to construct the aforesaid roads, or of any company engaged in operating either of said roads, who shall refuse to operate and use the road or telegraph under his control, or which he is engaged in operating for all purposes of communication, travel, and transportation, so far as the public and the Government are concerned, as one continuous line, or shall refuse, in such operation and use, to afford and secure to of said roads equal advantages and facilities as to rates, time, or transportation, without any disany kind in favor of, or adverse to, the road or business of any or either of said companies, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and may be imprisoned not less than six months. In case of failure or re-fusal of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, or either of said branches, to comply with the requirements of this act and the acts to which this act is amendatory, the party injured or the United States in the Territory, district, or circuit in which any portion of the road of the defendant may be situated, for damages on account of such failure or retusal; and, upon re-covery, the plaintiff shall be entitled to judgment for treble the amount of all excess of freight and fares collected by the defendant, and for treble the amount of damages sustained by the plaintiff by such failure or refusal; and for each and every violation of or failure to comply with the requirements of this act, a new cause of action shall arise; and in case of suit in any such Territory, district, or circuit, process may be served upon any agent of the defendant found in the Territory, district, or circuit in which such suit may be brought, and such service shall be by the court held to be good and sufficient; and it is hereby provided that for all the purposes of said act, and of the acts amendatory thereof, the rail-way of the Denver Pacific Railway and Telegraph Company shall be deemed and taken to be a part and extension of the road of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, to the point of junction thereof with the road of the Union Pacific Railroad Company at Chevenne, as provided in the act of March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-niue. Approved, June 20, 1874.

AN ACT providing for publication of the revised statutes and the laws of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and Hous f Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the existing contract or contracts between the Secretary of State on the part of the United States' and Charles C. Little Augustus Flagg, Henry T. Miles, and John Bartlett of Boston, known as the firm of Little, Brown and Company, dated the twenty-eighth day of May eighteen hundred and six-ty-six, and all other contracts between the United States or any officer thereof with said firm of Little, Brown and

Company, respecting the printing or publication of the laws of the United

States, are hereby declared to be deter-

mined, pursuant to the powers therein

reserved

Sec. 2. That the Secretary of State is hereby, charged with the duty of causing to be prepared for printing, publication and distribution the revised statutes of the United States en acted at this present session of Con-gress; that he shall cause to be completed the head notes of the several titles and chapters and the marginal notes referring to the statutes from which each section was compiled and repealed by said revision; and references to the decision of the courts of That no person, shall maintain an action for the infringement of his copyright unless he shall give notice thereof the leasting in the several copies of the same. And when the same to the same. And when the same to the same completed, the said Secretary

courts of the United States, and of the several States and Territories. Sec. 3. That the revision of the

statutes of a general and permanent nature, with the index thereto, shall be printed in one volume, and shall be entitled and labeled "Revised Statutes of the United States;" and the revision of the statutes relating to the District of Columbia; to post-roads, and the public treaties in force on the first day of December, one thousand eight hun dred and seventy-three, with a snitable index to each, shall be published in a separate volume, and entitled and labeled "Revised Statutes relating to District of Columbia and Post-Roads. Public Treaties."

Sec. 4. That the Secretary of State shall cause the two volumes to be stereotyped and such number of each voltime to be printed and substantially bound at the Government Printing Office as he may deem needful for put lie distribution as bereinafter provided, and for sale by his office.

Handbills,

Showbills,

Calling

and

Business

Cards,

Labels,

Circulars,

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Billheads,

Letterhead

Brief

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Oregon.

Sec. 5. That he shall, in like manner, cause to be edited, printed, published and distributed pamphlet copies of the statutes of the present and each future session of Congress, to the offi-cers and persons bereinafter provided, and bound copies of the laws of each Congress to the number of two thousand copies to be distributed in the manner now provided by law, and uni-form with the said edition of the revised statutes. Sec. 6. That at the close of every

