WILSON'S SERVICE TO AMERICA'S FARMERS

Remarkable Record Set Forth in Letter by the President on Signing Bill.

NEW LAWS; NEW OUTLOOK

Farm Loan Act, Federal Reserve Bank, Provisions for Warehouse and Marreting Facilities Are Part of Program Executed by Democrats.

No administration has ever done so much to advance the agriculture intermin of the United States as that of President Wilson. The record is set forth chiefly and effectively in a letter written by the President to Congressman A. F. Lever, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives, as follows:

THE WHITE HOUSE. Washington.

August 11, 1916.

My dear Mr. Lever:

it has given me much satisfaction pprove today the bill making aplations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes, because the bill not only makes very generous provision for the improvement of farm production in the nation and for investigations and demonstrations in the field of the marketing of farm crops and of the organization of cural life, but also contains three well conceived measures designed to Improve market practices and the storand financing of staple crops. As the passage of this bill marks the practical completion of an important part of the program for the betterment of rural life which was mapped out at the beginning of the administration I feel that I cannot let the occasion pass without conveying to you and your associates in both houses my appreciation of the service rendered to the nation in strengthening

its great agricultural foundations. The record, legislative as well as administrative, is a remarkable one. It speaks for itself and needs only to set forth.

1. Appreciation of the importance of agriculture has been shown through greatly and intelligently increased appropriations for its support.

2. Particular pains have been taken to forcer production by every promising means, and careful thought has been given especially to the matter of increasing the meat supply of the nation.

Greatly increased provision has

been made, through the enactment of the Co-operative Agricultural Extension Act, for conveying agricultural information to farmers and for inducing them to apply it. This piece of legislation is one of the most significant and far reaching measures for the education of adults ever adopted by any government. It provides for co-operation between the States and Federal Government. This is a highly important and significant prin-When the Act is in full operation there will be expended annually under its terms, from Federal and State sources alone, a total of over \$8,-800 000 in the direct education of the farmer; and this amount is being and will be increasingly supplemented by contributions from local sources. will permit the placing in each of the 2,850 rural counties of the nation two farm demonstrators and specialists who will assist the demonstrators in the more difficult problems confronting them

4. Systematic provision for the first time has been made for the solution of problems in that important half of agriculture which concerns distribution marketing, rural finance, and rural organization.

5. Provision was made promptly for the creation of an Office of Markets and Rural Organization and the appropriations for this Office, including those for enforcing new laws designed to promote better marketing. have been increased to \$1,200,000. The more difficult problems of marketing are being investigated and plans are in operation for furnishing assistance market news service. A similar service for five stock interests will be inaugurated during the year.

6. The problems of securing the uniform grading of staple crops, of regulating dealings and traffic in them, or developing a better system of warehouses, and of providing more available collateral for farm loans has been successfully dealt with.

i. Under the Cotton Futures Act standards for cotton have been established the operations of the futures exchanges have been put under supervision, and the sale of cotton has been pinced on a firmer basis,

N. The United States Grain Standards Art will secure uniformity in the grading of grain, enable the farmer to obtain fairer prices for his product, and afford him an incentive to raise better rades of grain.

9, The United States Warehouse Act will enable the Department of Agriculture to ticense bonded warehouses in the various states. It will lend to the development of better storage facilities for staple crops and will make possible the issuance of reliable warehouse receipts which will be wide-ly and easily negotiable.

10. Or no less importance for agriculture and for the national develop-

ment in the Federal Aid Ross Act. This meliture will conduce to 'as ostabilahment of more effective lighway paschinery in each state, strongly influence the development of good oad building along right times, stimulate larger production and better marketing, promote a fuller and more attractive rural life, add greatly to the convenience and economic welfare of all the people and strengthen the national foundations. The Act embodies sound principles of road legislation and will safeguard the expenditure of the funds arising under the Act not only, but will also result in the more efficient use of the large additional sums made available by States and tocalities,

11. The Federal Reserve Act benefits the farmer, as it does all the other people of the nation, by guaranteeing better banking, safeguarding the cred-It structure of the country, and preventing panies. It takes particular note of the special needs of the farmer by making larger provision for ionns through national banks on farm mortgages and by giving farm paper a maturity period of six months.

