The Albany Register.

U. S. Official Paper for Oregon.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1870.

Mr. Hesse, of Jackson county, drew a $100 prize in the recent San Francisco lottery.

Chas. Frey, a wine merchant of California, suicided in St. Louis, Mo., October 21st.

Telegrams from New York on the 8th reported voting as quietly proceeding, and it was thought the city would poll the biggest vote on record.

It is reported that New Orleans has gone Republican by 3,000 or 4,000 majority, and that the State majority is also very large.

A dispatch from Fort Benton says a band of Indians ran off a number of horses from that post on the night of the 4th inst.

Of 82 counties officially reported in Iowa, 80 went Republican and two Democratic. The total Republican majority in the State is 42,732.

Within the past year Messrs. Stitzel & Upton, real estate brokers of Portland, have sold real estate to the value of $175,000, in the counties of Washington, Clackamas and Linn.

The Salem *Statesman* announces that the Penitentiary Commissioners appointed by the Legislature to review and audit the accounts of the State officers and of the Penitentiary, are at work; and when they have used up the two months time granted them in which to do the work, at a cost to the State of $1,500, they will find the accounts substantially correct, and go home well satisfied with their—pay.

The Boise *Statesman* reports the murder of Joseph Craig by D. W. Blake, in that city, on the night of Oct. 31st. Jealousy was the cause. Blake escaped. Mrs. Blake protests her own and Craig's innocence, and says he was a benefactor to the family. Craig was unmarried.

Political matters are growing very warm at Chicago. It appears now to be settled that John Wentworth will be a candidate against Farwell, the regular Republican nominee, and receive the support of Republicans opposed to Farwell, and also of the Democrats. Both the *Times* and *Tribune* favor Wentworth's election.

A Lexington, Va., dispatch says: At a meeting of the Board of Trustees, Gen. C. W. Lee, second son of Robert E. Lee, and Professor of the Military Institute, was unanimously elected to succeed his father as President of Washington College. The Board also changed the name of the College to the Washington Lee University.

Private letters from Narragansett, R. I., instead of giving hope of Chief Justice Chase's recovery, speak very despondingly of his health. The opinion of his relatives is represented to be that he is in a very dangerous state, and will never be able to resume his place as Supreme Judge. His death at any time would not be a surprise.

A New York dispatch Nov. 1, says: The greatest activity prevails among the Federal authorities in the disposition of troops for the coming election. Marshal Sharpe has been absent almost all to-day visiting the military stations in the vicinity of the city, and conferring with the commandants of the harbor forts. The exact number of troops within call is stated to be 16,000, ready to march to any part of the city within 20 minutes notice.

Late European Items.

There are 2,200 guns in position on the fortifications of Paris.

A Paris paper asserts that Bismarck opposes the restoration of the Pope to temporal power.

A French corvette has captured seven German vessels since the 4th of October.

Vienna papers state that Prussia concurs with Russia concerning the revision of the treaty of 1856.

Petitions numerously signed throughout Belgium, have been presented to the Chambers, asking that the seizure of Bonapartist agents in Belgium may be prohibited.

The newly appointed Governor of Lorraine has ordered a census of all persons subject to military duty, and prescribing severe penalties for any evasion.

It is rumored that Gladstone will stand for London in the next Parliamentary election, in the place of Baron Rothschild.

The Prussian Ambassador at London says the struggle will continue all winter.

The returns from all the precincts of Paris show yeas, 557,997; 62,627. The municipal election resulted in the choice of Republican Mayors in nearly all the arondissements. Four advocates of elections by Communes are elected.

As the Prussians have shot numerous peasants, the people of Louares are giving no quarter. Accounts from various parts of France announce the entire population rising to expel the invaders.

The *Moniteur* asserts that Prussia now assumes all responsibility for the continuance of the war.

The breadth of land devoted to corn in Illinois this year is 6,800,000 acres and at least a third more to wheat. At least 950,000,000 bushels of corn have been gathered.

"Honest Injun?"

