

interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per centum per annum, and to be redeemable within five years from the date of issue. The said certificates not to be of less denomination than fifty dollars, and to be receivable for taxes due said corporation to such amount yearly as said corporation may designate by law; not, however, to exceed fifty per centum of the amount due by any taxpayer. And said certificates shall be used for no other purpose than the payment of the ascertained indebtedness of the corporation of Washington to the sixth day of June, eighteen hundred and seventy.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the Sergeant-at-arms of the Senate be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to purchase two exhaust fans, one engine, exhaust pipes, and so forth, for the removal of the impure air of the Senate chamber, and there is hereby appropriated the sum of five thousand dollars to purchase the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary: Provided, That the improvements be made under the supervision of the engineer of the Senate, and that the Joint Committee on Ventilation be directed to inquire into the practicability and expense of making such alterations in the Senate chamber and the hall of the House of Representatives as will bring said chamber and hall to the exterior of the building.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the act approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, making an appropriation for the completion of the custom house, court house, and post-office building in Knoxville, East Tennessee, was intended to include and revive, and shall be deemed and held to include and revive all former unexpended appropriations for the same object.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the payment for transportation of public stores, provided for in "A resolution for the relief of John E. Reeside," passed by the present Congress, shall be made in accordance with the orders and decrees of the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby authorized and required to ascertain, or cause to be ascertained, the amount of expenses necessarily incurred by the territorial authorities of Montana for arms and supplies of the volunteer forces called out to suppress Indian hostilities in the territory of Montana in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and report to Congress at the next session the names of the persons entitled to relief, together with a statement of the facts and sums upon which such report may be based.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to pay such persons as were actually employed in the insurrectionary States in connection with the Treasury Department, as officers of the United States, during the year eighteen hundred and sixty-five or eighteen hundred and sixty-six, in connection with the revenues of the government, compensation at the rates provided by law for service rendered as such officers, and an amount sufficient for that purpose is hereby appropriated out of any money not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated to construct a good and substantial pier of stone or iron in the Delaware bay, at or near Lewes, in Sussex county, in the State of Delaware, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War.

Sec. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That it may and shall be lawful for the president, directors, and company of the Junction and Breakwater railroad, in the State of Delaware, to extend their railroad upon and over said pier, and freely to use said pier in connection with their said road, subject to such regulations and charges for maintenance and repairs as the Secretary of War may adopt.

Sec. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to withhold patents for any portion of the lands known as the Black Bob Indian lands in Kansas, and also to withhold his approval of all transfers of said lands, and to permit peaceable occupancy by all settlers or Indians now residing thereon, until further action of Congress in relation thereto, without prejudice to existing rights.

Approved, July 15, 1870.

[Public No. 185.]

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-one:

For expenses of recruiting and transportation of recruits, for hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars.

For pay of the army, twelve million nine hundred and thirty-five thousand three hundred and ninety dollars.

For commutation in lieu of forage for officers where the same are not furnished by the Quartermaster's department, two thousand dollars.

For payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn, two hundred thousand dollars. And the proper accounting officers of the treasury are hereby authorized and required to transfer from any surplus of the just appropriations for the "pay of the army, or of the volunteers," not otherwise disposed of by law, such sum as may be sufficient to cover deficiencies in the appropriations "for payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn," for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy.

For subsistence in kind for regular troops and employes, four million thirteen thousand nine hundred and seventy-seven dollars and twenty-two cents.

For contingencies of the army, eighty thousand dollars.

For army medical museum, five thousand dollars.

For medical and other necessary works for the library of Surgeon General's office, three thousand dollars.

For expenses of Commanding General's office, five thousand dollars.

For expenses of the signal service of the army, five thousand dollars.

For regular supplies of the Quartermaster's department, to wit: For the regular supplies of the Quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel for officers, enlisted men, guards; hospitals, storehouses, and offices; forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the Quartermaster's department at the several posts and stations, and with the armies in the field, for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses when serving in the field, and of the outposts, including bedding for the animals; straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including blank books for the Quartermaster's department, and for printing of division and department orders and reports, four million five hundred thousand dollars.

