EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

The plight of Kimberley is urgent.

The kaiser's birthday was celebrated in the usual way throughout Germany. Buller's army has retreated to the south of the Tugela, with heavy lomes. Revolution in Venesuela, under the leadership of Hernandes, is spreading.

Fire in Minneapolis destroyed a fourstory brick building, causing a loss of

It was reported on good Transvasl authority that Mafeking was relieved

Edgar Oswalt, a 6-year-old boy of Astoria, was run over by a street car and fatally injured.

The Bank of Deerfield, Deerfield, Wis., was robbed of about \$17,000. The vault was blown open by dynamite. Fire destroyed the works of the Electric Improvement Company at San Jose, Cal., entailing a loss of \$100,000.

Samuel Gompers, in a conference with President McKinley, advocated an eight-hour law for all government

It is said that Lord Roberts favored leaving Ladysmith to its fate and marching on Bloemfontein, capital of Orange Free State.

The surgeon-general of the marine hospital service has shipped to Hono-lulu 1,900 doses of halffkine prophylactic, a playue serum.

Phil Armour Jr., son of the Chicago millionaire, died suddenly near Santa Barbara, Cal. Death was due to congestion of the lungs.

Dr. Leyds, diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, says the Boers do not need to apply for mediation, as everything was going splendidly.

Three masked men entered the factory of Dr. Peter Fahrney & Son, at Chicago, blew open the safe and escaped with \$1,700 in currency.

The senate committee on Puerto Rico, has decided that the island shall be known as Porto Rico, and not Puerto Rico, as fixed by a recent execu-

The weather in the vicinity of Melbourne, Australia, has broken all re- mity. cords for heat recently. On New Year's day five deaths occurred from prostration. The thermometer stood at 114 in the shade, and 156 in the sun.

Recent Dawson fire destroyed prop-

Bubonic plague has broken out at Rosario, South America.

A race riot occurred at Coalberg,

Ala. One negro was killed. In a long article in a Paris paper

Emile Zola defends his father's honor.

The Alaska mail service will be extended to Cape York the coming

The National prohibition convention has been called to meet at Chicago,

The census of Puerto Rico just com pleted shows a total of 957,000 innhabitants on the island. Nelson and Rossland have estab

Northern Washington and Idaho. It is said the pro-Boer meeting at Washington was conducted almost wholly by anti-expansion and anti-ad-

Nearly all the business buildings and many frame dwellings at the mining towns of Ward and Lafayette, Colorado, were destroyed by fire.

William Kirk, first mate of the American ship Clarence S. Bement, was murderously assaulted in his cabin while his vessel was at anchor in Port-

Chairman Lacey, of the house committee on public lands, said that is will be impossible to pass general land laws for Alaska at this session, owing

to opposition in the senate. The North China Daily News publishes an edict, signed by Emperor Kwang Su, appointing as emperor in his place Put Sing, the nine-year-old son of Prince Tuano. The new emperor

will ascend the throne January 81. The senate committee will report favorably on Senator Foster's Alaska our hands in peace and war time. lighthouse bill, making an appropria-tion of \$300,000, to include a lighthouse at Unamak pass, Foster agreeing

to a reduction in the appropriation from \$500,000. Commander Richard Wainwright, who was in command of the Gloucester at the battle of Santiago, was presented a sword of honor and a silver service by a committee representing the citi-sens of the District of Columbia in the

Columbia theater, Washington. San Francisco has a daily paper

printed in Chinese. Joseph L. Mayers, state senator of Ohio, from Coshocton, walked to the capitol from his home, a distance of 100 miles, to show his independence of

Citizens of Dickinson county, Kan., have organized a relief association for the purpose of sending corn to India for free distribution in the famine stricken districts.

LATER NEWS.

Plague at Honolulu is under control Dawson evil-doers are forced to say

General Buller's position is becoming

Surveyors are now at work on the Oregon Midland railway route.

A big steel mill was wrecked in Pittaburg by a boiler explosion.

