The Albany Register.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1870.

U. S. Official Paper for Oregon.

Internal Revenue Incomes.

Our attention has been called to the fact that the present is the time to make up incomes for the year 1869. A correct return is much more easily made immediately after the close of the year, generally, than if made up at a later period. Particularly is this the case with persons who keep no regular book accounts. For the benefit of all concerned we give section 118 of the Internal Revenue Law, which provides as follows:

SECTION 118. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of all persons of lawful age to make and render a list or return, on or before the day prescribed by law, in such form and manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, to the assistant assessor of the district in which they reside, of the amount of their income, gains, and profits, as aforesaid; and all guardians and trustees, executors and administrators, or any person acting in any fiduciary capacity, shall make and render a list or return as aforesaid, to the assistant assessor of the district in which such person acting in a fiduciary capacity resides, of the amount of income, gains, and profits of any minor or person for whom they act; and the assistant assessor shall require every list or return to be verified by the oath or affirmation of the person rendering it, and may increase the amount of any list or return, if he has reason to believe that the same is understated; and in case any such person shall neglect or refuse to make and render such list or return, or shall render a false or fraudulent list or return, it shall be the duty of the assessor or the assistant assessor to make such list, according to the best information he can obtain, by the examination of such person, or his books or accounts, or any other evidence, and to add fifty per centum as a penalty to the amount of tax due on such list in all cases of wilful neglect or refusal to make and render a list or return, and, in all cases of a false or fraudulent list or return having been rendered, to add one hundred per centum, as a penalty, to the amount of tax ascertained to be due, the tax and the additions thereto as a penalty to be assessed and collected in the manner provided for in other cases of wilful neglect or refusal to tender a list or return, or of rendering a false or fraudulent return.

The following instructions have lately been received from the Commissioner, viz:

The Commissioner wishes to call your especial attention to the subject of income returns, and respectfully to remind you that it is your duty to *reject* all returns of income that do not show, item by item, the various sources from whence the income is derived; and where losses are claimed, a full and definite statement of the same; and in such and all other cases to proceed strictly in accordance with the law.

C. DELANO, Commissioner.

THOMAS FRAZAR, Assess r Int. Rev., Portland, Oregon. P. W. Folsom, Asst. Assessor Int. Rev. for Linn, Lane and Benton counties.

DISEASED PORK.—The Portland *Oregonian* having received a piece of supposed "diseased pork" from Dayton, handed the same to Dr. Watkins, of that city, for his examination. Following is the Doctor's report:

ED. OREGONIAN: I have examined the diseased pork supposed to contain the "trichina spiralis," you handed me, very carefully, and have found no "trichina." The trichina are worms lying in and between the muscular fibres, and in a mature condition, are about one-eighteenth of an inch in length, with a round thread-like body and a small narrow head. This piece of pork is filled with small cysts, one of which I have dissected and send you, containing fluid, and a small white body, looking, at first, like a drop of fat, but which, on examination, proves to be organized, having a well developed head, by which it attaches itself to the walls of the cyst, which is the entozoon, known as the Cysticercus Cellulosæ, which, if not quite so dangerous as the "trichina," is, as will be seen, not a good thing to have in the family.

The Cysticercus is simply an intermediate stage of the "Tenia Solium" or tape worm, the history of which is exceedingly curious and interesting. The tape worm is hermaphrodyte, all the organs for reproduction existing in full reproduction in each segment or ring of the tenia. When these reproductive organs are matured, the ring is thrown off, passes from the alimentary canal, and the segment, being decomposed, sets free innumerable ova or eggs, which are borne in every direction by air or water. They may be eaten by some animal, as was the case with our unfortunate pig. These ova, thus taken into the stomach, burst and there proceeds forth small embryos of very minute size and extreme tenuity. They pass through the tissues by a kind of boring process, pass into the blood vessels, where they are borne by the blood current to all portions of the body—to the liver, mesentary, or, as in the specimen before us, to the muscles. Here they become enclosed in little semi-transparent oval cysts. They are then known by scientific men as strobilia, and this is precisely what we have here, the Cysticercus Cellulosæ.

Suppose some person to eat these strobilia in a piece of pork: Upon entering the stomach the cyst is digested by the gastric juice, the strobilia becomes attached to the mucous membrane and shortly from the strobilia, segments are developed, which form one after another till it becomes thirty or forty feet long, being a full grow "tape-worm" and attaining this great growth in three or four months. By and by, after throwing off many rings and innumerable eggs, old age or accident causes it to let go its hold, and its strange romantic life, filled with so much change, comes to an end.