12. It was cocential, however, that banking machinery be devised which would reach intimately into the rural districts, that it should operate on terms suited to the farmer's needs, and should be under sympathetic management. The need was for machinery which would introduce business methods into farm finance, bring order out of chaos, reduce the cost of handling farm loans, place upon the market mortgages which would be a safe investment for private funds, attract into agricultural operations a fair share of the capital of the nation, and lead to a reduction of interest. These needs and these ideals have been met by the enactment of the Federal Farm Loan Act.

I am glad to have had an opportunity to take part in the execution of this large program, which, I believe, will result in making agriculture more profitable and country life more confrontable, and attractive, and, therefore, insure the retention in rural districts of an efficient and contented population. Falthfully yours.

WOODROW WILSON. Hon. A. F. Lever, Chairman, Committee on Agriculture, House of Representatives.

WILSON A PROGRESSIVE BEFORE PARTY WAS BORN

Eighteen months before the birth of the Progressive Party, Woodrow Wilson, then Governor of New Jersey, gave this definition of a Progressive and so classified himself in an address before the Kansas Society of New York, January 29, 1911

"By 'Radical' I understand one who goes too far; by 'Conservative' one who does not go far enough; by 'Reactionary' one who won't go at all. I suppose I must be a Progressive, which I take to be one who insists on recognizing new facts, adjusting policies to facts and circumstances as they arise."

Under Democratic influences during the six-year period since standpatism was overthrown in the House of Representatives in 1910, ninety per cent of the program of reform advocated by the Progressive Party has been enacted into law. "Invisible povernment," which is now mak ing desperate efforts to "come back," has been driven from power under President Wilson's administration and will have no place in Washington so long as he is in the White House.

MEXICO IS COMING BACK.

Out Its Own Destiny.

come from Mexico, and the tirades of President Wilson's critics grow tamer all the while. Mexico has seen much misfortune, has borne many trials, has experienced many tragedies but there is a buoyancy to the present situation that gives cheer to friends of that long-suffering republic.

Americans, coming from that country, bring optimistic assurances. They declare that there is much better goverament there than for many years, to producers of perishables through a that Carranza money is increasing in value, that business is picking up and

publican newspaper, which usually criticises everything President Wilson does, is compelled to recognize the facts, telegraphed from San Antonio, Texas, by William G. Shepherd, war correspondent of the United Press, who has been one of the keenest observers of conditions both in Europe and Mexico. Mr. Shepherd, back from a long service abroad, was sent recently to the Mexican border. After a careful survey he reported concluslons which the Sun displays under the heading: "Mexico Coming Back; Business Grows Brisk-Confidence in Carranza Increases and Things Look

Mexico is coming back. It's not dend rubber nation; it's got a gaining in value and business to

O. Donelson BRAND

UNDERTAKER

Calls attended night or day. Chapel and Parlors.

Hills boro, Oregon



Its tempting fragrance invites you and its delicious flavor braces YOU UP!

Golden West Coffee is "Just Right"



A little summer now and then is relished by the fattest men".

Percy Long Hillsboro, Oregon

308 X YES IS A VOTE

FOR YOUR CHILDREN

ONE NORMAL NOT ENOUGH

is located at Monmouth. Excellent as is the work of this school it is utterly unable to supply but a

small part of the need for trained tenchers for the State.

Of more than 6,000 school teachers in the public schools f Oregon, but 13 per cent have been trained for their rofession of teaching in Normal Schools.

It is a well established fact that our one Normal

School cannot supply the needs of the entire state.

That is why we ask for your work and vote for the proposed Eastern Oregon State Normal School at

GIVE EASTERN OREGON SQUARE DEAL

Eight counties in the Williamette Valley have employed uring the past five years, 203 teachers who have graduated from the Monmouth Normal as against 39 Monmouth lormal School graduates for the eight leading counties f Eastern Oregon.

of Eastern Oregon.

During the past five years the attendance of students from nine Williamette Valley counties was 877 students as against \$1 students from nine of the leading counties of Eastern Oregon.