A bill was introduced in congress to provide mining laws for Cape Nome. Money is now ready for the purchase of the Salem, Or., federal building site. Census Supervisor Kelly has left for Alaska to enter upon his duties there. Owing to a split in the National League, Baltimore may lose her base-

An attempt to rob the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway train at Holden, Mo., was frustrated

The United States transports City of Pueblo and Senator have arrived at San Francisco from Manila

Near Corunna, Spain, a torpedo bont, name and nationality unknown, has been totally lost, with all on board.

Quarantine officers in San Francisco are adopting stringent measures to protect that port from the bubonic plague. The Union hotel, at Revelstoke, B.

, was totally destroyed by fire, the blaze originating in the furnace room. The German steamer Remus has been

and 18 men perished. Colonel Charles F. Williams, commander of the United States marine corps at Mare Island, died suddenly of morrhage of the stomach.

"Nick" Haworth, suspected murderer of Night Watchman Sandall, at Kaysville, Utah, attempted to commit suicide at Salt Lake by bleeding.

Robert Fitzsimmons now claims was drugged when he was whipped by James Jeffries for the championship of the world at Coney Island, last June

A runaway electric car on the Dayton & Xenia traction road, at Dayton. O. left the track at a sharp curve and was demolished, killing three persons.

An American scouting party of the Twenty-fifth was caught in ambush by Filipinos and an officer and three men killed. Insurgents lost 40 in killed and

Senator William Goebel, of Kentucky, was shot and seriously wounded by a cruzed Kentuckian, two shots passing entirely through the Democratic eader's body.

Dr. Leyds is being lionized in Berlin. People of China are said to take imperial changes with great equani-

William Jennings Bryan will accept the Populist nomination for the presi-The fall of Ladysmith garrison is

second defeat. Lord Pauncefote will retire as am-

bassador of Great Britain to the United States, April 1. The interstate commerce commission

has sued the Northern Pacific to enforce disregarded laws. Senators are said to want no change

in the manner of their election. The ouse favors popular vote.

Dundonald's forces, for whom fears were entertained, are safe on the south bank of the Tugela river. Five business men of Walla Walla

were victimized by a smooth forger, The Prince Regent of Bavaria has

conferred the Order of St. Michaels, lished smallpox quarantine against first-class, on Dr. Nansen, the explorer. In Cincinnati, Charles Barlruff, a tanner, killed his wife, his son and his daughter and then tried to set the

A funeral train, arranged by Southern Pacific, will convey the re-mains of General Lawton and Major

Logan to the East. James H. Britton, ex-mayor of St. Louis, and for many years one of the leading bankers of the West, died at

Ardley, N. Y., aged 83. London papers scathingly criticize the language of Buller's report, and accounts of battle from Boer sources

are accepted as correct. Judge Hanford has discharged 15 of the 23 jurors who had been serving on the regular panel in the federal court at Tacoma. The remaining members

will report again on March 20. Captain C. H. Stockton, president of the naval war college, says: "Command of the sea on our North Pacific coast and the waters of the western basin of the North Pacific should be in This can only be effected by readiness of a proper and sufficient naval force either on the spot, or to be furnished from the Atlantic through an untramelled canal. In addition to this, and ready for combining, should be the available forces normally attached to the Philippines and the waters about China, Japan and Corea. In other words, the Pacific ocean, from Samoa

A newsboy of Philadelphia was arrested under the blue law of 1794 and fined four dollars for selling news-

northward, should be within our

papers on Sunday. Admiral Schley, who was recently made a thirty-second degree Mason, has been a member of the fraternity

since his twenty-first birthday A law just passed in Norway makes girls ineligible for matrimony unless they can show certificates of skill in cooking, knitting and spinning.

THE RETREAT SOUTH

Buller's Forces Have Recrossed the Tugela.

BOERS DID NOT PRESS THEM

Julier Thinks Transvanlers Have Beet Taught to Respect Fighting Qual-Ities of His Troops.

London, Jan. 30.-General Buller says General Warren's troops have retreated south of the Tugela river. The Boers say the British lost 1,500 killed Wednesday. It is believed here this includes the wounded. The Boers also claim that 150 of the English troops surrendered at Spionkop.

British Left 1500 Dead. Boer Head Lasger, Ladysmith, Jan. 30 .- The British dead left on the battlefield yesterday numbered 1,500.