Cysts every way similar are found in the brains of cattle, giving rise to what is popularly known as "blind staggers." These cysts are known as "Cenurus Cerebralis." Sometimes they have made their appearance in the eye of man, destroying the sight.

These statements are no guess work, for the ova of the tape worm have been given to calves, dogs, pigs, and to condemned criminals, and they invariably cause severe sickness and often death. The disease commonly known as measles in cattle and hogs is produced in this way; but always, upon examining the dead bodies of animals and men who have eaten these ova, these cysts are found. But still more, these cysts have been given in the food to cattle, and to men condemned to death, and in every instance the cysts have been found to be developed into tape worms. Cysts taken from the brain of cattle afflicted with staggers were given to a dog, and produced in due time tape worms. Then sections of these tape worms, or the rings containing ova, were given to young calves, and in fifteen days the calves were sick with staggers; and upon examining the brains of these calves the cysts were found. Our pig had been feeding upon the segments of the tape worm thrown off by man or beast, and had eaten of them by the thousand. Now should any person eat this pork, he would soon be afflicted with tape worm. Of course the practical application of these facts is plain—an animal diseased as was this pig, should be burned, not thrown out to hogs or dogs, or even buried to rot, where it might be devoured at once. Other practical thoughts will occur to every one. I cannot help, just here, one word of moralizing: How stupid it seems to some practical people to see a learned man spending time, talents, education, and this for long years, to learn the habits, history, etc., of these worms, but which when fully understood will explain many of the causes of disease in man and brute, and point out the way of safety.

I regret that I could not avoid these hard long words in this note, but I assure you there are a great many with which I have not troubled your readers.

WM. H. WATKINS, M. D.

TENNESSEE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.—The Franchise Committee presented two reports. The majority report gives the right of suffrage to every male citizen who has reached the age of twenty-one, who has paid a poll tax. The minority report rejects colored suffrage, and proposes that it be submitted as an independent proposition to the people.

PASSED.—The House passed the Senate Virginia bill, without amendment, by a strict party vote, on the 24th.

EDWIN M. STANTON.—Since the death of the late Secretary of War, most of the Copperhead organs published in Oregon have used the lowest, most debasing and cowardly language, and given utterance to malicious and wilfully false charges concerning him. This was to be expected, however, and merely in keeping with the past history of the Copperhead press of Oregon.

This abuse of the dead seems to be a peculiar feature of the Copperhead journalists on this coast, to be found no where else. In a speech at a meeting in New York city, the day after Stanton's death, William Cullen Bryant, one of America's great poets, a lifelong Democrat, said of Stanton:

"He was the greatest War Minister of modern times; a man of stern and incorruptible integrity; the unsullied citizen through whose hands passed more millions than ever passed through those of any other man; who entered his high office not rich and left it poor; the stern and sterling man who was sincerely averse to holding public office, however high, who sacrificed his health, his property, his life to it, when the salvation of his country was at stake; Stanton whom it is feeble to call a Roman, but whom we honor with joy in our sadness as a noble American."

The New York *Herald*, after quoting President Grant's brief announcement of Stanton's death, his distinguished services in the councils of the nation as Attorney General and Secretary of War, says:

This brief statement covers the salient points of the character and services of the great war minister. "Unceasing in his labors." Yes, he worked night and day for months and for years, we may say, without relaxation, and his plan in every thing he had to do was "short, sharp and decisive." "Fearless in the assumption of responsibilities." This was the distinguishing point of his character. The war with him was a struggle for life and death. He was working in a house on fire, and intent only upon putting it out, he had no time for ceremonies, or for apologies, or explanations to people coming in his way. He cleared them out or shut them up, for he was terribly in earnest. "Respected by all good men." The President means in this, no doubt, all men unwarped by sectional or party dislikes or personal grievances. "Feared by wrong doers." Yes, and cordially hated by them, too. If it were not that General Grant is a man who rises above all merely personal considerations in judging of men in their public capacity, he could hardly have written the following unqualified endorsement of the public services of Stanton; for Stanton was no respecter of generals when falling backward, or when their armies, to him, appeared to be doing nothing.

