

THE HILLSBORO ARGUS

VOL. VIII.

HILLSBORO, OREGON, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1901.

NO. 24.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.

New York yachtsmen are afraid of Shamrock II.

Inland Empire farmers are having a prosperous season.

Sampson will be a witness at the 8 day court of inquiry.

Members of the Nome bar petition McKinley to remove Judge Noyes.

Trans-Atlantic freight business out of New York is very light.

The epistatary mission of Prince Chung has been delayed at Basle.

Nicaragua and Colombia promise not to mix in the Isthmian trouble.

Rothschilds deny any knowledge of the recent reported combine in copper.

Triplicate officials deny that negotiations are under way to settle the strike.

The worst epidemic of plague in years is now rampant in parts of Canton, China.

One hundred fellows were elected to the Association for the Advancement of Science.

General Fabyan M. Mead, a veteran of the Civil War, and a friend of Logan, Grant and McClellan, is dead.

While two men were out hunting in Montana, one mistook the other for a bear and shot him through the heart.

The French Minister to Turkey has left Constantinople, which act breaks off friendly relations between the two nations.

E. C. Westfall, chief of the money order bureau at Havana, will be prosecuted for criminal carelessness in allowing \$4,000 to be stolen from him.

As a result of litigation over mining claims near Cape Nome, a mob of 70 masked men attacked the holders of some claims and fatally wounded one man.

R. F. Jossey, United States customs inspector at Tucson, Arizona, under arrest for smuggling Chinese into the United States, was killed by the accidental discharge of his revolver while looking for chickens thieves on his own premises.

The United States gunboat Machias is at Colon.

A large sugar beet crop is expected in Southern Washington.

Michael Berry, a noted Colorado burglar has been arrested.

Relations are still disturbed between France and Turkey.

Two men were killed while trying to shut off a new Texas oil gusher.

Colombians generally expect the revolutionary movement to succeed.

Shaffer says the move to settle the steel strike is without official sanction.

Englishmen are confident that Sir Thomas Lipton is going to win the America's cup.

Howard, who deserted the Americans to become a Filipino leader, has been captured.

Cardinal Gibbons was given a royal welcome on his return to Baltimore from Europe.

By the explosion of a bomb in New Jersey three men were seriously injured and several women and children slightly.

A vessel was stolen from a dock in Maryland and the thieves tried to escape with her. They were overtaken later.

Department of justice upholds the secretary of the navy in withholding the royalty on the Harvey steel-hardening patent.

The overhauling to which the various royal palaces of King Edward is being subjected, has disclosed vast treasures that have been hidden for years.

Lord Kitchener reports that a column sent into Cape Colony was attacked by the Boers and three officers and 65 men captured. One man was killed and four wounded.

Boers resumed activity in Cape Colony.

A gale wrecked a number of buildings in Jersey City.

A Tennessee Negro murderer was burned at the stake.

Turkey will not buy the quays of the French company.

Steel workers are willing to make concessions to end strike.

United States Attorney Evans, of Minnesota, died suddenly.

Nogales, Ariz., officials are implicated in a smuggling plot.

Striking machinists in Chicago ignore an order against picketing.

One hundred Filipino insurgents surrendered during the past week.

Preserved fruits, in a state fit to have been eaten, have been taken from the ruins of Herculaneum.

English cement manufacturers, finding their trade threatened by the American product, decide to adopt the Yankee methods and machinery.

The Southern Pacific railroad now has 95 engines equipped for the burning of oil as fuel. It takes 31 barrels of oil to run a locomotive a day, but the cost is small compared with coal.

BORDER SMUGGLING PLOT.

Gigantic Frauds Unearthed in Arizona—Many Customs Officers Arrested.

Washington, Aug. 27. — Probably the most important arrests ever made in connection with the smuggling of Chinese across the Mexican border into the United States were made yesterday in Arizona, when William A. Hoey, collector of customs at Nogales; B. F. Jossey, an immigrant inspector, and two Chinese were taken into custody by special agents of the treasury and secret service operatives. Other arrests are expected to follow within a day or two. It is said that with two or three exceptions, the whole customs and immigration administrations at Nogales are involved.