Some one, we believe it was Mark Twain, wrote: "An honest Indian is the noblest work of God." When you meet a friend and he gives you a piece of information that strikes you as rather "sensational," you are pretty certain to interupt him with the query: "Honest Injun?" These reflections are called up by the remarkable course taken by the Democratic State organ in a recent issue. In the issue referred to, this "organ" at Portland, confesses that all the charges, made against the recent Legislature by Republican journals, are true. It goes farther in its denunciation of the majority composing that eminent body, than even Republican journals, by characterizing them as "*fools or rascals*!" This is the "how of it": Feeling that the outrageous course pursued by the Democratic majority in the recent "blow out" at Salem meets the unqualified disapprobation of every honest man in the State, and wishing for once to obtain credit for the expression of honest convictions, it quotes from California Democratic organs, denunciations of the California Legislature (both branches of which was largely Democratic), prefacing the quotations with the remark that, "They can be read with profit by the Oregon Democracy, who are at perfect liberty to make their own application." To show just what the Democratic State organ thinks of the majority composing the late Legislature of Oregon, we give the quotations above referred to. The first quotation is from the San Joaquin *Republican*, a sound Democratic journal, and is as follows:

Much has been said about the actions of the last Legislature, neither creditable nor complimentary to that body. Republicans ridicule its record, and Democrats see little of which they can feel proud. Generally speaking, our last Legislature was composed of unscrupulous Republicans and men of very doubtful politics, who were nominated by the Democrats. Among the members were many good and true Democrats, but the number was entirely too small; so few, in fact, that we never regarded the Legislature as Democratic.

The second quotation is from the Placer *Herald*, which remarks:

Many of the members of the last Legislature have seen and felt the crushing displeasure of their constituents, and feel that their course in that body has forever cursed them and their memory, and would go back determined to make all they could out of the lobby, reckless of consequences. Governor Haight could convene the Legislature, but he could neither control nor adjourn it. Governor Haight and a few honorable Democratic members saved that body and the party from disgrace in last session, but they could not do it again, and that he knows as well as we do. Convene the old Legislature again, and good bye to Governor Haight; and good bye to Democracy in California; and good bye to property rights of the masses in the State for a generation. We believe a majority in that body were fools or rascals.

We feel like complimenting the Democratic State organ for thus honestly "showing up," in its true light, the Democratic majority composing the Oregon Legislature. We hope the Democratic State organ will continue this "line of argument."

An Infamous Record.

The Democratic Legislature of Oregon, which adjourned on the 26th of last month, did not consummate that happy event to the people of Oregon until it had made a record. And such a record! In the language of the Democratic State organ, quoted for the occasion from another light of the Democracy: "Many of the members of the last Legislature have seen and felt the crushing displeasure of their constituents, and feel that their course in that body has forever cursed them and their memory,"—and with these truthful and crushing words it leaves them without one word of consolation. When the organ of a party composing an overwhelming majority in the Legislature, can find no words of commendation, but in its stead hurls wholesale condemnation upon the heads of members composing such party, its record must be truly indefensible. And truth compels us to say that the course of the Democratic majority in the late Oregon Legislature was of such an outrageous character that the veriest copperhead in the land blushes at its acts. When members of the Legislature were called upon to vote on a measure, the question was not is it just, is it legal, is it right, and will our constituents be benefitted thereby. No. The only question that came up or was acted upon by those eminent Democratic Solons was, as one of their leaders stated before casting his vote upon a certain measure, "how do the Republicans vote?" No matter what the intent or purpose of the measure, if Republicans were for it Democracy was against it. This was *the test*—the principles of right and justice were entirely ignored, and no other test but that of opposition to any and all measures advocated by Republicans, was required. Members of the Democratic persuasion even changed their votes on measures, giving as their only excuse, that Republicans had just voted as they voted, and as voting with the "Radicals" was not considered orthodox, they wished their votes changed! Such excuses for voting, or for changing votes already recorded, may seem to some as evidencing a magnificent *want of ability* on the part of such persons to act as *law makers*; but in the late Legislature they were taken as evidences of Simon pure Democracy.

