

Legal tenders in San Francisco, 73 @ 73 1/2. Gold in New York, 134 1/2.

Grant's official majority in California is between five hundred.

New England gives a Republican majority of 148,500.

The Indians call the Central Pacific trains "a heap of wagon, no boss."

The fare from Portland to Boise City, first class, is \$60; second class, \$35.

It is said that the demand for passage overland is so great, that all seats are engaged to December 1st.

The Democrats of Winterset, Iowa, have elected a negro Justice of the Peace. It is their conception of a joke.

Snow fell to the depth of one foot in Portland, Maine, on Saturday, October 18th, and sleighing was lively.

In the U. S. District Court, Portland, Judge Deady presiding, the case of E. G. Randall, postmaster at Portland, charged with robbing the mail, has been engaged the attention of the court. U. S. Postal Agent, Q. A. Brooks, J. H. Lewis, clerk in Sacramento post-office, and several other P. M.'s were examined in regard to the matter on Tuesday. The case was submitted to the jury Wednesday evening.

H. T. Helmbold, the great patent medicine man, advertised in the New York papers, October 28th, that he would wager one million dollars, in four wagers, of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars each, as follows: 1st, that Grant would not receive a majority of the electoral vote of the United States, or a majority of the votes cast by the people. 2d, that Indiana and Pennsylvania would, in November, go for Seymour and Blair. 3d, that New York State would go for Hoffman, Seymour and Blair. 4th, that Seymour and Blair would be elected President and Vice President of the United States. "A fool and his money is soon parted."

From Madrid, Spain, it is announced officially that the election for Delegates to the Constitutional Cortez will take place on the 15th of December. The Cortez meets on the 1st of January. The Monarchists and Republicans have several large public meetings, paraded the streets with bands of music, and other demonstrations. The Monarchists are largely in the ascendancy, but the Republicans were gaining strength daily. From reports a lively canvass will be had.

Telegrams from the East state that some of the Southern Governors are going after the Ku-Kluxers, with the determination of breaking up the organizations, or declaring martial law. Since the result of the election has become generally known, murder has become much less frequent in the South.

It is due to the purity of the ballot-box that the outrageous naturalization frauds perpetrated in New York city be ferited out, and the scoundrels who instigated them be punished. Hanging is not too severe for the scamps who turned out voters there for weeks like sausages from a machine, says the Marysville (Cal.) Appeal.

The Portland Herald, Beriah Brown's paper, was sold by the Sheriff on Wednesday last in that city, and was bought by the judgment creditor for \$3,000—something less than half the amount of his judgment. It is announced that there will be no immediate change in the editorial management.

Active preparations are being made for a great Soldiers' Reunion at Chicago, Dec. 15th. Gen. Sherman will deliver the address of freedom. Gens. Thomas, Sheridan, Slocum, Schofield and others will be present on the occasion.

The Princess Kozlosky, a beautiful Russian lady, has opened a cigar store in Moscow. Her father having lost his fortune, the nobles of Moscow offered them 2,000 roubles a year, but she prefers to make her own living.

A telegram dated Peoria, Illinois, October 23d, says: "The Democracy had a big time here to-day, with much noise, yelling and fanfare. Frank Blair, Sam. Cary and General McClelland were here. Blair spoke about half an hour and stopped abruptly, frequently stopped during his speech. He was obliged to be supported by those around him, and did finally fall or stumble on the stand. A nice man for Vice President, wasn't he?"

The vote of Chicago stands: Grant, 22,420; Seymour, 17,250. In 1864, Lincoln, 14,575; McClellen, 12,724. This comparison shows the wonderful growth of Chicago as a city, and also a very large comparative increase of the Republican majority.

NATURALIZATION.

It is thought that the next Congress will make some changes in the naturalization laws. The attention of the whole country has been drawn to the manner in which the manufacture of citizens has been carried on in the great metropolis of the nation, New York city, for the past few years. She attracts the greater attention because of the wholesale character of her business. No honest man of either party but condemns the wicked frauds that are annually perpetrated, not only in New York, but in all our large cities. If the naturalization laws now on our statute books were honestly administered, there would be no necessity or wish for a change by the majority of our people. But it is notorious, and cannot be successfully denied, that they are not so administered, and hence the agitation of the question at this time.

