The Albany Register.

U. S. Official Paper for Oregon.

SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1871

The illness of the queen of Sweden has assumed such a character that no hopes are entertained of her recovery.

At the Salem Cemetery a handsome monument has just been erected to the memory of Hon. J. D. Boon, who died in 1864.

From Salt Lake it is reported, on good authority, that the Emma mine in Little Cottonwood, has been sold to New York capitulists for a million and half dollars.

The New York *Sun* points out to the Democracy their great opportunity. It is to take possession of the country by making Charles Sumner their candidate and electing him next President.

The Democrats of Missouri have declared in favor of Blair and Hoffman as their choice for next President and Vice President. Indiana is for Hendricks, Ohio for Pendleton, and Tammany for Governor Hoffman.

Senator Kelly has been heard from! His first attempt to earn his salary was in "franking" through to Oregon numerous copies of Frank Blair's recent revolutionary speech. He'll win his spurs if it takes his whole term.

The New York *Evening Mail* says: Plain hair is rapidly becoming the fashion. How sorry we are for the unfortunate girls who have ruined their front hair by a long course of hot iron and crimping pins. We wonder if false fronts, such as old ladies used to wear, will be adopted to hide deficiencies.

The New York *Times* says: "It is largely owing to general Grant that we are to-day a great people, and not, as the Democrats wished to make us, a collection of small governments and 'independent States.' Posterity will rank General Grant among the greatest commanders of his age—the most indomitable in adversity, the most magnanimous in victory."

Montana advices to the 10th say that a heavy snow and rain storm prevailed through the Territory last Friday till nine inches of snow fell on the mountains. The streams are swollen, and several bridges carried away in consequence. Late advices from Bozeman contradict the report of the Indian massacre.

It is stated that Blair and Hoffman will be the rallying cries of the Missouri Democracy in the next Presidential campaign. Tammany would hardly be satisfied to play second fiddle to so boomerang a statesman as Frank Blair. If Seymore and Blair couldn't make the trip it is hardly probable that Blair and Hoffman will.

Senator Sumner calls Cabral a patriot andmartyr. Ben Wade, differing with the Massachusetts Senator, says Cabral is a "chickenthief." From the sublime to the ridiculous is but a single step, and no one will deny Ben Wade's honesty of purpose.

The trial of Laura D. Fair for the killing of A. P. Crittenden, a lawyer of San Francisco, some months ago, is now progressing in that city. The testimony and incidents of the trial are being fully reported by that enterprising sheet, the *Chronicle*. Mrs. Fair's counsel are trying the "insanity" dodge, and will probably succeed in clearing their client.

The French troubles are growing apace. Several fierce battles have been fought between the Government troops on the one band, and the insurgents or Communists on the other, generally terminating in favor of the former. Present indications are that the Government party will win the day, when prominent "Reds" will doubtless make an ignominious exit from this mundane sphere *via* the guillotine.

FROM ARIZONA.—Advices from Wickenburg, Arizona, April 2d, state that on the 1st the Indians attacked and captured Jones' wagon train of seven wagons, and upwards of seventy animals. A man named "Dutch Henry," who was with the train, was killed. John Bourger, another white man, who was on the way from People's Valley to Wickenburg, was also attacked. Bourger's companion was killed.

APPROPRIATIONS.—The appropriation bill passed at the third session of the Forty-first Congress aggregates $163,414,681 62, for the following purposes:

Indians	$5,729,369 22
Fortifications	1,477,500 00
Rivers and Harbors	4,305,600 00
Military Academy	310,069 50
Consular and Diplomatic	1,499,134 00
Pensions	29,050,000 00
Postoffice	21,151,413 00
Army	27,719,580 00
Deficiency	10,569,559 75
Sundry Civil	22,583,500 66
Naval	19,841,306 25
Legislative, executive and judicial	19,267,749 24
Total appropriations for 1872	$163,414,681 62

In addition to the above one hundred and nineteen millions will be paid for interest on the public debt, which will make the expenses of the Government for 1872, $283,414,681 62.

Work will be commenced on the new Masonic Temple, Corner of Third and Stark streets, Portland, as soon as the weather will permit.