For the general and incidental expenses of the Quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers of the army on public service; expenses of court-martial, military commissions, and courts of inquiry, including additional compensation of judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses while on that service, under the act of March sixteen, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals, in the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March two, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and August four, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, including those employed at division and department headquarters; expenses of express to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escorts cannot be furnished; expenses of the internment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at posts on the frontiers, or at posts and other places when ordered by the Secretary of War, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers authorized to receive office furniture; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster's department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the army; compensation of clerks to officers of the Quartermaster's department; compensation for forage and wagon masters authorized by the act of July five, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, viz: the purchase of travel forges, blacksmiths and shoeing tools, hoes and mule shoes, and nails, iron and steel for shoeing; hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, picket ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named; also, generally, the proper and authorized expenses for the movement and operations of an army, not expressly assigned to any other department, eight hundred thousand dollars.

For mileage, or the allowance made to officers of the army for the transportation of themselves and their baggage, when traveling on duty without troops, escorts, or top posts, fifty thousand dollars.

For taking meteorological observations and giving notice on northern lakes and seaboard of approach and force of storms, fifty thousand dollars.

For the transportation of the army, including baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water, of clothing, camp, and gear, and equipment from the depots of Philadelphia, Cincinnati, and New York, to the several posts and army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; and of subsistence stores from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from the foundries and arsenals to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots, freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferrages; the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships and other sea-going vessels, and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts, hire of teamsters, transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments, the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and the Pacific; for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads and removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers to the extent which may be required for the actual operations of the troops in the field, five million dollars.

For hire or commutation of quarters for officers on military duty, hire of quarters for troops, of storehouses for the safe keeping of military stores, and of grounds for summer cantonments; for the construction of temporary huts, hospitals, and stables; and for repairing public buildings at established posts, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the ordnance service required to defray the current expenses at the arsenals of receiving stores and issuing arms and other ordnance supplies, of police and office duties, of rents, tolls, fuel, and lights; of stationery and office furniture; of tools and instruments for use of public animals, forage, and vehicles; incidental expenses of the ordnance service, including those attending practical trials and tests of ordnance, small arms, and other ordnance supplies, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Provided, That no money appropriated by this act shall be used to pay for any new cannon or small arms.

For establishing and maintaining national cemeteries, three hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That twenty thousand dollars of this amount be expended in planting and cultivating trees and shrubs in the several cemeteries.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized and directed, on or before the first day of July, eighteen hundred and seventy-one, to reduce the number of enlisted men in the army to thirty thousand, and thereafter there shall be no more than thirty thousand enlisted men in the army at any one time, unless otherwise authorized by law.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized, at his discretion, honorably to discharge from the service of the United States officers of the army who may apply therefor on or before the first of January next; and such officers so discharged under the provisions of this act shall be entitled to receive, in addition to the pay and allowances due them at the date of their discharge, one year's pay and allowances.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized, at his discretion, to place on the retired list of the army, on their own application, any commissioned officers who have been thirty years in the service, and the officers who may be retired by virtue of this section shall be entitled to the same pay and emoluments as are now allowed, or may be hereafter allowed, to officers retired from active service.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the proviso of the sixteenth section of the act approved August three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, limiting the number of officers on the retired list to seven per centum of the whole number of existing officers, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and hereafter the number of officers who may be retired in accordance with existing laws shall be in the discretion of the President: Provided, That the whole number on the retired list shall at no time exceed three hundred.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the offices of General and Lieutenant General of the army shall continue until a vacancy shall occur in the same, and no longer; and when such vacancy shall occur in either of said offices, immediately thereupon all laws and parts of laws creating said office shall become inoperative, and shall, by virtue of this act, from thenceforward be held to be repealed.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the grade of major general shall be discontinued, and the grade of major general shall be made until the number of officers of that grade is reduced below three, after which the number of major generals shall not exceed three.

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That no appointment to the grade of brigadier general shall be made until the number of officers of that grade is reduced below six; after which the number of brigadier generals shall not exceed six.

Sec. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the grade of regimental commissary in the several cavalry regiments is hereby abolished; and the lieutenants now holding the appointments of regimental commissary may be assigned for duty to companies of their regiments, and shall fill the first vacancies that may occur in their respective grades of first or second lieutenant in the regiments to which they now belong; and nothing herein contained shall affect their relative rank with other lieutenants of their grade.

Sec. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That the grades of regimental commissary sergeant and regimental hospital steward are hereby abolished. The number of corporals in each company of cavalry, artillery, and infantry shall be reduced to four; and the said non-commissioned officers shall have the privilege of receiving an honorable discharge, with full pay and allowances to date thereof, if they shall so elect, in preference to remaining in the service in such other grades as may be assigned to them by the Secretary of War.

