

IN NEVADA.—The White Pine Mining District is in Nevada.

ADJOURNED.—The Nevada Legislature adjourned on the 4th instant.

ADVANCED.—All white sugars have advanced one-half cent per pound.

DEFEATED.—The Maine Legislature has defeated a bill for the abolition of capital punishment.

A marriage is reported at Stockton (Cal.) between a youth of fifty-five and an old lady of thirteen.

Green peas and rhubarb have made their appearance in San Francisco, and are selling at fifty cents per pound.

THE FIRST.—On the 18th President Grant signed the bill to strengthen the public credit, being the first bill signed by him since his inauguration.

SMALL POX.—As another inducement to go to White Pine, it is reported that several cases of small pox have made their appearance there.

The Nauvo Legion, a Mormon organization, gave a military ball at Salt Lake, on the evening of Washington's Birthday.

A bill to admit the Territory of Utah as a State will shortly be introduced into the House by Delegate Hooper.

Mrs. S. L. Anderson, of Snelling's, California, wants to hear of her son, Prior Perkins, who came to California across the Plains in 1853.

At a spelling contest in the Central public school, Salem, last week, Miss Zilphia Raymond was declared champion for the week.

AN OLD TYPO.—Speaker Blaine is an old editor; formerly of the Kennebec Journal and Portland Advertiser. Our profession does not lose its representative in the retirement of Colfax.

The Grass Valley Union says a whirlwind, a few days ago, took it into its head to cut a caper, and accordingly got hold of Peter Hanson's barn, located a few miles from that town, raised it up and turned it over on the side, smashing a wagon and other things. The barn was a building 20 by 30 feet in dimensions.

THE REASON.—The Democratic press complains of the rhetoric of Grant's Inaugural, says the Marysville Appeal. As all Democrats are classical scholars it was not to be expected that the plain language of the President would be agreeable! Our apology is, that the times call for honest men, not scholars.

ENORMOUS BUSINESS.—The New York Herald calls attention to the fact that the total business done by associated banks in New York city last year, reached the enormous sum of \$31,159,716,348—about twelve times the amount of the national debt! Allowing three hundred business days to the year, the actual average business transacted here through the banks is about \$100,000,000 daily.

SAVE YOUR GRAY HAIR.—It is said that gray hairs in New York are worth a cent apiece. Hair-dressers, says an exchange, inquire of their customers for them and beg that they be saved from the comb in dressing. So, when you snake out a gray hair, lay it up. When the ten come to its funeral, snake them. "There's money in it."

AUSTRIAN POLICY.—The Empress of Austria, being on the eve of bringing forth a new Austrian, it is suggested by friends that she visit the capital of Galicia and there produce her Austrian. It is thought that this act would greatly please the Poles, and attach them more strongly than ever to the Hapsburg dynasty. The Poles must be easy to please.

THE DARK SIDE.—Says Figaro: We notice in a recent letter from Witte Pine the following item:

The body of a man whose name is unknown was discovered in his cabin on the Flat by some miners all frozen. The opinion of his neighbors is that he was sick and unable to help himself, and started to death.

The last rush. The excitement is over. The volume is closed. A few weeks or months hence a small circle of friends may wonder what has become of—. Some one nearer and dearer may grieve at the absence of any word. Better is it that the end be ever unknown. Sick—starving alone—frozen to death—a nameless corpse—a nameless grave. These are your White Pine skeletons.

STATE ITEMS.

Hon. Samuel Headrick, of Salem, died in that city on the 20th inst.

The Oregonian learns that Col. Balden, C. E., has already nearly completed the drawings, charts and working specifications for constructing the locks at Oregon City for the P. T. Company, and goes in a day or two to commence the work. The plan is to have four locks, each 200 feet long and 40 wide, making the length of the lock portage 800 feet, having 32 feet fall to overcome. This, if evenly divided, will raise or lower the boat eight feet each lock.

The residence of Dr. Davie, with its contents, on the McKizius river, Lane county, was destroyed by fire on the 16th ult. The family were absent at the time.

At last accounts the volume of water in the Columbia river had increased enough to enable the boats of the O. S. N. Co. to resume navigation above Celilo. Navigation on the Upper Columbia had been impracticable for weeks.

