

THE HILLSBORO

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NO. 1.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

Puerto Ricans call for a settlement of the tariff dispute.

A school of forestry will be established at Yale university.

Governor Leary has issued a proclamation freeing the people of the island of Guam.

The transport Mende sailed for Manila, via Honolulu, with 25 doctors, 69 hospital corps men and 26 recruits.

The Port Gibson press, Port Gibson, Miss., in which was stored 2,000 bales of cotton, was burned. Loss \$100,000.

All records are being broken by the weather in the East and South. The thermometer at Chicago registered 1 below zero.

The feature of the St. Patrick's day parade in Chicago was the carrying of a big Transvaal flag at the head of the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

At Marietta, Ga., a mob of 175 men battered down the door of the jail and entered the cell of a negro and fired about 100 shots at him. He will die.

The Academy of Music, the leading theater of Quebec, was burned with a loss of \$80,000. The St. Louis hotel, adjoining was damaged to the extent of \$30,000.

Mrs. Lida Greyeroff, the largest woman in Indiana, died suddenly at her home in Kokomo, falling from a chair while playing dominoes. She weighed 550 pounds and was 32 years old.

Five dead and one fatally and one seriously injured is the result of an attempt to start a fire with gasoline at Columbus, O. George White used the fluid at James Weaver's residence, and an explosion followed. The building was set on fire, and the inmates were covered with the burning fluid.

At Chicago, George L. Magill, formerly president of the Avenue Savings Bank, which collapsed in August, 1896, was convicted of receiving deposits, knowing his institution to be insolvent, and sentenced to the penitentiary for an indefinite term. He was also fined double the amount of the deposit received, the fine amounting to \$2,300.

Maud S., the famous trotter, died at Schults' farm, Port Chester, N. Y. She was brought to the farm from New York a week ago, and it was intended to use her for breeding purposes. She was sick when she arrived here, and had been under the care of a veterinary surgeon. She gradually became worse, however, and all efforts to save the life of the valuable mare were fruitless. Maud S. was owned by the Bonner estate, and was 26 years old. Her trotting record of 2:08 1/4 was made in 1885.

Methuen occupied Boshof, on the way to Mafeking.

The Illinois river is flooded, owing to it is said to the Chicago drainage canal.

The house adopted the conference report on the currency bill by a vote of 166 to 120.

General Cronje and the remainder of the Paardeburg prisoners will be taken to St. Helena.

Rather than have it captured by the British, the Boers will raze Johannesburg to the ground.

The 50th anniversary of the birth of King Humbert I., was appropriately celebrated throughout Italy.

General Kohle has been appointed governor of Albay province, Luzon. Hemp ports have been opened.

Lord Roberts' forces have occupied Bloemfontein, and Koonstadt will be the Free State's seat of government.

James G. Smith, president of the Telegraphers' Union and an inventor of telegraphic devices, died at his home in New York, aged 69.

The Armstrong Steel Works, at Flint, Mich., burned with a loss estimated at \$130,000. Goldens' brewery and cooper shop, adjacent to the steel works, were also destroyed.

Patrick Egan, ex-minister to Chili, and ex-president of the Irish National Federation, has written a letter in which he says that 85 per cent of the Irish people dislike Queen Victoria.

At Price, Utah, Indian Agent Myton, leased 700,000 acres of government land on the Uintah reservation to Eastern Utah stockmen. The lease runs five years, and the amount involved is \$18,000, which goes to the Uintah Indians.

Rev. Dr. Isaac Meyer Wise celebrated his 81st birthday at Cincinnati. He is the oldest rabbi in active service in the United States. Dr. Wise was born in Steingrub, Bohemia, March 11, 1819. After more than half a century spent in America he stands today at the head of the Reform Jews of the country.

Diplomats in Constantinople believe Russia aims at commercial protectorate of northern Asia Minor.

The American Political League, a new organization, will hold a national convention in Boston July 4.

Congressmen and senators have 15,000,000 packages of seeds to distribute among their rural constituents.

Nearly all the progressive railroads are abandoning wooden cars and adopting the steel built structures.

LATER NEWS.

The Boers have 40,000 fighting men left.

President Kruger does not expect any aid from the powers.

The Boers have blown up the bridges north of Bloemfontein and are retreating to the north.

Central American governments are opposed to the Davis amendment to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

Senator Davis, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations and in charge of the French reciprocity treaty, said that notwithstanding the purpose to extend the time for the exchange of ratifications, he proposes to do all he can to obtain ratification during the present session.

