

Anything to Beat Grant.

The Buffalo Express tells this clever thing: Little Boy—Be you the drug man?

California will appreciate the following from an Eastern exchange: A veritable laughing Vesperer appeared at the office of a chemist with a large bundle in a yellow language.

An Irishman named Paddy Doulan, a ready-witted wag, who always had a word for everybody, let it be whichever way it might.

A clergyman writes to the New York Times as follows: It may be of use and satisfaction to you to know the following political facts.

The South Bend (Indiana) Tribune tells this: Two Democrats were heard indulging in a discussion on the Court House steps after the close of Morton's record.

It has gone the rounds that Judge Sherman of Cleveland, brother of the General and Senator is for Greeley.

"What makes your horse so slow?" asked a tourist one day in the Glen of the Dowas, Ireland, of his Celtic felloe.

The Greeley "ground swell" is making Democrats full of like harvest apples in a hurricane.

Much lawlessness and violence prevail at Salisbury, N. C., owing to political feeling running high.

The weather was fearfully hot in St. Louis on the 25th inst. Thirty cases of sunstroke were reported.

Prince Bismarck ought to be a happy man. He has for his own personal use a splendid saloon carriage.

A new locomotive, named Horace Greeley, has just been turned out of the Schenectady car shop.

The Scientific Congress has selected San Francisco for its next place of meeting. Professor Levauging, of Cambridge, is President.

At Gault, N. H., on the 25th inst., the wife of Dr. Asa Wheat died from the effects of taking chloroform administered by her husband to extract teeth.

Theodore Tilton having remarked that H. G. stands for Honest Government, somebody replies that T. T. stands for "Too Thin."

The Committee of Seventy, of New York, ask the appointment of 1,033 inspectors of election.

Rev. Joseph J. Price, a very prominent young Presbyterian divine, was killed by lightning on a late Sunday, in Bedford county, Va.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Adopted by the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia, June 6th, 1872.

The Republican party of the United States assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia, on the 5th and 6th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith and appeals to its history and announces its position upon the questions before the country.

First—During eleven years of supremacy it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the time. It suppressed a gigantic rebellion; emancipated 4,000,000 slaves; decreed the equal citizenship of all and established universal suffrage.

Second—Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union.

Third—The amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained, because they are right; not merely tolerated because they are law; should be carried out according to their spirit by appropriate legislation.

Fourth—The National Government should seek to maintain an honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere and sympathizing with all people who strive for greater liberty.

Fifth—Any system of civil service under which the subordinate positions of the Government are considered as rewards for mere party zeal, is fatally demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity essential qualifications for public position.

Sixth—We are opposed to further grants of the public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the national domain shall be set apart for the free use of the people.

Seventh—The annual revenue, after paying the current expenditures, should furnish a moderate balance for the reduction of the principal of the debt; and revenue, except so much as may be received from a tax on tobacco and liquors, ought to be rated by duties on importations, the scale of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to laborers and to promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country.

Eighth—We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the nation, and widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of the Government and the gratitude of the people.

Ninth—The doctrine of Great Britain and other European Powers concerning allegiance "once a subject always a subject," having at last, through the efforts of the Republican party, been abandoned, and the American idea of the right of the individual to transfer his allegiance having been accepted by the European nation, it is the duty of our Government to guard with jealous care the rights of adopted citizens against the assumptions of unauthorized claims by their former governments; and we urge the continued and careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration.

Tenth—The franking privilege ought to be abolished and a way prepared for a reduction in the rates of postage.

Eleventh—Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relation of capital and labor, and the Republican party recognizes the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and ample field for capital, and for labor, which creates for capital the largest opportunities, and a just share of mutual profits of those two great servants of civilization.

Twelfth—We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an important duty in a measure for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain of the lately rebellious regions, and for the protection of the ballot-box; and,

therefore they are entitled to the thanks of the nation.

Thirteenth—We denounce repudiation of the national debt, in any form or disguise, as a national crime. We witness with pride the reduction of the principal of the debt and of the rate of interest upon the balance, and we confidently expect that our excellent currency will be perfected by the speedy resumption of the specie payment.

Fourteenth—The regular Republican party is mindful of its obligation to the loyal women of America for their noble devotion to the cause of freedom. Their admission to usefulness received with satisfaction, and the honest demands of any class of citizens for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration.

Fifteenth—We heartily approve of the action of Congress in relation to the rebellious States, and rejoice in the growth of peace and fraternal feeling throughout the land.

Sixteenth—The Republican party proposes to respect the rights reserved by the people to themselves as carefully as the powers delegated by them to the State and Territorial governments. It disapproves of any resort to unconstitutional laws for the purpose of removing evils by interference with rights not surrendered by the people to either the State or the National Government.

Seventeenth—It is the duty of the General Government to adopt such measures as will tend to encourage American commerce and ship-building.

Eighteenth—We believe that the modest patriotism, the earnestness of purpose, sound judgment, practical wisdom, incorruptible integrity, and illustrious services of U. S. Grant, have commended him to the heart of the American people, and that with him at our head we start to-day on a new march to victory.

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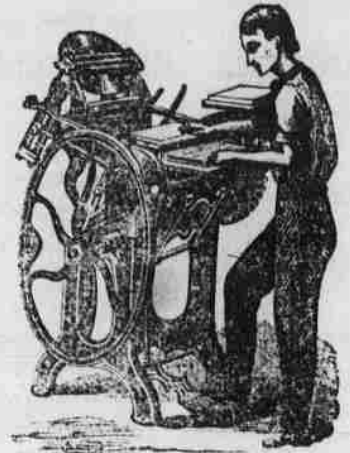
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