Mr. A. J. Riley, an old typo of Salem, died on the 19th, after a short illness. Peace to his ashes.

The trial of Dr. J. W. McAfee, as we learn from the Farmer, is set for Monday, April 5th. An adjourned session of Marion Co. Circuit Court will be held for that purpose.

The citizens of Eugene are petitioning their City Council to furnish them with some means of extinguishing fires.

The Eugene Journal reports several cases of lung fever in that city.

Mr. Graves, Jr., married Miss Ellen Hies, at Eugene on the 16th. Glad to know that Graves has gone into the Hies business.

Another case of small pox reported in Jacksonville.

The Unionist complains of the scarcity of nurses to attend on the sick in that city.

The Unionist says: The value of the assessable property within the corporate limits of Salem, is \$1,250,000.

The Eugene Journal of the 20th says: Our citizens have been remarkably fortunate in times past in regard to fires, but it seems now that calamity is coming upon us like a tide from the fountain of destruction.

Last Sunday morning between the hours of six and seven the building of J. F. Brown was discovered to be on fire. It being Sunday morning not many of our citizens were up, at that hour, but enough had reached the spot before the flames had spread beyond control, to succeed in subduing them with great as well as successful exertions. The fire caught from boards that the flue was built upon, it being an inexcusable poor job of workmanship, and had burned through the roof and got under considerable headway before discovered. If there had been any wind at that time, it would have been impossible to have controlled the flames, and the town would undoubtedly have been burned. Brown estimates his loss at \$300.

On Wednesday morning, at about fifteen minutes after one o'clock, the alarm of fire was given, when it was discovered that a dry-house belonging to Cherry & Irving, and situated a few feet from their machine shop was on fire. It was so far gone before discovered that all exertions to save it were useless, and all that could be done was to prevent the machine shop from taking fire also. The dry-house was full of lumber and timber already worked up, such as chair posts, window sash, etc. The loss is estimated at \$500.

But it seems that the loss of property was not enough. Again on Wednesday night another fire occurred so terrible in its nature and so shocking, that in trying to describe its horrors we would only display the insignificance of words. Between three and four o'clock in the morning Mr. Steventon discovered his house to be on fire, and he and his wife immediately ran down stairs supposing they could get out at once. When they entered the lower room, where the fire place was, they saw that it was impossible to do anything more than to save themselves and children. Seeing that it was impossible to bring the children down stairs, Mr. Steventon told his wife to go up stairs and put the children out at the window upon a shed and he would go round and catch them. Mrs. S. ran up stairs and endeavored to do as told, but when the door leading up stairs was opened the flames followed her so closely that, although she made several efforts to grasp her little ones, three in number, one little boy having got out at the window himself, she could not; the flames rushed upon her and she could only see or perish. She and little Eddie, escaped through the window upon a shed, back of the house, and got down in time to save themselves, although they were both badly burned and Mrs. S. so severely that she only lived till the following morning. Eddie, the little boy that escaped, was the oldest and was aged seven years. The three that perished were Johnny, aged five, Lizzie, aged three, and little Willie, the babe, aged fourteen months. Mrs. Susan Steventon was a woman of much intelligence, and esteemed and respected by all who knew her. How the fire caught is a mystery to all,

and it burned with such fury that before the citizens could get to the spot, even those who lived nearest by, no human aid could save the little sufferers from the devouring flames. Those three little ones each combining all that there is of innocence, purity and childish perfection, were swallowed up in the flames, and the mother sacrificed her own life in trying to save them. The remains were taken from the ruins as soon as possible, but could not be distinguished only by the size of the bodies. Mr. Steventon is left here with his little Eddie, while the mother has gone on with the other little ones "across the swelling flood." The melancholy affair has cast a gloom over the whole community, and although the grief falls heaviest upon the husband and father, it is shared by all. Mr. S. having had his hand severely hurt a short time ago, was almost helpless. The fire has taken everything he had in this world but one little boy.

Telegraphic Summary.

The following dispatch was received by the Oregonian on the 24 inst., from J. H. Mitchell, Washington City: Senate Committee, after a full investigation, yesterday unanimously reported east side bill, with recommendations that it pass.