Look at the beautiful record made by this Oregon Democracy. Legislation on the Chinese question was faithfully promised by every Democratic condidate, during the last canvass, throughout the State. Instead of making good these promises, the two measures offered in the Legislature in relation to the Chinese, were promptly voted down, and the authors made the butt at which the shafts of ridicule were mercilessly hurled by Democratic members. Only another evidence of Democratic consistency! Instead of engaging in needed and wholesome legislation for the people, a large portion of the time was taken up in ousting Republican members from seats to which they had been fairly and honestly elected, contrary to every principle of law and justice and the evidence before them. In open violation of pledges of "economy and retrenchment," Democracy created new offices and largely increased salaries. While loudly vaunting their adherence to the Democratic principle that the will of the people must be obeyed, that the people being supreme rulers must choose whom they please to enforce order and maintain peace, they pass a measure taking away the right of the people of Portland to *elect* her peace officers, and give the right to *appoint* such officers into the hands of the Governor. And so we might go on, and prove by the record that this Democratic Legislature has violated every pledge made during the canvass, and every principle of honor and decency ever advocated by the party. With the Democratic organ of the State, we believe that a more incompetent, corrupt body of men never sat in legislative council in Oregon, and that a similar body of men will never again be called upon to "disappoint" her people or go through the farce of legislation.

The official vote of Colorado for Delegate in Congress is as follows: Chaffee, Republican, 6,450; Miller, Democrat, 5,058; Republican majority, 1,392. Two years ago the Republican majority was 17. The majorities for District Attorneys are as follows: First District, M. A. Rogers, 291; Second District, Clinton Reed, 389; Third District, Marmaduke Green, 66. All Republicans.

It is estimated that there are 1,223 negro voters in New Jersey, and it is believed that the census may show even a larger number. This is more than half the number of negroes in New York State and is a larger number in proportion to the whole number of inhabitants than is found in any other of the States north of Maryland.

Chillicothe, Ohio, enjoys a higher pressure of "fever-'n agur" to the square inch than any other locality within the limits of this great and glorious Republic. Her people point with justifiable exultation to four citizens of a hundred years old, who have never been able to stop shaking long enough to die."

A new style of footlights, burning downward, has lately been introduced into the London theaters. Besides securing safety from fire, unpleasant gas vapors are removed.

The Monticello *Republican* says that drouth so effected the stock in Kansas, that the farmers have to soak their hogs that they may hold swill.

The young men of Cincinnati are becoming greatly interested in the orphans since the uncle of a young and beautiful girl in the asylum has died and left her $50,000.

W. Wormwood, a Dubuque jeweler, has engraved the Lord's Prayer on a gold dollar so distinctly that it may be read with the naked eye.

A Chicago bridegroom is reported to have recently given a clergyman a bogus check for $37, and received back $32 in good money.

A Java grandee is coming to this country, with eighty two children, and desires to secure board in some private family.

An Indianian, while digging a well last week, came across five hundred old silver dollars ten feet below the surface.

Mrs. H. B. Stowe is preparing a juvenile for Christmas?—How are we to understand that?

Memphis has a saloon called "The Bullet," the whisky of which is warranted to kill at a very short distance.

One of the signs of the times is the appearance among newspaper advertisements of "ladies' busines suits."

Every day more than 200,000 letters are sent home by the German soldiers, and about 40,000 are received.

The Smith & Weston armory at Springfield has received orders for twenty thousand pistols from France.

The Republican majority in Ohio is 21,199, a gain of 8,480 on Hayes' majority for Governor last year.

In the Pennsylvania Legislature, the Republicans have one majority in the Senate and twelve in the House.

In Russia the potato is considered the apple of the devil, which was the forbidden fruit of Paradise.

A prominent merchant in Boston was held to bail for smuggling $250,000 worth of liquors.

The German armies now in France are said to be attended by 27,000 surgeons.

In Wisconsin they are said to make very good wine out of wild plums.

Telegraphic Summary.

