

THE HILLSBORO ARGUS.

VOL. VII.

HILLSBORO, OREGON, THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1901.

NO. 44.

NEWS OF THE WEEK HE HELPS EVERYONE

From All Parts of the New World and the Old.

OF INTEREST TO OUR MANY READERS

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week in a Condensed Form.

The British met with severe losses at Murraysburg. Reinforcements will be sent to Kitchener at once.

Two hundred mill hands at Florence, Colo., have struck.

Fred T. Dubois was elected United States senator from Idaho.

The sentencing of Alford, the embaler, has been postponed.

Colombian rebels were defeated by the government troops at Panama.

The president has appointed Vada Moore postmaster at Ironside, Oregon.

Fred Alexander, the Negro murderer, was burned at the stake at Leavenworth, Kans.

A sawmill for Astoria, with a daily capacity of 200,000 feet, has been financed in New York.

The O. R. & N. Co.'s wharf at Salem was carried away by high water. Loss about \$1,000.

Two carloads of Portuguese laborers bound for the sugar plantations of Hawaii passed through Chicago en route for San Francisco.

Chicago detectives raised a counterfeiter's den, captured J. P. McGarry, the supposed leader of the band and secured three bags of spurious coin.

Rear-Admiral George W. Melville, engineer-in-chief of the United States navy yard, says that English-made warships are not near as stable as those of our own build.

The Venezuelan government has seized two steamers flying the British flag. The company owning the vessels has an American president and several of the principal stockholders are Americans.

Scott Wilke, who served in the lower house of congress two terms, beginning with 1886, and who was assistant controller of currency during President Cleveland's last term, is dying at his home near Barry, Pike county, Ill.

Coquard, the man who defied the Paris police, has committed suicide. He was pursued by the police to his house where he barred the doors, and from an upstairs window, warned all to keep away or he would shoot them. Later an army officer with a detachment of troops forced the door and found Coquard hanging in the garret with a bullet hole through his chin.

Dewet is no longer a lion with the British.

Another ocean-to-ocean railroad is projected.

Russia turned over the Tien Tsin railroad to Germany.

Admiral Dewey is confined to his home by an attack of the grip.

T. M. Patterson was nominated for senator by Colorado fusionists.

The supreme court decided that Neely must be extradited to Cuba.

Oregon will send three messengers to carry the presidential vote to Washington.

Much damage has been done by snow and landslides and high water in Oregon and Washington.

There is a famine in the province of Shan Si, China, and it is said 5,000,000 people are facing starvation.

A county superintendent at Seattle and a county treasurer at Spokane refuse to give up their respective offices to successors.

Ten persons were killed and many were injured as the result of an explosion in a hat factory at Denton, near Manchester, England.

The steamer Tillamook, carrying United States mail between Juneau and Dutch Harbor, Alaska, was wrecked on Wood Island reef and is a total loss.

A special from Ashcroft, B. C., says that three cases of smallpox are reported to have broken out among the Indians on the reservation near Quenelle. The place has been quarantined.

Word just received from Dawson reports a fire on January 7. Three large buildings were entirely destroyed. But little of the contents were saved. The origin of the fire is unknown. Loss \$50,000.

The most serious accident that has resulted from the combination of heavy snowfall and high winds occurred today, says a special from Vancouver, B. C., when almost the entire northern end of the new brick drill hall of the Duke of Connaught's rifles collapsed. The wall was built to 45 feet in height, and was six feet wide. The scattered bricks represent a loss said to approximate \$4,000.

Mayor-Elect Hurley, of Salem, Mass., will give his salary of \$2,500 to the poor.

Chairman Johnson and Secretary Walsh will keep national Democratic headquarters in Chicago open till 1904.

An experiment farm will be started 200 miles from Manila by the United States Philippine commission for the growth of all sorts of seeds and plants from this country.

O. M. Moore, an Old Newspaper Man, and His Work.

MANAGES A BUREAU OF INFORMATION

A Seattle Enterprise That Benefits the Entire Northwest, but More Particularly Washington and Alaska.