The New York Tribune commits itself to what might be called radical changes. It proposes to take naturalization from the State courts and give it to the Federal; to extend suffrage, in eighteen months residence, to all who will make oath that they are and intend to remain citizens of the United States, and that they have committed no crime other than treason or rebellion, and that they give true allegiance to the Constitution and the laws. Frauds can be committed before Federal courts as easily as in the State courts, and an eighteen months test is too much or too little. If there is a change made, it should be for the better and not for the worse.

The Marysville Appeal, in remarking on this subject, has the following:

We think the people would be pleased to see a change, but not for the worse. They would favor a law making an intelligent test something like this: Every foreigner who can read the Constitution, and sign his name to a declaration of intention, shall be admitted to citizenship, and be entitled to franchise rights in any State on acquiring the time of residence required of every qualified voter. Such a law would hold out no inducements to parties to perpetrate fraud, witnesses to commit perjury, and judges to stain the crumple of the bench. It would give the most intelligent foreigners the right of suffrage immediately, and stimulate the ignorant to fit themselves for the same privilege. We do not think any one can say this proposition smacks of Know Nothingism. If it points any way the index holds out towards a Know Nothing party.

Congress will undoubtedly make some changes in our naturalization laws. Something must be done to stay the frauds committed under the old law. We cannot go back and lengthen the time requisite to acquire citizenship, but we think that it is incumbent upon the people of the Republic, who desire to see it successful over the aristocratic governments of Europe, to see that it is not overwhelmed by the desperation of rival parties in acquiring new votes. Were it possible to obtain an intelligent test for all, native as well as naturalized, we believe much good would come—if not at present, surely in the future. Our government cannot survive a yearly flood of ignorance, fortified by religious superstition. It being true that a Republican government cannot be maintained only by an intelligent people, it behooves all to keep in view the great principle equal with that which ensures life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

SHOULD NOT GRUMBLE.—The following remarks from the S. F. Alta, are quite as applicable to Oregon as to California: Whoever else may grumble about the heavy expenditures of the Federal Government, Californians should keep still. Their mouths ought to be closed. Congress gives ten dollars to California for every one that it takes. It has given about 60,000,000 acres of land to the Pacific Railroad, loaned \$60,000,000 for thirty years to the Middle Pacific Road, offered 100,000,000 acres of land on this coast as a free gift to homestead settlers, established steamer lines to China and Honolulu, and gave the mines to the people in possession of them. Is it not rather steep in the recipients of all these favors to howl about the extravagance of Congress and about the evils of Radical rule?

The morning after election the Virginian (Nev.) Safeguard, a Democratic journal, said: There is no use disguising the fact that we are beaten in this county worse than we ever were before. In the darkest days of the rebellion the Democracy never sustained as bad a defeat as they did at the polls yesterday.

Edwin M. Stanton and John Lothrop Motley are the principal names mentioned for the head of the Department of State under the coming Administration. Robert E. Lee has a Bible class of 150 members in his College. He should select some Bible precepts against perjurers, and enforce them by illustrations drawn from his own conduct. Louisa Muhlach's daughter, an actress in Berlin, was recently bisped on the stage. She sat down and cried, when the audience good-naturedly dried her tears by substituting applause for hisses. A person named Porter, being very drunk, a friend asked him what he had been about. "Only turning a little gin into Porter," replied he.