RENO, Nov. 5.—The Central Pacific passenger train bound east and due here at 10 A. M., arrived at Verdie, 11 miles west of Reno, on time, as the train was starting from that station three masked men boarded the express car, five more immediately came to their aid from rear cars. These five evidently came from the west on the train. Six stepped on the express car which they detached from the main train, cutting the signal rope, etc. Two jumped on the engine, placing pistols at the engineer's head, told him to move on, which he did. The brakesmen endeavored to keep the masked men off the express car, but pistols were placed at their heads and compelled them to retreat. The conductor rushed forward, but the pistols stopped him. Finding a hatchet, he came forward again in time to see the engine and express car flying down the track separated from the train. The robbers then placed the firemen, express and mail messengers in the mail room and locked them up. When within six miles of the city they stopped their train, broke open the express boxes, and robbed them of $41,600 in gold coin. A later investigation shows they put the coin in old boot tops and escaped to the mountains. A double barreled shot gun and pick were left at the quarry where they opened the boxes. All wires were cut west of Reno. Two of the Western Union wires were cut. They were, however, repaired by daylight, and business not delayed. Parties were searching the mountains, and will probably be able to throw some light on the robbery during the day.

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—A dispatch from Dole says Garibaldi has been taken prisoner, with thirty Italian officers. Garibaldi writes that there is no enthusiasm among the French. They don't believe in victory.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 7.—Everything is quiet about here. There has been no fighting for several days.

Fort Mortier at New Briesach capitulated Sunday. Fire had occurred inside, which rendered it untenable. 220 prisoners and 5 cannon were captured.

A dispatch from Vendome says that the proposition for an armistice was unanimously refused by the leaders at Paris. The government found reasons in the refusal on the part of Prussia, in the project to revietual the city, and also because she accepted without reserve the scheme for allowing Alsace and Lorraine to vote for members of the Constituent Assembly. The Paris government is generally supported in its action by people of all classes. Three armies are forming in Paris. Perfect order prevails there. A universal uprising is expected. It now seems to be the general impression that Prussia has only sought to gain time by seeming to admit the possibilities of an armistice in order that the troops lately investing Metz could come forward to Paris without danger.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7—Dispatches from Versailles, announcing that Thiers had received orders from Paris to break off negotiations for an armistice and leave the Royal headquarters, are confirmed by an official dispatch, received in this city by the North German Minister.

TOURS, Nov. 7.—Dates from Paris are up to yesterday. Journals say there were further disorders the day following the riots. The village of Auxon, near Besancon, has been taken twice by the Prussians, and retaken by the French.

The *Herald's* correspondent says members of the Government in Paris reject the conditions of Bismarck, because they are confident of the ability of France to finally repel invaders and save the honor of the country. France is now in earnest, and every day she grows stronger.

No bombardment of the city will take place until the outer forts are taken, and the Prussians cannot take them.

The Tours journals charge the Prussians with continuing the war.

Bismarck is charged with duplicity in negotiating for peace simply to give him time to bring up reinforcements.

The French Government has ordered the arrest of Bazaine wherever found. Changarnier says Bazaine is not guilty of treachery, but incompetent to command a large army. All the military movements were a sham.

A Brussels dispatch says Bismarck says; all the points as to armistice were agreed upon except revictualing Paris.

Changarnier says France needs an Orleans Prince.

The King is expected to return to Berlin on the 14th inst.

Advices from Paris state that Henri Rochefort has resigned his position on the Committee of Defense in consequence of a misunderstanding with the Government on the question of the election.

The appointment of Gen. Clauseret Thomas as Commander in-Chief of the National Guards is confirmed.

The Prussians have occupied Severnness and Moral. They are at Hermon canal. Skirmishes between the advanced posts of the army of Loire and the enemy are of daily occurrence.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—The *Staats Anzieger* declares that relations between Belgium and Prussia are satisfactory.

AN INFERNAL MISTAKE.—There were two pretty sisters who married—one an eminent lawyer, the other a distinguished literary man. Literary man dies and leaves young sister a widow. Some years rolled away, and the widow lays aside her weeds. Now, then, it happens that a certain author and critic has occasion, on a broiling day in summer, to call on the eminent lawyer husband of the elder sister. He finds the lawyer pleading and sweltering in a crowded Court, sees that the lawyer is suffering dreadfully from the heat, pities him, rejoices that he is not a lawyer, and goes for a cool saunter under the sheltering trees of a fashionable park and garden.

Among the ice-eating, fanning crowd there he meets the younger of the two sisters, and for a moment thinks he is talking to the elder.