For two years Seattle has sustained a Bureau of Information in addition to its excellent Chamber of Commerce. It is called the Puget Sound Bureau of Information, and it might reasonably be supposed that its field is limited to the Puget Sound country—or to still closer limits—the city of Seattle, from whose business men the bureau gets its support. But the bureau is organized on broader grounds and has made its field the entire state of Washington and Alaska—on their merits, and never in odious comparison with any of its sister coast states.

The work of the bureau is little understood, even by its home people, and apparently much less by the other cities of the commonwealth. It has formerly and usually been the custom of all cities of the Northwest to stand on their own resources and probabilities, allowing all others to do the same—though generally subject to contention for supremacy. The Bureau of Information was organized on the broad platform that "whatever helps the state, helps the leading city thereof," and its works have been governed accordingly. Its secretary, O. M. Moore, being a newspaper man of considerable experience, and last year the president of the Washington State

Press Association, has practically had the management of the bureau in his hands. Most of his work has been in the direction of furnishing Washington and Alaska correspondence to Eastern and Southern papers—sending from 80 to 150 letters per week. Mr. Moore is a conservative writer, believing that even less than the whole truth about the advantages of the Pacific coast states is much better than overstating things. Among his latest contributions may be mentioned illustrated articles on "The Climate of Washington," "The Puget Sound Route to the Orient and Alaska," and another on "Puget Sound and Sound Cities."

The Bureau of Information has several publications descriptive of the Great Northwest—the latest a paper called "The New Northwest," 20,000 copies, 24 pages. Its different publications and other expenses, under the present secretary, have aggregated a matter of \$300 per month for nearly 20 months—a total of about \$6,000. Of this sum less than \$200 has come from the general public—the bulk having been provided by less than a half dozen enterprising Seattle firms.

Chas. L. Denny, of the Denny-Blaine Land Co., and son of the old pioneer, the late A. A. Denny, has been the financial head of the bureau since June, 1899.

The bureau desires the co-operation of all the cities of the state for more effective work, and is about to publish a handsome album of 1,000 views of Washington and Alaska, to be placed in public libraries, hotels, railway cars, and for distribution at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo, May to November, 1901. It is expected that every section of the state will be represented in this album.

The newspapers of Washington, especially, should be on good terms with Secretary Moore and the bureau, and through these every community should be brought within the scope of the good work of the Bureau of Information.

It may be mentioned in this connection, for the convenience of Washington newspaper men, that the Seattle representative of the American Type Founders Company is located with the Bureau of Information, in room 9, Colman block, First Avenue, between Columbia and Marion streets. He is the genial O. R. Ball—facetiously known to the craft as "Hi-Ball."

Wrecked in the Mediterranean.

Luchippa, Island of Corsica, Jan. 16.—The Italian steamer Leone has been lost. Many bodies from the wreck have been washed ashore.

Fighting in Gambia.

Bathurst, Gambia, West Africa, Jan. 16.—The British punitive expedition arrived at Bathurst January 11, and completely surprised and routed the rebels. The troops captured the town after an hour's fighting. Sixty rebels were killed, 60 were wounded and 200 were captured. Six important chiefs will be brought to Bathurst. The British casualties were six West Indians wounded.

Work of Trainwreckers.

Tampa, Fla., Jan. 16.—Train wreckers are believed to have caused the derailment of a West Coast plant system train a few miles south of Dunell, Fla., causing the death of Engineer Tom Roseland, the injuring of several passengers. The names of the passengers said to have been hurt are not known here. A survey of the track at daylight showed that a rail had been removed. Five men suspected have already been arrested.

Casualties at Belfast.

London, Jan. 17.—The official list of British casualties in the recent fighting at Belfast shows 29 killed, 63 wounded and 71 missing. This does not account for the British losses at other points of the British army at the Boers, namely, Wonderfontein, Noodledoch and Wildfontein, and shows that affairs in that quarter were more serious than Lord Kitchener reported them to be.

