

# The Albany Register.

VOL. IV.

ALBANY, OREGON, JULY 26, 1872.

NO. 47.

## Albany Register.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY,  
By COLL. VAN CLEVE,  
IN REGISTER BUILDINGS,  
Corner Ferry and First Streets.

TERMS IN ADVANCE.  
One year, Three dollars.  
Six months, Two dollars.  
Single copies, Ten cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.  
Transient advertisements, per square of ten lines or less, first insertion \$2; each subsequent insertion \$1. Larger advertisements inserted on the most liberal terms.

JOB WORK.  
Having received new type, stock of colored inks, caps, a Gordon jobber, etc., we are prepared to execute all kinds of printing in a better manner, and fifty per cent cheaper than ever before offered in this city.

Agents for the Register.  
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive and accept for subscriptions, advertising, etc., for the REGISTER:  
Hiram Smith, Harrisburg.  
D. P. Tompkins, Harrisburg.  
Peter Hume, Brownsville.  
W. R. Kirk, Brownsville.  
J. B. Irvine, Seio.  
T. H. Reynolds, Seio.  
L. P. Fisher, San Francisco.  
D. P. Porter, Steeple Station.  
Fletcher & Wells, Union Vista, Polk Co.  
Chas. Nickoll, Jacksonville.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

J. S. MITCHELL, J. S. DOLPH,  
**MITCHELL & DOLPH,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,  
SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY AND PROBATE in admiralty. Office over the old post office, Front street, Portland, Oregon.

J. C. POWELL, L. FLINN,  
**POWELL & FLINN,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,  
AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY AND PROBATE in admiralty. Office over the old post office, Front street, Portland, Oregon.

N. H. CRANOR, N. R. HUMPHREY,  
**CRANOR & HUMPHREY,**  
Attorneys and Counselors at Law,  
ALBANY, OREGON.  
Office in Parish brick, up stairs, 574

Geo. W. Gray, D. D. S.,  
GRADUATE OF CINCINNATI DENTAL COLLEGE,  
makes Specialties in  
Dental Surgery, and  
all kinds of  
Dental Work. Also, does ALL  
work in the line of his profession in the best and most approved method, and at reasonable rates as can be had elsewhere. Nitrous Oxide administered for the painless extraction of teeth if desired. Office in Parish brick block, up stairs. Residence first house south of Congregational church, fronting on court house block. 573-18

W. G. JONES, M. D.,  
**HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.**  
OFFICE ON FIRST STREET, ONE DOOR west of Beavallin, in Barkhart's two story brick up stairs, over Geo. Turrell's store. RESIDENCE: First house west of the Methodist church, Albany, Or. 1674

LEFFEL & MYERS'  
**Water Wheels**  
SPHERICAL FLUMES,  
And General Mill Machinery.  
J. F. BACKENSTO, Agent,  
Albany, Oregon.  
N. S. DUBOIS, W. H. McULLOCH,  
**N. S. DU BOIS & CO.,**  
HAVE ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY receiving a large stock of  
**Groceries and Provisions.**  
Wood and willow ware, tobacco, cigars, confectionery, Yankee notions, etc., etc., wholesale and retail at lowest rates.  
Opposite R. C. Hill & Son's drug store, Albany, Oregon. 3374

**ALBANY BOOK STORE.**  
Established in 1856.  
E. A. Freeland,  
DEALER IN EVERY VARIETY OF miscellaneous books, school books, blank books, stationery. Books imported to order at short notice.  
ALBANY, Dec. 3, 1870.

**TURNING - TURNING.**  
RAMBLER CHAIRS.  
I AM PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF turning; keep on hand and make to order rawhide-bottomed chairs, and spinning wheels. Shop near the "Magnolia Mills."  
JOHN M. METZLER,  
Albany, Nov. 8, 1867.

**ALBANY BATH HOUSE.**  
THE UNDESIGNED WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Albany and vicinity that he has taken charge of this establishment, and by keeping clean rooms and paying strict attention to business expects to suit all those who may favor him with their patronage. Having heretofore varied on nothing but  
First-class Hair Dressing Saloons.  
He expects to give entire satisfaction to all. Children and ladies' hair neatly cut and shampooed.  
Sept. 19-72  
JOSEPH WEBBER.