session of Congress the Secretary of State shall cause to be distributed pamphlet copies of the acts and resolves of Congress for that session, edited and printed in the manner aforesaid, as follows: To the President and Vice President of the United States, two copies each; to each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress one copy; to the librarian of the Sen ate, for the use of Senators, one hundred and twenty-six copies: to the librarian of the House, two hundred and fifty copies, for the use of the Rep-resentatives and Delegates; to the Library of Congress, fourteen copies; to the Department of State, including those for the use of legations and con-sulates, six hundred copies; to the Treasury Department, two hundred copies; to the War Department including those for the use of officers of the Army two hundred copies; to the Navy Department including those for the use of officers of the Navy, one hundred copies; to the Department of the Interior, including those for the use of the surveyors-general and regis-ters and receivers of public land offices two hundred and fifty copies; to tee Post-Office Department, fifty copies; to the Department of Justice including those for the use of the chief and asso ciate justices, the judges and the offi-cers of the United States and territorial courts, four hundred and twenty-five copies; to the Department of Agriculture, ten copies; to the Smithsonian Institution, five copies; to the Govern-ment Printing Office, two copies; to the governors and secretaries of Territories, one copy each to be retained in the custody of the Secretary of State, one thousand copies; and ten thousand copies shall be distributed to the States and Territories in proportion to the number of Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress to which they are at the time entitled.

Sec 7. That after the close of each Congress the Secretary of State shall have edited, printed and bound a sufficient number of the volumes contain ing the Statutes at Large enacted by that Congress to enable him to distribute copies, or as many thereof as may be needed, as follows: To the President of the United States, sour copies, one of which shall be for the library of the Executive Mansion, and one shall be for the use of the Commis er of Public Buildings; to the Vice President of the United States, one copy; to each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress, one copy; to the librarian hi the Senate, for the use of Schators, one hundred and four-teen copies; to the librarian of the House, for the use of Representatives and and Delegates, four hundred and ten copies; to the Library of Congress, fourteen copies. including four copies for the law library; to the Department of State, including those for the use of legations and consulates, three hundred and eighty copies; to the Treasury Department, including those for the use of officers of customs, two hundred and sixty copies; to the War De-partment, including a copy for the Military Academy at West Point, fifty copies; to the Navy Department, in-cluding a copy for the library at the Noval Academy at Annapolis, a copy for the library of the Brooklyn Naval Lyceum, and a copy for the library of the Naval Institute at Charlestown, Massachusetts, sixty-five copies; to the Department of the Interior, including those for the use of the surveyors-general and registers and receivers of pub land-offices, two hundred and fifty copies; to the Post-Office Department fisty sopies; to the Department of Jus tice, including those for the use of the chief and associate justices, the judge and the officers of the United State and territorial courts, four hundred and twenty-five copies; to the Department of Agriculture, five copies; to the Smithsonian Institution, two cop-les; to the Government Printing-Office, one copy; and the Secretary of State, shall supply deficiencies and offices newly created. Sec. 8. That the said printed copie

of the said acts of each session and of the said bound copies of the acts of each Congress shall be legal evidence of the laws and treaties therein contained, in all the courts of the United States and of the several States therein.

Sec. 9. That the said laws of each session of Congress shall also be stereo-typed and printed for sale as provided in respect to the said revised statutes. And the copies of the said revised stat-utes and of the said laws of each session of Congress, as issued from time to time, shall be respectively sold at the cost of the paper, press work and binding, with ten per cent thereof added thereto, to any person applying for the same. And the proceeds of all sales shall be paid into the Treasury. Sec. 10. That the Secretary of State shall cause all the copies of the Revis-ion of Indian treatise made by Thomas J. Durant, now printed to be bound, and the same shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Interior, for the use of the Departments and officers of the Government.

Approved, June 20, 1874. AN ACT to anthorize the issue of du-plicate agricultural land scrip where the original has been lost or destroy-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the provisions of the act of Congress of the twenty-third day of June, eighteen hundred and sixty, relating to the reissue of land warrants in certain cases, be, and the same are hereby, extended so as to include the reissue of agricultural-college land scrip lost, cancelled or destroyed without the fault of the owner thereof, under such rules and regulations as the Sec-retary of the Interior may prescribe. Approved, Juns 20, 1874.

Calvin Sager of Mason county, W. T., has been sent to the Insane Asylum at Stellacoom. He was violently