Owing to the crowded condition of our one Normal

at Monmouth and also the distance and expense of attending, students from Eastern Oregon are com-

ONLY COSTS 4 CENTS PER \$1,000

The annual maintenance cost of the proposed State Normal School in Eastern Oregon amounts to but one 25th of a mill or 4 cents on a thousand dollars of taxable property, lant it worth this to have your children trained to become useful and productive citizens?

STRONG ENDORSEMENTS

are Governor Withycombe, J. H. Ackerman, President of the Monmouth State Normal; W. J. Kerr,

Campbell, President of the State University; Robert

and practically all of the leading educators of the

struction, voices the sentiments of those who are

most familiar with the need of more adequate Normal

facilities when he says:
"Oregon's greatest need for its rural achools is the
teacher who has had full preparation to do her work.
Such preparation can best come through Normal School

Such preparation can best come through sound in raising training.

"I trust that the voters of the state will assist in raising the standard of our schools by establishing a State Normal School at Pendiston. The location is central, the interest of the people of Pendicton in education most excellent, and the large number of pipils in the public schools will give ample opportunity to students to get the amount of teaching practice required in a standard normal school."

All the above educators insist that a Standard Normal School must be located in a town of 5000

Normal School must be located in a town of 5000

or more population and having enough grade pupils

VOTE RIGHT

By voting YES for No. 308 you will help to give to the school children of Oregon the same advantages enjoyed by the school children of our neighboring states. Vote YES for No. 308.

Eastern Oregon State Normal School Committee

By J. H. Gwinn, Secy., Pendleton, Ore.

French, former President of the Weston Normal,

J. A. Churchill, Superintendent of Public In-

President of the Oregon Agricultural College;

Among those who strongly endorse the establishment of the proposed Eastern Oregon Normal School

training as teachers.

for teaching practice.

(Paid advertisement)

Oregon has but one Normal School This school

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY ON FORECLOSURE

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution duty issued out of the Court of the United States (or the Out Court of the States of the States (or the States of th Notice is hereby given that by virtua then we paralist with the usua, subdivision into Nor h. 83 rods; thence West 14 rods; thence South 80 rods; thence Kast 14 rods; thence South 80 rods; thence Kast 14 rods; to place of beginning, containing seven acres of land in Washington county, State of Oregon, together with all the ten ments hereditaments and appurtentions. ances there and belonging or in any wise appertaining Said sain being made subject to codemption in the manner provided by

Dated this 6th day of September, 196.

J. E. REEVER,
Sheriff of Washington County, Oregon.

By Geo. Alexander, Deputy,

Money to loan at 51 per cent. Monthly payments.-E. M. Calef, Hillsboro, Ore. 24-tf

MASTER'S SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN. that pursuant to the directions of decree rendered in the Distri-

Section Sixteen (16)
The West Half (W½) and
The Southeast Quarter (SE½).
IN TOWNSHIP ONE (1) SOUTH,
RANGE SIX (6) WEST. Section Two (2)
Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3)
and Four (4), or the North Half of
the North Half (N½ of N½).

Section Four (4) Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3), Four (4), Five (5), Six (6), Eleven (11) and Twelve (12) and The Southwest Quarter (SW1/2).

LANDS IN TILLAMOOK COUN TY, OREGON.
IN TOWNSHIP ONE (1) NORTH RANGE SEVEN (7) WEST.

Section Three (3) The South Half of the Northwest Puarter (S) of NW (4) and Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or the North Half of the Northwest Quarter (N½ of NW%). Section Four (4)

Lots One (1) and Two (2), or the North Half of the Northeast Quart-1/2 of NE 1/4). The timber on the Southeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (SE4 of NE4).

The timber on the North Half of the Southeast Quarter (N% of SEW), and The timber on the Southeast Quartof the Southeast Quarter (SE%

of SE%). of SE%).

Section Nine (9)

The West Half of the Northeast Quarter (W% of NE%), and

The East Half of the Northwest Ouarter (E% of NW%).

IN TOWNSHIP TWO (2) NORTH,

RANGE SEVEN (7) WEST.

Section One (1) The South Half of the Northwest Quarter (S½ of NW¼), and Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or the North Half of the Northwest Quarter (N14 of NW 14).

Section Three (3) The South Half of the Northwest Quarter (S¹/₂ of NW¹/₄).

The Southeast Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SE³/₄ of SW³/₄).