"Oh, Mr.——," said the lady, how dreadful hot it is here?"

"Yes, madam," replies our luckless critic, "it is hot here; but I can assure you the heat of this place isn't a circumstance when compared with the heat of the place where your poor dear husband is suffering to-day."

A horror-stricken expression came over the face of the lady; she rises from her chair and flounces indignantly away.

Imperial Secrets.

TOURS, Oct. 2.—You have already received, I suppose, copies of these two letters of Marguerite Bellanger, which were found in the Imperial cabinet at the Tuileries, tied with rosecolored ribbon and labeled in Napoleon's hand-writing, "Letters to be kept." You must not suppose that the story of Marguerite Bellanger is altogether a revelation to the Parisians. What is new is the questionable paternity of a little boy, and the disgraceful part played by the First Judge of the Empire in an affair of this kind. But all Paris can attest the truth of the reiterated statement of the letter to

HER IMPERIAL LOVER,

That he had done a "a very great deal for her." Marguerite Bellanger's horses, carriages, dogs, jewelry, and loud dresses were well known in the Boise de Boulogne, and every cabman knows the snug and gorgeously furnished mansion on the Rue de Verneuil, where, within a stone's throw of the Avenue des Champs Elysees, in which he took his official promenade with the Empress, the Emperor was wont to pass hours of idleness with Marguerite Bellanger. Only at the beginning of this year, and some time after President Devienne had effected an arrangement,

A HUSBAND WAS FOUND FOR THE LADY.

On the occasion of her marriage, she objected that her hotel in the Rue de Verneuil smelt of the stables, and thereupon the Emperor gave her a sumptous palace in the Avenue de la Reine Hortense, which, in her marriage settlement, published in the *Figaro* of the time, was valued at one million and a half of francs. Her sale in the Rue de Verneuil produced 300,000 francs, and she bought in some magnificent Gobelin tapestry, with the cipher of the crown, which the auctioneer put in to the catalogue to excite curiosity. The husband assigned to her was

AN EMPLOYEE IN A LINENDRAPER'S SHOP,

But as his function was to keep the books she rather wittily said of him that he was not a tradesman, but a man of letters. Writing this, as I am doing, in the very house (now a hotel) in which Madame de la Valiere was born I can only wonder that such *joyeusetts du Roi*, indulged in by the late successor to the throne of Louis XIV., should have required such ponderous machinery as that of the intervention of a Chief Justice to hush them up. The antecedents of Louis Napoleon Bonaparte are such that no additional instance of

A BREACH OF THE SEVENTH COMMANDMENT

Could damage his reputation. From a variety of circumstances I believe the explanation of the extreme anxiety which made him invoke the assistance of President Devienne to be this. At a time when the Prince Imperial was in very bad health, he was certainly under the impression (whether truly or not), that he was the father of Marguerite Bellanger's boy. Imparting his grief to her at the prospect of being deprived of posterity, she, in melting moments, got him to listen to her complacently, when

SHE SAID THAT HER SON WAS HIS,

and apart from social conventions which he might overrule, the direct line of the Napoleons was in any event assured. The Emperor, who had so long been in the habit of treating France as his "wash pot," and who had reserved to himself by his constitution an absolute power to adopt an heir to the exclusion of Prince Napoleon, might very well have caressed the idea over a cigarette that if he lost his legitimate son, his power and might would be equal to the achievement of a *plebiscite* conferring his adoption on an illegitimate one. Later the Prince Imperial got better;

THE EMPRESS REBELLED

Against the Marguerite Bellanger scandal, and a moment came when the Emperor thought it expedient to obtain a disavowal from Miss Margaret of his paternity of her child, at any price. M. Devienne, at the time when he soiled his ermine with the dirty business, was First President of the Imperial Court—the second Judge of the Empire. As a reward for services which the lowest pettifogging attorney would have been ashamed to own, he was promoted to the highest judical office in the gift of the Crown—namely, the Court of Cessation. He is now impeached for disgracing the bench. His brother Judges and subordinates in the Supreme Coura must try him according to law, and, although they were all Imperialists three weeks ago, it is not doubted that in the present temper of the times they will find him guilty, and sentence him to dismissal,

THE PRYINGS OF THE GOVERNMENT

Into the papers of their predecessors have made it certain that most of the conspiracies against the Empire were got up by the police, and that the Emperor bribed porters and postmen to open letters. His main object seems to have been to get hold of the letters of his Ministers to their mistresses. The fourth division of the French papers contains the report of a spy on the doings of the Russian Minister. This gentleman lost some document, and observes that it can only be his Prussian colleague who stole it from him. Such is diplomacy.