ACCOUNT OF THE MOVEMENT.

Buller's Official Dispatch to the W Office The Fighting.

London, Jan. 30.-General Buller's lispatch to the war office states that Spionkop was abandoned on account of lack of water, inability to bring artillery there and the heavy Boer fire. General Buller gives no list of causalwrecked near Asrhaus, Denmark, ties. His whole force withdrew south where she was bound. The captain of the Tugela river, with the evident intention of reaching Ladysmith by another route.

Following is the text of General Buller's dispatch, dated Spearman's Camp, Saturday Jan. 27:

"'On January 20 Warren drove back the enemy and obtained possession of the southern crests of the high tableland extending from the line of Acton Homes and Hongerspoort to the western Ladysmith hills. From then to January 25 he remained in close contact with the enemy.

Boers Held Strong Position. "The enemy held a strong position n a range of small kopjes stretching rom northwest to southeast across the plateau from Acton Homes, through pionkop, to the left bank of the Tugela. The actual position held was perfectly tenable, but did not lend itself to an advance, as the southern slopes were so teep that Warren could not get an effective artillery position, and water supplies were a difficulty.

'On January 28 I assented to his attacking Spionkop, a large hill, indeed, mountain which was evidently the key to the position, but was far more accessible from the north than from the south. On the night of January 23 he attacked Spionkop, but found it very difficult to hold, as its perimeter was to large, and water, which he had been led to believe existed, in this extraordinary dry season was found very

deficient. "The crest was held all that day shell fire. Our men fought with great

"General Woodgate, who was in command of the summit, having been wounded, the officer who succeeded him decided on the night of January 24 to abandon the position, and did so before dawn January 25.

"I reached Warren's camp at 5 A M. on January 25, and decided that a second attack upon Spionkop was useless, and that the enemy's right was too strong to allow me to force it.

"Accordingly, I decided to withdraw the force to the south of the Tugela. At 6 A. M. we commenced withdrawing the men, and by 8 A. M., January 27, Warren's force was concentrated south of the Tugela without the loss of

a man or a pound of stores. 'The fact that the force should withdraw from actual touch-in some case the lines were less than 1,000 vards apart-with the enemy in the manner it did, is, I think, sufficient evidence of the morale of the troops, and that we were permitted to withdraw our cumbrous ox and mule transports across the river, 85 yards broad, with 20-foot banks and a very swift current, unmolested, is, I think, proof that the enemy has been taught to respect our soldiers fighting powers."

Plague lo New Caledonia. Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 29.—From Noumea, New Caledonia, the steamship Miowera brings alarming reports of the ravages of the plague, which has been prevalent there since early in December. There were 16 deaths during the first 10 days following the outbreak. The plague is attributed to the filthy quarters of the Japanese, Tonkinese and Kanakas. All the Kanakas have been isolated on an island adjacent to the town. Up to December 23 there had been no deaths among the whites, eight of whom had been inected, but nine Kanakas, two Japanese and five Tonkinese had died of the disease. Much alarm is felt by the residents and business is at a standstill The natives believe the plague is a visitation of providence, and that it is wrong to take means to check it.

At Pomerov last week 81 horses were duly inspected, and purchased by the government. About as many were re-

Vienna, Jan. 80.-A serious view is taken in diplomatic circles here of the situation in China. The Neue Frei Presse thinks that other powers will ollow the example of France and send warships to protect their subjects. The Austro-Hungarian cruiser Sonta

will arrive at Hong Kong in a few days, and will be at the disposal of the Austro-Hungarian minister at Peking. Governor Leary, of Guam, reports the condition in that island as highly

ROBERTS' NEXT MOVE.