"FIGURATIVE" GAINS.—Sufficient official returns have been received from the coast of Oregon, of which we are whom, to make it evident that quite a number of staunch Seymour and Blair men are "gone in" on all the thousand majority wagers on this State; and that even one hundred majority wouldn't have much show to win—and this is about all that is certain with regard to the figures. We are inclined to believe that it was pretty generally known throughout the State, that Seymour and Blair were the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President, and that the untrifled went to the polls on the 3d, and flung in their votes, perfectly reckless as to the probable cost, although there are instances on record, where parties who were wedded to the "time-honored principles" didn't get to the polls until the next day, owing to the amount of befuddlement taken into their "alimentary canals" the day previous. These little befuddlements on the part of about eleven hundred of the "unwashed" only prove (according to Feeble Brown and his satellites), that the party that runs the Legislature has increased unprecedentedly since June, and that at the same ratio of increase, in yearly installments, the Black Republicans will not be able to carry Oregon for Grant, or any other man they may nominate, by much over four or five thousand votes, in 1872. This thought is very consoling to those who ventured and lost several two dollar gold and a half pieces, on the assurance of these Democratic ink-slingers, that Oregon would give Seymour and Blair fifteen hundred majority; and it encourages these self same ink-slingers to renew the battle against the "bloody abolitionists," assured by the result of the late election, of a "bright and glorious future for Democracy." What a luxury it is to be always on the winning side—some sides! What happy and contented dispositions! What unanimity in figures! All gains and no losses; and yet these "bloody minded, aristocratic mongrels," insist on "taking in" the stakes. Their figures (these "mongrels") are undoubtedly wrong, radically wrong, but they can't be made to "see it in that light." Well, now we feel like hurrahing for such unprecedented Democratic gains, and we hope they will meet just such "gains" forevermore. And while the valiant ink-slinger is "preparing," like the hero of Chickahominy, to give his most "terrible blows in the dark hour of defeat," let the brethren sing that stirring melody, a fit accompaniment to the "heavy leader":

"Hark from the tombs a doleful sound!"

The Gold Hill News is responsible for the following: "Some one has estimated the population of the world at 1,350,200,000. Of that number the Democrats have about 1,347,000,000 to colonize here, yet they lost Pennsylvania by a handsome majority."

STATE ITEMS.

The several Old Fellows Lodges of Portland have determined to build a large and commodious hall, on the corner of Alder and First streets, for the general use of the order. Work will be commenced on the building early in the spring.

The following romance, in the deer killing line, is from the Oregonian: Messrs. Jones, Button, Col. West and Quimby, armed and equipped with guns, dogs, etc., went into the mountains in quest of deer meat a few days since. Jones, in his peregrinations through the woods, came across a deer; deer and Jones mutually astonished. Jones, however, less astonished, drew a bead on deer and let flicker. This only added to the astonishment of his deer, and the animal turned to leave the presence, but was so overcome with bashful timidity at this unlooked for introduction, that its neck was broken on the turn. Others of the party came up, and after a careful examination, were unable to find a bullet hole, or even a scratch, to account for this neck-breaking on the part of the deer. It seems to be a case of klons.

The Unionist reports the robbery of Mr. Hendrick's store, at Wheatland, on the night of the 23d. A quantity of clothing was taken. The thief effected an entrance with a bar of iron obtained at a blacksmith shop. The safe was tampered with, but was not opened. Says the same paper, under date of 25th: The Grand Jury yesterday indicted Thos. Greenwood, familiarly known as "Dixie," for an assault with intent to kill Jas. Coffee. The prisoner was arraigned and plead "not guilty." The trial was set for this morniz at nine o'clock. Powell attorney for the State, and Bonham & Lawson for the defense.

On Monday evening while the P. T. Co's steamer Albany, it is learned from a passenger, was grounded on the Mathey's bar about 14 miles below Salem, the opposition steamer, Success, steamed up by the side of the Albany and grounded also. She immediately reversed her machinery and started to back out. In doing which the prow of the Success came in contact with the wheel of the Albany, which was in motion. The result was the break-up of about one-third of the wheel. The boats finally got over; the Albany lay at Wheatland over night,

where the wheel was temporarily mended. The boat will be laid up for a few days.

Mrs. A. L. Grubbs, for several years a teacher in the Willamette University, has resigned her situation in the institution. With her resignation the school has lost a preceptress which it will be difficult to replace.

County Court has levied a county tax of 5 1/2 mills on the dollar, on all taxable property in this county. The State, School and County tax, this year, amounts to 14 1/2 mills on the dollar.

