

With the last number of the REGIS-TEE Rey. J. W. Van Cleve closed his connection with this paper as its editor. Our best wishes go with him.

State Convention.

The Republican State Convention meets in this city on Thursday (tomorrow), at two o'clock P. M., for the purpose of selecting a candidate for Congressional honors. In connection with this nomination quite a numbar of gentlemen have been mimed, any of whom, doubtless, would fill the position of Representative in Congress with honor to themselves and the constituency which sent them. But the point to be considered is, which of them can poll the full vote of the party. It is useless to attempt to disguise the fact, that the man selected as standard-bearer of the party in the coming campaign, to be successful, must not only have the brains to fit him to fill the position with honor, but he must be in full accord with the people, and possess their entire confidence and esteem. Party ties are not to be relied upon in the inture. Men who have voted the ticket straight in tormer years, without a question as to fitness, only demanding that the candidate be an uncompromising Democrat or Republican, can not be counted upon hereafter to so vote. A radical change has taken place, and voters now require that the man or men who receive their suffrages shall possess other qualifications in addition to those of party. It will be the duty of our delegates to canvass thoroughly and in the fullest manner the character and standing, as well as the ability, of those who offer themselves as candidates for Representative in Congress. That they will do this, we have no doubt, and that the man so selected will be elected by a handsome majority, we honestly believe.

Among the names mentioned as probable candidates for the honor of representing the people of Oregon in Congress, brought more prominently before the public within the last few days, none stand higher in the estimation of his fellow-citizens, at home or abroad, than our fellow townsman, Dr. E. R. GEART. His ability is undoubted, his character spotless, and he possesses in a high degree exclusive use in the public schools of that personal magnetism which at-

"But let it be remembered that while it tried to destroy the Consti-tution which a Jafferson wrote with his own hand."-Albany REGISTER of 22d-italics ours.

We did not know before that Mr. Jefferson "wrote with his own hand" our Federal Constitutiondid not know that he was even a member of the convention that framed the constitution ; thought he was at that time representing the United States near some foreign Court. We have heard something about Mr. Madison being the author of the Constitution. We must read ourselves up in history again-we seem to be retrograding-Democrat.

Now, neighbor, don't be so "sarcustical" over our inadvertent mal entendre. Too much big shame you make us. But you are not "retrograding" in your knowledge of history. No, no. You "seem to be" progressing like a singed cat. You claim Mr. Jefferson as the father of Democracy and its principles as derived from the Federal Constitution. As the former lived and taught before the latter had a being, therefore he must have made it, Don't you see it? So look out. It may be a serious point in the eyes of your party to deny that Mr. Jefferson wrote anything. If you keep on progressing that way, first thing your readers know, you will tall in which that class of "smarties" who are denying that Mr. Jefferson was the author of the Declaration of Independence, giving the credit to Patrick Henry. Heretofore, however, you have tried as a party to saddle all of your inconsistencies and follies, in the way of"departures," upon the devoted shoulders of Mr. Jefferson. Have you as one of the mouth-pieces of that party concluded to be more just in the future? If such has been the influence of our mistake upon you, give us your hand, we are glad we made it. Go in peace and sin no more.

Authorized Text-Books.

ALBANY, Sep. 9, 1873. Directors and Clerks of School Districts in Linn county are hereby notified that the following text-books have, in pursuance of law, been adopted for

will be allo wed until the first of 1874, to complete the introducti will be the duty of Directors and to see that these books be obtain soon as possible. The import attending to this matter will I fully appreciated when it becom erally known that no district such as may not have had a taught between the first of (1873, and the first of March that fails to report at the c this school year, the complete duction of the authorized text will be permitted to draw money for the year following.

Teachers are requested to us influence in introducing thes books, for the purpose of carry effect the law on this subject. T. J. STITI

ALBANY AND SANTIAM CA

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The Albany and Santiam Company would respectfully of attention of the public, and est the Capitalist, and those desir engage in manufacturing, t gigantic water power and wate flege. Sixteen thousand dub constantly flowing every minute to 800 horse power, with from feet fall, sufficient for the most sive machinery, with ground o to erect the necessary buildin The Company deem it but pro the public should know more f locality of this great water po tacilities and surroundings, in that those unacquainted may some estimate of its value.

The city of Albany is the com of Linn county, located on the east bank of the Williamette about 100 miles south of Portl river, and 80 miles by railroad of Salem 45 miles by river and 1 by rallroad, and north of Eage 45 miles.

Albany is located in a prairie same name, which is the great i tural center of the Willamette and it is believed that upward bushels of surplus wheat will be ed at that point, the present The most of it will find its way eign markets, either by boats of road to Portland, and from the on the ocean. The Willamette is navigated by beautiful ster carrying from 80 to 300 tons, ru as far as Albany some ten mon the year. Also, the O. & C. with its beautiful locomotives, is ing through the city daily. of Albauy is located upon a high ing prairie, with the Calapooia, a tiful creek, flowing into the Will river on the west, the water of is used in driving two large fi-mills, situated on the bank of th lamette river... The city is about mile in length, running east and and from one-half to three-h of a mile in width, and is laid of