Ku-Klux Outrages.

The recent impeachment trial of Gov. Holden, of North Carolina, removed from office by the Ku-Klux Legislature of that State for attempting to suppress the "Klan," has most fully developed the object and designs of this law-defying and terror-breeding association. Upon this trial white Democrats, men who had fought in the Confederate army, declared that they were members of the Ku Klux Klan; that their creed was hatred of the Republican party and the negro race; that their sworn duty was to go to the rescue of members at all hazards, swear for him as witnesses and acquit him as jurors. It was part of the oath that, not only should a member not give States' evidence against another, but that he should swear falsely should necessity require it; he should do all in his power to overturn the Republican party, using any and every means to accomplish the object. Negroes were to be deprived of all rights under the law; they were to be prevented from voting, by parties going among them in disguise and frightening them so they would not dare to visit the polls. Such an organization, whose sole object was the committal of outrages and unlawful acts, could not but develop into ruffianism of the lowest and most brutal character. From prowling about some isolated and unprotected negro cabin, terrifying its inmates with hideous cries and dire threats, it becomes bold and defiant, committing depredations on the highway, robs the mails, burns and destroys the habitations of Union men, and murders, indiscriminately, men, women and children. Whole districts are kept in fear by these midnight marauders and assassins, whose career of blood and crime is equal to, if not worse, than the scenes now transpiring in the streets of Paris, and yet when Congress is called upon to enact measures for the protection of defenseless citizens in the districts under the terrorism of these vile bands of miscreants, such Democrats as Senator Stevenson, of Kentucky, get up in their place and denounce all legislation against the Ku-Klux, giving as a reason that such an organization is a myth. But when Senator Morton asked him what he meant by his message to the Legislature of Kentucky, but a short time ago, when he was Governor of that State, asking for authority and means to put down "organized bands of assassins," he was utterly and completely demolished. The acts of cruelty and barbarism committed by the Ku-Klux are not only not a myth, but half the horrors committed by them have not been told. It is the plain duty of Congress to speedily enact and enforce such laws as will effectually put a stop at once and forever to such outrages. The temporizing policy has been followed long enough; now let the strong right arm of the law be called into requisition, and these bands of bloodthirsty Ku-Klux be made to feel its fullest weight.

THE BLACK SEA.—By the decision of the Conference on the revision of the treaty concluded in Paris after the close of the Crimean war, recently brought to a close, all restrictions on the navigation of the Black Sea have been removed, and the Czar may keep as many war-ships as he chooses on its waters. This decision was arrived at in the face of the declarations of the English press that the Government had resolved to compel the Czar to pay proper regard to the sanctity of treaty obligations. If Turkey wishes to defend the neutrality of the Euxine, she can do so; but England, by her quiet surrender of the Black Sea question, gives her to understand that she will none of it. Turkey by this revelation can judge of the trustworthiness of her old allies of fifteen years ago, and resolve to be the sole guardian of her own rights.

SAD AFFAIR!—An exchange says that recently a dentist arrived in Warrenton, (Va.), and advertised that he would "remove all a person's teeth for $2, and insert a new set for $10, giving six months credit on the new set," so that the people might be satisfied with them before paying. He was busy for two weeks pulling teeth, and at the end of that time half of the people of the town had empty gums. But while the people were waiting for the dentist to fit them with new sets, the abandoned scoundrel eloped with the hotel keeper's wife, and now there are two or three thousand people in Warrenton who cannot eat anything tougher than soup or farina.

CROP PROSPECTS IN CALIFORNIA.—Up to the 25th of March, only 11.96 inches of rain had fallen in San Francisco, which, according to the *Chronicle*, is but little more than half the average. While in some of the valleys of California rain enough has fallen to insure bountiful harvests, in other portions of the State where very little or no rain has fallen, there is great cause for alarm. In summing up on this subject, the *Chronicle* predicts abundant crops in Napa, Sonomo and Mendocino, and probably Colusa, counties; but says those who anticipate bounteous harvests all over the State will be grievously disappointed. This would indicate good prices for Oregon wheat for some time to come.

A young child of Mrs. Strickland, living on Myrtle creek in Southern Oregon, was scalded to death lately by falling into a tub of boiling water.