Out on the Pacific Railroad, the other day, a Kickapoo Indian saw a locomotive coming down the track toward him at the rate of forty miles an hour. He thought it was an imported breed of buffalo, and he was anxious to secure it so as to take the prize at the annual exhibition of the Kickapoo Agricultural Society. So he fastened one end of his lasso to his waist-belt, and when the engine got near enough he threw the noose nicely over the smoke-stack. Perhaps it is not necessary, but we may as well relate that the locomotive did not stop. The engineer and fireman witnessed the most successful attempt to do the flying trapeze made by any Kickapoo Indian upon the plains since the first of last January. There was an aboriginal funeral at the next station when the engine arrived. The grave was not large, for they only buried a small piece of copper-colored meat tied to a string and inclosed in a sardine box.

In Chicago, there are laid down over 100 miles of wooden pavement.

PIUTE POKER SHARPS.—The Gold Hill *News* says that the Piute Indians in that quarter are becoming adepts in poker playing. All the money they earn by sawing wood and otherwise is bucked off at the aboriginal tiger. Captain Charley lately made a professional excursion to Red River. He was in affluent circumstances, owned a pony, a plug hat, a red shirt, a military coat, boots, and had three dollars in coin. He struck a game, played a week, got cleaned out and returned with nothing on but an old undershirt. He says "Reese River Injun dam rascal. Heep stealum. S'pose you get four kings; you don't bet your hoss, 'cause his catchum four ace sure. Me sarby him, you bet."

The approaching marriage of Queen Victoria's daughter Louise to the Marquise of Lorn has set the pun factories at work. "If anybody is idiotic enough," observes the engineer of the New York *World's* machine, "to say that she is 'a maiden all for-Lorn,' we consign him at once to be tossed by the cow with the crumpley horn."

The wife of William Hearn hanged herself in a smoke house near Keosauqua, Iowa the other day. When found, her knees touched the ground.

A perfect petrified seal was exhumed lately from a mine near Wadsworth, Nev., at a point 5,000 feet above the level of the Pacific.

HAVE YOU A COUGH, Cold, Pain in the Chest, or Bronchitis? In fact, have you the premonitory symptoms of the "insatiate archer," Consumption? Know that relief is at hand in *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*.

BROWNSVILLE.

A. Wheeler, dealer in fancy and staple Dry-Goods, Hats, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Crockery, Hardware, Iron and Steel, Wagon Timber, Plows, Agricultural Implements, etc., etc.

Motto—"Small profits and quick returns."

WILLIAM DAVIDSON,

Office, No. 64 Front Street,

PORTLAND - - - - OREGON.

REAL ESTATE DEALER.

Special Collector of Claims,

A large amount of CITY and EAST PORTLAND Property for Sale.

Also, IMPROVED FARMS, and valuable uncultivated LANDS, located in all parts of the State.

Investments in REAL ESTATE and other PROPERTY, made for correspondents.

CLAIMS of all descriptions promptly collected

HOUSES and STORES leased.

All kinds of Financial and General Agency business transacted.

Parties having FARM PROPERTY for sale will please furnish descriptions of the same to the AGENTS OF THIS OFFICE, in each of the principal CITIES and TOWNS of this STATE.

[June 11'70-tf.]

PAIN KILLER

PROP.

PERRY DAVIS & SON PROVIDENCE, R. I.

1840 1870

FOR THIRTY YEARS

Has that well-known, standard, and popular remedy,

PAIN KILLER,

manufactured by Perry Davis & Son, Providence, R. I., been before the public, and in that time has become known in all parts of the world, and been used by people of all nations.