Elizabeth T. Struble, editor of the Nautilus, a Christian science newspaper, at Sioux Falls, S. D., pleaded guilty in the federal court to sending obscene literature through the mails, and was fined \$200. Mrs. Struble refused to pay the fine and was taken to jail.

The differential freight rate of 10 per cent on the Canadian Pacific between the East and San Francisco is abolished. This is the outcome of a meeting held in Chicago, at which agents of the American lines threatened to secure legislation debaring the Canadian Pacific from participating in traffic originating in the United States if the differential were continued.

Much concern is being shown by the German government in the threat made by Montague White that the Boers will destroy Johannesburg to prevent it being made the base of the British operations against Pretoria. The Berlin authorities will strongly oppose such action, because of the damage which will be done to the property owned by Germans.

Great excitement prevails in San Jacinto, as it has been discovered that part of the San Jacinto mountain has slipped into a subterranean cavern. A territory covering 60 acres, at an elevation of 4,000 feet, was dislodged by the recent earthquake and has slipped 150 feet lower than it had previously stood for centuries. The face of the new valley is thickly traversed with fissures and cracks.

The German government contemplates another expeditionary force to the interior of Shan Tung, where most of the American missions are located. The German governor at Kiaochow has standing instructions to take such measures for the protection, not only of German missionaries and other interests in Shan Tung province as may seem necessary, but of American missionaries as well.

Julia Arthur has retired from the stage.

The insurgents in Manila and Hong Kong are active.

St. Patrick's day was enthusiastically celebrated throughout Cape Town.

Hetty Green's daughter is said to be engaged to a poor Spanish nobleman.

The Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railway system has been sold at auction.

Andrew Bolter, one of the noted entomologists in America, is dead in Chicago.

Two boys, aged 9 and 3 years, were burned to death in their own house near Alfred, N. Y.

British industries are badly in need of cash. The money market is head over ears in debt.

Nine persons were injured in New York by the dropping of a coal chute upon an elevated train.

General Hernandez, leader of the Venezuelan revolution, is making progress against the government.

Two thousand Boer women in Pretoria have been armed to aid in the defense of the Transvaal capital.

United States supreme court rendered a decision upholding the Texas courts in their war against the state.

During a row in a saloon at Coeur d'Alene, Idaho, two negroes were shot, one fatally and the other seriously.

Admiral Watson's purpose in sending a naval vessel to Tokio, China, was for protection of American interests.

British are persistently prosecuting the war in Borneo. In a recent engagement several scores of rebels were killed.

Puerto Rico's distress is growing worse. Governor General Davis cabled that 500 tons of provisions will be needed weekly.

The French line freighter Paulliac is missing. She carried a cargo valued at \$3,000,000 and has not been heard from for over a month.

Governor Geer received a check for \$27,806.85 from the war department in settlement of the state of Oregon's claim for clothing furnished the volunteers.

To prevent friction with the sultan of the Sulu archipelago, measures have been taken by the American authorities in the Philippines for the adjudication of any questions that may arise which cannot be disposed of by provisions of the treaty which he and General Bates entered into several months ago.

An Iowa concern is making farm wagons wholly of steel.

Electrical power can be transmitted with profit 80 miles and used as steam is used.

Of the 25 men who have filled the governor's chair in Indiana, Gov. Mount is the only one living.

Pennsylvania factory inspectors report 2,228 accidents last year, three-fourths of which were due to carelessness.

REFUSED TO CONCUR

House Objected to Amendments to Relief Bill.

DEMOCRATS WERE VOTED DOWN

Senate Passed a Bill Providing for a Spanish War Claims Commission.

Washington, March 21.—The house today refused to concur in the senate amendments to the Puerto Rican relief bill. The Democrats supported a motion to concur, on the ground that it would further delay in extending relief to the inhabitants of the island, but the Republicans stood firmly behind Chairman Cannon in his demand that the house should insist upon its original provision to appropriate not only the money collected on Puerto Rican goods up to January 1, but all subsequent moneys collected or which are to be collected. The remainder of the day was devoted to District of Columbia business.

Two measures of national importance and many of slightly less interest were passed by the senate today. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, carrying more than \$25,000,000, was passed without debate. The measure providing for the appointment of a commission to adjudicate and settle claims of the people of the United States growing out of the war with Spain was also passed without opposition.

For a brief time the Puerto Rican government and tariff measure was under consideration. Foraker, in charge of the bill, submitted some committee amendments. A few of them were agreed to, but the important ones are still pending. A free trade amendment to the bill was offered by Beveridge.

BIG ORDER FROM MANILA.
Million Dollars' Worth of Clothing for the Soldiers.

