

Republican Ticket for 1872.

FOR PRESIDENT,
U. S. GRANT.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
HENRY WILSON.

Presidential Electors.
A. B. MEADHAM, of Union county.
W. F. HARR, of Washington county.
J. P. GAZLEY, of Douglas county.

Albany Register.

V. S. Official Paper for Oregon.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1872.

A Weak Vessel.

Decision of character, it will not be denied, is one of the most important traits to be cultured in mental expansion. Without its development there could be no manly self-confidence and firmness, no genuine independence. No man can be safely trusted who does not possess this trait fully cultured—especially in a man unfit for positions of public trust. There are crises arising in the history of every individual demanding the exercise of this mental characteristic. They may be the culmination of his own mental energy and experience, or they may come upon him from sources, or causes unexpected; in either event, to hesitate when they are presented, is to impede the result. These are the times when a man ought to be the firmest, and act the most promptly. A man who has not force of will enough to do this, is weak, and, as we before said, unsafe. Greeley is unreliable, unsafe, for this very reason: he lacks force of will, or decision. Scrutinize his history, and it will be found that he has generally given up at the time when he ought to have been the most determined and firm. He advocated free-loveism, or socialism, until it began to be unpopular, and then he dropped it. He went for the Irish most powerfully until he caught the Presidential fever, and now he swears by the shamrock. No more radical advocate of temperance was found in the country than he, but the growing importance of the lager beer interest, especially in its bearing on German votes, caused him to simmer down to silence on that. At one time he was a strong advocate of the doctrine of secession, but when it became somewhat dangerous, he became a most red-hot Unionist. During the war his frantic appeals of "On to Richmond!" were most loud and imperative, but after some blood was shed, he grew sick at his tender stomach from fear, and assumed the province of making overtures of peace to the enemy. He was a great friend of Grant and the Republican party until his selfish interest conflicted, and then he turned against both by affiliating with the enemy. In all of this he has shown great weakness, in morals as well as in force of will. How any body of intelligent men can trust such an example of vacillation and unreliability, is beyond our comprehension.

The estimation in which the Greeleyites hold the rights of colored citizens, is seen by the manner in which they treat them while exercising their political privileges. At Cincinnati on the 21st inst., the colored Grant Club was attacked by men throwing boulders, were fired upon, and one of the Club was hit on the head by a pistol ball; and though he was not seriously hurt, this act of the Greeley party, and others of a similar character which have occurred in other places, very clearly show what would be the political fate of the colored people should the Greeley party come into power. The Republican party is the only real friend of the colored man in this country.

The Republican candidates for Presidential Electors in this State, in accordance with arrangements made by the State Central Committee, will each canvass his own district, and will see that at least one mass meeting be held in each county between now and November.

"Brains."

The Greeleyites in alluding to the departure of Greeley, Trumbull, Sumner & Co., from the Republican party, have sneeringly asserted that with them departed the "brains" of the party. It is strange they should allude to this matter in that light. The fact that the great mass of the party is not led by these leaders, is conclusive evidence that they are governed more by principle than by men, and is more of a compliment than a matter of reproach. In fact, if they could be persuaded to follow these demagogues, they would then be justly chargeable with inconsistency and insincerity in their professions of devotion to principle. The fact, too, that they do not follow these renegade leaders, is good evidence that "brains" enough is left in the party to enable it to discriminate between the true and the false, the pure gold and the dross, the welfare of the whole country and the selfish desires of demagogues. But while the Republicans have so numerous and emphatically repudiated these renegade "brains," it is a noteworthy fact that the Democracy have gladly placed themselves under their council and guidance.

Importance Overestimated.

The Greeleyites from the first placed an undue estimate upon the importance of their movement. They were vain enough to think that they constituted the Republican party, and flattered their pride by supposing that when they withdrew their all important support from the Republican structure, that it would topple and fall. Gratz Brown but expressed the feelings of the rest, when, in the exuberance of his swelling importance and vanity, after he, with the rest of the self-supposed owners of the Republican party, had turned from its support, said, "the Republican party no longer exists." The following anecdote may be taken as a very good illustration of the principle of their position as it relates to the existence and well being of the Republican party: The editor of the Boston *Ledger* by his course in regard to some public matter had offended a few readers, one of whom he met on Chestnut street, who thus accosted him:

"Mr. Swain, I've stopped the *Ledger*."