Some time ago an official of the treasury department, having Nogales as his headquarters, wrote to the department that he had reason to believe that the official forces at that point were corrupt, and that Chinese, in large numbers, were being smuggled across the border for a consideration. A secret service operative was sent there at once, and plans laid to secure evidence against the persons under suspicion.

Several Chinamen were furnished with money and sent on to buy their way through the official cordon. This was accomplished without difficulty, the price demanded being from \$50 to \$200. The secret service men also arranged with one or two employees, whose honesty had been tested, to go into the collector's office at a certain time and demand a share of the money being received from the Chinamen, and to be admitted into the combination so that they might get their share of the proceeds of future deals. This was reluctantly agreed to, and considerable sums of money were handed over in the presence and full hearing of a secret service man who had previously secreted himself in a near by office closet.

The officials soon found that Chinamen who presented a certificate marked with the letter "a" were allowed to proceed without question, while those having certificates that did not bear this cabalistic mark were turned back without ceremony. Later it was developed that the letter "a" on a certificate indicated that the amount demanded had been paid. Several Chinamen were sent through with the requisite "a" mark on their certificates made by one of the secret service men. The utmost care and secrecy was maintained from the first to secure positive proof against each man under suspicion.

The number of Chinamen who have bought their way into the United States through the alleged connivance of the Nogales officials is believed to have been large.

FLOODS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Four Fatalities and Great Loss of Property Reported.

Philadelphia, Aug. 27. — Reports received in this city tonight state that the heavy rains which have fallen during the past week throughout the state have resulted in the most disastrous floods experienced in many years.

At Mauch Chunk the storm was attended by four fatalities. The Mauch Chunk creek is 15 feet above its normal mark, and the towns in Carbon county along its course have suffered much damage. Bridges, culverts and arches are destroyed, and the loss to the borough and to the property holders will be many thousands of dollars. Business is at a standstill.

At Wilkesbarre a landslide occurred along the Lehigh Valley Railroad. A washout on the Sunbury branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad delayed traffic several hours. At Shamokin, Tamaqua, Pittston and several other mining towns, many collieries have been flooded and work has been suspended.

At Tamaqua the rain fell in torrents from 3 o'clock this morning until 3 o'clock this afternoon. The lines of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, between Tamaqua and Mauch Chunk and the Pittsville branch of the Philadelphia & Reading road are tied up, owing to washouts. The Schuylkill river and Panther and Wabash creeks at this point are overflowing their banks, and many bridges have been washed away. All the collieries in the Panther creek valley are flooded. Crops in the Catawissa valley are practically ruined.

TRADE WITH THE PHILIPPINES.

Washington, Aug. 27. — A continued increase in both the export and import trade of the Philippines is shown in a comparative statement compiled at the war department, giving the commerce of the islands for the seven months ending January 31, 1901, and 1900. The total value of merchandise imported during the seven months ended January 31, 1901, was \$17,999,167, as against \$12,674,705 for the same period in 1900, and the merchandise exported was \$12,617,359, as against \$8,305,530 for the 1900 period. This shows an increase of 42 per cent in the value of imports and 52 per cent in export values.

GOLD ORE FROM CHILE.

Omaha, Aug. 27. — Notice has been received at the local office of the American Smelting and Refining Company of a shipment of gold ore from Chile. It is the first shipment of South American ore to this smelting company's plant, and is in the nature of an experiment. The ore is said to be very rich, and if its treatment proves successful, the shipment will be followed by others on a large scale.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.

The Florence salmon cannery will start up next week.

Prunes are beginning to move in earnest at The Dalles.

The Jacksonville public schools will open September 2.

A race meeting will probably be held in Pendleton this fall.

The Klamath county wheat crop will not be as large as it was last year.

Hopgrowers at Woodburn complain of a scarcity of help to harvest the crop.

The wheat crop of Jackson county is turning out much better than expected.

The Sherman county Horse Fair Association will hold a fair at Wasco some time this fall to encourage the breeding of good horses of all kinds.