A horse belonging to Mr. Jackson Barton, of Lewis county, was smothered to death on Wednesday night in a peculiar manner. The animal was tied by a halter, in a stall at the stable of Charles Grainger, which, by some means, got across his nose, frightened him, causing him to pull the halter, drawing the halter so tightly across the nostrils as to entirely stop his breathing. He was a stubborn animal, and he hung on to the halter till it killed him.

The Roseburg Ensign gets off the following good one:

The following was told to us for a fact, and we do not doubt it. There was a citizen in one of the precincts of this county, who could not read—a Democrat of course. It was agreed by both parties, to let him alone on election day, and not read his ticket for him. After a while he concluded that the ticket with a picture of a flag on it was the Democratic ticket, and he would vote it anyhow, because he could see the "picture" and handed it in. One of the Judges asked if that was the ticket he intended to vote, and received an emphatic answer "that the ticket he handed in was the ticket he voted." He did not find out his mistake until the polls were closed, and his vote stands recorded for Grant and Colfax, an act he should be proud of even if it was a mistake.

Five Indians, arrested near Roseburg, accused of stealing two horses near Eugene City, had made their escape from the custody of deputy sheriff Miller of Lane county.

The Ensign says that the rich surface diggings, known as the Randolph Claim, in Coos county, are attracting considerable attention. There are at present three wealthy companies organized and at work, with great profit. Streaks of sand have been found, so rich in the precious metal that one man could take out \$40 to \$50 per day.

From a Dallas Signal extra, dated 24th, we learn that Thos. Smith and Wm. E. Glaze were badly wounded, on morning of the 23d. Thos. Smith, brother of Sheriff Smith, of Polk county, and Mr. Glaze had been deputized to take Chas. Sutton, sentenced to penitentiary for the term of five years, for house-breaking, etc. On the morning mentioned, as they were awaiting the approach of the Sheriff with his prisoner, standing in the rear of the vehicle prepared to convey them to the prison at Salem, a shot gun, loaded with twenty-four buckshot, was accidentally discharged, the shot going entirely through the "tail board" of the wagon, and taking effect in the bodies and limbs of Messrs. Smith and Glaze. Glaze was wounded in the shoulder thigh and abdomen, and is in a critical condition. Smith was hit in various places about the body, head and arms, one shot passing through his right arm, fracturing the bone and lodging in the opposite side. His wounds are not deemed serious. Drs. Sites and McAfee were to make an effort to extract the bullets from the shoulder and abdomen of the unfortunate Glaze, Wednesday last.

Mrs. Hubbard, says the Signal of the 24th, who has lingered in great agony for near three weeks from the effects of the burns she received from her clothes taking fire, and who was brought to this place soon after the occurrence of the accident for the greater convenience of medical treatment, expired last night between eight and nine o'clock. The body will be removed to Bridgeport to day for interment. Deceased endured her protracted and intense suffering with great fortitude throughout. The location and nature of her injuries made it necessary for her to lie on her face during the trying period of her illness, which must have contributed materially to the aggravation of her distress.

Telegraphic Summary.

The total vote of Connecticut is 98,947 of which Grant received 50,995; Seymour, 42,952. The town of Brooklyn, which gave Grant 109 majority, failed to return its vote to the office of the Secretary of State, leaving out this town Grant's official majority is 7,984.

On the night of the eighteenth a fire broke out in the Central Lunatic Asylum, at Columbus, Ohio, and before they could be removed, several patients were burned to death.

Gov. Holden's message shows that the tax ad valorem on the property of the State would pay the interest on the State debt. He recommends such a levy and to advertise various internal improvements. He congratulates the State upon the suppression of the rebellion; upon the reconstruction, on a basis of suffrage for all, upon the election of Grant.

Specials say that Secretary Seward pronounces, as an entire fabrication, the statement that the British Government agreed to withdraw her joint occupancy of the Island of San Juan.

The State Deputy has received no intelligence which would subject the conduct of Minister Washburn to censure. On the contrary the Standard, a leading English Journal at Bains Ayres, finally defends his conduct as governed by the highest considerations of courage and humanity.