"What is that, sir?"

"I've stopped the *Ledger*," was the stern reply.

"Great Heavens!" said Mr. Swain, "my dear sir, that won't do. Come with me to the office. This must be looked into." And, taking the man with him, he entered the office at Third and Chestnut streets. There they found the clerks busy at their desks; then they ascended to the editorial rooms and composing rooms, where all was as usual; finally they descended to the press rooms, where the engineers were at work.

"I thought you told me you had stopped the *Ledger*," said Mr. Swain.

"So I have," said the offended subscriber.

"I don't see the stoppage. The *Ledger* seems to be going on."

"Oh! I mean to say—that is, that I—ah—had stopped taking it."

"Is that all?" exclaimed Mr. Swain.

"Why, my dear sir, you don't know how you alarmed me. As for your individual subscription I care very little. Good day sir, and never make such rash assertions again."

These Greeley Republicans bear just about as strong a relation to the success of the Republican party, as this offended subscriber did to the success of the *Ledger*.

Attorney General Williams has replied to Alexander H. Stevens' petition for the pardon of all the Ku Klux confined in the Albany prison. He denies the allegations of Stevens that the conviction of the Ku Klux was illegal, and that their pardon would be an act of justice and friendly feeling toward the South. He says to pardon all of them would have no more political significance than the pardon of other statutes.

The Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention at Pittsburg, on the 18th inst., passed resolutions reaffirming their enthusiastic confidence in the integrity, patriotism and ability of President Grant, and endorsing the incorruptible and patriotic representative of American institutions, Hon. Henry Wilson.

From a speech of Senator John A. Logan, of Illinois, delivered recently at Cairo, we extract the following on the French Arms Sale, which should be satisfactory on that subject to every fair mind:

"Then came the French arms investigation. Mr. Sumner introduced a string of resolutions, charging all kinds of corruption against the administration in the sale of arms to the French Government. A committee was appointed to investigate that. What kind of a committee? It was selected by the Senate. Governor Stevenson of Kentucky, and myself, were chosen on that committee by the unanimous vote of the Senate. Liberal Republicans, straight Republicans and Democrats all voted for us. The others were elected by a majority vote. We examined that question for thirty-one days. On the examination into the sales of French arms, Senator Schurz of Missouri, became a volunteer prosecutor against the government of the United States, by sitting there and asking questions of every witness until he was satisfied; and after he had every witness examined that he desired, we closed the investigation, read the testimony, printed it, and after a calm examination of the whole thing, came to our conclusion. What was that? It was the opinion of the majority that the sale was right and proper; that it was not made to the French government, but to citizens of the United States. Not only that, but they came to the conclusion that if the United States Government had sold arms directly to the French Government they had a right to do it according to international law, they being a neutral power. Governor Stevenson made a minority report, disagreeing with us as to that view of the case, but agreeing with us in the first view, that no blame could be attached to any of the officers of the United States Government, as it was. So that committee cleared the administration of having done anything wrong or corrupt. [Applause.] And the sale of French arms was that much made. When the vote was taken on Mr. Sumner's resolution in the Senate, he voted himself to lay it on the table, after having introduced and discussed it."

In addition to the Tammany reformers who go for Greeley, there now may be counted all the members of James Buchanan's Cabinet, and all the members of Jeff Davis' Cabinet who are living! The reformation they would inaugurate would be of that kind the enemy of mankind has been trying to bring about ever since Adam fell from purity, and which they are far advanced in comprehending and assisting.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Tory journals of England are bitter in their denunciations of the verdict of the Geneva arbitration.

The German Government has issued a second circular in still more threatening terms than the original, against immigrants, whom it declares will be treated as outlaws, over whom surveillance and supervision must be instituted.

Dr. Livingstone was at Zambezi, July 1st, waiting the arrival of Stanley's second expedition.

The Grand Duke Alexis is making a voyage around the world.

King Charles, of Sweden, is reported as having died at Nealmo, on the evening of the 18th.

The German authorities have allowed the wife of About to see him. His case is being examined.

L'Olive, Descamps and De Aville, Communists of Paris, were executed on the 18th. Satony died exclaiming, *Vive la Republique! Down with traitors.*

John Fox & Co., London merchants, have suspended. Liabilities, half a million pounds sterling. They have connections with several large American houses.