The British Army Will Now Advance

London, Jan. 81 .- History pauses for a time in South Africa. It is one of those unsatisfactory pauses that are nearly as trying to British nerves as a sequence of reverses, and apparently it will terminate only when Lord Roberts gives the word for the forward movement into the Free State, which, according to the most cheerful view, he will be unable to do for a fortnight. Whether he will permit General Buller to make another attempt to relieve Ladysmith is quite outside the knowledge even of those closely connected with the war office. With the moope due to arrive next month he may think himself strong enough to try two large operations. Combining the forces under Generals

Methuen, French and Gatacre, and adding to them the arriving troops, Lord Roberts would have 70,000 for the invasion of the Free State, with 40,000 to 50,000 guarding communications, and 40,000 trying to rescue Ladysmith. The public burns with impatience that something should be done, but there is nothing to do but wait on the preparations. Oceans of ink are poured out in advice. Orators are at work in the provinces, telling the people that England has set her teeth in grim de-

termination to see it through. The government's declarations in parliament, the counter-declarations of those outside the government and the consequent discussion in the press and on the platform will immediately en-

thrall the public interest.

The thing on which everybody seems agreed is that more men must go.

Twenty thousand two hundred and twenty-two men and 155 guns are at sea. Eleven thousand infantry and 9,000 cavalry, including 5,000 yeomen, are practically ready to embark. Therefore, the government, without doing more, can place at the disposal of Lord Roberts 40,000 additional men and 155 guns. The further purposes of the war officials are supposed to embrace somewhat in the neighborhood of 50,000 men. As the indication is that candidates will be rather scarce, the war office will issue orders for those reservists who were found unfit at the previous mobilization examinations to report for further examination. Applicants for cavalry service are still freely

offering as yeomanry.

General Buller's operations has cost
912 men so far officially reported within 10 days. Applying to the 206 Spionkop casualties reported today the rule of proportion, the loss of officers indicates 500 casualties yet to come. The total casualties of the war, compiled from official reports, are 9,528-nearly a division. Of these 2,486 were killed, 4,811 wounded, and the rest are

prisoners. The aggregate British home troops in the secretary in its possession. There south Africa number 116,000, the was no opposition to the proposed Natalians 7,158, and Cape Colonials

The war office announces that no further news has been received from

outh Africa, except a report from Lord Roberts that the situation is

MONEY FOR THE BOERS. Administration Will Refuse to Forward

It on Neutrality Grounds New York, Jan. 31 .- A special to the World from Washington says: The fear of offending Great Britain and provoking a protest would cause the administration to decline to comply with the request of Dr. Preetorius, of St. Louis, who, it is said, has forwarded to Secretary Hay money and letters expressing sympathy with the Boers, which he asks to be sent to President Kruger through the American consul at Pretoria. It is indicated that the state department will take the ground that it would be a violation of the neutrality laws for this government to give financial aid to a belligerent.

It is pointed out that this request differs from the request made by the American consul at Pretoria in behalf of Great Britain to be permitted to forward money to be used by the British sick and wounded in the purchase of delicacies, in that the latter request is made by one belligerent of another, using a neutral as means of communi

Robber Gang Run Down. Cheyenne, Wyo., Jan. 31.—A report has reached this city that a posse of Union Pacific detectives, headed by Tom Horn, had run down two of the Union Pacific train robbers in the Hole in the Wall, and after a desperate fight, killed both of them. One of the pursuing party was shot, but it is thought not seriously. It is known that the obbers separated in two gangs after

orted killed were those who were trailed through the mountains so closely and afterwards escaped. It is supposed they returned to the Hole in the Wall when they thought the pursuit was over, and the detectives have been watching the rendezvous ever since, until they got their men.

leaving the railroad, and the men re-

Denial by Eseta.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 31.—Carlos Ezeta, ex-president of San Salvador. trip of four months' duration to Mexico. It was reported at the time of his departure that he proposed to regain his lost power if possible, but he denies that such was his intention.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 80 .- South and Central Texas were today visited by a fearful blizzard, which increased in severity as the night grew, and from present indications will be the worst blizzard of the winter. The temperation of their fraternity lodge. Fifteen jumped 30 feet to the ground. Little ture has fallen 80 degrees since noon.

In many respects Wisconsin's leaf tobacco is superior to any other domes-tic product. Some of the best brands

STIRRED

British Vice-Consul's Criticism Resented.

ENGLISH WAR POLICY ATTACKED

Tillman Spoke on the Philippine Ques tion, Answering the Argumente of Beveridge.