The first crop of alfalfa in Klamath has been cut and cared for.

The second crop, which will be cut next month, promises to be much larger than the first.

The following schools in Polk county are without teachers, and in each case a good one is wanted: Concord, Lincoln, Bridgeport, and the primary department at Falls City.

The apple crop of the Rogue River valley promises to be a great income-producer during the present year.

Not only is the yield a full one, but the quality is finer than usual.

From several sources comes the report that Bartlett pears will be scarce this fall. In many orchards the trees did not bear at all, while in others the trees seem to be drying up.

Owing to the delay in the receipt of the new text books, it has been decided by the board of directors of the Ashland public schools to postpone the opening of the fall term one week, or until September 9.

It is expected that the Southern Oregon district will ship 275 car loads of apples during the present crop year, and the fruit will all be first class.

The unusual demand for Oregon apples is created by the partial failure of the crop in the middle states and by the long season of drought in Missouri.

There is every prospect of a fair yield of hops in Polk county.

The Ager-Klamath Falls stage was held up and robbed of the treasure box.

The postoffice at Ruby, Douglas county, will be discontinued on August 31.

The log raft is still stuck at the entrance to the Westport slough, near Astoria.

Eugene has not had such a building boom in years as it is at present being experienced.

The Polk county grain crop this year will be the largest harvested in several years.

The committee in charge of the Baker City street carnival, to be held September 3-7, report excellent success.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat — Walla Walla, nominal 56½¢ per bushel; bluestem, 56½¢@57¢; Idaho, 56½¢@57¢.

Flour — best grades, \$2.65@3.50 per barrel; Graham, \$2.60.

Oats — Old, \$1.10@1.15 per cental.

Barley — Feed, \$1.15@1.50; brewing, \$1.50 per ton.

Millstuffs — Bran, \$27 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$20; chop, \$16.

Hay — Timothy, \$11@13; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Butter — Fancy creamery, 22½¢@25¢; dairy, 18¢@20¢; store, 11¢@12¢ per pound.

Eggs — 17¢@17½¢ per dozen.

Cheese — Full cream, twins, 11¢@11½¢; Young America, 12½¢ per pound.

Poultry — Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.75; hens, \$4.50@5.50; dressed, 10¢@11¢ per pound; springs, \$2.50@3.50 per dozen; ducks, \$3 for old; \$3.00@3.50 for young; geese, \$5@6 per dozen; turkeys, live, 8¢@10¢; dressed, 10¢@12½¢ per pound.

Mutton — Lambs, 3½¢, gross; dressed, 6¢@7¢ per pound; sheep, \$3.25, gross; dressed, 6¢@6½¢ per lb.

Hogs — Gross, heavy, \$5.75@6¢; light, \$4.75@5¢; dressed, 7¢@7½¢ per pound.

Veal — Small, 8¢@9¢; large, 7¢@7½¢ per pound.

Beef — Gross top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.25@3.50; dressed, 6½¢@7½¢ per pound.

Hops — 12¢@14¢ per pound.

Wool — Valley, 11¢@13½¢; Eastern Oregon, 8¢@12½¢; mohair, 20¢@21¢ per pound.

Potatoes — \$1@1.10 per sack.

There are 649 1-3 millions of men and 633 2-3 millions of women in this world, giving the men a majority of 15 1-3 millions.

For the first time during his pontificate of 23 years Pope Leo recently entertained eight guests at luncheon in the Vatican.

George W. Ranck, one of the best known literary men of Kentucky, was struck and killed by a Louisville & Nashville train at Lexington.

BOLD ACT OF AN AMERICAN.

Captured a Deserter Who Was a Filipino Leader.

Manila, Aug. 28. — Pilcher's first dispatch from Mindoro tells how Lieutenant Hazzard, of the Third artillery, commanding a troop of Macabebe scouts, captured the American deserter, Howard, who, as leader of the Filipinos, had been annoying the Americans for many months. Ferguson, one of Lieutenant Hazzard's civilian scouts, disguised as an insurgent, with eight Macabebes, penetrated into the camp of Colonel Atienza, commanding 240 riflemen and 300 bolomen, at night, located Howard, bound and gagged him and carried him away without disturbing the camp.