It remains, to-day, that same good and efficient remedy. Its wonderful power in relieving the most severe pain has never been equaled, and it has earned its world-wide popularity by its intrinsic merit. No curative agent has had so wide spread sale or given such universal satisfaction. The various ills for which the Pain Killer is an unfailing cure, are too well known to require recapitulation in this advertisement. As an external and internal Medicine, the Pain Killer stands unrivaled.

Directions accompany each bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Price 25 cts., 50 cts. and $1 per bottle [nov

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Election Notice.

RECORDER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALBANY: Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at the Court House in the city of Albany, on the first Monday (the 5th) day of December, 1870, for the election of the following city officers for the ensuing year, to wit: One Mayor, one Marshal, one Recorder, one Treasurer, and six Aldermen. The polls of said election will open at 9 o'clock A. M. and close at 6 o'clock P. M.

Given under my hand officially, this 9th day of November, 1870. A. N. ARNOLD,

10-2w City Recorder.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRA REMEDY. For sale at Settlemeir's Drug Store. Price, 50c per package. 10-v3

OIL! OIL! OIL! At reduced prices, at Settlemeir's Drug Store, viz:

Devoe's Coal Oil, by the can..... 75 cts gal.

Lard Oil, retailed at.....$2 12½ " "

And everything else in proportion.

10v3 G. F. SETTLEMEIR.

THEOLINE—The best thing ever offered to the public for eradicating grease spots from silks, cleaning kid gloves, etc. Try it. For sale by [10v3] G. F. SETTLEMEIR.

Discriptive List

—OF—

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE!

—BY—

STITZEL & UPTON,

Real Estate Dealers, Albany, Ogn.

CITY OF ALBANY:

Lot 3,	block 6	—Good house.
Lots 3 and 4,	" 2	—unimproved.
Lots 1, 2, 7, 8,	" 19	—Good house and stable.
Lots 5 and 6,	" 2	—Good house.
Lots 5 and 6,	130	— "
Lots 1, 2 and 3,	" 6	—house and two stables.
9 Lots	" 60	— " " "
[Plenty of excellent fruit—a desirable homestead]		
Lots 6 and 7,	" 24	—Good house.
Lot 1,	" 14	— " "
Lot 8,	" 14	— " "
Lots 2 and 3,	" 3	— " " and stable.
3 Lots	" 44	— " " "
Lot 7,	103	— " " "
Lot 4,	" 3	— " " "
Lots 3 and 4,	20	— " " "
6 Lots	" 16	— " " "
9 Lots	60	—unimproved—cheap.
Lots 3 and 4,	" 5	— " desirable lots.
Lot 4,	118	—box house.

7½ acres good timbered land, one mile from Albany, in Benton county.

Ten Homestead Lots, 6 acres each, ½ mile north of Albany Ferry, at $120 each.

For particulars apply to

J. C. MENDENHALL,

Real Estate Agent.

Office in Parrish Brick, Albany, Oregon. [40

NEW TO-DA.

AGENTS WANTED.

Just Out.

BANCROFT'S NEW MAP OF THE PACIFIC STATES,

California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, B. Columbia, Alaska.

Elegantly engraved on copper and colored in counties. Fifth edition, thoroughly revised and brought down to date 1870. It shows the great Overland Railroad, also the proposed Northern and Southern Pacific Railroads and their connections; also all Railroads completed and projected in California and Oregon.

Upon the same sheet, on a less scale are the maps of Alaska, and a complete Railroad map of the United States.

No other map can compare with this edition in fullness of detail, and beauty and accuracy of its topography. An enterprise of such magnitude and importance as this large and elegant copperplate map, in order to be properly appreciated, should be in every office, school-house and dwelling. Those wishing an agency should apply immediately for terms, to 10w5

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Publishers,

721 Market street, San Francisco, Cal.

THE GREAT

BLOOD PURIFIER.

An Infallible BLOOD PURIFIER, possessing rare TONIC and NERVINE properties—a certain cure for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, and all kindred Diseases.

It completely restores the system when impaired by disease, revives the action of the KIDNEYS and GENITAL ORGANS, radically cures SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, and all ERUPTIVE and CUTANEOUS Diseases, gives immediate and permanent relief in DYSPEPSIA, ERYSIPELAS, Tumors, Boils, Scald Head, Ulcers and Sores; eradicates from the system all traces of Mercurial Disease.