Grant's official majority in Illinois is 51,150. Total vote of the State 450,000. Grant's official majority in South Carolina is 79. The Mercury has been discontinued.

shire is 7,153. Proposition for calling a Constitutional Convention was defeated by 1,572 votes.

Government officials have been unable to discover any evidence that there is a filibustering movement against Cuba. Several individuals who have been mentioned in connection with affairs of State, say that the story is an entire fabrication.

It is said that immediately on receiving Minister Washburn's report on his transactions in Paraguay, it was decided land effective instructions were given to the new Minister, Gen. McMahon, who, with Rear Admiral Davis, is in readiness to proceed, with an adequate naval force, to assist to vindicate the national honor, and to redress the wrongs said to have been committed by Lopez upon American citizens.

Judges Harland and Wescott, of the Supreme Court, ordered a rule nisi returnable on Tuesday next, calling on Lieut. Gov. Gleason to show cause why a writ of quo warranto should not be issued on application. The Time's brings the whole case before the Supreme Court.

The Augusta (Ga.) Republican has reports purporting to be detailed accounts of Ku Klux outrages in Warren and adjoining counties. It says negroes were intimidated from voting the Republican ticket.

The official vote from all counties in the State of New York, except Kings county, which is reported, shows Seymour's majority to be 9,458.

Grant's official majority in Minnesota is 15,440. Majority for negro suffrage is 9,416.

A dispatch from Alabama says that Grant's majority will reach 4,000.

Negro Suffrage is defeated in Missouri by 18,000.

The Senatorial fight in Minnesota is highly exciting. Wilkinson will have some strength, and may secure his election.

From Florida, under date of the 18th, we have the following: Lieut. Gov. Gleason has issued a proclamation, setting forth that the government has recognized both branches of the Legislature, by transacting business with them; that the Constitution declares any officer, when impeached, shall be deemed under arrest, and disqualified from discharging any duties of his office till acquitted by the Senate. He further proclaims the order that Harrison Reed, Governor of Florida, is deemed by the constitution under arrest; he is disqualified from performing the duties of his office until acquitted by the Senate; his powers have devolved on him by the constitution to put down lawlessness, and anarchy will inevitably ensue if a man when impeached, however elected to his station, refuses submission to arrest imposed by the constitution. The document is signed by W. H. Gleason, Lieut. Gov., Acting Governor, and countersigned by Geo. Alden, Secretary of State. It bears the impression of the seal of State. Gov. Reed has also a State seal, said to be a duplicate of the original.

Gov. Reed arrogates to himself the right to pronounce impeachment void, and proceeds in office as though no impeachment had been proffered.

A New York telegram of the 21st says: Stories are afloat which seem authoritative, that Vanderbilt and the English stockholders in the Erie Company have been using the cable for a week past in the interest of a new colossal combination of stockholders to send an agent here with all their proxies and Vanderbilt and other shareholders in this county to get possession of the Erie Railroad and also to consolidate the Atlantic and Great Western with the Erie and secure a monopoly of the New Jersey Central Railroad Company as well as a controlling interest in the Pennsylvania Central, making such a monopoly with the Hudson River, Harlem and New York Central, already in the hands of Vanderbilt, as has never been known on this continent.

Vanderbilt claims that he can raise here and abroad over one hundred millions for the purpose. He has in project this step; he long contemplated and has been induced by the efforts of Jay Cooke & Co. to get possession of the New York Central. He holds that his safety and the public interest demand this, though all who know him are aware of his acting entirely for his own interest. Such is the substance of reports in Wall street. A movement of a concerted character is being made to demand an official statement of the affairs of the Erie Company, with an official Register of all shares issued not complied with. Both board brokers will take off the Erie from their list.

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of J. LEVY, Bankrupt, must settle their said indebtedness on or before the 15th day of December next, at the office of Powell & Flinn, in Albany, Oregon, with whom all books, notes and accounts of said estate are left for settlement, or suit will be brought against them in the United States District Court, at Portland, Oregon.

L. GOODMAN, Assignee in Bankruptcy. Albany, Oregon, Nov. 21, 1868-12w5

Executor's Notice.