Sec. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That the grades of the Army and commanding officers of the several military departments of the army, shall, as soon as practicable after the passage of this act, forward to the Secretary of War a list of officers serving in their respective commands deemed by them unfit for the proper discharge of their duties from any cause except injuries incurred or disease contracted in the line of their duty, setting forth specifically in each case the cause of such unfitness. The Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to constitute a board to consist of one major general, one brigadier general, and three colonels, three of said officers to be selected from among those appointed to the regular army on account of distinguished services in the volunteer force during the late war, and on recommendation of such board the President shall muster out of the service any of the said officers so reported, with one year's pay; but such muster out shall not be ordered without allowing such officer a hearing before such board to show cause against it.

Sec. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That the President is hereby authorized to transfer officers from the regiments of cavalry, artillery, and infantry to the list of supernumeraries; and all vacancies now existing, or which may occur prior to the first day of January next, in the cavalry, artillery, or infantry, by reason of such transfer, or from other causes, shall be filled in due proportion by the supernumerary officers, having reference to rank, seniority, and fitness, as provided in existing law regulating promotion in the army. And if any supernumerary officers shall remain after the first day of January next, they shall be honorably mustered out of the service with one year's pay and allowances: Provided, That vacancies now existing in the grade of second lieutenant, or which may occur prior to said date, may be filled by the assignment of supernumerary first lieutenants; or officers of higher grades, who, when so assigned shall rank as second lieutenants, providing [provided] such officers shall prefer to be so assigned, instead of being mustered out under the provisions of this section; and officers so assigned shall take rank from the date of their original entry into the service: And provided further, That chaplain be appointed to posts or regiments until those on waiting orders are assigned.

Sec. 13. *And be it further enacted*, That the professors of the United States Military Academy, whose service in the army and at the academy exceeds thirty-five years, shall have the pay of colonel, and those whose like service is less than thirty-five, but exceeds twenty-five years, shall have the pay of lieutenant colonel; and all other professors shall have the pay of major; and hereafter there shall be allowed and paid to said professors ten per centum of their current yearly pay for each and every term of five years' continuous service: Provided, That such addition shall in no case exceed forty per centum of said yearly pay; and said professors are hereby placed upon the same footing as regards retirement from active service as officers in the army.

Sec. 14. *And be it further enacted*, That the pay and allowances of the enlisted men of the army shall remain as now fixed by law until the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and seventy-one; and it shall be unlawful for any officer to use any enlisted man as a servant in any case whatever.

Sec. 15. *And be it further enacted*, That section two of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the support of the army for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and for other purposes," approved March two, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Sec. 16. *And be it further enacted*, That hereafter no officer shall be entitled to wear while on duty any uniform other than that of his actual rank, any account of having been brevetted; nor shall he be addressed in orders or official communications by any title other than that of his actual rank.

Sec. 17. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States be,

and he is hereby, authorized to drop from the rolls of the army for desertion any officer who is now, or who may hereafter be, absent from duty three months without leave; and any officer so dropped shall forfeit all pay and allowances due or to become due, and shall not be eligible for reappointment.

Sec. 18. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall not be lawful for any officer of the army of the United States on the active list to accept a civil office, whether by election or appointment, and any such officer accepting or exercising the functions of a civil office shall at once cease to be an officer of the army, and his commission shall be vacated thereby.

Sec. 19. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall be construed to prevent the assignment to duty, as additional second lieutenants of the graduates of the Military Academy.

Sec. 20. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War shall prepare a system of general regulations for the administration of the affairs of the army, which, when approved by Congress, shall be in force and obeyed until altered or revoked by the same authority; and said regulations shall be reported to Congress at its next session: Provided, That said regulations shall not be inconsistent with the laws of the United States.

Sec. 21. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretaries of War and Navy be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed so to arrange the course of studies and the order of recitations at the Military and Naval Academies that the students in said institutions will not be required to pursue their studies on Sunday.

Sec. 22. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to permit one or more trading establishments to be maintained at any military post on the frontier not in the vicinity of any city or town, when, in his judgment, such establishment is needed for the accommodation of emigrants, freighters, and other citizens; and the persons to maintain such trading establishment shall be appointed by him: Provided, That such traders shall be under protection and military control as camp followers. The joint resolution approved March thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, to authorize the commanding General of the Army to permit traders to remain at certain military posts is hereby repealed.

Sec. 23. *And be it further enacted*, That any retired officer may, on his own application, be detailed to serve as professor in any college; but while so serving such officer shall be allowed no additional compensation.