**FURS! FURS! FURS!**  
THE HIGHEST PRICES PAID IN CASH for all kinds of FURS, by  
BLAIN, YOUNG & CO.  
Albany, Feb. 9, 72-211

## BUSINESS CARDS.

**JOHN CONNER,**  
**BANKING**  
Exchange Office,  
ALBANY, OREGON.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO call at short notice. Interest allowed on time deposits in coin. Exchange on Portland, San Francisco, and New York, for sale at lowest rates. Collections made and promptly remitted. Refers to H. W. Corbett, Henry Enslin, W. S. Ladd.  
Banking hours from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Albany, Feb. 1, 1872-23

**MILLINERY, DRESS MAKING,**  
AND  
**LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING HOUSE!**  
THE UNDESIGNED HAS OPENED A new stock of millinery goods, trimmings, ladies' and children's furnishing goods, of all kinds, of the latest and most fashionable styles, which she offers to the ladies of Albany and surrounding country at the lowest rates. In the  
Dress Making Department  
I guarantee entire satisfaction. Charges liberal.  
My determination being to give satisfaction in style and quality of work and prices, I ask a share of public patronage. Call at store  
Opposite A. Carothers & Co., First street, Albany, Oregon.  
MRS. E. D. GOBLEY,  
Agent for Mrs. Carpenter's Celebrated Dress Model. Nov. 4, 71-974

**MARBLE WORKS.**  
**MONROE & STAIGER,**  
Dealers in  
Monuments, Obelisks, Tombs,  
Head and Foot Stones,  
Executed in  
California, Vermont and Italian Marble.  
SALEM, OREGON.  
BRANCH SHOP AT ALBANY.

**CITY MARKET,**  
FIRST STREET, ALBANY, OREGON.  
**J. L. HARRIS,**  
PROPRIETOR.  
WILL ENDEAVOR TO KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of  
**ALL KINDS OF MEATS,**  
Which will be of the very best quality. The highest market price paid for hogs, hags and sheep.  
Third door west of Ferry, on south side of First street.  
J. L. HARRIS,  
Albany, Dec. 15, 1871-1374

**J. W. Van Den Bergh, M. D.,**  
WORM DOCTOR.  
SALEM : : : OREGON.  
MY long experience in diseases caused by WORMS, cannot be surpassed by any physician in Europe or the United States. Office rooms, Nos. 28 and 30, over the Post Office. Consultations and examinations free of charge. 1432326

**Albany Collegiate Institute,**  
ALBANY, OREGON.  
THIS INSTITUTION WILL REOPEN ON Monday, September 4, 1872, with a corps of teachers capable and earnest. Instruction will be thorough and practical, and the system of order unassailable. For particulars address  
R. K. WARREN, A. M., President;  
Or, Rev. E. R. GEARY, D. D., Albany.

**The Eyes! The Ears!**  
**DR. T. L. GOLDEN,**  
Oculist and Aurist, Albany, Oregon.  
DR. GOLDEN IS A son of the noted old ophthalmic doctor, S. C. Golden. Dr. Golden has had experience in treating the various diseases to which the eye and ear are subject, and feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to those who may place themselves under his care.  
April 18, 69.

**DR. E. O. SMITH, DENTIST,**  
HAS LOCATED IN ALBANY, and is now ready to wait on the citizens of Albany and vicinity, with a new invention in dental work. It consists in supporting the plate to the mouth without covering the whole roof, as heretofore. Those wishing artificial teeth are requested to call and examine for themselves. Also, plates inserted, whether partially broken or divided. Teeth, extracted without pain. Office over Turrell's store. All work warranted. 764

**Paper-hanging, Calceining, Decorating, &c.**  
F. M. WADSWORTH will give prompt attention to all orders for Paper-hanging, Calceining, Decorating, &c., in this city or vicinity. All work executed in the latest style, in the best manner, and at lowest living rates. Orders left at Furniture Warehouses of Chas. Menley will receive prompt attention. 1074