NEW DEMOCRACY.—A telegram from New York city, dated January 20th, informs the world that on the evening of the 19th, in that city, a new organization was successfully completed, and named the "New Democracy." The platform adopted by this party, by which it proposes to catch votes and foist itself into power, among other things, advocates extending the right of suffrage to women; favors the absorbing of all railroads and telegraphs by the government, and proposes to give everybody work who wants it, either at the hands of the national or local governments. The founders of the new party claim that it is a "big thing," "founded on fundamental principles, equalized with reference to the people of all classes." This announcement will startle the old fossils—their cherished and oft repeated declaration that the Democratic party has always adhered to one and the same *name*, is negatived, destroyed forever. No more can they fall back upon this pleasing assumption, for current history is against them. Poor, divided Democracy, how hast thou fallen! Then this new party—the "New Democracy"—is organized, gets its start, in the very hotbed, stronghold of Democracy, New York—a city that has hitherto given its forty, its fifty, its seventy thousand majority for the "time-honored principles." This party, this aged party, that has held to but one set of principles (?) and has always been known by one and the same name (?) hoary with age, and dishonesty, and crime, and treason, shorn of all its former grandeur, stripped of every vestige or remnant of the principles that once were wont to give it strength and win the love and veneration of the people, like an old and rotten vessel, is to be thrown aside, and the "New Democracy" assume its place. The central plank of the vessel removed, the fierce waters of dissension will soon envelop the poor, weak old hulk, and it will sink deep, deep down into the waters of oblivion, unhonored and unsung.

WEDDING IN HIGH LIFE.—In the San Francisco papers of January 20th, there is a lengthy description of the wedding in France, Dec. 6th 1869, of Count de Portales-Gorgier to Miss Jennie Holladay, daughter of Ben Holladay, at the chateau of the noble parents of the groom. The ceremony took place at the private chapel of the chateau, the bride was given away by the Rev. Father Rogerson. Mrs. Holladay, the mother of the bride, graced the occasion, and a grand fete was held in the evening, to which all the peasantry were invited. It was a gorgeous affair.

WRECK.—News has been received of the wreck of the *Atlanta*, recently sold to Salnave's government.

Telegraphic Summary.

News has been received from the Mississippi Legislature that they have elected Reveals, a colored man and present State Senator, U. S. Senator for the term ending March, 1871; General Ames for the term ending 1875, and Gov. Alcorn for the full term, beginning March, 1871.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The *Tribune's* Washington special thinks a majority of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations are opposed to ratifying the San Domingo treaty, as the general question of territorial acquisition was discussed in the Committee in a manner not favorable to the treaty, and the details of the document were inquired into with some persistence.

Commissioner Delano estimates that all expenses attending the collection of Internal Revenue for the current year will amout to $15,000,000.

The House Committee are again discussing the question of an air line route railroad from Washington to New York, and will probably report in favor of such a road, when the Baltimore and Ohio Company will manage to strangle the project, as usual.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The Stock Exchange is dissatisfied with the Committee appointed to select a street and location for a building, and yesterday ousted the procrastinors and elected a new and live committee, with John W. Denny as Chairman. Up town has now received a fresh impetus.

A new party was organized last night in this city, under the name of the "New Democracy." The founders say this is a big party on fundamental principles equalized with reference to the people of all classes. They propose to have changes made in the platform for the vote of women. The new Democrats favor the absorbing of all railroads and telegraphs by the Government, and employment given to everybody who wants work, by the national or local authorities.

The President of the Union Ferry Company replies to the Mayor that the Company is now losing money by conveying passengers, and that one cent reduction cannot be sustained.

The Cuban Junta last night received information concerning the report that the Spanish General, Baez, was defeated near Guayamoro, about the 1st inst. He was forced to return to Puerto Principe after losing 1,200 men; but they will await further advices before laying claim to as great a victory as the signs indicate.

A meeting of the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church was held in this city yesterday, Bishop Atkinson presiding. It was decided to remove the Seminary from New York, and the Trustees were authorized to make disposition of the site of their present buildings.

The *Tribune* this morning comments severely on the action of the Senate yesterday in adopting an amendment which will send the bill for the restoration of Virginia back to the House and give further chance to kill it there. It says "this is an indication of defiance of a clearly expressed popular will."

The match between Mace and Allen is largely discussed among the sporting men, many declining to bet on the ground that Allen will have plenty of roughs from St. Louis to cut the ropes in case the fight goes against him.

The meeting held last night to express sympathy with the Cubans was largely attended, and there was considerable enthusiasm. Efforts will be made to raise money for the destitute Cuban families now in New York.