Washington, March 21.—Colonel Patten of the quartermaster-general's office, today completed arrangements for the shipment of about \$1,000,000 worth of clothing and equipment to Manila for the use of troops in the Philippines during the next six months.

These shipments will be made by way of New York and San Francisco by the first available transports, and are in response to cables received from the depot quartermaster at Manila.

Among the principal articles called for are 120,000 khaki coats, 122,000 pairs of khaki trousers, 100,500 pairs of russet shoes, 50,000 pairs of black calfskin shoes, 220,000 pairs of cotton stockings, 75,000 pairs of cotton undershirts, 70,000 pair leggings, 50,000 pairs of shirts, 65,000 dark blue flannel shirts, 63,000 campaign hats, 75,000 pairs of campaign drawers, 61,000 pairs of jean drawers, 10,000 linen collars, 10,000 waist belts, 75,000 hat cords, 1,500 tents (including 200 hospital tents), 2,000 blankets, 12,000 brooms, 8,000 scrub brushes, 5,000 barracks chairs and 10,000 light wooden stockings.

With the exception of the light wooden stockings, all articles are in stock at the various military depots and will be forwarded with no more delay than necessary.

Woolen stockings have not heretofore been considered as an essential part of the outfit of a soldier in the tropics and consequently were not kept in stock. These articles will be purchased in the open market in San Francisco and forwarded with the rest.

In addition to the articles already enumerated, 500 field ranges are called for. Even these were in stock, and will be sent forward. Under the policy adopted by the quartermaster department arrangements will be made immediately to replenish the stock in all depots up to the maximum amount at the time of the receipt of the memorandum order from the Philippines.

Empress Submits the Powers.
Peking, March 21.—The ascendancy of the anti-foreign party is becoming pronounced. The dowager empress appears unable sufficiently to reward the officials who exhibit marked hostility to everything not Chinese. Her Tung, probably the most bitterly anti-foreign official of the empire, has been decorated with the three-eyed peacock feather, which has never been conferred before.

The notorious Li Peng Hing, who was dismissed from the governorship of Shantung on Germany's demand, has been advanced to the first rank, and the ex-governor of Shantung, Yuh Sen, has been appointed governor of the Shang Si district, a sub to the powers interested, and likely to prejudice British interests in the province, as the powers believe his maladministration is the cause of the present state of affairs in Shantung.

Plague Spreading in Australia.
Adelaide, South Australia, March 21.—Five deaths have recently occurred here from what is suspected to be the bubonic plague.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 21.—Another death from bubonic plague has occurred here, and two fresh cases are officially reported.

Reconstruction of Theater Francais.
Paris, March 21.—The chamber of deputies today adopted a credit of 2,400,000 francs for the reconstruction of the Theater Francais, recently destroyed by fire, and for the providing of a temporary home for the Comedie Francaise at the Odon.

Steps have been taken by the Topeka Commercial Club to have a big exposition in Kansas in 1904, in celebration of the 50th anniversary of the organization of the territory of Kansas.

A PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Will Be Held in the City of Mexico Next Spring.

New York, March 22.—The state department at Washington has been more than gratified by the prompt and cordial responses received from all the nearer American republics to the formal suggestion recently made by the United States looking to the assembly of a congress of all the independent governments of this continent, similar to the Pan-American conference, which met in Washington in 1889. Sufficient time has not elapsed for replies to Secretary Hay's letter to some of the more distant governments of South America, but their representatives here give assurances which dispel any doubts as to the unanimity of all republics between the Atlantic and Pacific as regards the proposal to meet as soon as possible, with a view of broadening the scope and extending the advantages of the agreements reached 10 years ago.

Within a week or two at the utmost the last formal responses are expected to reach Washington, and in confident anticipation the bureau of American republics, created by the last conference, and now including in its membership every one of the republics, is taking up the preliminary work of the meeting, which will be held, according to the present intentions, at the City of Mexico, beginning in February or March, 1901. The choice of Mexico was due to the fact that all the countries invited to participate have diplomatic representatives there, it is convenient of access to all, the climate from February to August is unsurpassed, and the United States having already enjoyed the honor of one meeting, it was thought desirable that other countries in turn should entertain the delegates.

If one of the chief objects of the meeting is achieved, frequent repetitions will be provided for, and all the republics will eventually act as hosts for the international governing. It was explained that the date of the actual assembly of the conference is deferred for nearly a year, in order that ample opportunity may be given for consideration and preparation of the subjects to be presented for discussion, rather than have the delegates hurriedly assembled and confronted with immature propositions.