FILIPINO CHIEF SURRENDERS.

Delgado and His Command Lay Down Their Arms in Panay.

Washington, Jan. 16.—General MacArthur reports the surrender of Delgado, commander-in-chief of Ilo Ilo province, Panay. He also reports that other important surrenders are expected during the next few days. General MacArthur's telegram to the war department is as follows:

"Delgado, commandant in Ilo Ilo province, Panay, surrendered January 11 to Brigadier-General Hughes, with four officers, 21 men and 41 rifles. His command was scattered. Other surrenders are expected during the next few days. Important signs of the end of 'organized armed resistance' in Ilo Ilo province, Panay."

The dispatch gives much satisfaction to the war department, although the command surrendered is not a large one. It also was noted by the officials that the assurances were for the end of "organized armed resistance," indicating that there was considerable unorganized marauding still in progress.

A Brighter Outlook.

Manila, Jan. 16.—Optimism is taking the place of conservatism among the military men here, the cause being the numerous surrenders, captures and destruction of insurgent camps, coupled with the increasing understanding of the Americans' intentions among the natives. The propagation of the principles of the Federal party and the knowledge that they are approved by the United States Philippine commission and the military authorities and the carrying out of the terms of General MacArthur's proclamation, which classes all who commit acts inimical to the interests of the army as rebels and traitors, are having pointed effect. The cutting of communications and supplies has destroyed the remnants of the insurgent organization. The inhabitants of the towns are disinclined any longer to contribute to a hopeless cause, and it is generally believed that the pacification of the necessary number of provinces to inaugurate the scheme of provincial government will be accomplished before many more weeks have elapsed. The most pronounced resistance at present is in remote southern Luzon, northern Mindanao, Cebu and Bohol.

The first batch of 30 leading insurgents who were ordered deported to the island of Guam will sail on the transport Rosecrans tomorrow.

General Wheaton reports that 53 armed bolomen have surrendered at Benguet.

Sixteen of Geronimo's band were captured Sunday night and brought to Montalban.

SALT LAKE CONVENTION.

Everything in Readiness for the Livestock Meeting.

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 16.—Everything is in readiness for the fourth annual convention of the National Livestock Association. The hall has been gorgeously decorated and every convenience provided for the delegates and members of the press. The indications are that it will be the most successful convention in the history of the association. The headquarters of the association and the principal hotels are thronged with visitors tonight. A large number of delegates arrived during the day. It is safe to say that nearly every prominent stockman west of the Missouri river will be present. A large delegation is present from Chicago, and a fair attendance from other points east of the Missouri river. The famous Pueblo Cowboy Band arrived this afternoon and was met at the depot by the local committee and escorted through the principal streets of the city. The executive committee of the association held a meeting this afternoon and discussed, in a general way, the subjects to be taken up by the convention.

From Spokane to the Mines.

Spokane, Wash., Jan. 16.—A new railroad line is being planned to run from Spokane to Republic, with branches to the Methow and Okanogan mining districts in Eastern Washington, about 250 miles of road in all. The estimated cost is about \$4,000,000. H. W. Mangold, the promoter, claims he has the necessary capital in sight. He promises to cut the present freight rates from those districts squarely in two when the line is completed. He proposes the building of a big smelter in Spokane to handle the ores of these districts to be brought in by the new railway.

Assaulted by Highwaymen.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Edward Kelly, a prominent race horse man, is at home in a dangerous condition as the result of a desperate battle with two highwaymen. Kelly was on his way home and in an effort to save his money and valuables resisted when the footpads presented revolvers at his head and ordered him to hold up his hands. In consequence he was knocked down and then brutally beaten and robbed of money and valuables to the amount of \$500.

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TORTURE IN KANSAS

A Negro Murderer Burned at the Stake.