Sec. 24. *And be it further enacted*, That the pay of the officers of the army shall be as follows: The pay of the General shall be thirteen thousand five hundred dollars a year; Lieutenant General shall be eleven thousand dollars a year; the pay of major general shall be seven thousand five hundred dollars; the pay of brigadier general shall be five thousand five hundred dollars; the pay of colonel shall be three thousand five hundred dollars; the pay of lieutenant colonel shall be three thousand dollars; the pay of major shall be two thousand five hundred dollars; the pay of captain, mounted, shall be two thousand dollars; the pay of captain, not mounted, shall be eighteen hundred dollars; the pay of adjutant shall be eighteen hundred dollars; the pay of first lieutenant, mounted, shall be sixteen hundred dollars; the pay of first lieutenant, not mounted, shall be fifteen hundred dollars; the pay of second lieutenant, mounted, shall be fifteen hundred dollars; the pay of second lieutenant, not mounted, shall be fourteen hundred dollars; the pay of chaplain shall be fifteen hundred dollars; the pay of aid-de-camp to major general shall be two hundred dollars per annum in addition to pay of his rank; the pay of aid-de-camp to brigadier general shall be one hundred and fifty dollars per annum in addition to pay of his rank; the pay of acting assistant commissary shall be one hundred dollars in addition to pay of his rank; and there shall be allowed and paid to each and every commissioned officer below the rank of brigadier general, including chaplains and others having assimilated rank or pay, ten per centum of their current yearly pay for each and every term of five years' service: Provided, That the total amount of such increase or length of service shall in no case exceed forty per centum of the yearly pay of his grade as established by this act: And provided further, That the pay of a colonel shall in no case exceed four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, nor the pay of a lieutenant colonel four thousand dollars per annum, and these sums shall be in full of all commutation of quarters, fuel, forage, servants' wages and clothing, longevity pensions, and all allowances of every name and nature whatever, and shall be paid monthly by the paymaster: Provided, That fuel, quarters, and forage in kind may be furnished to officers by the Quartermaster's department, as now allowed by law and regulations: And provided further, That when any officer shall travel under orders, and shall not be furnished transportation by the Quartermaster's department, or on a conveyance belonging to or chartered by the United States, he shall be allowed ten cents per mile, and no more, for each mile actually by him traveled under such order, distances to be calculated according to the nearest post routes; and no payment shall be made to any officer except by a paymaster of the army. Officers retired from active service, who receive seventy-five per centum of the pay of the rank upon which they are retired.

Sec. 25. *And be it further enacted*, That every private soldier and officer who has served in the army of the United States during the rebellion, for ninety days, and remained loyal to the government, and every seaman, marine, and officer, or other person, who has served in the navy of the United States, or in the marine corps or revenue marine, during the rebellion, for ninety days, and remained loyal to the government, shall, on payment of the fee or commission to any regiment or company of any land office received by law, be entitled to enter one quarter section of land, not mineral, of the alternate reserved sections of public lands along the lines of any one of the railroads or other public works in the United States, wherever public lands have been or may be granted by acts of Congress, and to receive a patent therefor under and by virtue of the provisions of the act to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain and the acts amendatory thereof, and on the terms and conditions therein prescribed; and all the provisions of said acts, except as herein modified, shall extend and be applicable to officers under this act, and the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized to prescribe the necessary rules and regulations to carry this section into effect, and determine all facts necessary therefor.

Sec. 26. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to deliver to the Ladies' Soldiers' Monument Association of the city of Bridgeport, Connecticut, eight pieces of condemned iron cannon, to be used in the erection of a monument on Rock Side Park, in said city of Bridgeport, to the memory of the soldiers who fell in the war of the rebellion.

Sec. 27. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to deliver four condemned pieces of iron ordnance to each of the following places, viz: Quincy, Illinois; Morrilton, Morris county, New Jersey; Eastford, Connecticut; Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Jersey City, New Jersey; Gardiner, Maine; Hightstown, New Jersey; the Ladies' Monument Association of Peoria, Illinois; the National Soldiers' Cemetery at Greenfield, West Virginia; the Franklin County Monumental Association, Chambersburg, Pennsylvania; to be used in the erection of soldiers' monuments, or in the ornamentation of the same: Provided, That no expense be incurred by the government for the transportation of the same.

Sec. 28. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to place at the disposal of the Lincoln Monument Association, incorporated by act of Congress, no much damaged and captured bronze and brass ordnance as may be necessary out of which to cast the principal figures of said monument, from time to time as the models are completed.