NEW YORK, March 22.—A young German in Newark, being refused by a girl, shot her dead at her residence in that city, an killed himself with the same pistol.

LOUISVILLE, March 21.—The Courier and Journal publishes an editorial declaring that Gen Longstreet was guilty of smuggling in 1855 while commanding a fort on the Rio Grande, and was indicted for the crime in the District Court, but the Marshal was refused process. A court of inquiry found Longstreet guilty, but Gen. Rugland, who commanded the district, being Longstreet's relative, set aside the finding.

BALTIMORE, March 24.—An Israelite named Hirsch, committed suicide yesterday, by hanging himself in the Hebrew Synagogue.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Ten ladies graduated at the medical college for women yesterday.

The ship carpenters employed in Stevens' Battery, Hoboken, have been discharged because they objected to a reduction of wages.

Advices from St. Johns, New Brunswick, state that snow is six feet deep on a level. The Canadians are deserting the city, fearing a disastrous flood.

RIO JANEIRO, March 22.—The Brazilian Minister of Foreign Affairs has gone to Assunition to form a government. The Paraguayans have abandoned the place.

A SAILING VELOCIPED.—An improved three-wheeled velocipede, says the San Francisco Herald, with a mast and large square sail, was navigated over the Point Lobos road yesterday, and attracted much attention from its nondescript appearance. The machine was managed by its builder, Mr. David R. Smith, who made good time, up hill or down, and particularly when returning to the city with a favorable wind. In dimensions it is about nine feet in length by five in breadth, and not unlike a light high-wheeled buggy. The hind wheels are four feet in diameter, and the forward one about thirty inches. In its management the sail and forewheel are adjusted by cords attached to the driver's seat. When the sail is set the view ahead is nearly obstructed, but by means of two large holes or eyes, cut in the canvas, at about the height of the head, the vehicle is directed with safety. An application for a patent has been made for this unique contrivance.

WHITE PINE ITEMS.—A White pine letter to the San Francisco Alta gives the following items:

Nearly all of the mining companies have a considerable amount of rock piled up, which they are very anxious to get worked up as soon as possible.

There will be plenty of work throughout the summer for twenty mills.

Some fine ore has been extracted from the Bucklin Mine. The five men owning it refused \$20,000 for their claim last week.

The old story is confirmed about tight times. Men are offering fine bargains who are "hard up." Between now and the first of May, this correspondent is confident, there will be many rich strikes made.

Colds are very prevalent throughout the diggings, but there is little serious sickness.

The weather was terribly cold. The writer piles four or five blankets on him nightly, and facetiously adds that despite this he has to get up in the small hours and rub his head to keep his hair from freezing.

On the 12th inst. the municipal election took place at Sacramento. The Republican ticket was elected by about 500 majority.

The Anti-Chinese Ku Klux Democracy made an unsuccessful attempt to burn the public school building at San Jose (Cal.) on the 27th February.

The San Diego Union advocates the construction of a road between that place and San Bernardino. The distance is only 115 miles and the road will run by the Temescal tin mines.

REDUCTION OF THE ARMY.—The act to reduce the army has gone into effect, but as yet we are without data as to the full provisions of the bill. From the Oregonian of Saturday we get what is supposed to be the outlines of the bill passed. It provides for reducing the number of infantry regiments from forty five to twenty-five; that the regiments broken up are to be mustered into others, so as to give the maximum strength to those retained; that the Pay, Commissary and Quartermaster's Departments are to be consolidated, and the new branch called the Supply Department; that the ordnance arm of the service is to be broken up entirely and all its officers mustered as officers of artillery with a chief of artillery and a bureau in the War Department, and that there shall be a reduction of about one-third in each of the staff departments. Late dispatches say that the reduction will leave fully five hundred officers with no duty to perform. As no new officers are to be mustered in, the Committee who reported the bill thought that by death, discharge and resignation the present force of officers would in three years be reduced to the average requirement of the service. It is believed that this reduction of the army will diminish the expenses of the War Department at least \$10,000,000 per annum.