The North Half of the Southwest Quarter (N% of SW%). The Southeast Quarter

Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or the North Half of the Northwest Quarter (N% of NW%).

Section Four (4) The Southeast Quarter of the outheast Quarter (SE¼ of SE¼). The West Half of the Southeast Quarter (W % of SE %). The Southwest Quarter

Lot One (1), or the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (NE% of NE%). Section Five (5)
The East Half of the Southeast Quarter (E1/2 of SE1/4).

Section Seven (7) The South Half of the Northeast Quarter (S1/2 of NE1/4) The Southeast Quarter (SE%), The East Half of the Southwest

Quarter (E½ of SW¼),
The Southeast Quarter of the
Northwest Quarter (SE¼ of NW¼),
and Lots Three(3) and Four (4),
or the West Half of the Southwest
Quarter (W½ of SW¼).

Section Eight (8)
The Northeast Quarter of the
Northeast Quarter (NE14 of NE14). The South Half (S½), and The South Half of the North Half (S% of N%).

Section Nine (9)
The West Half (W½),
The Northeast Quarter (NE¼),
The West Half of the Southeas Quarter (W½ of SE¼, and The Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (SE¼ of SE¼). Section Ten (16)
The Southeast Quarter of the
Northwest Quarter (SE¼ of NW¼),
and The South Half (S½).

Section Eleven (11) All of the Section.

All of the Section.

Section Fourteen (14)
The South Half of the Southwest Quarter (8½ of SW½).

Section Fifteen (15)
The East Half of the Southeast Quarter (E½ of SE¼).
The West Half of the Southwest Quarter (W½ of SW¼), and
The North Half (N½).

Section Seventeen (17)
The South Half (8½), and
The North Half of the North Half (N½ of N½).

(N% of N%). The East Half of the West Half

(E½ of W½), Lot Two (2), or the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SW¼ of NW¼), and (SW¼ of NW¼), and
Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or
the West Half of the Southwest
Quarter (W½ of SW¼).
Section Nineteen (19)
The Northeast Quarter (NE¼),
The East Half of the Southeast
Quarter (E½ of SE¼),
The Southeast Quarter of the
Northwast Quarter (SE¼ of NW¼)

Northwest Quarter (SE% of NW%)

The Southeast Quarter (SE%),
The East Half of the Northeast
Quarter (E½ of NE%),
The East Half of the Southwest

The East Half of the Southwest Quarter (E½ of SW¼),
The Southeast Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SE¼ of NW¼)
Lot Two (2), or the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SW¼ of NW¼), and
Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or the West Half of the Southwest Quarter (W½ of SW¼).
Section Thirty-one (31)
The Southeast Quarter (SE¼).

(E½ of W½), and
Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3),
and Four (4), or the West Half of
the West Half (W½ of W½).
Section Thirty-two (32) The Southeast Quarter

The West Half (W1/4). Section Thirty-three (33) The East Half (E%), The Northwest Quarter (NW%) The North Half of the Southwest Quarter (N 1/2 of SW 1/4). Section Thirty-four (34)

The West Half (W1/2), The Southeast Quarter (SE%) The West Half of the Northeast Quarter (W½ of NE%). Section Thirty-five (35) The West Half of the West Half

(W½ of W½). IN TOWNSHIP TWO (2) NORTH, RANGE EIGHT (8) WEST. Section Thirteen (13) The Southeast Quarter (SE 4). Section Twenty-three (23) The Southeast Quarter (SE%). Section Twenty-four (24)

The North Half (N%), The West Half of the Southeast Quarter (W% of SE%), and The Southwest Quarter (SW 1/4). Section Twenty-five (25) The Southeas Quarter

The North Half (N%). Section Twenty-six (26)
The North Half of the Northeast Quarter (N½ of NW¼).

Section Two (2)

The South Half of the South Half (S½ of S½).

The South Half of the North Half (S½ of N½).

The South Half of the North Half (S½ of N½), and

Lots One (1), Two (2), Three (3)
and Four (4), or the North Half of the Northeast Quarter (NE¼ of NW¼), and the North Half (N½ of N½).

Section Twenty-six (26)

The North Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (NE¼ of NW¼), and The Southeast Quarter (SE¼).