A thunder storm at Rochdale, Eng., on the 18th inst., killed several persons, and damaged crops.

Five hundred and eighty Communists, condemned to transportation, embarked at Brest for New Caledonia, on the 17th inst.

The French Government has introduced stringent regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of rinderpest.

The oldest brother of the Pope is dead.

Edmund About was discharged from arrest on the 21st, at Strasburg.

Oscar, brother of the deceased King Charles XV., has succeeded to the throne of Sweden and Norway. All the dignitaries of the realm have taken the oath of allegiance to the new monarch.

It is reported in Paris that Count Von Arnim has tendered his resignation as German Minister to Paris, in consequence of unpleasant encounters in Parisian society.

EASTERN NEWS.

The Republicans of Ohio claim the State by 40,000.

Speaker Blaine carried every precinct in his county at the recent election in Maine.

Lewis C. Johnson, son of Reverdy Johnson, has been nominated for Congress by the bolting Republicans of North Carolina.

The total emigration from foreign countries to the United States from 1861 to 1871, was 2,320,484. Of this number, 520,122 were from England and Scotland, and one-half of the rest were Teutons—from Germany, Sweden and Norway.

Greeley arrived in Indianapolis, Ind., on the 23d inst. He was escorted to a hotel.

The heaviest rain storm ever known in Milwaukee occurred there on the 22d, and continued until noon the next day. Streets and cellars were flooded. Farms in the country were struck by lightning and consumed. A girl at Payma, a young man at Hebron, and two men in Greenfield, were struck dead by lightning.

In Chillicothe, Ill., on last Saturday night, Henry McNuita, a drunken beast, beat his wife to death. A mob could hardly be restrained from lynching him.

The young man on his way to California who was fleeced out of \$3,000 by gamblers last Saturday night, turns out to be Henry Sloan, confidential clerk in a Hartford, Connecticut, Banking house, who robbed the institution of \$5,000 and started to go west.

President Grant returns permanently to Washington from Long Branch this week.

At a fire at Phillips dower village, Me., on Monday last, nine buildings were consumed.

The President has appointed L. H. Kaufman, of Washington, Thomas Underwood, of Lafayette, Ind., and A. C. Sands, of Cincinnati, Commissioners to examine the North Pacific Railroad.

Postmaster General Creswell left Washington on the 21st for Ohio, where he will take part in the campaign.

The journeymen carpenters of Chicago struck on the 23d, for \$4 per day. They have been receiving \$3 25 and \$3 50. It is thought all the employers will accede to the demand.

President Grant has written a letter congratulating Gen. Dix and the people of New York on his nomination for Governor, and predicting his election as certain.

It is rumored in New York that the Union and Central Pacific railroads are to be consolidated.

Five hundred and eighty Mormon emigrants, composed of Scandinavians and English, left Jersey City for Utah on the 18th inst.

The President was to visit the New Jersey State Fair at Waverly on the 19th, and the Newark Exposition in the evening.

The people of Nashville want Greeley to visit them.

James J. Johnson, appointed to the Sub-Treasury at New York some six or seven years ago by Sub-Treasurer Van Dyck, is reported a defaulter for over one hundred thousand dollars. His whereabouts is unknown.

Farrell, a keeper in Ward's Island Lunatic Asylum, N. Y., has been adjudged guilty of cruel treatment towards two patients, who died from the effects.

Detectives are in search of Johnson, the defaulter. He has been a man of great respectability, and it is supposed he frittered away his money on Wall street.

President Grant has expressed himself pleased with the result of the *Albany* claims arbitration case. In his opinion it was not for dollars and cents, but the preservation of amity between the two countries, with a full and firm maintenance of national dignity, that was contended for, and these points having been achieved, the nation should be satisfied.

Greeley spoke at the St. Clair hotel at Pittsburg, on the night of the 18th, and then left for Cincinnati.

Failures in mercantile firms in New York are becoming quite frequent.

A couple of immaculately gotten up individuals of the male persuasion, on the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad, lately sent a package of popcorn to a young lady in the same car, and were rewarded with four black eyes by the lady's husband.

Iowa has an unfortunate jury: a man who weighs 403 pounds sits on it.