REFORM.—"The people are too poor to pay salaries as a bonus to professional politicians," is one of the significant sentences uttered by President Grant, as reported by a late telegram, and it is an expression that touches the popular feeling, says the Appeal. The great body of the American people are determined that the public debt shall be paid in full, but do not feel it their duty, while taxes are being collected to meet this debt, to pay an equal or larger sum as a bonus to politicians. And when Grant says that he "will not tolerate them in any department of the Government," the people heartily endorse him. Grant has the back-bone, the "sand," and we look for a general weeding out of unnecessary and useless officials in all the departments of the Government. There is no reason why the Government should support so many hangers on, whose only claim to place is that they have done something some time for the party. Every officer not absolutely necessary for the proper administration of the Government should be dismissed, and the salaries of those retained should be cut down to a reasonably low figure.

SERIOUSLY INJURED.—We learn, says the Commercial, that a gentleman residing upon Cowlitz river, in Cowlitz county, W. T., by the name of Champereil, met with a very serious casualty last week. He was engaged in operating with an eight-horse threshing machine, when by crowding it beyond its accustomed speed, the cylinder burst into fragments. One of the iron teeth struck him in the forehead, one on the side and another in the thigh. The combined effects rendered him insensible for nearly two days, but at last accounts he was slowly recovering.

Dr. Joseph H. Josselyn, who was recently convicted of producing an abortion in San Francisco, was sentenced to three years in the State Prison, but was admitted to bail in the sum of \$6,500, pending an appeal to the Supreme Court.

CITY COUNCIL.—Met Thursday evening, March 25, Mayor Standard in the Chair. Present, Councilmen Hackleman, Nixon, Comley, Cundiff and Mealey. On motion minutes of the previous meeting were not read.

On motion, John Rankin was allowed \$18 for grading crosswalks, and an order drawn on the Treasurer for that amount.

On motion the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the order heretofore made by the City Council for the assessment of the city on the 1st of May, is hereby rescinded, and the Recorder is required to commence the assessment of the city on the first Monday in April; and he shall be allowed a reasonable time to complete the same.

On motion, ordered that the property holders on the north side of block No. 48 be required to build a sidewalk on the north side of the same, from Broadalbin to Ferry street.

On motion, it was ordered that a committee of three be appointed by the Mayor, to draft rules and regulations for the organization of a Fire Department, whereupon Councilmen Hackleman, Comley and Mealey were appointed said committee. Council adjourned.

L. W. DOOLITTLE, Rec.

"See here, mister," said an Irish lad of seven summers, who was driven up a tree by a dog, "if you don't take that dog away, I'll eat up all your apples."

A HUNTRESS.—The Grass Valley (Cal.) Union speaks of a handsome young lady of that town who is a successful shootist. She accompanies her brother on excursions, and "takes a bird on the wing" with a skill equal to a first-class Nimrod. She scorns to shoot at robin or quail as it sits, but always takes them on the wing.

A Chinese pawnbroker has been fined \$50, in San Francisco, for not keeping his books in English.

ALBANY RETAIL MARKET.

Table listing various goods and their prices, including Wheat, Oats, Potatoes, Flour, Butter, Eggs, etc.

NEW TO-DAY.

Lebanon Water Ditch and Manufacturing Company.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the above named Company up to the 10th of April next, from persons to dig or construct a Ditch or Canal sufficient to convey water to Lebanon for manufacturing purposes.

WANTED! 2,000,000 lbs. of Wool, FOR WHICH THE HIGHEST MARKET price will be paid by BEACH & MONTEITH.

C. H. RAFFETY, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, ALBANY, OREGON.

Notice. In the U. S. Land Office at Oregon City, Oregon: To ROBERT CONSTABLE—You are hereby notified that JAMES MILLER has entered at this office the lot 1 of section 12, lots 4, 5, 6 and 7, of section 13, T. 10 S. R. 4 W.; said entry being in conflict with your pre-emption filing for the fractional N. E. 1 of said section 24; that our decision allowing said entry was affirmed by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, under date of January 29th, 1869, and that you will be allowed thirty days from service hereof in which to take an appeal.

Blacksmiths! N. B. JUST ARRIVED, by the steamship Continental, direct from San Francisco, a large lot of Iron and Steel!