INSURGENT FORCES CAPTURED.

Manila, Aug. 28. — Captain Harold L. Jackson, of the First infantry recently surprised General Lukban at Pampubiken in the mountains of the island of Samar. Three of the general's guards were killed, and Lukban was wounded, but escaped. His family was captured. A captain and a lieutenant were also made prisoners.

OVATION FOR GOVERNOR TAFT.

Manila, Aug. 28. — Civil Governor Taft received at Aparri, province of Cagayan, the greatest ovation of his trip. He announced that Aparri would be a port of entry, and receive a large appropriation for the improvement of the harbor and Cagayan river.

BOERS IN CAPE COLONY.

Town of Oudersburg Threatened — Delany's Counter Proclamation.

London, Aug. 28. — South African dispatches show that the Boers continue active in Cape Colony. Sharp skirmishing has occurred near Uniondale, a day's ride from the sea, while Commandant's Scheep's commando is threatening the important town of Oudersburg, 30 miles from the Indian ocean.

In Brussels it is asserted that Commandant General Botha has ordered the Boer commanders in the future to retain all captured British as hostages in case Lord Kitchener carries out the threats of his latest proclamation.

The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener dated at Pretoria today:

"Delany has issued a counter proclamation, warning all Boers against my latest proclamation, declaring that they will continue struggling."

ON THE SAFE SIDE.

Military Forces at Manila Will Be Increased to Guard Against Uprising.

Manila, Aug. 28. — Word was received that the insurgent colonel, Loreed, with 17 officers and 13 men, surrendered yesterday to Captain Brown, of the Fourth Infantry, at Talise. The surrender of numerous other small contingents during the week brings the total up to more than 100.

In the city of Manila there are now less than 1,000 effective soldiers, and it has been decided to increase this number by four companies of infantry. The official reason for the increase is that the guard duty is too heavy for the present force. As a matter of fact, however, there is no apparent prospect of trouble, nevertheless, in the event of an uprising in the future, such as is always possible among the Malays, it would be better to have a sufficient body of troops available.

ANOTHER TOUCH OF SUMMER.

Topeka, Kansas, Aug. 28. — Kansas was given another touch of summer today after three weeks of very moderate weather, accompanied by cool nights and occasional rains. The temperature in some places was recorded at 106, and at Topeka the mercury hovered around the 105 mark. The rise in the temperature was not predicted, and came wholly unexpected. Wichita recorded 104; Salina 105; Atchison 102. At Leavenworth there were several prostrations.

THE DANISH ANTILLES.

Copenhagen, Aug. 27. — A prominent politician in the councils of the ministry today told a representative of the Associated Press that a sale of the Danish West Indies, it was confidently expected, would be consummated before the close of the present year.

CHAUN'S ILLNESS A PRETEXT FOR DELAY.

Rome, Aug. 28. — The illness of Prince Chun, brother of the emperor of China, who with a Chinese mission has arrived at Basle, Switzerland, on his way to Berlin to apologize for the assassination of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister at Peking, is, according to a dispatch received here today from Basle, a pretext for delay. Prince Chun having received orders from Peking not to proceed, as fresh complications have arisen with reference to the protocol.

DECLINE IN INDIAN FAMINE RELIEF LIST.

London, Aug. 28. — The Indian office has received the following dispatch from Lord Curzon, viceroy of India: "The rains are irregularly distributed. They are particularly deficient in the rice districts, while excessive rains have caused damage to crops in the northern and central provinces. Prices are generally falling. There is a slight decline in the number of persons on the famine relief list, the total now being 507,000."

GIVEN A FREE HAND

FRENCH MINISTER TO TURKEY HAS POWER TO ACT.

France Will Support Him in Any Move He May See Fit to Make—He Has Delivered An Ultimatum to the Sultan, Threatening to Leave Turkey if Matters Are Not Settled at Once.