A New Move by the Democracy.

A special telegram from Washington City to the Chicago *Republican*, under date of March 21st, gives the following interesting items:

A prominent Republican from Illinois—an office holder under Lincoln, at present part owner of the Springfield (Ill.) *Journal*, was in New York a few days ago, and while there met Sam Tilden, with whom he had a long conversation on political subjects. Tilden, it will be remembered, was one of the leading spirits of the New York convention of 1868, and the advocate of Hendricks, though he had been counted as a Chase man. In the course of the conversation, Tilden said the Democrats had about concluded not to attempt the election of any man identified with their party, but to nominate for next President such a man as Trumbull. He himself was strongly in favor of Trumbull, but others preferred Judge Davis. At any rate, he considered it well understood that no such a man as Hendricks or Pendleton would be nominated. The gentleman to whom I allude then came to Washington, where he met James C. Robinson, who represents the Springfield (Ill.) district, Sam Marshall, and other prominent Democrats. They all talked as if they had previously considered the propriety of running Trumbull, and were all in favor of it. "But," said my informant to Robinson, "what will you do with Hendricks, and Pendleton, and Hoffman?" "Oh," replied Robinson, "Good—n that crowd, want to kill them off anyhow!" Robinson then went on to say that the Democrats don't want to elect one of their own men next time anyhow. "These Southern fellows," said he, "are raising hell, and there's no way to stop them except to hang a lot of them—they want to have the war over again, and they must be put down. If that has to be done, we want it to be done by a Republican, and not by a Democrat." These sentiments seemed to be generally concurred in by all present. It is understood that Mr. Trumbull has not been consulted in regard to the use of his name, his friends here doubt if he would allow it. But the facts I have stated are valuable as showing a desire on the part of the leading Democrats for a new departure. Pendleton was here a few days ago, and although he was warmly welcomed on the floor by his old associates, he received no assurances of help as a Presidential candidate.

MORE TESTIMONY.—On every hand comes up testimony of the existence of organized outlawry in the South. The great Democratic journal of the South, the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, is the very last journal that would declare the existence of such bands if they were a "myth." This journal urged the Legislature to take such measures as would put a stop to such outrages, giving a long list of the pillage and wrongs committed, "but the Legislature, being in sympathy with the political purposes of the Klan, refused to act." The *Courier-Journal*, finding the Legislature would take no action in the matter, printed this:

The Legislature has done nothing. It has allowed the disease to grow worse under its very eyes and has refused to raise a finger to save either the peace of society or the credit of Kentucky, or the name of the Democratic party. It is subjecting the State to reproach and its constituents to the peril of their lives. For two months it has as much as said to outlawry, "Do what you will, we shall not disturb you."

So outlawry very naturally grows confident and bold. From the dirty work of poking into remote and unprotected negro cabins, hid away among the obscure recesses of old fields and woodlands, it takes the public highway. Next, growing venturesome, it comes down upon the unguarded mail service of the Government.

Still, unresisted and unassailed, it enters the capital itself, and defies the very lion in his den. Lion! Did we say "Lion?" A pretty lion, to be sure, that at Frankfort! A lion that roars State rights when the day is clear, but is as dumb as a dog's tail whilst ruffianism overthrows State rights, and rides rough shod over the very temples it has sworn to defend.

That "Reaction" prophesied by Democratic journals upon the reception of the news from New Hampshire, sounds more like the funeral dirge of Democracy—at least that party finds no cause for merry-making over the news. The first Republican ground swell is from Connecticut, and the second from Rhode Island. The "Reaction" don't seem to call out the fullest enthusiasm of our Democratic friends.

A girl eloped with a man near Knoxville, Tennessee, recently, and, when her father sought to detain her, she knocked the old gentleman down with a shovel. Her parent pursued the couple after marriage, and the husband and father having exchanged shots, the bride emptied a revolver at her liege lord, disabling him completely, and then returned home with papa.

A Kentucky paper, the Marysville *Republican*, has kept, from day to day, a record of the murders committed in the State since January 1st, and in the last issue the count had risen to thirty-two. It is said that not a single conviction has taken place, that in half the cases no arrests have been made, and that in one fourth of them no attempt at arrest has been made.