The *Tribune* has a double-leaded editorial congratulating the country on the certainty of the ratification of the 15th amendment. Fifteen (?) States have already ratified it, and the *Tribune* counts on Georgia, Texas, Nebraska, Ohio and Iowa as certain.

About $47,000 have already been collected from the brokers of Wall street for the tax of the twentieth of one per cent. demanded by Assessor Webster. The brokers act in union and all agree to the compromise proposed.

The *Tribune* praises the action of Iowa and Ohio in ratifying the 15th amendment, and says, "Now let Georgia speak; then let us see how much longer the advocates of revenge and delay in Congress can withhold the admission of Virginia's Representatives and Senators, which is alone needed to give validity to the already recorded vote to make the 15th amendment the fundamental law of the land."

The New York Club has to vacate the elegant Fifth Avenue Club House on the 1st of May. The owner requires $75,000 rent.

Rev. J. B. Hardinbroke, of the Reformed Church, died to-day.

The alleged swindler Pomeroy has been held to answer the charges of some of the papers on the report of fraud as high as $100,000.

There are 207 cases of small-pox in this city and 18 in Brooklyn. The disease is decreasing in both cities.

There is a rumor afloat that the Spanish agents have put in circulation nearly one million bogus Cuban bonds. The *Commercial* says there is every reason to believe the report to be true, though the Spaniards say it is a base falsehood.

OMAHA, Jan. 20.—A special says 200 infantry recruits left yesterday for the forts on the line of the Union Pacific Pacific Railroad.

Passengers from the West report more than 20 miles of telegraph destroyed by the recent storm. A large force is rebuilding as rapidly as possible.

Official information at headquarters shows that there is no doubt the Pawnees were engaged in the massacreing of Bucks' surveying party, on the Republican river last August. Eight whites were killed on the first attack, and several escaped, but were subsequently murdered by another band of Indians.

ST. PAUL, Jan. 29.—The *Press* says the wealthy Amsterdam capitalists who are now building the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, have offered to build the Northern Pacific Railroad from the Red River to the Missouri river; on the acceptance of their proposition, the terms of which are of a very liberal character. This would place the Minnesota Railroad in communication with Montana at least three years sooner than under any other policy.

A new route from Chicago to Omaha via Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, was formally opened this week; distance, 497 miles

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—Prince Arthur and suit arrived at the Hudson River Depot at noon, and were met by Mr. Thornton. The suit took carriages and drove at once to the Prevoost Hotel.

BOSTON, Jan. 20.—The City Council refused to appoint Commissioners to extend the hospitalities of the city to Prince Arthur.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Lieut. Commander Dastman, commander of the steamer *Niantic*, attached to the Pacific fleet, has been ordered to proceed to the Bay of San Michael, where his vessel will act as depot of supplies for the Darien expedition.

The Committee on the District of Columbia, in joint session, received the delegation from the Woman's Suffrage Convention, about twenty in number, nearly all ladies. Mrs. Stanton, Miss Anthony, Mrs. Hooker and others addressed the committee, who listened attentively, but gave no intimation that they would grant the prayer for female suffrage in the District of Columbia.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The meeting of the representatives of the Express Companies adjourned this afternoon. The American, Merchants and Adams & Co. arrived at a unanimous solution of all the questions at issue which is embodied in a general agreement of all the companies which only awaits the signatures of the United States Company, not represented, to make it complete.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—In the Assembly to-day Mr. Littlejohn introduced a resolution directing the Senators and requesting the Representatives in Congress, to vote for the reduction of the compensation of Congressmen to three thousand dollars per annum, and a reduction of mileage and the abolition of the franking privilege.

CHICAGO, Jan. 22.—The *New Nation*, the organ of insurgents, has commenced publication at Fort Garry. It says: "We regard the Hudson Bay Company's Government obsolete, never to be resuscitated. The Dominion Government, by criminal blunders and gross injustice, has forever alienated this people. We consider it too far distant to intelligently administer our affairs." It thinks "the United States Republic offers that system of Government which would best promote order and progress, and open up rapidly this country of magnificent resources; but in our present dependent condition, we hold it our duty to advocate independence for the people of Red River as a cure for all the present ills, annexation will follow in time."