Paris, Aug. 28. — While the officials of the French foreign office decline to confirm or deny the advices from Constantinople announcing that the French ambassador has sent the sultan a practical ultimatum, personally informing him that he would leave Constantinople with the entire staff of the embassy if the matters in dispute were not settled immediately, they admit having received a telegram from M. Constans which has been laid before the council now sitting at the Elysee palace. The correspondent learns that M. Constans has been given a free hand. Any step he finds proper to take will be fully endorsed. The foreign minister, M. Delcasse, if he finds necessary, will withdraw the French embassy from Constantinople, and M. Munir Bey, the Turkish ambassador, who is now in Switzerland, will be notified not to return to Paris, in which case M. Munir Bey probably will withdraw the legation to Bern, as he is also accredited as minister to Switzerland.

No naval demonstration is as yet contemplated, but the sultan will probably be seriously inconvenienced by the closure of the Turkish embassy here, which is the center of the espionage maintained to watch the numerous young Turks and other disaffected Ottoman subjects and voluntary exiles who make their headquarters at Paris, and who will have a free hand if diplomatic relations between France and Turkey are completely broken off.

THE SULTAN'S FEARS.

New York, Aug. 28. — The French government is thoroughly in earnest in its attitude toward Turkey, and is fully aware that at the present moment, no foreign power would raise any objection to a French fleet resorting to most drastic measures, says a Paris dispatch to the Tribune.

According to information that has reached Paris, the real reason for the sultan changing his mind and declining to fulfill his promise was due to his hopes that the obstreperous clamor of the Nationalist party in France would induce M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, to disavow Constans. The sultan's great objection to the French concession is that if the Constantinople quays were under the control of a French or other foreign company there would be disquieting facilities for the landing of conspirators and their baggage. But Constans gave the sultan the option of buying back the dangerous quays by paying 41,000,000 francs for them within six months and provided the porte with a scheme for raising the cash.

EXODUS FROM NOME IS ON.

Town is Filled With Idle Men Who Are Out of Money.

Port Townsend, Aug. 24. — The exodus from Nome is fairly on, and each steamer from there has many passengers. The Roanoke has just arrived from Nome with 130 cabin passengers, besides a large number in the steerage. This makes about 1,000 people who have arrived from the North this season, and from reports each succeeding steamer will be loaded with passengers until the ice closes navigation.

The returning passengers report Nome as being remarkably quiet. The town is filled with idle men, many of whom are willing to work for almost anything in order to get passage money, but there is no work and great anxiety is felt by the residents as to what will be done with so many men without means. The Roanoke brought down \$600,000 in dust, \$300,000 of which was shipped by the Pioneer Mining Company, the remainder being shipped by the North American Trading & Transportation Company. It is estimated that passengers had on their persons \$200,000 in gold.

WANT RESERVATION OPENED.

Spokane, Aug. 26. — Plans have been announced to secure the opening of the Spokane Indian reservation to mineral locations. The reservation is 25 miles northeast of this city, and contains about 200,000 acres. The mineral wealth is unknown, but surface indications are said to be promising. The reservation is now occupied by about 350 Spokane Indians with Chief Lott at their head. The chamber of commerce here proposes to take steps to secure favorable action by congress.

BURNED IN THE OUL.

Philadelphia, Aug. 24. — The fire which started at the works of the Atlantic Refining Company, at Point Breeze, has burned itself out. The loss is estimated at about \$500,000. Fourteen tanks containing about 200,000 barrels of oil were destroyed. One pumping station and thousands of feet of pipe were rendered useless, but the most important machinery is intact.

TO STUDY AMERICAN METHODS.

Twelve Workmen Arrive From England to Tour the United States.