Connecticut declines to follow the example of New Hampshire, but on the contrary goes back on her Democratic record of nearly nine hundred majority of a year ago, and gives Jewell, the Republican candidate for Governor, a small majority; elects three Republican Congressmen to one Democratic, and gives a large majority to the Republicans in both branches of the Legislature.

New Orleans papers report the elopement of the wife of one of that city's merchants with her cook, taking with her over $40,000 in money and jewelry. The cook is represented to be a handsome Englishman, about thirty years of age, who has been only three weeks in the country. The husband is very anxious to secure the return of the property.

The traveling Southern correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* produces this literary curiosity as an exact copy of the notice of the impeachment articles against Governor Clayton, of Arkansas, read in the Senate while that body was below a quorum: "Mr. President in obidience to the Order of the house of representatives we Appear before you and in the name of the house of representatives and of all the people of the State of Arkansas we do impeach Powell Clayton governor of Arkansas of high crimes and misdemaners in office and we further inform the Senate that the house of representatives will in due time exhibit particulars articles of impeachment against him and make good the saim. And in their name we demand that the Senate take Auder for the appearance of said Powell Clayton to answer said impeachment. D. J. SMITH, chmn."

The President.

The ferocious abuse of General Grant by the Democratic press is an illustration of the real feeling of that party. It cannot forgive his victory over the rebellion. It hopes by a fog of slander to obscure the national remembrance of his great and glorious service to the country. But the people of the United States know very well that the worst mistake of his administration is white as snow compared with the deeds of that nest of traitors and rebels, the last Democratic National administration. While the Democratic papers sneer at the Cabinet, whose personal character and efficient official service they cannot question, the people have not forgotten the last Democratic Cabinet in which Jeremiah S. Black, who declared that the Union could not lawfully be maintained by arms, was Secretary of State; and Howell Cobb, one of the chief rebel chiefs, was Secretary of the Treasury, plotting to destroy the credit of the nation; and Jacob Thompson was Secretary of Interior; and Isaac Toucey, who sent the national ships out of reach was Secretary of the Navy; and John B. Floyd, who tried to transfer the national arms to rebels before the war began, who fled as a rebel General from Fort Donelson, and who died execrated by every honorable American, was Secretary of War.

This precious society of patriots was the last Cabinet which the Democratic party furnished to the country, and its head was James Buchanan, whose supporters gibe at Gen. Grant! James Buchanan was the faithful instrument of the slave-masters, and when they raised their hands to destroy the Union and the Government, that Great Democratic statesman, under the advice of Jeremiah Black, whimpered that they had no right to do so, and that the country had no right to help itself! These were the men whom the Democratic party and papers, which now abuse Gen. Grant called to power when they last carried a national election. And the party is not changed. As it was the organization by which slavery worked its will then so it is that by which the Ku-Klux would work its will now. As it elected Vance to the Senate from North Carolina and Blair from Missouri, when he said that he would send Jefferson Davis from Mississippi, and Robert Toombs from Georgia, could it but have a little more encouragement.

The Democratic hatred of Gen. Grant is the Ku Klux hatred of loyal men in the Southern States. He is the perpetual monument of the crushed rebellion. His presence in the White House is the constant assertion of supremacy of the Republican principles of liberty, union and law. The same spirit which hissed at Lincoln as a gorilla and a despot, and at the Union soldiers as hirelings, denounced Grant in the field as a butcher and scolds at him now as a fool.

But he was not dismayed by Democratic rage when it took the form of fire, and he is not likely to be disheartened by it now that it is froth. But when the abuse is loudest it is well to reflect what party it is that utters it, and how its men and its services to the country compare with Gen. Grant and what he has done. It is natural that those who thought Robert E. Lee a Christian, hero and gentleman should think Gen. Grant a butcher; that those who sneer at Longstreet as unfaithful to his cause because, when conquered, he honestly surrendered, should refuse to honor Gen. Thomas; and those who excused the horrors of Andersonville should make light of the Ku-Klux Klan. This is all natural, but is it to such a spirit that the government of the country can be safely intrusted?—*Harper's Weekly.*