Washington, Jan. 31.-Mason rose today soon after the senate convened to a question of privilege and sharply attacked the British government and the British vice-consul at New Orleans because of an interview in which the vice-consul had assailed Mason for the position he had taken in behalf of the Transvaal republic in its war with Great Britain. Mason attacked not The marshal of the town, another officer only the consul, but the policy of Great and Jackson started to make the ar-Britain in levying war upon an inferior nation.

Hoar thought the consul's purported remarks so serious that it ought to be investigated by the government, but at the same time be deprecated any attack upon Great Britain, with the people of which the American people ought not only live in peace, but as loving and devoted friends. Lodge sharply ar-rainged the British consul for his utterances against a United States senator, and believed it ought not to be lightly passed.

Tillman delivered a forceful and quite characteristic speech on the Philippine question, in which he maintained that this government ought to extend to the Filipinos the right to govern themselves, the United States guarding them against the aggression of Kansas City, January 9, robbing the of other nations.

Received a Black Eye. The bill for the reorganinzation and improvement of the weather bureau. which includes provision for pensioning disabled and aged employes of the ser-vice, received a black eye in the house. The bill was bitterly fought by the opponents of civil penison rolls on account of the life tenure provisions it contained, and it was sidetracked on a test vote of 57 to 53. Although the speaker ruled that it remained unfinished business when the house was again in committee of the whole, the opponents of the measure believe the action of the day killed it.

The early portion of the day was devoted to a lively scrimmage over the Sulzer resolution to investigate Secretary Gage, which the committee on rules recommended should be sent to the ways and means committee, as the latter committee has the response of the secretary in its possession. There and Sulzer, of New York, used it for renewing their attacks upon the secretary. Gage was defended by Hop-kins, of Illinois, Hill, of Connecticut,

and Dalzell, of Pennsylvania. A bill to require pilots and officers of steam vessels to make oath to their ap-

plications for license was passed.

STEEL MILL WRECKED.

Explosion of a Battery of Four Large Pittsburg, Jan. 31.-The steel department of Phillips, Nimick & Co.'s mill on West Carson street was completely wrecked and a dozen men were injured by the explosion of a battery of four large boilers today. The shock of the bursting boilers was heard through out the lower end of the city and several thousand people were attracted to the scene of the accident. The loss to the plant will be enormous. Five of the injured men were mutilated almost beyond recognition, and one or more deaths may result. A rescuing party is searching the wreckage, which it is supposed contain other of the workmen. Following is the list of the most

serious casualties: Simon Holland, fireman, died at the Homoepathic hospital; Daniel Noonen, badly cut and scalded; Constantine Gallagher, badly cut; Jeremiah Collins,

W. T. Cook, Peter Bynos. The explosion was one of the terrific that ever occurred in a Pittsburg mill. The roof of the boiler room was completely lifted from the building, and the flying iron and steel fell

in all directions. The men were crushed to the ground on the spot where they were attending to the rolls, and those beside the boilers were scalded by the escaping

Wily Governor's Trick San Diego, Cal., Jan. 80.-From dispatches brought by the Hamburg steamer Volumnia, it appears that the arrival of the vessel at Tumaco, Colombia, where she touched on the way up. had the effect of saving the place from capture by Colombian rebels. The latter had demanded the surrender of the town, and the governor was at his was sighted. The wily governor saw his chance to make a bluff. So he sent has returned to his home here after a a defiant message to the revolutionists, and told them that the steamer off port was bringing 500 government troops. The trick succeeded, and the rebeis abandoned their purpose to capture

> Tumaco. Ithica, N. Y., Jan. 81.—Seven or eight Cornell law students, members of the lodge property was saved.

Chicago, Jan. 81.—The Pattern-Makers' Union has decided to demand a nine-hour day after April 1. It is of Havanas are rolled from Wisconsin thought there will be little difficulty in securing the nine-hour day.

FIGHT WITH BANDITS.