## BUSINESS CARDS.

**At North Brownsville,**  
**KIRK, HUME & CO.,**  
ARE STILL SELLING  
**DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,**  
**BOOTS, SHOES, HARDWARE,**  
**GROCERIES, NOTIONS,**  
**ETC., ETC.,**  
of which they keep on hand a full stock, and are able to sell at lowest rates, as usual, for Cash or Produce.  
Will also be able to buy and sell Grains of all kinds, or attend to storing or forwarding it at their Warehouse in Halsey. Give us a trial. KIRK, HUME & CO.

**FRANKLIN MARKET,**  
ALBANY, OREGON.  
**J. R. HERRON, Proprietor.**  
AGAIN, AT THE OLD PLACE ON A Front street, proposes to furnish all who apply with all kinds of MEATS, at the lowest market rates. By strict attention to business he hopes to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Highest market-price paid for POLTRY. J. R. HERRON. 13674

**SETTLEMIRE'S NURSERY,**  
Six Miles South of Albany, Linn Co.,  
NEAR THE RAILROAD.  
I SOLICIT THE ATTENTION OF ALL persons desiring to purchase fruit trees to call and examine my stock, which is composed of the largest and best selection in the State, consisting of apples, peaches, cherries, plums, prunes, grapes, blackberries, currants and roses. Also, black and white walnut, English walnut, hickory, pecan, red-bellied, honey locust, hackberry, and a number of other varieties of trees and plants too numerous to mention, all of which are offered at low rates.  
HENRY W. SETTLEMIRE,  
Dec. 17, 1870-71

**WM. PETERS,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
**Carriages & Wagons,**  
Of Every Description,  
ALBANY, OREGON.  
MANUFACTURES TO ORDER ANY and all styles of  
**Wagons, Carriages, Hacks,**  
&c., at as reasonable rates as the use of good material and first-class work will justify. Repairing neatly and expeditiously done at low rates.  
Shop on Ferry between First and Second streets.  
ALBANY, May 10, 1872-33

**DR. VANCLEVE'S**  
**Galvanic Abdominal Supporter**  
AND  
**URINE REGULATOR.**  
THE MERITS OF THIS INSTRUMENT consist principally in the support it gives to the abdomen and spine. The belt is broad, supported by suspenders passing over the shoulders, and kept in shape by self-generating Galvanic Plates, which give a pleasant current.  
The Regulator is also Galvanic; its Cup and Nozzles are made of Silver; its Stem, of Copper and Zinc, is hollow, that injections may be thrown through it, or into the neck of the Uterus. It can be so regulated by its thumb-screws as to meet any disposition of the Uterus, and is unexcelled in meeting any form of female disease.  
Price, \$25. Patented August 13, 1871, by W. S. Van Cleave, Centralia, Illinois.

**Notice.**  
OREGON & CALIFORNIA RAILROAD Company, Land Department, Portland Oregon, April 5, 1872.—Notice is hereby given, that a vigorous prosecution will be instituted against any and every person who trespasses upon any Railroad Land, by cutting and removing timber therefrom, before the same is BOUGHT of the Company AND PAID FOR.  
All vacant Land in odd numbered sections, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, within a distance of thirty miles from the line of the road, belongs to the Company.  
I. R. MOORES,  
Land Agent.

**METROPOLIS HOTEL.**  
Corner Front and Salmon Sts.,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
This new and elegant hotel, with  
New Furniture Throughout,  
Is now  
OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.  
Bath room for the accommodation of Guests.  
FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.  
Come and See Us.  
J. E. SPRENGER, Prop.  
Oct. 7, 71-74

## The Will of Benedict Arnold.

BY JAMES PARTON.

We catch our first view of this unhappy lady on a bright May day, in 1778, when she took part in a famous and splendid pageant at Philadelphia. She was then a beautiful girl of eighteen—Miss Margaret Shippen—the daughter of an opulent and ancient Philadelphia family, and one of the reigning belles of that town. Her ancestors were among the first settlers in Pennsylvania, and her great grandfather was the first Mayor of Philadelphia. In the course of time the family had acquired great possessions; and, laying aside the Quaker garb, had become members of the Church of England. During the controversy between the thirteen colonies and the King, which ended in the Revolutionary war, Edward Shippen, her father, the head of the family, was inclined to the King's side.