RAPID PROGRESS.—It is said the Northern Pacific Railway track is now laid down and cars traversing it from Duluth to and across the Mississippi river—113 miles. Beyond this point the grading is complete for 150 miles, ready for ties and rails. These will probably be laid by June, and the prospect is that the road will be in running order for 500 miles west of Lake Superior before the frosts of next Fall. That route presents no such formidable obstacles as had to be overcome in the Sierra Nevada and Rocky Mountains. From Duluth to Clark's Pass, the country is almost a dead level, and the mountains are passed at an easy grade. The hardest and slowest work will be encountered on the Columbia river. It will not be a great surprise if the road is finished to the heart of Montana in eighteen months from this date.

A *Times* Washington correspondent says that after it was determined that Sumner's speech was to be made, Senator Buckingham went to him and entreated him to include in it a paragraph disclaiming any purpose or feeling of hostility toward the Republican party, so that his speech could not be used against the success of the party in the election in Connecticut. Ex-Governor Buckingham foresaw that unless Sumner drew in speech a sharp line between the party and the Administration, the effect in that State of his fierce arraignment would be deeply felt. Sumner said he would take it into consideration, and having done so, next day he declined absolutely to comply with the request, and it will be noticed that no such disclaimer appears. But the speech produced no effect in Connecticut.

Senator Harlan, of Iowa, recently replied to the labored arguments of Senators Sumner and Schurz against President Grant on the San Domingo question. He showed that their arguments amounted to nothing more than this: President Grant had prevented the Haytians from cutting the throats of the Dominicans while the treaty of annexation to the United States was pending. Not a gun had been fired, not a drop of blood spilled, yet President Grant was denounced as worse than Andrew Johnson and a Ku Klux. He believed that the enmity of Schurz to President Grant was because the President had removed some Missouri Postmasters who were adherents of Schurz.

From the Corvallis *Gazette*: J. W. Williams, H. Flickinger and N. R. Barber are the Representatives elected from Barnum Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 7, to the Grand Lodge of Oregon to meet at Portland, May 16th.

The steamers employed to run on the recently established line between Bremen and Portland, comprise, on the Atlantic, three of the North German Steamship Company, and, on the Pacific, the steamship John L. Stephens. The first steamer left Bremen March 7th, and was due at Aspinwall about the 25th ult. It is reasonable, therefore, to expect the Stephens in this port about the latter part of next week.

On the 28th March during a debate in the Senate on San Domingo, Mr. Morton showed by official dispatches that the action of President Tyler in warning Mexico not to enter into Texas pending negotiations for its annexation, furnished a precedent for the action of President Grant in the matter of the San Domingo negotiation, for which he has been censured by Messrs. Sumner and Schurz. Morton had the facts on his side, and made a powerful presentation of them. He was not answered.

The dissensions of the Czar of Russia and his Crown Prince are the town-talk of St. Petersburg. The Crown Prince is said to be bold because he knows that he has a majority of the old Russian nobility on his side. Some persons even predict that the old Russian party before long will attempt to depose the Emperor Alexander II. and place the Crown Prince in his stead on the throne.

From the *Willamette Farmer* of April 8th we extract these:

Mr. D. B. Crawford of Yamhill says that in planting a field he had cut the potatoes in two, or if large, in four, while his assistant cut the pieces to a single eye. A great many hills missed, and on digging down he always found the little one eyed potato cutting drying up without an attempt at growing.

I. M. Johns, President of the Yamhill Farmers' Club, says "there is no doubt that the rule of plowing to keep the ground moist is reversed in Oregon, and it has a contrary effect. Stirring the ground in Summer is an injury to any plant unless it is done in a rain.

Jackson Eads of Meadowville, Umatilla county, writes us that he has a stock of hens that produce eggs weighing from two and one-sixteenth to three ounces each, and wants to know if any of our Oregon poultry men can beat them.

The annual meeting of the Washington County Agricultural Society will be held in Hillsboro, on Saturday, May 6, 1871, for the election of a Board of Directors.

The subject of holding a convention to amend the Constitution of Rhode Island so that naturalized citizens can vote without owning real estate, has been defeated in the Senate by a vote of twenty in the negative to eleven in the affirmative. The question had been discussed with great earnestness for the past week.