The administration expects results of the highest value from the next meeting, on account of the exceedingly amicable attitude manifested by all the republics toward the United States at the present time, in spite of the attempts of European powers to make capital out of the results of the Spanish war and to create jealousy in the capitals of South America on account of the expansion policy, which, according to absurd repetitions actually made to several governments, might be expected to lead to hostilities.

San Francisco, March 22.—A circular distributed throughout Chinatown announces that Loong Ki Chew, a Chinese reformer, now at Honolulu, will be in this city next month. In substance the handbill declares that if the dethroned emperor is not reinstated, the powers of Europe will soon invade China and eventually control it. Hughes replied, dodging the real point and threatening if he injured a single British prisoner, to hold me personally responsible. I suppose he meant the British would hang me. Such threats are contemptible and cannot prevent me from performing my duty to my country. The Transvaal government replied today, informing Lord Salisbury that they despise his threats.

"It is too early to prophesy the outcome of the war, or its duration. The Boers are in God's hands, and he will not let us perish. Our total fighting strength is but 40,000, but with God's aid we can prevail. I have 200 blood relations fighting, and would rather see them perish than yield to England's unholty aggression. It is liberty or death. I have protected British property in the Transvaal, and shall continue to do so."

"Convey to the American people my esteem. We feel that every American should be with us in this struggle for liberty."

Released of His Indebtedness.
Chicago, March 21.—Francis P. Owing, who formerly owned the Owings building, the first "sky-scraper" in the West, and who recently filed a petition in bankruptcy, was released of his indebtedness today. His schedule of assets aggregated \$5,546,917, the largest ever filed here under the bankruptcy act.

PROCEEDED TO TAKU

Gunboat Wheeling Has Gone to the Chinese Port.

RELIEVED BY THE CONCORD

It is Difficult to Protect the Missionaries, as the Scene of Trouble is Far Inland.

Washington, March 22.—The secretary of the navy has received a cablegram from Admiral Watson stating that the gunboat Wheeling had proceeded to Taku, where she will be relieved by the Concord about May 10, and will go as usual in the summer to Unalaska, on the Alaskan coast.

The state department is in a quandary to devise means to render effective protection to the American missionaries at Shan Tung. The difficulty lies in the fact that the missionaries have in most cases gone as far as 200 miles inland, and are thus beyond reach of any aid that can be rendered from a warship. Mr. Conger's advisers show that the situation is further complicated by the fact that the location of the present trouble is so far inland as to make it difficult to determine whether or not the "Boxers" are operating in Shan Tung or across the border in Pe Chi Li province. If the threatened missionaries are in Western Shan Tung, then a further question arises as to who is chargeable with their protection, China or Germany. The exact extent of the German sphere of influence is not definitely known here. It is 200 miles from Kiaochow, the German seaport, to the western border of Shan Tung, but, inasmuch as the Germans have claimed exclusive control of railroad franchises and like concessions throughout the whole province, it is presumed they have assumed military responsibility as well. At any rate, the Chinese government has been deterred from attempting to exercise military authority in that section by the attitude of the German authorities, and that is the reason of the inability of the Peking government to meet Mr. Conger's demand for punitive measures against the "Boxers."

A Bold Robbery.
Paris, March 22.—An audacious robbery of 400,000 francs was committed today from the Northern Railroad Company. The company, which three times weekly, deposits large sums with the Bank of France, sent 630,000 francs today, of which amount 400,000 francs was in small bills. This was placed in a satchel and the money was conveyed from the station to the bank in a cart, which was in charge of two

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Delinquent Tax List for the Year 1897.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a warrant issued out of the County Court of the State of Oregon for Washington County, assessed by the Clerk of said court, on the 15th day of February, 1900, and to me directed to execute the same, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the south door of the Courthouse, in the City of Hillsboro, on Monday, the 10th day of April, 1900, the following described real property, situate in and County of Washington, state of Oregon, or of which some interest may be necessary to satisfy the taxes due, together with costs and charges thereon, said sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, and continue from day to day (Sundays excepted) until said land is sold: Armstrong, Wm.—Lot 4, block 1, Hyde Park..... 1 1/2 Barnes, Isaac—His interest in SE 1/4 of NE 1/4, section 1, T. 1 S. R. 1 W. 1/2 acres, as described in book 1, page 96, Record of Deeds for Washington County, Oregon..... 7 60 Barnes, F. S.—His interest in NW 1/4 of NE 1/4, section 1, T. 1 S. R. 1 W. 1/2 acres, as described in book 40, Record of Deeds for Washington County, Oregon..... 2 50 Barber, A. L.—Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 77