It was May the 18th, 1778. For many months the British army had been quartered in Philadelphia, commanded by Maj. Gen. Sir William Howe. The General had now been superseded and was about to return to England. The officers of the army, a wealthy class who had nothing to do, seized the occasion of his retirement to amuse themselves by giving a grand festival in his honor; and this was the day on which it was to be held.

The affair began with a grand regatta on the Delaware river, or rather a long procession of galleys and barges, filled with officers and ladies, which were rowed slowly down the whole length of the city, in an avenue formed by the shore crowded with spectators and a line of men-of-war and transport ships, gaily dressed with flags and streamers. At half past four in the afternoon, the barges began to move, the oars keeping time to the martial music, and when they had arrived opposite Market street, they all laid upon their oars, while the band played "God save the King;" after which the soldiers gave three cheers. Continuing their course, the company were conveyed past the city to where a grand tournament was to take place; and it was in this portion of the entertainment that Margaret Shippen shone. A spacious field, surrounded by troops, had been prepared for the contest. Upon one side was stationed all the bands of music in the army. There were two pavilions, with rows of benches, one above the other, filled with the most distinguished ladies of the city.

On the front seat of each of these pavilions were placed seven of the most beautiful young ladies Pennsylvania could boast. They were dressed in Turkish costume—trowsers, tunics and turbans, and in their turbans they wore the favors with which they intended to reward the knights who were to contend in their honor. Among these lovely maidens sat Miss Margaret Shippen. One of the knights who figured in the tournament was Capt. Andre, her familiar acquaintance. Little could either of them have thought, on this bright day, how fatally their destinies were involved. The trumpet sounded. The herald appeared. The challenge was delivered, and the contest occurred; which ended without loss of blood, to the satisfaction of all concerned. At the conclusion of the tournament the company were ushered into a magnificent ball room, decorated, we are told, by thirty-five mirrors, and lighted by thirty-four branches of wax candles. The hall was opened by the fourteen belles in Turkish dress, and their fourteen knights—one Lieutenant Sloper being the knight who led Miss Shippen out to dance. At ten o'clock, the windows were thrown open, and a splendid display of fireworks was exhibited.

At twelve, large folding doors, which had hitherto been concealed, were suddenly thrown open, which revealed a gorgeous saloon, two hundred and ten feet long, forty feet wide, and twenty-two feet high, with three alcoves on each side. This was the supper room. Upon the table there were twelve hundred dishes. As the guests entered the room, a great number of black slaves in Oriental costume, ranged in two lines, bowed to the ground. This vast apartment was one splendor of wax lights, flowers, ribbons, flags, mirrors, and silver plate. One of the regular toasts of the occasion was, "Miss Shippen and her knight." After supper the company returned to the ball room and kept up the dance till four in the morning, reaching their homes about sunrise.

The festival, as Maj. Andre remarks, was the most splendid ever given by an army to his chief. And little, indeed, had that chief done to deserve it. An old officer of the British army, who perceived the folly of paying such extravagant honors to a General who had won no victories, said sadly: "What will Washington think of all this?"

Exactly a month from that day the British army evacuated Philadelphia, and away they sped across Jersey, and Gen. Washington at their heels. A day or two after a body of American troops marched in, commanded by Gen. Benedict Arnold. All was changed. The red coats had disappeared—blue coats were in the ascendant; and the new Yankee General was the foremost man in the city. Arnold, a vain, weak man, ever fond of display and luxury, appropriated one of the handsomest houses in the town, where he set up a costly establishment, kept a great many servants, gave splendid dinners, and maintained a handsome equipage drawn by

four horses, a scale of expense utterly incompatible either with his fortune or his pay. No one, however, knew at the time that, to maintain this costly pomp, he was concerned in speculations unworthy of an officer and gentleman, and sometimes used the public money that passed through his hands.