Section Twenty-six (26)

The North Half of the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (NE¾ of NW¼), and The Southeast Quarter (SE¼).

Section Twenty-seven (27) The Southwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (SW¼ of NE¼), The East Half of the Southwest Quarter (E½ of SW¼), The Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW¼ of SW like) and

14), and The Northwest Quarter (NW4) Section Twenty-eight (28) All of the Section. Section Twenty-nine (29) All of the Section.

All of the Section.

Section Thirty (36)

The West Half of the East Half (W½ of E½),

The East Half of the West Half (E½ of W½),

Lot Two (2), or the Southwest Quarter of the Northwest Quarter (SW¼ of NW¾), and

Lots Three (3), and Four (4), or

Lots Three (3) and Four (4), or the West Half of the Southwest Quarter (W½ of SW¼). Section Thirty-one (31) The East Half (E½), The East Half of the West Half (E¼ of W¼) (E½ of W½). Lots One (1) and Two (2), or the West Half of the Northwest Quart-

west than of the Northwest Quarter
of (W 1/2 of NW 1/4), and
Lot Three (3), or the Northwest
Quarter of the Southwest Quarter
(NW 1/4 of SW 1/4). Section Thirty-two (32) Section Thirty-three (33) All of the Section.

Section Thirty-four (34) All of the Section. Section Thirty-five (35) The Northeast Quarter (NE%) The Southwest Ororter (SW4) IN TOWNSHIP TWO (2) NORTH

RANGE NINE (9) WEST. Section Ten (10) The Southeast Quarter Southeast Quarter (SE¼ of SE¼).
Section Fifteen (15)
The East Half of the Northeast
Quarter (E¼ of NE¼),
The Northeast Quarter of the

Southeast Quarter (NE% of SE%) The Southwest Operter (SW4).
IN TOWNSHIP ONE (1) SOUTH
RANGE SIX (6) WEST.

Section Six (6)
Lots Three (3), Five (5), Six (6)
Eleven (11), Thirteen (13) and
Fourteen (14), and
The East Half of the Southwest Quarter (E14 of SW4).

LANDS IN LANE COUNTY, ORE IN TOWNSHIP TWENTY-THREE (23) SOUTH, RANGE THREE (3) WEST.

Section Eighteen (18)
The West Half of the Southeast
Quarter (W½ of SE¼), and
The East Half of the Southwest

Quarter (E\(\) of SW\(\).

Section Twenty-eight (28)

The South Half of the Northeast Quarter (S% of NE%), The Northwest Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (NW4 of NE4)

The Southeast Quarter of the forthwest Quarter (SE% of NW%) and Lots One (1) and Two (2), or the terest of the defendant, Tillamook

West Half of the Northwest Quarter or (W% of NW%).

North Section Twenty (20)

The Northwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (NW% of SE%).

The North Half of the Southwest Courter (NW% of SE%).

The North Half of the Southwest Courter (NW% of SE%).

The Southwest Quarter of the Guarter (N% of SW%).

The Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SW% of SW%).

The Southwest Quarter of the Southwest Quarter (SW% of SW%).

Section Twenty-one (21)

Section Twenty-one (21)

n National or State Bank or Trust Company situated in the City of Chicago, Illinois, the City of New York, New York, or the city of Portland, Oregon, in an amount equal to at least twenty per cent of the bid interposed; provided that no leposit will be accepted in the sum of least than \$5,000.00, and that no deposit will be required in excess of \$25,000. In cree any bidder or nurchaser shall fail to make good his bid within the time allowed therefor by the decree above referred to, or by any order passed by the undersigned pursuant to the directions of the said decree then the deposit made by such bidder shall be for-The Southeast Quarter (SE%), tlons of the said decre then the depos-the East Half of the West Half it made by such bidder shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure. The said sale will be made subject to the confirmation of the above entitled court and to the redemption provided by low. It will also be made subject to and in accordance with the provisions and directions contained in the said decree.

WALLACE McCAMANT,

Master in Chancery. Dated September 14, 1916.