Attempt to Rob an Express Train Wa

Holden, Mo., Feb. 1.-John Jackson a detective for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway, from Sedalia, was shot through the head by an unknown man here early this morning. Yesterday Superintendent Hardy, of the Missouri Pacific railroad, learned that an attempt would be made to rob the express car on the east bound Missouri Pacific train, No. 8, due here at 3:08 A. M. for St. Louis. A posse was organized at Sedalia under command of W. A. Cunningham, a secret service officer of the Missouri Pacific, and left there on a special train at 8:30 o'clock last night for Warrensburg, where the sheriff and special officers were taken aboard. When the train reached Holden, the officers were informed that the suspected men were at a resort, and it was decided to arrest them then, as it was believed enough evidence had been secured to bring about their conviction. The marshal of the town, another officer rest, saying they did not need assist-Jackson entered the house. One of the men fired, and the bal passed through Jackson's head just over the right eye. The officers re-turned the bandit's shot, but he and his companions, of whom there were about six, escaped. Later one of them, bably wounded, was captured. Jackson, who was taken to the hospital at Sedalia, cannot recover. The arrested robber said his name was Shores, and confessed numerous robberies. He admitted having held up the Missouri Pa-

cific agent at Independence a few nights ago, and of having robbed the Pitts-field postoffice last Friday night. It is believed Shores and the man who shot Jackson and escaped held up a Missouri Pacific passenger train west sleeping car passengers. Bloodhounds have been sent for to track the robbers. The proprietors of the resort where the men were corralled have been arrested for harboring the robbers.

LUCKY AT POKER AND FARO Where Senator Gelger's Money Came

Washington, Feb. 1.-Hon. J. H. Geiger was the first witness before the committee investigating the election to the senate of Clark, of Montana He was asked whether he had not said in a speech accepting the nomination as a Republican candidate for state

his constitutents would take him out and hang him, "and I still feel that way," he said. His financial condition at the time of his nomination, he stated, was "just moderate." Geiger hesitated somewhat when

questioned regarding money deposited in the First National bank at Kalispell during or since the sitting of the legis- the amount of money expended and the He admitted a tra amounting to \$2,500, and when questioned as to the source of his revenue, frankly stated having won in the neighborhood of \$2,000 at poker and faro.

"You were state senator at the time; did you know it was a misdemeanor to play faro?" Well. I was about as conscientious

in that matter as some other Montana officials. Chair Factory Burned. New York, Jan. 31. - The seven-story building in Cherry street occupied by Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Company as a chair factory was destroyed by fire today during the prevalence of a fierce gale, which made the work of the firemen extremely difficult. When the fire broke out there were about 150 the Democratic contestant for governor men at work in the building, but all of Kentucky, was shot down and very escaped without injury. The bursting of a tank on the roof of the building, which precipitated 10,000 gallons of water upon the fire raging below it generated so much steam that the walls burst open. Part of the east wall fell on the Gerrish warehouse and carried three firemen with it. For a time it were extricated without having sus-

Professor Wood Goes to Europe. Chicago, Jan. 31 .- A special to the Chronicle from Madison, Wis., says: Professor R. W. Wood, of the state university, who has distinguished himself in the works of science by several important discoveries, left Madison on a journey to England, whither he goes is preparing a draft of the revised bill upon the invitation of prominent scientific men. He will be gone about two months,

tained serious injury. The loss on the

of the world's most prominent scientific societies, the first being the Society of Arts and Sciences and the other th Psychical Society, both of London. Largest Cargo. San Francisco, Feb. 1.—The big American ship Shenandoah has been chartered to take to Sydney the largest cargo ever sent to Australia from the

during which time he will address two

Frisco Fears the Plague.

trade and charters are high

Pacific coast. She will carry 1,500,-

000 feet of lumber and about 8,000 tons

of general cargo. There is a great de-

mand for vessels in the Australian

San Francisco, Feb. 1.—Federal Quarantine Officer Kinyaun is determined to take no chances on the black plague being brought into this port. He has issued instructions to the pilots that all vessels, steam or sail, arriving here from Kobe, Hong Kong, Sydney and Honolulu, must go into quarantine pending an examination. The pilots have been instructed to fly a yellow flag on all vessels coming into the harbor from the ports named.

CAUGHT

Filipinos Attacked Scouting Party of the Twenty-fifth.