In inviting his guests, as the patriotic portion of the people remarked with surprise, he was as likely to select Tories as Whigs. He seemed to court the adherents of the King, and he frequently had at his table the wives and daughters of public enemies, who had been publicly proscribed, and had found refuge with the enemy in New York. Among the families who attracted his regard was that of Edward Shippen, and he was soon observed to pay particular court to his daughter, Margaret. Arnold was then a widower, thirty-eight years of age, just twenty years older than the young lady. Ere long he formally asked her hand from her father, and her father consenting, he addressed the daughter, and they were engaged.

In the meantime Arnold had become so odious by his extravagance, and his insolent, overbearing conduct to the people, that Congress was obliged to take cognizance of the fact. On the eve of his marriage he was ordered to be tried by a court martial. Miss Shippen, however, was true to her engagement, and married him five days after. The court martial, as every one knows, sentenced him to be reprimanded by Gen. Washington, and he was reprimanded accordingly.

"Our profession," said General Washington to him, "is the chastest of all; even the shadow of a fault tarnishes the lustre of our finer achievements. The least inadvertence may rob us of the favor, so hard to be acquired. I reprimand you for having forgotten that, in proportion as you have rendered yourself formidable to your enemies, you should have been guarded and temperate in your deportment toward your fellow-citizens. Exhibit anew those noble qualities which have placed you on the list of our most valued commanders. I will, myself, furnish you, as far as it may be in my power, with opportunities of regaining the esteem of your country."

This was more like an eulogium than a reprimand; but it did not touch the heart of Arnold, who went from the presence of his commander, not to regain the esteem of his country, but to betray his country. A year passed away. He was in command at West Point, in correspondence with the enemy. Whether she shared her husband's secret during those months of preparation, will perhaps never be known with certainty. Just before the explosion of the treason at West Point, Arnold sent for his wife and child to join him, and I have seen the letter which he wrote to her on this occasion, telling her of the best way of reaching him, and what houses she could sleep at on the road.

Arnold and his wife were seated at the breakfast table, with Hamilton, Lafayette and an aid. In the midst of the meal a horseman alighted at the door; and, a moment after, a letter was placed in Arnold's hands, which informed him of his ruin. He controlled his countenance, rose quietly from the table, and beckoned his wife to follow him. They went up stairs to their room, where lay their infant child; and there he told her that he was a ruined man and must fly, that instant, for his life. She fell senseless to the floor. Leaving her there, he rushed from the room, hurried down stairs, sent some one to her assistance, and then returned to the breakfast room. He told his guests that Gen. Washington was coming, and he must make haste to prepare for his reception. He mounted the horse of the messenger who had brought the letter, and galloped away.

Col. Hamilton has left us an interesting account of Mrs. Arnold's demeanor after her husband's departure. He says she remained frantic all day, and accused every one who approached her of an intention to murder her child. She continued, he says, to rave until she was utterly exhausted. But Col. Burr, in his old age, was accustomed to give a very different account of the matter. He had known Mrs. Arnold from her infancy, and he declared that she knew all about her husband's treason from the beginning, and he used to relate a scene which he said he witnessed at the house of Mrs. Prevost, whom he afterwards married, which somewhat confirms his opinion. Mrs. Arnold, it will be remembered, was sent home to her father, escorted by a party of horse, and remained for a night at the house of Mrs. Prevost, where Col. Burr was. Mrs. Arnold, he said, burst into a room dressed in a riding habit, and was about to speak to the lady of the house, when, seeing him in the dim light of the apartment, and not recognizing him, she asked anxiously: "Am I safe? Is this a gentleman friend?"

Upon discovering who he was, she told them how she had deceived Gen. Washington, Col. Hamilton, and the other American officers by her frantic outcries; and she declared that she not only knew of the treason, but that it was she who had induced her husband to commit it.