It is PURELY VEGETABLE, being made from an herb found indigenous in California. It is therefore peculiarly suitable for use by Females and Children, as a BLOOD PURIFIER and RENOVATOR.

For Sale by all Druggists.

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.

AGENTS,

529 and 531 Market Street,

San Francisco.

LATEST EVIDENCE!

CURE THAT COUGH!

USE THE BEST REMEDY!

Every day brings strong proof of the great value of this

LUNG BALSAM.

Dr. P. Meredith, Dentist, office No. 152 West Sixth street, states as follows:

CINCINNATI, October 1, 1869.

Messrs. J. N. HARRIS & CO.—Gents: About one year ago I took a cold which settled on my lungs. A violent cough was the consequence, which increased with severity. I expectorated large quantities of phlegm and matter. During the last winter I became so much reduced that I was confined to my bed. The disease was attended with cold chills and night-sweats. A diarrhœa set in. My friends thought I was in the last stages of consumption, and could not possibly get well. I was recommended to try

Allen's Lung Balsam

The formula was given to me, which induced me to give it a trial, and I will only add that my cough is entirely cured, and I am now able to attend to my business as usual. Yours respectfully,

P. MEREDITH.

All afflicted with Cough or any Throat or Lung trouble should use Allen's Lung Balsam without delay. J. N. HARRIS & CO., Sole Proprietors, Cincinnati, Ohio.

CAUTION.

Do not be deceived you who want a good medicine, and desire "*Allens Lung Balsam.*" Do not allow unprincipled dealers to sell you a preparation called Allen's Pectoral Balsam—see that you get ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and you will have the best Cough remedy offered to the public and one that will give you satisfaction.

FOR SALE BY

REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO.,

529 & 531 Market-st., San Francisco, Cal.,

Agents for California and Pacific States.

nov5 Sold by all Druggists. 9-70

Executor's Sale of Real Property.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned, Hiram Smith and John F. Martin, Executors of the estate of Thomas Martin, deceased, in pursuance of an order of County Court in and for Linn county, Oregon, made at the August term thereof, 1870, will sell at public auction, in front of the Court House door in the city of Albany in said county, on the

15th day of November, A. D. 1870,

at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described real property belonging to said estate, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of W. H. McCully's land claim No. 41, Not. No. 2973, thence running south 56 rods, thence running in a northerly direction with the county road 132 rods to a point, thence west 105 rods to the place of beginning, containing twenty acres, more or less. Also, the following described tract of land, "Beginning at the southeast corner of Claim No. 41, Not. No. 2973, thence west 13.96.100 chains, thence north 28 65.100 chains, thence east 13 96.100 chains, thence south 1° 15' west 28 21.100 chains to place of beginning, containing forty acres, more or less," both of said tracts of land being situated in Tp. 15 S R 4 West Will. meridian, in Linn county, Oregon.

TERMS OF SALE—Gold coin of the U. S., one-half cash in hand, the balance in six months, secured by mortgage on the premises.

Dated, October 11th, 1870.

HIRAM SMITH,

JOHN F. MARTIN,

Oct. 15, 1870-w4n6 Executors.

Notice of Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT James P. Hogue, Executor of the estate of Davis Layton, deceased, has filed his final account in the matter of said estate, and asks a final settlement of the same, and that by order of the County Court in and for Linn county and State of Oregon, made on the 7th day of October, 1870, the 8th day of November, A. D. 1870, is set for the hearing of objections to said final account and settlement of the same.

By order of the County Court, made on the 7th day of October, A. D. 1870.

S. A. JOHNS, County Judge.

JAMES P. HOGUE, Executor.

POWELL & FLINN, Atty's for Executor.

Albany, Oct. 6, 1870-v3n5w4

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, the undersigned, have been appointed, by the County Court of the county of Linn, State of Oregon, Administrator of the estate of James Nixon, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby requested to present them, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned at Albany, Oregon, within six months of the date hereof.

Dated Sept. 26, 1870-4 JOSEPH NIXON.