OFFICER AND THREE MEN KILLED

Insurgents Lost Forty in Killed and Wounded .- Three Transports Arrive at San Francisco.

Manila, Feb. 1 .- A scouting party of the Twenty-fifth infantry, while operating near Subig, was ambushed by insurgents and a lieutenant and three privates were killed and two or three

privates wounded. A company some distance in the rear, on hearing the firing, hurried to

the scene and recovered the bodies. The local papers assert, although the statement is not confirmed, that the insurgents lost 40 is killed and

FOR THE FILIPINOS.

Senator Bacon of Georgia Spoke on His Resolution.

Washington, Feb. 1.-For more than three hours today Bacon of Georgia occupied the attention of the senate with a discussion of the Philippine question. His argument, which had for its basis his own resolutions declaratory of the government's policy toward the Phil-ippines, was listened to carefully by his fellow-senators and by a large gal-lery audience. He maintained that the United States owes as much to the Filipinos as it does to the Cubans, to whom, by resulction of congress, self-government has been promised, and he strongly urged that his resolutions, de-claring it to be the intention of this government to confer the right of government upon the Filipinos, be adopted as a means not only of terminating the war, but of extending to the struggling people justice and freedom.

In the House. The house was in session a little over one hour today, and only business of

minor importance was transacted.

Eddy (Rep. Minn.) rose to a question of privilege, calling the attention of the house to fraudulent representations made by alleged agents of the set of books known as "Messages and Papers of the Presidents of the United senator that his vote could not be placed chased for a Democrat for United States senator. He replied it was his intention to convey the idea that he intention to convey the idea that he plates for the volumes for his labor, the had made a contract with the publisher, from whom he received a small royalty. He was as much op-posed to fraudulent representations as any one. Eddy disclaimed any inten-

tion of reflecting upon Richardson. Resolutions were adopted calling upon the secretary of the navy and the secretary of war for information as to count for which the liable remaining unpaid, for equipments, transportation, supplies and naval operations in the Philippine islands from May 1, 1898, to November

1, 1899. Under the call for committees, a bill to authorize the secretary of war to accept a site for a military post near Des Moines, Ia., was passed; also a bill to extend the time for the completion of the incline railway on West Mountain,

Hot Springs reservation, Arkansas.

At 1:10 P. M. the house adjourned. Senator Goebel Shot Down. Frankfort, Ky., Feb 1 .- While walking through the capitol grounds, on his way to the capitol building, at 11:10 o'clock this morning, William Goebel,

dangerously wounded.

Harland Whittaker, a farmer from Butler county, the home of Governor Taylor, is now in jail in Louisville, charged with the crime. There is no direct evidence against Whittaker, and he was place under arrest more because he was caught around the capitol buildwas feared the men were lost, but they ing when the shots were fired than for any other apparent reason. He denied in the most positive manner that he building and contents, which were had any connection withthe shooting completely destroyed, is estimated at or knew anything about it. He was had any connection withthe shooting running toward the scene of the shooting, and not away from it, when he

was caught and arrested. Hawaiian Bill Completed. Washington, Feb. 1.-The Hawaiian bill has been practically completed by the house committee on territories, and Chairman Knox, with a subcommittee, with the intention of presenting it to the house this week. Several important changes have been made in the measure. The chief of these is the striking out of any and all property qualifications for electors to the ser

its own elections. The omission of the property qualifications for electors is in the interest of the natives. The Bandon Recorder says that Coquille cattle buyers have been on the river the past week, offering \$14 per head for choice last-spring calves, and 6 cents per pound for dressed beef.

Another change eliminates the super-

vison given to the supreme court of

Hawaii over the election in the senate

and house and makes each the judge of

Steamer Remus Lost.

London, Feb. 1.-The German ceamer Remus, from Philadelphia, lanuary 14, via Darmouth, January 22, has been wrecked at Hormsriff, near Aarhus, Denmark, where she was bound. Her cargo is a total loss. The captain and 18 men were drowned. The Remus is a steel steamer. West Hartlepool, in 1889, and regis-tered 1,655 tons. She halls from Hamburg, and was owned by C. And