New York, Aug. 29. — On the Anchor line steamship Ethiopia, tonight came 12 workmen, who have been sent to tour this country and study trades by an English paper. The men were selected by popular vote. They are: H. J. Humphrey, coach builder, Leyton store, Essex; Frank Harris, pottery and glass decorator, Boxness, Scotland; F. A. Scott, electrical and mechanical engineer, Glasgow; C. J. Jackson, engineer, Stratford; Thomas Graham, miner, Yorkshire; W. E. Grant, staveholder, Liverpool; George Nutley, painter, Kingston Hill, Surrey; Thomas Fleming, mason, Poole; John Scutter, engine-driver, Motherwell; Kenneth Keadie, upholsterer, Inverness; George Ebbels, weaver, Stockport; J. G. Gowan, hammerman, Gateshead, and A. Nichol Simpson, who will act as conductor of the expedition. Mr. Simpson said: "We will visit Washington, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Erie, Liverpool, O., Buffalo, Ottawa and Montreal. We shall remain a few days in each city. The delegates came over here to gather information and study questions in which the British artisan is vitally interested. We will inquire into the conditions of the American wage-earners; how they are housed and live; their hours, unions and other things of interest to us on the other side."

SURROUNDED BY BOERS.

British Lost One Man Killed and Four Wounded.

London, Aug. 23. — A dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated from Pretoria today, says: "Three officers and 65 men who were sent north of Ladybrand, Orange River Colony, on the right of Elliott's column were surrounded on unfavorable ground and captured by a superior force, August 22nd. One man was killed and four were wounded. The prisoners were released. Am holding an inquiry."

"Have received a long letter from Steyn containing an argumentative statement of the Boer case, and saying he will continue to fight. Also a short letter from Dewett to the same effect."

"Botha writes acknowledging the receipt of my proclamation and protesting against it, and stating that the Boers intend to go on fighting. On the other hand, the surrenders lately have increased considerably."

Another dispatch from Lord Kitchener says:

"Since August 19th, 32 Boers have been killed, 139 made prisoners and 185 have surrendered. Including Kruger, a nephew of the ex-President."

FATAL BRIDGE ACCIDENT.

Falling of Bridge Girders Caused the Death of Four Men.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 29. — An accident at the new bridge which the Southern Railway is constructing at Congaree River today caused the death of four men. One other was fatally and two more seriously injured. The falling of the steel girders about seven feet long, weighing 14 tons each, caused the accident. The girders were hoisted about midday by the river above the bridge. The rains of the night previous holding them in place to slip. The crash came without the slightest warning. There were 75 people on the bridge, spectators and workmen.

The bridge is being built by the Phoenix Bridge Company of Philadelphia. The structure was not materially damaged by the accident, though some of the iron work was strained.

NEGROES CANNOT BE IN IT.

First Cuban Artillery Will Be Composed of Natives.

New York, Aug. 28. — That Negroes are barred from enlistment in the First Cuban artillery is stated by the Tribune correspondent at Havana. One hundred and fifty "Cubans" will be enlisted. All must be 21 years old or more, and white. Negroes will not be received as candidates for enlistment. Enlistment will be made similarly as in the United States, and will be for the term of two years.

One of the first questions to arise concerning the enlistment is as to who are "Cubans" within the terms of the order. In the absence of General Wood, Acting Military Governor Scott explained that "in order to be eligible the candidate must be a Cuban citizen by birth or adoption." There seems to be some doubt as to how Cuban citizenship is fixed until the new constitution goes into effect.

MISER STARVED TO DEATH.

New York, Aug. 29. — An old man named Paddy Kearns died yesterday in Tarrytown, literally of starvation and neglect. In the house in which he had lived alone for more than 50 years, bank books showing deposits of \$7,000 were found. The old man is believed to have had a considerable amount of ready money and some jewelry hidden around the house. He came to this country from Ireland in 1849.

DROWNED IN THE SPREE.

London, Aug. 29. — Lady Smith, wife of Sir Archibald Levis Smith, Master of the Rolls since 1900, was found dead today, floating in the River Spree. It is not known how she was drowned.

MUNITIONS OF WAR FOR REBELS.

New York, Aug. 29. — The Panama Steamship Company's steamer Orizaba sailed today for Colon, carrying a large number of huge packing cases, which those who are well informed, say contain munitions of war for the rebels in the Department of Cauca, on the Pacific Coast of Colombia. On the arrival of the arms at Colon, it is said they