Helen M. Shafer, of Troy, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary for fraud in drawing pension money after her marriage.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 22.—Elias B. Pitcher, a prominent citizen, committed suicide last night, in consequence of the failure of a firm whom he had largely endorsed.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—Dr. Tandis was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of $2,000 for the publication of obscene books.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 22.—The jury in the libel suit of Eliza Buckley vs. the St. Louis *Republican* for $25,000, after being out since Thursday, returned a verdict giving the plaintiff $5,000 damages.

Information has been received at military headquarters of Indian depredations in the Indian territory, sixty miles south of the Arkansas river, a few days ago. There are some apprehensions that there will be trouble in the spring.

LOUISVILLE, Jan. 22.— George. D. Prentice died at four o'clock this morning, aged 68.

HUNTINGTON, (Pa.) Jan. 22.—Bohuner and Vanderburg, the murderers of the Rugton family, have been found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced. Vanderburg declared that he was not guilty and knew nothing about the murder until after his arrest.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—London papers contain accounts of the rejoicing in England on the 1st of January, when the new bank superintendence law which abolishes imprisonment for debt, except in cases of county court judgments, went into operation. There was a general jail and sponging house delivery of debtors. At one prison, the largest place of detention in London, the prisoners were notified that all might leave who pleased, at midnight of December 31st. Of 94 inmates only 31 had availed themselves of the privilege, the others begging that they might remain in jail, having no homes.

The *Times* has four columns reviewing Mrs. Stowe's book on the Lord and Lady Byron matter. The writer admits the likelihood that Lady Byron was driven insane by her husband's passion for mystification and really believed him incestuous.

SPEECH! SPEECH!—Figaro says this is a medium sample of the negative, migratory, and nullifying speeches made in the present Legislature:

"MR. SPEAKER.—I don't see the necessity of this measure. I can't see the necessity of it. I am unable, Mr. Speaker, to see why this measure should pass. I don't see it. I can't see it. Mr. Speaker, I do not, then, as you, as all within the sound of my voice, can plainly see, I do not, I do not, at least I hope this resolution will not pass.

One who saw Miss Julia Ward Howe in New York says: "She has the grandest mind, and can write the most incomprehensible things of any woman in the land. She is modest in demeanor, but she knows that she is wise, and she looks as though her eyes had seen the glory of the coming of the Lord, but as though it was a long time ago, and she had got rather used to it. She has the New England nack of putting together half a dozen words so that they seem like axioms marvelously deep and full of moment and portent."

The Chinese of California recently loaded six cars with dead Chinamen and sent them to San Francisco, on their way to the Flowery Kingdom. The women they bury where they die, but the men's bones can not rest among barbarians.

Marriage often brings a man home to a state of squall-or

Fifty thousand women in New York cannot get husbands.

C. & O. RAILROAD.—The recent rains in California have delayed the completion of the railroad from Marysville to Chico, as they made the ground too heavy for successful grading. However, the California and Oregon Railroad Company will commence work again as soon as it is dry enough, and they expect to reach the head of the Sacramento valley early in the coming summer. The Company mean business, and the road will be pushed just as fast as the weather will permit. We hope to see equal energy displayed on the Oregon end of the road, during the coming summer.

ASTORIA AND SALEM RAILROAD CO.—On last Saturday articles of incorporation for the Astoria and Salem Railroad Company were filed in the office of the Secretary of State at Salem. The following named gentlemen are the corporators: Joel Palmer, E. N. Cooke, W. C. Johnson, Jas. K. Kelly, J. Taylor, Geo. Flavell, J. G. Hustler, A. Vandusen, Jas. Welch, Cyrus Olney, W. A. Mills and T. R. Cornelius. The capital stock is placed at $3,000,000, in shares of $100 each. These are all good, sound men, and doubtless mean business. Every true friend of the State will wish them the largest success in their undertaking.

SENATORIAL NOMINATION.—Our Democratic brethren are canvassing the propriety of the nomination of a candidate for United States Senator by the State Convention. The *Democrat* thinks the party will make a better fight if it knows who the leaders are—it is afraid of "pressure and lobby manipulations" if the selection of Senator is left to the Legislature. The *Herald* thinks the suggestion rather revolutionary in its character, but advises the people to think of the thing.

PORTLAND.—The total population of Portland, as taken from McCormick's Directory, now in press, is 8,928. There are 4,182 white males, 3,389 white females, and transient population estimated at 500. East Portland is credited with a population of 500—200 females and 300 males. There are thirty-seven incorporated companies, having an aggregate capital of $40,000,000. The increase in the aggregate value of property subject to tax during 1869 is $631,307.