streets of good width. The Canal, which is the subjeobject of this communication, re its waters from the South Sa river, which heads in the great Ca mountains, some 75 miles er AIDADY : thence running we through a valley of the same name, to Lebanon, a village located near the west bank of said fiver, 13 miles east of Albany. The Canal receives the waters from the Santiam river at that point, thence running west to its ter-minus at Albany. The main Santiam flows northward, and empties its mountain waters into the Willamette river 10 miles northeast of Albany. The Canal is brought from Lebanon through a beautiful prairie for a distance of 12 miles, and empties into the Willamette river, forming on its way and in the city some of the finest water and in the city some of string purposes powers for manufacturing purposes powers for manufacturing purposes found on the Pacific coast. There are but tew, if any, points in the State which surpasses Albany now, for man-ufacturing facilities. Cheap water power and easy of access, and conven-ient transportation, either by water or railroad, and the location beautiful and healthr. healthy. The Canal Company offers liberal inducements to persons desiring to en-gage in the business of manufacturing, and will furnish water power upon the most reasonable terms. Manufactur-ing of all kinds is needed in Oregon, and could be made profitable. The Canal Company will agree to furnish, within sixty days, any water power needed, from a button factory to that of a locomotive. Immigrants and others are earnestly invited and requested to visit Albany and examine for themselves. Real property can yet be procured on very reasonable terms, both in and out of the city. Our people compare favor-ably with the rest of mankind, morally socially, politically and financially. Published by order of the Board of Directors, Sept. 8th, 1873. L. ELKINS,

R.	
MISCELLANEOUS.	DRY GOODS, ETC.
BUILDERS, ATTENTION !	D) Shel Gree
SASH, BLIND, AND DOOR	RES Fin
FACTORY.	and Roomers
S. E. ALTHOUSE. J. F. BACKENSTO. W. KETCHUN.	
ALTHOUSE & CO.,	Celes D
Lyon Street, on env River Bank,	
ALBANY, OREGON.	Shaled Shales
Keep on hand a full assortment, and are prepared to	L'S BOND
FURNISH TO ORDER,	here IN
Doors, Sash, Blinds, and Moldings,	and HAVEN
Such as	Wind and a C
CROWN, PANEL, BAND & SECTION MOLD,	L Pable
Of all sizes	A CONTRACT
WINDOW AND DOOR FRAMES,	den E
Flooring, Siding,	T HE CERS
And-	A SHON W
All other kinds of Building Material.	
A LSO: PREPARED TO DO MILL work, furnish shaker fans, zigzag shakers, suction fans, driving pulleys of any kind, at our factory on Lyon street och the river bank, next below Markham's warehouse. ALTHOUSE & CO. Albany, Feb. 10, 1860-14	ARS, E) eys Clethi cys Clethi burs Clethi Shot Gans Shot Gans Daps, Wac
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BEE-HIVE STORE!	RY, LACES hing Goods, assets, s. Powder Flash &c. od & Willow War act PRICE
TO BUX	ES
Groceries,	4 8 9 3
Provisions,	WATCHES-JEWELRY.
Notions,	J. D. TITUS, CHAS. POURGARDES.
de, de, le.,	TITUS, BOURGARDES & CO.,
CHEAP FOR CASH :	DEALERS IN
Country Produce of All Kinds	Watches, Glocks,
BOUGHT FOR MERCHANDISE OR	
CASH:	JEWELRY,

ALBANY REGIS

taches to every successful public man. Should Mr. Geary receive the nomination at the hands of the Republican Convention on Thursday, he will be endorsed by the people of Oregon by an overwhelming majority.

The cant and hppoerisy of .Democracy is glaringly apparent in the cry of "stop thief" it sets up concerning Republicans who took "back pay," when not a whimper does it make concerning Democrats who did the same thing. Every FOR SCHOOLS OF ADVANCED GRADES. Democratic Congressman in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Missouri, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada and all the Southam States pocketed the back pay. Even Oregon's Representative, Mr. Slater, took it. These would-be reformers don't say anything about these facts, though, but try to convey the impression that Republicans were alone guilty of that of. fense. The people of Oregon are not so easily gulled. Another thing: But two of these Democrats have as yet returned it.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has decided that an insurance company cannot cancel its policy on an insured property, when a fire is ap- they can not obtain the books immediproaching that property, or it is in ately. Hence, though it will be eximpending danger.

the state I 1st. 1873.

Thompson's New Graded Series of Arithmetics, (including New Mental for primary classes-New Rudiments and New Practical,) and Brooks Normal Mental, (for advanced classes,) Monteith's Introduction to Manual, Physical and Intermediate Geographies, Clark's Beginners and Normal Grammar, Barnes' Brief Eistory of the United States, and "Peter Parley's" Universal History. Spencerian penmanship and copies.

Robinson's Progressive Higher Arithmetic, Brooks' Algebra and Geometry, Anderson's General History, Hart's Composition, Steele's 14 weeks in Physiology, Steele's 14 weeks in Natural Philosophy, Steele's 14 weeks in Chemistry. Wood's Botanist and Florist, Bryant and Stratton's Book-keeping.

The selection of Readers and Speller will take place about the 15th inst., when due notice will be given.

The law under which these books have been selected, requires that they shall be introduced into all the public schools of the State on or before the first day of October, 1873; but the State Board of Education has concluded to take the responsibility of extend-Ing the time, so as to secure their gradual introduction without working a hardsdip upon Districts so situated that pected and required that all the public schools shall begin in good faith to in-The Madrid Ministry has again troduce said books on or before the first day of October, 1873, yet they

D. MANSFIELD, President. Secretary.

At Butler's headquasters in Boston on the 6th, the figures stood : Delegates to State Convention for Butler, 316; for Washburne, 293.