Approved, July 15, 1870.

[Public Resolution—No. 91.]

JOINT RESOLUTION giving condemned cannon to decorate the Soldiers' Burial Plot at White Plains, New York.

Be it enacted [resolved] by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to donate four condemned cannon and twenty-eight balls to the "White Plains Veterans Association," to decorate the Soldiers' Plot at that place.

Approved, July 15, 1870.

[Public Resolution—No. 93.]

A RESOLUTION authorizing the Secretary of War to take charge of the Gettysburg and Antietam national cemeteries.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to accept and take charge of the Soldiers' National cemetery at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, and the Antietam National cemetery at Sharpsburg, Maryland, whenever the commissioners and trustees having charge of said cemeteries are ready to transfer their care to the general government. That when the fore-mentioned cemeteries are placed under the control of the Secretary of War, that they be taken care of and maintained in accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish and protect national cemeteries," approved February twenty-two, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Approved, July 14, 1870.

[Public Resolution—No. 92.]

JOINT RESOLUTION authorizing the donation of certain property of the United States, in the city of Galveston, State of Texas, to said city.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the buildings, barracks, fences, sheds, cisterns, and so forth, the property of the United States, in the city of Galveston, State of Texas, now abandoned by the United States troops, and ordered to be sold at public auction, under the direction of the Quartermaster's department, be, and the same are hereby, donated as hereafter provided to said city of Galveston, for the purpose of aiding the city in holding agricultural, mechanical and horticultural fairs, and in developing the agricultural and mechanical resources of said State; or for such other public uses as may seem good to the authorities of said city of Galveston: Provided, That this resolution shall not be construed to convey any title in the grounds whereon the said buildings, barracks, fences, sheds, cisterns, and so forth, are situated, or any authority to demolish or destroy the same, but to be held to be returned to the United States whenever required for any purpose for the use of the government.

Approved, July 15, 1870.

[Public Resolution—No. 84.]

A RESOLUTION authorizing the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to appoint guardians or trustees for minor Indian children who may be entitled to pensions or bounties under the existing laws.

Whereas sundry Indians served in the federal army, some of whom died in the service and others since, leaving minor heirs; and whereas there is no provision of law for said minor Indians to obtain bounties, back pay, or other benefits to which their ancestor was entitled: Therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the Commissioner of Indian Affairs is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint guardians or trustees of any of said minors; and to take bond and security for the performance of such duties; and such guardian or trustee shall be authorized to collect from the government all such back pay, bounties, and pensions to which said minors may be entitled, and to expend the same for the use and benefit of such minors, with the consent and under the direction of any court of record of the United States or of any Territory having jurisdiction at the where such minors may reside: Provided, That the terms of the foregoing resolution shall not apply to the Cherokee, Creek, Choctaw, Chickasaw, or Seminole nations of Indians, or conflict in any manner with the provisions of the treaties of eighteen hundred and sixty-six with those nations: Provided further, That the provisions of this resolution shall extend only to Indians serving in the ninth regiment of Kansas cavalry.

Approved, July 14, 1870.

[Public Resolution—No. 89.]

JOINT RESOLUTION granting condemned cannon for the erection of soldiers' monuments.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed to deliver to the Ladies' Soldiers' Monument Association of the city of Bridgeport, Connecticut, eight pieces of condemned iron cannon, to be used in the erection of a monument on Rock Side Park, in said city of Bridgeport, to the memory of the soldiers who fell in the war of the rebellion.

Sec. 2. *And be it further resolved*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to deliver four condemned pieces of iron ordnance to each of the following places, viz: Quincy, Illinois; Morrilton, Morris county, New Jersey; Eastford, Connecticut; Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Jersey City, New Jersey; Gardiner, Maine; Hightstown, New Jersey; the Ladies' Monument Association of Peoria, Illinois; the National Soldiers' Cemetery at Greenfield, West Virginia; the Franklin County Monumental Association, Chambersburg, Pennsylvania; to be used in the erection of soldiers' monuments, or in the ornamentation of the same: Provided, That no expense be incurred by the government for the transportation of the same.

Sec. 3. *And be it further resolved*, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to place at the disposal of the Lincoln Monument Association, incorporated by act of Congress, no much damaged and captured bronze and brass ordnance as may be necessary out of which to cast the principal figures of said monument, from time to time as the models are completed.

Approved, July 15, 1870.