HORRIBLE FATE OF FRED ALEXANDER

Suspected Slayer of Pearl Forbes Was Taken From Jail by a Leavenworth Mob, Chained to a Rail and Cremated.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 17.—Fred Alexander, the murderer of Pearl Forbes and the flend who attempted to criminally assault Miss Eva Roth last Saturday night, surrounded by a yelling mob, his clothes torn, his face bloody with his own blood, was dragged from his cell in the court house, pleading for his life, and, after being dragged around the court house yard for 15 minutes, was loaded into a wagon with his captors and taken to the place where Miss Forbes' body was found, to be burned to death.

"Burn him; hang him; no, burn him," echoed through the air, and each moment the uncontrolled passions of the mob became wilder.

The negro was taken from his cell at the state penitentiary at 4 this afternoon and loaded into a hack and brought to town, 80 deputy marshals surrounding him. Deputy Sheriffs Vance Myers and Tom Brown sat in the hack on either side of him. There were 50 buggies and wagons in the procession which followed the hack, and it was an awful march indeed for Fred Alexander. The trip to town was made quickly, and there was no attempt to create a disturbance.

When Fourth and Olive streets were reached, the police, who were in the hack following the one in which Alexander was concealed, jumped out and chased several negroes. This created a diversion, which attracted the attention of every one, and, in the excitement, the hack in which Alexander was concealed, was frantically driven to the county jail, and just as the mob reached the doors, he was locked in the first cell on the east side of the court house.

In the meantime the crowd had rushed down the side gate of the stockade and in a moment there was a yelling pack in the jail yard. The side door, which was made of heavy sheet iron, was the next object of attack. Several of the thoughtful ones of the mob had provided themselves with sledge hammers and cold chisels, and it was the work of only a few moments before the hinges were cut from this and, with the help from inside, it was off its hinges in a moment. More men pushed inside, and the iron bar was again called into play, and the doors of the cell room broken down. A man with sharp eyes spotted a shapeless, cringing mass crouched down in one corner of the dark cell. The mob issued in a moment, dragging the fiend by the coat collar.

At a quarter past 5 o'clock Alexander was brought to the scene of the murder of Pearl Forbes. The exact spot where the murdered girl was found was located by the leaders of the crowd. Alexander was brought up in a wagon with a dozen men.

The first thing done was to plant a railroad iron upright in the mud. This was made fast to cross ties firmly bound to the upright iron with wires. To this the man was dragged and chained to the upright railroad iron. Chains and irons were wrapped about him, with his hands still shackled fast to the post. Coal oil was then poured over him and the match touched to him.

While it was being done, Alexander called to friends of his in the crowd and bade them goodbye. He did not seem to realize that he was to be burned at the stake. Alexander was asked to make a confession, but declared himself innocent. As the flames leaped about him Alexander turned ghastly pale, and then for the first time realized that his death was near. In less than five minutes he was hanging limp and lifeless by the chains that bound him.

As soon as the crowd saw that life was extinct, it began to slowly disperse. There were hundreds however, of the more morbid, who stayed to the last. Men kept piling on wood all the time until about 7 o'clock, when the flames were allowed to die down. As soon as the flames had died down sufficiently to allow the crowd to approach there was a wild scramble to obtain relics.

The Vigilance Ashore.

Havana, Jan. 17.—The Ward line steamer Vigilance is aground off the banks of Los Colorados, about 100 miles westward of Havana.

The Vigilance sailed from Vera Cruz, Mex., Jan. 10, for Progresso, Havana and New York. She had 58 passengers on board, and is commanded by Captain Reynolds. She struck early yesterday morning during a fog, six miles from the main land. Word of the accident reached her agents here last night. The steamer is fast on the reef, and is pounding in the north which is now blowing. She is in no immediate danger, however.

Senators Elected.

Senators have been elected in the following states: M. S. Quay, Pennsylvania; George F. Hoar, Massachusetts; H. E. Burnham, New Hampshire; James McMillan, Michigan; T. M. Patterson, Colorado; W. P. Frye, Maine.

Report From Kitchener.