President Grant visited the State Fair at Waverly, N. J., on the 19th, and was welcomed by a large concourse of people. In the evening he visited the Newark Industrial Fair, which was densely crowded.

A. T. Stewart has declined to allow his name to be used in connection with the candidacy for Mayor of New York.

Open-air meetings have become quite popular in Cincinnati, and many instances of conversion have resulted from them.

Mrs. Pomeroy, wife of the Kansas Senator, recently sent ten dollars to the wife of every clergyman in the State.

Greeley made a political speech at Cincinnati on the 20th inst., apologizing for his secession doctrines. He praised the platform adopted at Cincinnati, and said he felt it an honor to assist in any capacity in forwarding the principles there laid down.

It was reported on the 21st inst. that Charles O'Connor had written a letter accepting the Louisville nomination.

The Illinois Straightout Democratic State Central Committee are reported to have nominated a full State ticket.

Senator Bayard, of Delaware, has returned from Europe, improved in health.

The Straightout Democrats of New York have been appealed to by the Executive Committee to support the Louisville nominees, and have called a State Convention to meet at Albany, October 3d, to nominate an electoral ticket.

In the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows at Baltimore on the 20th, the decisions of the Grand Sire during recess were taken up. Action of the Grand Lodge officers during recess in granting warrants for an institution of circulation subordinate bonds in Germany, confirmed. The report of the Committee on Appeals, considered, amended, and adopted. After the session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, a large amount of neglected business was transacted, and it was decided it would be necessary for only active officers of subordinate Lodges to receive the Rebecca Degree before installation. It was determined as expedient to exchange terms of subordinates from six to twelve months. It was resolved as inexpedient to allow subordinate Lodges to enact a local law providing for the payment of specified sums as dues, and relieves a member from further obligations during his membership.

The Minnesota State Fair closed on the 20th. There were 5,000 entries. The total receipts were \$15,000, and the society is free from debt.

At the closing of the Michigan State Fair on the 20th, 10,000 persons were present. Total receipts, \$10,000.

Joseph Ordish, of California, on his way to New York, was robbed of \$10,000 in currency and as much in notes, recently.

Greeley made another political speech at Louisville, Ky., on the 21st.

A shooting affray occurred at Louisville, Ky., on the 21st, between Charles Harvey and Robert Forsythe. The former was mortally hurt, the latter arrested.

Attorney General Williams made a splendid speech at the Wigwam in Philadelphia on the 9th inst. Over five thousand persons were present.

Hon. Garrett Davis, U. S. Senator from Kentucky, died at his residence at Paris, Ky., on the 22d inst.

A fast trotter named Hmstress, has trotted three miles with apparent ease in 7 minutes and 21 1/2 seconds, beating the famous time of 7:32 1/2 made some 33 years ago, by Duchess, which Flora Temple, Gen. Butler and Dexter have in vain tried to beat.

At Charleston, S. C., on the 22d inst., a personal altercation occurred between Montgomery, President of the State Senate, and Samuel Milton, Republican candidate for the office. John D. Caldwell and Maj. J. M. Morgan, two friends of Milton, interfered to separate the parties and were shot. Caldwell was instantly killed and Morgan slightly wounded. Trenholm, a friend of Montgomery's, is charged with the wilful shooting of Caldwell.

The Hungarian papers claim that their volunteer army is the best in the world. It is to consist of 150,000 infantry and 9,000 horse.

Rear-Admiral Sands, of the National Observatory, says the present is the hottest summer ever recorded in this country.

Thornton Alexander, a colored centenarian, the father of forty children, died recently at Edgfield, Tenn.

Gen. Robt. Anderson's widow will make her home henceforth in Florence.

CITY MARKET,

FIRST STREET, ALBANY, OREGON.

J. L. HARRIS,

PROPRIETOR.

WILL ENDEAVOR TO KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY OF ALL KINDS OF MEATS,

Which will be of the very best quality. The highest market price paid for hives, boxes and sheep.

Third door west of Ferry, on south side of First street. J. L. HARRIS. Albany, Dec. 15, 1871-72

Albany Collegiate Institute, ALBANY, OREGON.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL OPEN ON Monday, September 4, 1872, with a corps of teachers capable and earnest. Instruction will be thorough and practical, and the system of order unsurpassed. For particulars address R. K. WARREN, A. M., President; Or, Rev. E. R. GEARY, D. D., Albany.