ALSO, 40 KEGS of the Heavy Extra Golden Syrup; a large lot of Sugar, and Dry Goods to which the trade—all to be sold for cash or trade, at Living Rates. R. CHEADLE.

HOMESTEAD FOR SALE! THE UNDERSIGNED, wishing to "change his base," offers for sale his fine new two-story Dwelling House, on the corner of Washington and Second streets, together with the old hotel building adjoining, several fine lots, etc.

LOST! \$50.00!! BY NOT BUYING BOOTS AND SHOES KAST & CAHALIN'S Philadelphia Boot Store, No. 112 Front Street, Opposite McCormick's Book Store, Portland, Oregon.

NEW TO-DAY.

NOTICE!

L. E. BLAIN. J. B. YOUNG.

BLAIN & YOUNG, HAVING BOUGHT ALL THE MERCHANDISE OF J. Barrows & Co.,

will continue the business, and they invite all to give them a call. They will be constantly receiving goods from San Francisco, and will keep a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c., &c.

And offer inducements to READY PAY customers. BLAIN & YOUNG.

All persons owing the firm of J. Barrows & Co., will please call and settle. Either member of the firm is authorized to settle any account of the Co. Albany, March 6, 1869-26

New Discovery. CONSUMPTION can be cured by using Dr. J. W. Murray's Lung and Liver Balm, if taken in time. It is a sure remedy for all chronic diseases of this coast and Female complaints so prevalent in this climate.

For Eradicating Pain, INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE OF Dr. J. W. Murray's IMPROVED MAGIC OIL.

It cures Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Gout, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Colic, Croup, Cholera, Pains in the Breast, Felons, Corns and Chilblains. Can be obtained of Druggists generally on this coast, put up in half dollar and dollar bottles.

All orders addressed to Dr. J. W. MURRAY, Portland, Oregon. Medical Depot 106 Front street. See Medicines sent everywhere by Express. March 6, 1869-26

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & RAIL, (Successors to L. B. Benchley & Co.) No. 3 and 5 Front Street, near Market, SAN FRANCISCO, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF American, English and German Hardware & Cutlery

Agricultural and Mining Tools, Rope, Steel, Powder, Fuse, Shot, Lead, Etc., Etc.

-ALSO- Manufacturers and Proprietors of the GERRISH Submerged Double-Acting FORCE PUMPS, Patented by J. A. Morrill, October 29, 1867.

THE CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST, AND MOST DURABLE PUMP IN THE WORLD!

Agents wanted for this coast. County rights for sale. March 6, '69-6m26

NEW VARIETIES OF Seed Potatoes! THE undersigned has, at considerable expense, introduced from New York the leading varieties of Potatoes raised in the Eastern States; and after thoroughly testing them and ascertaining those that are not of good quality, now offers to the public those varieties that have proved superior in quality and productiveness, in full confidence that they will give perfect satisfaction, to-wit:

Early Goodrich. Earliest potato on the coast; good size, white skin, smooth eyes, white flesh, and of good quality; perfectly sound, solid and productive. Packages of 4 lbs for \$1.

Prairie Seedling. Large, flesh-colored, eyes rather deep, flesh white and of the best quality for the table; celebrated for baking; will soil better in this market than any other potato, and very productive. Per bushel, \$4; per peck, \$1 50.

Early Dykeman. Large, early, tolerably good, and well well in market. Per bushel, \$2 50; per peck, \$1.

Cuzco and Pink-Eyed Rustycocot. Per peck, \$1. Garnet, Chili and Prince Albert. Per peck, 75c.

New White Peach Blow. A decided improvement upon the common Peach Blow. Flesh white, mealy, and of excellent quality; highly recommended as a late variety, requiring the whole season to mature fully. Per bushel, \$2 50; per peck, \$1.

Sample packages of four pounds—sent free by mail—for \$1, except the Early Goodrich, which will require 32 cents additional for postage.

A good stock of all kinds of Fruit Trees, of the very best varieties: Plums, Currants, Gooseberry and the best selection of Grape-vines in the State, on hand for sale.

All orders promptly attended to. Address, JOHN A. MILLARD, Albany, Oregon. March 20, '69-28

JOB WORK! OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, at fair prices, neatly executed at the Register office.