London, Jan. 17.—Reporting to the war office under date of Pretoria, Jan. 14, Lord Kitchener says: "Byers' whole force crossed the railway near Kallfontein January 12, making to the east. There are no important changes in the positions in the colonies. Several small parties appear to be retreating to the Orange River Colony. Some Cape rebels who accompanied a commando into the colony have surrendered."

SAXONY SOLICITS A LOAN.

Announcement Made in New York—Amount \$20,000,000.

New York, Jan. 15.—Announcement was made in Wall street of the authorization by the kingdom of Saxony of a new 3 per cent loan for 20,000,000 marks, equivalent to about \$20,000,000. It is expected that subscriptions toward this loan will be received in this city in much the same manner as in the case of the Bavarian loan offered last week.

It is the opinion of foreign bankers that the imperial German government has decided to withhold its own national loan, stated to be for 600,000,000 marks, or \$150,000,000, until the various states of the government have made their negotiations.

18 quick successions have been offered loans of the free city of Hamburg, the kingdom of Bavaria, and now the kingdom of Saxony. It is definitely known in banking circles that both Germany and Great Britain have the issuance of heavy loans in contemplation. Which will be the first announced, however, cannot be learned. It is doubtful if satisfactory arrangements can be made to finance any considerable portion of these loans here. At least, the arrangements that can be made, it is reported, are not as favorable as those made when the \$10,000,000 British exchequer loan and the 80,000,000 marks imperial German treasury loan were organized.

The German government, it is understood, has sounded American financiers through their Berlin correspondents on the prospects of placing a portion of the contemplated loan here, but has found that conditions were not highly favorable. The German loan could be placed in that country on better terms than here.

UNDER-SEA TELEPHONE.

Line Between Florida and Cuba to Be Constructed for the United States.

New York, Jan. 17.—The first under sea telephone built, according to the invention of Dr. Michael Pupin, is to be put down between Florida and Cuba for the United States government, by the buyer of the patent, the Bell Telephone Company. Last July Dr. Pupin, having secured his patents here and abroad, offered his discovery to the American Telephone & Telegraph Company. The company immediately bought an option on the invention, extending to January 1, 1901. Then, under Dr. Pupin's direction, the company equipped a line from Bedford station, on the Harlem railroad, which ran partly under water to New Bedford, Mass., thence to Albany and on to Pittsburgh. There the wires ran overland. The coils were placed at intervals of about two miles, and were incased on glass insulators on the poles. The test was so satisfactory that about two weeks before the option expired the company paid the money and closed the contract with Dr. Pupin.

According to the statements of Professor Pupin, the American Bell Telephone & Telegraph Company has paid him, instead of the \$200,000 as originally stated, nearly \$500,000 for his recent invention of a system by which ocean telephone is made possible. This is in addition to the annual royalty of \$15,000 a year during the life of the patents.

Proprietary Tax Decision.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 17.—Judge Howe, in the United States district court here today, rendered an important decision in the case of the Rochester Brewing Company vs. the United States, involving the taxing of a proprietary medicinal preparation. The court sustained the complainant's contention that the article was not subject to taxation, and rendered a decision against the government for \$3,300, the amount paid by the brewing company under protest. The complainant company had sold what they termed a "tonic" put up in bottles, on which had already been paid the regular \$2 per barrel. The revenue department at Washington held that it was taxable as a proprietary medicinal article, while the company contended that it was a mild beer.

Woman Fatally Burned.

San Francisco, Jan. 16.—Mrs. M. A. Millican, wife of the editor of the New York Medical Journal, was badly burned in a fire which partially destroyed the house in this city in which she resided, and no hopes of her recovery are entertained. She was rescued from the flames in an unconscious condition.

To Test Washington Fir.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The navy department has notified Senator Foster and Representative Jones that it will be pleased to receive samples of yellow fir for examination and test and if found to meet requirements, will use this lumber in the construction of ships for the navy.