A Cincinnati boy of 15 years of age sold his watch, borrowed $350 on his mother's credit and started on a tour to Europe. Getting broke in Paris, he wrote for money to come home on, received it and went to Germany instead of New York, got broke again, and worked his way home, ragged and destitute, having seen the world and learned that there is no place like home before completing his 16th year.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—Geo. D. Prentice, editor and poet, died at his residence in Louisville, Kentucky, at 4 o'clock on the morning of January 22d, of rheumatism of the heart, aged 68 years.

A WHALE—Drifted ashore at Newport on the 20th inst., which caused some excitement among the native Yaquinians. Also, pieces of wood and lumber, supposed to be from a wreck.

A drunken man climbed into a school house near San Jose to sleep off his liquor. In getting out again through the window, the sash fell, caught him by the foot, and when discovered he was too near dead to be revived.

Gov. Haight has appointed his old partner, Jackson Temple, to the vacancy on the Supreme bench, occasioned by the resignation of Judge Sanderson.

A Portland shoemaker, who had long been in love with a pretty widow, but had never dared to mention it to her, met her on the street the other day, and blurted out: "I beg your pardon, Mrs. —, but I want to marry you! I have loved you a long time. I am (then he gave his name, etc.), and you can take a week to inquire about me, and can see me whenever you wish." With this he left her to consider; she did consider and a speedy marriage was the result.

SMITH and Brown running opposite ways the other day came in contact with each other

"O dear, how you make my head ring," said Smith.

"That's a sign its hollow," said Brown.

"But didn't yours ring?"

"No."

"That's a sign its cracked," replied his friend—and then they parted.

BORN.—To the wife of W. B. Carter, (of the Corvallis *Gazette*), on the 25th inst., a daughter.

"Why did Joseph's brethren put him in a pit?" asked a Buffalo Sunday school teacher; and the reply he got was, "Because there was no room for him in the family circle."

A woman in Cincinnati, who is worth $11,000, and has $8,000 in bank, has sent to Chicago for a husband.

San Francisco Markets.

Following quotations are under date of Jan. 24th:

Flour—Aside from local demand, market quiet. Superfine, in sks ℔ 196 lbs, $4 59@4 75; extra do. $5 25@5 50.

Wheat—Fair milling. $1 30; good, $1 57½; choice, $1 62½@1 67½ ℔ 100 lbs.

Oats—No sales. Quotable at $1 25@1 50 ℔ 100 lbs.

Wheat in Liverpool 9s 2d@9s 3d—an advance since our last.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Richmond *Dispatch* says: "Stonewall Jackson died of pneumonia. He wasn't killed by anybody."

The last fashionable New York bride has a $150 night dress, and says she is prepared for a fire during the night.

Mr. Stanton leaves a family consisting of his widow, a son (Edwin I.) of about twenty-five years, a practicing lawyer of Washington city, and who was his father's private secretary in the War office, and three younger children, aged 12, 9 and 5, named Ella, Lewis and Bessie. He will be buried in Oak Hill Cemetery at Georgetown.

A young man in Baltimore went into the chamber of a frail girl and said, "I am going to shoot you." The girl calmed his ire, coaxed him to lay down the pistol, then seized it herself and shot him dangerously in the head. She is in jail on a charge of cleverness.

Accounts from Paris say that the Prince Imperial dances every evening with the pretty American girls who are among the guests invited especially to please the heir to the throne. These American girls are Miss Payne, Miss Parsons and Miss Jerome.

It is announced that Captain Raymond, of the United States Engineer Corps, declares in his report that the Yukon river, in Alaska, is the third largest in the world—the Amazon and Mississippi alone taking precedence. This river runs from south to north, and empties into the Icy Ocean. It rises in the mountains opposite Sitka and runs through the entire Territory of Alaska.

The Albany *Democrat* having completed its fifth volume, claims to be the oldest Democratic paper in the State. They must be a short lived set.—*Statesman.*

Fort Steilacoom was sold at auction recently by the Government, and purchased for the use of Washington Territory. It is to be converted into an Insane Asylum. It brought $850.

The crops in Douglas county are in a very healthy condition, and farmers are correspondingly happy.

The Portland *Oregonian* received a piece of meat from Dayton, which was supposed to contain trichina spiralis. It was handed to Dr. Watkins for examination. The Doctor's report will be found in another place.