Best Fire Insurance

OHN VANDERWAL

Agent London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE

ON FORECEOSTIRE Notice is hereby given that by virtue f an execution, order and decree and of an execution, order and decree and reder of sale issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Washington county and u or the seal thereful to the State of September, 1916, up na judgment and decree rendered in said tend, in favor of K. V. Vanlom as a laintiff, and agency think M. Chance, F. M. thance, M. J. Gregg, Munite Gregg; and H. A. Chiet, as defendants to meanding to to make sale of the real property cereinater described, to a tisfy the um of \$500 with interest there on at the cate of 8 per cent per annum them the 5th ate of 8 per cent per annum from the 5th lay of May 1915 and the further sum of 175 attorney's fees, and the further sum of 135.5; costs and disburs-ments for which said sums judgment was rendered a said cause in tayor of the relaintiff, and to the relaintiff, and

t further sat sly the cests of and upon seld writ: Now, therefore I will on Sa'unday, the 7 h day of October, 1916, at he hour of 10 clock a m of said day, at the South door of the court house of Washington County in Hillsboro, Oregon, proceed to sell at sublic anction to the highest bidder for each in hand all of the following parcel of real property, situate in Washington of real property, situate in Washington of real property, situate in Washington launty, Oregon, described as follows, to-

wit:

Heginning at a point on the West line of Fucker & Steward's Addition to the fown inow City] of Hillsboro, Oregon, St. feet North of the Southwest corner of Lot four 4) of Block three (3) of the aforeas; addition, thence due West 121 feet to a stake; thence North SI feet to a stake; thence East 121 feet to the West line of aid addition; thence South along said Yest line SI feet to place of beginning.

Said sale will be made subject to re-Satif sale will be made subject to re-lemption as per statute of the State of regon.
Dated this 6th day of September, 1916.

J. E. REEVES. Sheriff of Washington County. By George Alexauder, Deputy. Wm G Hare, Attorney for Plaintiff,

SUMMONS

N THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR WASHINGTON COUNTY. P D. Stillwell,

Augusta Dether and Jul Dether husband and wife, and Ed ward M. Buol, Defendants Cothe above named defendant Edward

In the name of the State of Oregon, you ce hereby required to appear and answer he complaint filed again t you in the slove entitled suit on or before the 12 heay of October, 1916, which does is more han six week after the date of the first ublication. ill pply to the court for judgment and 3 you as a manded in his complaint. walls

For a corne forcelosing that cer ain nortgogo oven by Augus a Detler and full lether to Fred W Cassid, y for the interest to Fred W Cassid, y for the interest to Fred W Cassid, y for the ste of 7 per cent or L is 10 and 11 Eddy cris Washington County, Oregon, to ther with attorneys hes and costs and butes ments and barring you from all averest you have in said real property.

This sammon is is served upon you by subdice from thereof for six weeks by order fother here, Goo R Basley, Judge of the above entitled court, which order is dated and 20 h day of Austrat, 19 6 and directs has summors herein be published in the Hillsboro Argus a newspaper published a Washington to Orego, another sective weeks and that the list publication hereof is made on the list day of Augus, 1916.

Johnson and Stout, 1016 Chamber of Commerce Building is and tregon.

Licensed Oregon 280. Penn. 1018 Phone, City 972

GEO. J. LIMBER

Funeral Director

Moderate Prices. Personal Services nce Funeral Parlors, Washington at 0th Hillsboro, Ore.

Saved From Conquest, It Is Working

Encouraging news continues

that law is being respected. The New York Evening Sun, a Re-

Up." In part Mr. Shepherd says: bounce in it. A summary of the news from the heart of Mexico, gathered in the last three weeks along the border from Americans incoming from Mexico, shows beyond doubt that conditions are improving, confidence in Carranza is growing, the situation is gaining buoyancy, Carranza money is

Ghiunester spills

LADIES!

Ask your Pruggist for CHI-CHES THR'S
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in RED and
GOLD metallic boxes, scaled with Blue
Sibbon. Take no other. Buy of your
Proggist and sek for CHI-CHES-TER'S
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

"SEE 'EM BUCK"

All Roads Lead To **McMINNVILLE** ROUND-UP

October 4, 5 and 6, 1916

Full of Thrills and Shivers Special Rates on all Railroads Ample Seating Capacity Parking Space for Automobiles

Grand Parade First Day at 10 a.m.