The following are the municipal officers of Eugene City elected last week: A. S. Patterson, President of the Council; Joel Ware, B. F. Dorris, and Jerry Ream, Councilmen; J. F. Brown, Recorder; Mark Stevens, Treasurer; Joe Donahoo, Marshal.

There is a large number of real estate transactions noted in Benton county, at prices all the way from $1 25 to $50 per acre. Sales of seventy-two acres near Corvallis at $3,600; one hundred and seventy acres for $1,000 dollars, and two hundred and ninety acres for $2,500, are the chief transactions.

MARK TWAIN ON BEN FRANKLIN.—What an adroit old adventurer the subject of this memoir! In order to get a chance to fly his kite on Sunday, he used to hang his key on the the string and let on to be fishing for lightning.

He invented a stove that would smoke your head of in four hours, by the clock. One can see the almost devilish satisfaction he took in it by giving it his name.

He was always proud of telling how he entered Philadelphia for the first time, with nothing in the world but two shillings in his pocket and four rolls of bread under his arm. But really, when you come to examine it critically, it was nothing. Anybody could have done it. Franklin said in one of his inspired flights of malignity:

"Early to bed and early to rise
Makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise."

As if it were any object to a boy to be healthy, wealthy and wise on any such terms. The sorrow that maxim has cost me through my parents experimenting on me with it, tongue cannot tell. The legitimate result is my present state of general debility, indigence, and mental aberration. My parents used to have me up before nine o'clock in the morning sometimes, when I was a boy. If they had let me take my natural rest, where would I have been now? Keeping store, no doubt, and respected by all.

The prayer winged by faith never fails to reach the throne. Such prayer is the hand which plucks fruit from the tree of life for our food, and leaves for our healing. It honors God, and God honors it. This is the confidence that we have in him, that, if we ask anything according to His will, He hears, us, whatsoever we ask, we know that we have the petitions that we desired of Him.

From the Portland papers we glean that B. Bemer was arrested on the charge of adultery with a Mrs. Woodward.

A young lady who has been practising "Let me kiss him for his Mother," says the more she tries it the better she likes it.

"Sierra Nevada Lotta" is the name of the bride in a late Leavenworth wedding. In process of time, when she gets her full growth, she will probably be called Sierra Madre.

"Women," remarked the contemplative man, "are as deep as the blue waters of yon bay." "Ay, sir," rejoined the disappointed man, "and as full of craft."

A paper has an article headed with the conundrum "why do wives fade?" We suppose it is because they don't wash.

He who finds a good son-in-law, gains a son, he who finds a bad one loses a daughter.

From the Eugene City *State Journal* we learn of a shooting match for a purse of $60, between I. E. Stevens, Richard Bush and a Mr. McBride—the last named person winning.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

REAL ESTATE DEALER,

Office, No. 64 Front Street,

PORTLAND - - - - OREGON.

REAL ESTATE in this CITY and EAST PORTLAND, in the most desirable localities, consisting of LOTS, HALF BLOCKS and BLOCKS, HOUSES and STORES; also,

IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in ALL parts of the STATE for SALE.

REAL ESTATE and other Property purchased for Correspondents, in this CITY and throughout the STATE and TERRITORIES, with great care and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

HOUSES and STORES leased, LOANS NEGOTIATED, and CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. And a General FINANCIAL and AGENNCY BUSINESS transacted.

AGENTS of this OFFICE in all the CITIES and TOWNS in the STATE, will receive descriptions of FARM PROPERTY and forward the same to the above address. 3v22

BROWNSVILLE.

A. Wheeler, dealer in fancy and staple Dry-Goods, Hats, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Iron and Steel, Wagon Timber, Plows, Agricultural Implements, etc., etc.

Motto—"Small profits and quick returns."

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice to Buyers!

Any one wishing a small farm, consisting of 105 acres of good land, one mile from Albany, in Benton county, Oregon, can apply at the Cash Store of R. Cheadle & Co.

Also, a House and Lot in Albany.

R. CHEADLE & Co.

Albany, April 15, 1871-32m1.