M. P. Bull has dissolved his connection as publisher of the Portland *Commercial*. It is understood that Mr. James O'Meara will have control of the editorial columns. Under his control it proposes to be a thoroughly independent paper.

On last Thursday evening the great debate was to begin between Messrs. Arnoup and Todd, at Portland. It was to continue for eight successive evenings. This discussion will doubtless excite much interest.

The *Gazette* says that the human remains found at Glad Tidings recently are supposed to be those of an old man named Alexander, who disappeared from that neighborhood three years ago. Alexander was the owner of a band of cattle, about which he and his neighbors had a quarrel, in regard to their running upon the open range. A few days after the quarrel Alexander disappeared, and has never been heard from since. Subsequently his cattle were driven away by unknown parties. It is now believed that he was murdered and his body thrown into the thicket where the skeleton was found. A thorough investigation will be instituted.

Winter having set in, active mining operations have been discontinued in Kootenai. Rich diggings have been struck on Perry creek, prospecting as high as $2 to the pan.

Cinnabar, specimens of which assayed fifty-five per cent., has been found twenty-five miles from Victoria.

Overland mails via Columbia river are delayed by ice in that stream.

The leading Democratic paper in Ohio, the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, remarks that it is evident the Democracy do not need numbers so much in the House of Representatives as they do brains.

Two daily evening papers of Boston, the *Traveler* and *Transcript*, have employed female compositors since 1864. They receive men's wages, work full hours, and average about $18 per week.

A joint resolution granting a pension to the widow of President Lincoln was offered in the Senate by Mr. Wilson, and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Prince Arthur, of England, is being feted at Washington.

Wheeler & Wilson's extensive sewing machine factory was destroyed by fire on the 23d. Loss heavy.

At a meeting of those interested in the Northern Pacific Railroad, in New York on the 22d, it was resolved to begin work and push it vigorously in the coming Spring.

On the 25th, an old hotel, occupied as a dwelling, in the lower part of the city of Corvallis, caught fire and was partly consumed. The inmates escaped.

The Louisiana Legislature has instructed its representatives to use their influence against the proposed reduction of duty on sugar by Congress.

A Cuban victory over General Peeb is chronicled. Peeb lost 1,300 men.

On the 23d, four business houses were destroyed by fire in St. Joseph, Mo. Mr. Wm. Bowles, brother-in-law of ex-Congressman Loan, who was sleeping in one of the buildings, perished in the flames. While the firemen were endeavoring to rescue the body, the wall fell in, mortally injuring three, and severely wounding four others.

Geo. D. Prentice was buried on the 24th, at Cave Hill Cemetery, with Masonic honors.

On the 23d, Captain Goodrich, City Treasurer of Terre Haute, Indiana, formerly of the 11th Cavalry, shot himself through the head. Cause—pecuniary trouble and intemperance.

The new French cable, connecting Brest with England, has been successfully laid.

Great excitement existed in San Francisco on the 25th over the supposed fiend who so horribly outraged and murdered the little girl, Mary Ryan, on the day previous. The police had to use the utmost exertion to keep the excited populace from tearing the prisoner to pieces.

A Baptist's complaint—Dip-theory.

A story has been extensively published in Europe lately to the effect that President Grant will soon visit the sovereigns of Europe, and that he will make the trans-atlantic voyage accompanied by a fleet of iron-clads.

The *National Intelligencer*, at Washington, again nominates Salmon P. Chase for President, and Robert E. Lee for Vice President, in 1872.

Prim is said to have made a fortune of $5,000,000 out of his management of the Spanish revolution.

Sodomfrisco, has been suggested as a substitute for San Francisco.

At Trenton, New Jersey, the wind blew off a little girl's hat, as she was going to church, and she and her father turned and ran after it. The next moment the church spire fell with a crash at the very spot which they had just left.

Theodore Tilton and Roger A. Pryor are to debate, the former representing the North and the latter the South.

The new city tariff of New Orleans taxes gambling saloons $3,000 and lottery dealers $2,500.

The Warren (O.,) *Chronicle* tells of a steer in Bazette, six years old, seventeen and a half hands high, nine feet four inches in girth, sixteen and a half feet from end of nose to end of tail, and 3,200 pounds in weight.

Weather warm and spring like.

What metre is the best for a valentine? Meet her by moonlight alone.

Why a wife should be submissive to her husband—she is his proper-tie.

"Cold slaw" is a corruption of "kold salat," which is Dutch for cabbage salad.