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NEWS OF THIS AND NEIGHBORING STATES

Interesting Events and Gossip of the Past Week Reported From Cities and Towns in Washington, Oregon and Idaho.

IDAHO.

Thurston Hutchins, a well-known stockman of the state, died at Boise.

A movement is on foot at Caldwell, looking to the early closing of stores.

Paul Jacot, a resident of St. Joe, has been committed to the Blackfoot insane asylum.

John Harley, a pioneer of Idaho City, is dead, aged 70. He came to this state in 1869.

Callender is the name of a new post-office in Idaho county. Edward W. Taylor is postmaster.

A branch telephone line has been run from Dewey to Swan Falls. This gives the Falls a direct line to Boise.

S. E. Wright's two-story residence at Bonner's Ferry, on the north side of the river, was entirely destroyed by fire.

The aggregate valuation of the instruments filed for record at Wallace with the county recorder in 1900 is \$2,052,416.73.

Henry Ott, a well-known pioneer farmer of the Boise valley, has sold his ranch of 450 acres. The purchase price was \$6,625.

Thomas W. Bates, promoter of the Idaho Midland railway, has returned to New York. He says the road is in the best possible condition.

The P. & I. N. railway has announced its intention of extending its road into the Seven Devils country. Steel rails have already been purchased.

The county commissioners of Ada county have selected T. G. Catlin to represent their interests at the National Live Stock Association meet, to be held in Salt Lake City.

The preliminary steps have been taken toward organizing a Pioneer Association at Lewiston. All who resided in the state prior to the close of the year 1877, are eligible for membership.

Judge Stewart has rendered a decision of considerable importance to Boise. He holds that the city council has no authority to act as a board of equalization. Therefore increases of valuation of property made by the council are illegal and void.

Fire at the Bunker Hill mine, Wardner district, destroyed a tramway which leads to the Starvation mine. In consequence, the latter mine had to be temporarily shut down. The fire originated in the pumping house. Loss is estimated at \$2,000; fully insured.

James Patten, a rancher living near Bonners' Ferry, lost a valuable horse while trying to cross the river. He attempted to drive the team across on the ice, but when near the middle of the stream the ice gave way under the horses and before they could be drawn out one of them was drowned.

WASHINGTON.

It is said that Hoquiam will have a basket factory.

The Aberdeen Order of Eagles will erect a \$3,000 building.

Spokane has accepted plans for a crematory which will cost \$4,500.

The old Hartford hotel has been torn down and loaded on cars, billed for Jackson, Skagit county.

New Whatcom is endeavoring to have the appropriation for the waterway project raised from \$15,000 to \$50,000.

Whitman county boasts of the youngest court bailiff in the United States in the person of Willie, the 11-year-old son of Judge McDonald, of the superior court.

Dr. L. R. Markley has been appointed quarantine officer for Bellingham Bay. Heretofore vessels have had to wire to Fort Townsend for instructions.

Measures are being taken to introduce a bill in the legislature to submit to a vote of the people an amendment to the constitution designating Tacoma as the state capital instead of Olympia.

The miners working on the Admiral Davey claim, near Republic, have killed four congars recently. The largest measured 8 feet 4 inches from tip to tip and the smallest 7 feet 10 inches.

The board of county commissioners for Lewis county has let a contract for the Northwest Bridge Company for the construction of a 140-foot span bridge across the Chehalis river at Black's Station. The contract price is \$1,494.

An important strike has been made on the property of the Oro Grande Gold Mining & Milling Company, a few miles from Marcus. Previous assays gave from \$8 to \$21.65 in gold, silver and copper and the ore from the new vein is expected to go much higher.

The executive board of the Thurston County Bicycle Path Association reports \$1,901 received last year from the sale of bicycle tags and \$458 from other sources.

David Jathley, who has returned to Everett from Dawson, brought home the petrified jaw of a prehistoric mastodon. From point to point the jaw measures 27 inches, and it still contains two teeth nine inches long. It is thoroughly petrified, weighing 60 pounds.

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