Pay Up! Pay Up!

THE UNDERSIGNED BEING DESIROUS to travel for his health, hereby notifies all persons indebted to the firm of Houck & Meyer to come forward and settle the same before the fifteenth day of May next, or their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, for money I must have. I can be found at the St. Charles Hotel. HENRY MEYER.

Albany, April 12th, 1871. 2t.

MRS. J. A. REED,

MILLINERY!

BLEACHING AND PRESSING DONE TO ORDER.

— ALSO —

Plain and Fancy Sewing.

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF the latest Millinery now on hand, with new additions every month. Store on corner Broadalbin and Second streets, Albany, Or. 32v3

$100,000.

GIFT FESTIVAL

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

OMAHA, : : NEBRASKA,

May 25, 1871.

TICKETS, TWO DOLLARS EACH; COUPONS, ONE DOLLAR EACH.

GIFTS TO BE AWARDED:

1 Cash Gift	$20,000
1 Cash Gift	15,000
1 Cash Gift	10,000
1 Cash Gift	5,000
1 Cash Gift	3,000
1 Cash Gift	2,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
1 Cash Gift	1,000
15 Cash Gifts, $500 each	7,500
10 Cash Gifts, $250 each	2,500
20 Cash Gifts, $100 each	2,000
50 Cash Gifts, $50 each	2,500
100 Cash Gifts, $30 each	3,000
100 Cash Gifts, $25 each	2,500
1000 Cash Gifts, $10 each	10,000
1000 Cash Gifts, $5 each	5,000
2310 Gifts, amounting to	$100,000

Which will be distributed by the MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION.

This enterprise will be conducted in a precisely similar manner to that of the late Grand Gift Concert of the MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, of San Francisco, which gave such *Universal Satisfaction.*

Good, responsible agents wanted. Liberal commissions allowed.

For full particulars address

LYFORD & CO., Omaha, Nebraska,

Office, Caldwell Block. Business Managers.

DISSOLUTION. The copartnership heretofore existing between Luther Elkins and William S. Elkins, of the firm of L. Elkins & Son, is this day dissolved by mutual agreement. The business will hereafter be conducted by Wm. S. Elkins. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm, will please call and settle immediately. LUTHER ELKINS, W. S. ELKINS.

Lebanon, April 1, 1871-3t

J. D. TITUS,

Dealer in

WATCHES,

CLOCKS, JEWELRY, ETC.

Repairing of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c., attended to. All work warranted. 31v3

H. C. CLEMENT,

PAINTER.

ALL KINDS OF PAINTING, GRAINING and paper-hanging. Walls colored and whitened. Orders promptly attended to. Shop over Adams' Wagon Factory. 31v3

Potatoes! Potatoes!

500 BUSHELS POTATOES JUST RECEIVED and in store, for sale at $1 25 per bushel, by N. S. DUBOIS.

March 11, 1871-27tf

A BARGAIN OFFERED!

A Slendid Drug Business for Sale.

WISHING TO RETIRE FROM ACTIVE business, owing to protracted ill-health, the undersigned offers his large and flourishing

DRUG ESTABLISHMENT

in this city for sale at a low figure for CASH. Apply soon, if you want a bargain, to

GEO. F. SETTLEMEIR,

Albany, Oregon.

Daily Oregonian copy one month and send bill to this office. 27

To the People of Albany.

THE UNDERSIGNED having rented and refitted the FRANKLIN MARKET, formerly occupied by Mr. Sears, hopes to be able to furnish the same with as good MEATS, both as to quality and variety, as the country affords, and expects to be represented there by a good, accommodating man, and asks a liberal portion of your patronage. DANIEL CLARK.

Albany, February 1, 1871-22tf

NEW TO-DAY.

"Wisconsin" Bought Out!

NEW STORE!

AT PEARSON'S OLD STAND.

GEO. W. YOUNG HAVING PURCHASED the stock of M. Pearson, and added to it a large assortment of

GROCERIES AND NOTIONS!

solicits the patronage of his friends and the public. The stock is well selected, and will be sold

At the Lowest Prices.

We mean TRADE, and will give you VALUE RECEIVED.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

G. W. YOUNG,

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