This was Col. Burr's story, to which the reader may attach the credit which he thinks it deserves. Arnold himself does not say that she was ignorant of his intention to surrender the fortress. In the well known letter which he sent back to Gen. Washington from the Vulture, he says: "From the known humanity of your Excellency, I am induced to ask

your protection for Mrs. Arnold from every insult and injury that a mistaken vengeance of my country may expose her to. It ought to fall only on one; she is as good and as innocent as an angel, and is incapable of doing wrong."

The authorities of Pennsylvania believed, with Burr, that she was a traitor. Her papers were seized, and although nothing was found in them to criminate her, she was not permitted to remain at her father's house, which she said she desired to do.

Her father offered to give security that, during the war she would write no letters to her husband, and send to the Government, unopened, any letters she might receive from him. Her offer was refused, and they ordered her to depart, and not to return during the war. Being then obliged to join her husband in New York, she soon recovered her spirits, and shone in society, to use the language of the time, as "in star of the first magnitude." In England, too, whether she accompanied her husband, she attracted much attention for her beauty, and was much flattered in Tory circles. The British Government gave Arnold, in compensation for his American losses, something less than seven thousand pounds, and settled upon his family a pension of a thousand pounds a year; which was to be continued as long as the husband or the wife survived. Their family increased in England. Arnold, finding himself pinched upon an income of thirteen hundred pounds per annum, went upon a trading voyage to Halifax; with what success is not known. It was thought by some that he was glad to leave England for awhile to escape the contempt in which he was held even by those who had employed him.

Mrs. Arnold lived to 1804, when she died, aged forty-three years. That infant son whom she had held in her arms, as described above, entered the British army in 1798, rose to the rank of Lieutenant-General, and was still living as late as 1851. One of her grand-children is a clergyman in the Church of England; it is said, a very worthy gentleman, who has conversed with American visitors upon his grandfather in a rational and becoming manner. Two of her sons settled in Canada, where they acquired competent estates, and were living in 1820.

"Sir," said a fierce lawyer, "do you, on your solemn oath, swear that this is your hand-writing?" "I reckon not," was the cool reply. "Do you swear that it don't resemble your writing?" "Well I do, old head." "You take your solemn oath that this writing does not resemble yours in a single letter?" "Y-e-es, sir." "Now, how do you know?" "Cause I can't write."

At the revival meeting in one of the interior towns of Mississippi, the minister observed one of the congregation to be sound asleep. Shocked at such a sight, the good man went up to the unconscious person, awoke him, and asked him if he was a Christian. "No," said the man, "I am an editor of a newspaper." "Then let us pray," replied the devoted minister greatly astonished at such an answer.

Boil together, equal parts by weight, of glue and molasses; spread it over common brown paper, while hot, with a brush. Place a sheet of paper in every room in your house. It will capture every fly in the room within the day. The paper can be thrown into the fire and a new one used, when covered with the captured flies.

JUST SUCH NEIGHBORS.—A man stopped at a tavern for rest and refreshments, began talking about his journey. He had come from a neighboring town; he was moving away, and glad enough to get away, too. Such a set of neighbors as he had there, unkind, disobliging, cross and contrary, it was enough to make any one want to leave the place, and he had started, and was to settle in another region, where he could find a different set of folks.

"Well," said the landlord, "you will find just such neighbors where you are going."  
The next night another man stopped at the inn. He, too, was moving. On inquiry, it was found that he came from the same place from which the former traveler had come. He said he had been obliged to move from where he lived, but he did not mind leaving his old home so much as he did leaving his old neighbors; they were so kind, accommodating and generous that he felt very sorrowful at the thought of leaving them and going among strangers, as he could not tell what kind of neighbors he would find.

"Oh, well," said the landlord, "you will find just such neighbors where you are going."  
Does it not seem possible that men will generally find about such neighbors as they are looking for? Some people are always in trouble; others "tolow peace with all men." Who knows but we can have just about such neighbors as we wish for, simply by treating them as we ought?—Exchange.

Mr. Brown (fiercely)—"I love you a grudge, Mr. Jones—a grudge sir; remember that!" Mr. Jones (coolly)—"Oh, that's nothing, I shan't be alarmed, for I never knew you to pay anything that you owed!"

Handwritten signature: J. P. Fisher