Estate of M. W. Mack, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Executors of the above estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to present the same, with necessary vouchers, within six months from date of this notice, to the undersigned at Albany, Oregon.

DAVID FROMAN, FRANCES L. MACK, Executors. Nov. 21, 1868-12w6

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Robert Zuel, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Executors of the above estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to present the same, with necessary vouchers, within six months from date of this notice to the undersigned at Albany, Oregon.

WALTER MONTEITH, SAM'L H. ALTHOUSE, Executors. Nov. 23, 1868-12w6

Executor's Notice.

Estate of Robert Zuel, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given by the undersigned, Executors of the above estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to present the same, with necessary vouchers, within six months from date of this notice to the undersigned at Albany, Oregon.

WALTER MONTEITH, SAM'L H. ALTHOUSE, Executors. Nov. 23, 1868-12w6

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned at the November term of the County Court of Linn county, was appointed Administratrix of the estate of J. H. Lines, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, duly verified to the undersigned, at her residence, within six months from the date hereof.

MARTHA M. LINES, Administratrix. Nov. 21, 1868-12w4

Linn County Teachers' Institute.

WILL hold its seventh semi-annual session at Brownsville, commencing on December 24th, 1868.

The following branches are expected to be introduced by the following named teachers: Grammar—R. N. Thompson and A. J. Olin. Reading—J. V. Crawford. Practical Arithmetic—Mrs. Orlina Bradshaw. Penmanship—Mr. Bradshaw. Mental Arithmetic—Patur Weigle and Henderson.

Algebra—Jas. Dennison. Geography—N. Hendry. Family Government: Its Influence on School Government—A. E. Ellis. Orthography—W. H. Amidon. Lectures may be expected.

HENDRY, W. H. AMIDON, Committee. Nov. 28, 1868-12w4

FURNING. - - TURNING.



I AM PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF TURNING! I take on hand and make to order RAWHIDE-BOTTOMED CHAIRS, - - -

Spinning Wheels. Shop near the "Magnolia Mills." JOHN M. METZLER Albany, Nov. 28, 1868-12

F. W. SPINK. A. CAROTHERS.

P. W. SPINK & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO M. W. MACK.) Dealers in

Tin, Sheet-Iron, Copperware,

- - - - - STOVES!

First, between Washington & Ferry-sts. ALBANY, OREGON.

THE undersigned having purchased the stock

formerly owned by M. W. Mack, and having made large additions thereto, now offer to the public the fullest and completest assortment of first-class goods in our line, yet offered in this market, consisting of

PARLOR, BOX, HALL, ... and ... COOKING STOVES,

of the following patterns: Duck, Black Knight, Golden Gate, Heavy Clay, New Nation, Buckeye State, &c., &c., &c.

from the best manufacturers, which are offering at lowest rates.

Also, a large stock of French Saucepans, Larders & Skimmers, Iron, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Iron Tea-kettles and Ovens, Iron and Lead Pipes, Force & Lift Pumps, and a full assortment of

COWAN'S PITCHER PUMPS!

We will continue to keep on hand a large stock of

NO. 1 TIN WARE!

which we will dispose of to dealers at the lowest market rates.

We are better prepared than ever to do all kinds of

REPAIRING!

in a neat and workmanlike manner at short notice.

Persons from the country will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as our facilities for manufacturing enable us to give a liberal discount. Terms—Cash, or marketable Produce. P. W. SPINK & CO. Nov. 28, '68-12

POSITIVELY

SELLING AT COST!

THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY give notice to the public in general, that they will sell their

WELL SELECTED STOCK

- - - - - DRY GOODS!

Boots & Shoes!

CLOTHING!

- - - - - GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

from and after this date

AT COST!

Those desiring to make purchases will do well to

Call Immediately!

as we desire to close out

Our Entire Stock!

on the above terms,

FOR CASH!

OR MERCHANDISE PRODUCE!

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned, are requested to come forward without delay, and settle their indebtedness, as we are determined to close our mercantile business, and collect our dues.

W. W. PARRISH & CO. Albany, Nov. 28, 1868-12