Wanted—a complete set of buttons for a coat of paint, and a pair of stirrups for a saddle of mutton.

ALBANY RETAIL MARKET.

ALBANY, January 29, 1870.	
Wheat, white, ℔ bushel	50@55
Oats, ℔ bushel	30
Potatoes, ℔ bushel	25@37½
Onions, ℔ bushel	75@1 25
Flour, ℔ barrel	$3 50@4 00
Butter, ℔ lb	25
Eggs, ℔ dozen	30
Chickens, ℔ dozen	$2 50@3 00
Peaches, dried, ℔ lb	@20
Soap, ℔ lb	5@5½
Salt, Los Angelos, ℔ lb	2½@3
Syrup, ℔ keg	$5 25@60 2
Tea, Young Hyson ℔ lb	1 00
" Japan, "	1 00
" Black, "	75@1 00
Sugar, crushed, ℔ lb	18@20
" Sea "	14@16
" Island, "	12@14
Coffee, ℔ lb	23@25
Candles, ℔ lb	25@33
Rice, China, ℔ lb	12@14
Saleratus, ℔ lb	16½
Dried plums, ℔ lb	15@20
Dried apples, ℔ lb	5
Dried currants, ℔ lb	
Bacon, hams, ℔ lb	
" sides, "	
" shoulders, ℔ lb	
Lard, in cans, ℔ lb	10@12
Beans, ℔ lb	3@5
Devoes' Kerosene oil, ℔ gallon	1 00@1 25
Turpentine, ℔ gallon	$1 25@1 50
Linseed oil, boiled, ℔ gallon	$1 62½@1 75
White lead, ℔ keg	$3 75@4 25
Tar ℔ gallon	$1 25
Powder, rifle, ℔ lb	75@1 00
Tobacco, ℔ lb	$1 00@1 25
Nails, cut, ℔ lb	6½@7½
Domestic, brown, ℔ yard	15@16½
Hickory, striped, ℔ yard	18@30
Bed ticking, per yard	25@50
Blue drilling, ℔ yard	16@25
Flannels, ℔ yard	50@62½
Prints, fast colors, ℔ yard	@12½
Pork, ℔ lb	5@6
Mutton, ℔ head	$1 75@2 50
Beef, on foot, ℔ lb	5@6

NEW TO-DAY.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Corner First and Washington Sts.,

ALBANY, - - - - OREGON.

H. BRENNER, Proprietor.

WITH A NEW BUILDING, NEWLY Furnished throughout, the proprietor hopes to give entire satisfaction to the traveling public. The beds are supplied with spring-bottoms. The table will receive the closest attention, and everything the market affords palatable to guests will be supplied. jan29-21

WAR WITH SPAIN!

CUBA TAKEN!

OUR MINISTER WITHDRAWN!

NOTWITHSTANDING ALL THIS

P. C. HARPER & CO.

Have just received from

San Francisco,

a very large and well selected stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

—WHICH IS OFFERED—

At Prices to Suit the Times!!

Their stock consists, in part, as follows: A large supply of

HEAVY CASSIMERES AND FLANNELS!

Denims, Hickory Stripes, Checks,

Sheetings—Bleached and Unbleached!

—AND—

French Cottonades,

Canton Flannels,

—AND—

Heavy Blankets

A Spendid assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS!

SUCH AS

Silks, Poplins, Brocades, Empress Cloths, Merinos, Prints, Delaines, Mohair, Fancy Patterns, Shawls, Balmorals and Fancy Notions, Trimmings, &c.

Ladies and Misses Hoods, Hats, Nubias, &c.

A good Assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING!

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS, &C.

A complete assortment of Men's and Boy's

KIP AND CALF BOOTS AND SHOES,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

Also the latest style and quality of

Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes,

A splendid assortment of

Groceries, Queensware and Glassware!

Hardware, Pocket & Table Cutlery,

Window Shades, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Carpeting.

MEN'S, BOYS AND CHILDREN'S HATS!

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE.

In fact, almost everything usually kept in a retail store.

Having bought our goods on the best terms the market will afford, and selected them with great care, we feel warranted in saying that we can offer as great inducements to customers as any house in the trade, and hope, by strict attention to business and the wants of customers, to merit a liberal patronage from the public.

☞ Remember the place. The house formerly occupied by D. Mansfield & Bro.

P. C. HARPER & CO.

Albany Oct. 30, 1869.-8