EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

An Interesting Collection of Items Fro the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

The majority of the wounded in the Quingus engagement were Nebraska

The Asiatic liper, Glenogle, sank the City of Kingston in a fog near Ta

Sam Hose, a negro, was burned at the stake in Georgia. He had killed Alfred Cranford, a white farmer, near Palmetto, and outraged his wife.

Major-General Otis at Mapila reports that one of the regiments under his command has received some cable-grams reading "Don't enlist boys."

The Duke of Tetuan, ex-minister of foreign affairs, has been appointed Spain's delegate to the peace conference, which is to meet at The Hague next month.

Contracts were signed in London Friday which formally transferred to a single organization practically all of the large producing copper mines in the United States.

The senatorial elections for the new cortes was held at Madrid, and passed off tranquilly throughout the country. They have resulted in giving the government a larger majority in the senate than it had secured in the chamber of deputies.

President Zelaya has granted an option, in force until January 1, 1900, to Mr. Charles Nicoll, British counsel at Managua, to purchase the railroads and steambouts of Nicaragua, with the workshops appertaining to them, for the sum of 6,500,000 pesos (silver).

At Oakland, Cal., John McCann, a laborer, was beaten to death during a quarrel which began during a game of dice in a barber shop. Cornelius Townsend, a Democratic county central committeeman, is accused of striking the blow which proved fatal. He is under arrest, as are also Frank Remillard, Frank Reardon and Ed Roach, all suspected of complicity in the crime.

The beef court will recommend that General Miles be reprimanded because he failed to advise the secretary of war of his objections against canned roast beef, and for his discussing in news-papers matters solely in the jurisdicallegations as to the unpalatability of was unexpected. canned rosst boof are sustained, proof as to the use of chemicals in refrigerated beef is not sufficient.

Three young girls perished in the burning of an orphans' home at Berne,

Cosimir, the Indian who murdered Philip Walker, has been captured at Kamloops.

Fire destroyed the department store of Ewer & Co., at Newcastle, Pa. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$50,000. President McKinley has accepted an

invitation to attend the Ohio state on campment of the G. A. R. in June. The American Car & Foundry Company, at Jeffersonville, Ind., increased the wages of its 2,000 employes 10 per

At Sioux Falls, Judge Garland sentenced Bad Elk to be hanged June 16 for killing a policeman who tried to

arrest him. It has been decided by the German government to adopt the English Thornycroft system of water-tube buil-

ers in all German men-of-war. Reading railroad repair shop me-

chanics and other employes will have their wages advanced from 5 to 10 per cent. Two thousand men will be affected. The new sternwheel revenue cutter

Nunivea had her trial trip at San Francisco. She is for use on the Yukon, and will be towed to St. Michaels by the Bear.

Gomes has determined to announce to the people of Cuba his support of an American protectorate until such time as stable, independent government may be formed.

Serious student riots have occurred at the university of Kieff, Russia, the rioters smashing windows with stones. Troops dispersed the mob and arrested

400 students. The Major investigating committee of the Missouri state senate, which has been turning over the affairs of the state and municipal offices in St. Louis, has made a report in which it finds

millions of dollars' worth of property in St. Louis has escaped taxation. Speaker Reed has decided to become

a member of the law firm of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum, of New York. It is understood that Reed will resign his seat in congress and remove to New York. The statement has been made that Mr. Reed is guaranteed a yearly

Minor News Items. the rebellion.

The secretary of the interior has approved the plans of Director Walcott Mrs. McKinley, wife of the presi-for the continuation of surveys in dent, her sisters and the heirs of the

Alaska during the summer of 1899. Disaffection in Jamaica against the the vicinity of the Scio (O.) oil field. They did not know it until informed nent to demand annexation to the United States is gaining force.

LATER NEWS.

The rise in the Missouri river at Omaha has resulted in driving 600 people from their homes and the nearly total submergence of bottom lands, six miles long and two wide.

Henry Brunot, who is confined in the Taylorville jail at Pana, Ill. for the murder of his aunt Jane Brunot, TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES made a second confession implicating his mother, Anna Brunot, in the crime

James and Joseph Caldwell, brothers, living on a ranch near Williamsport N. D., quarreled and James shot his brother to death with a rifle. He then committed suicide by drinking car-

Edward Scott stabbed his son at Jamestown, N. Y. The father had been drinking and abusing the young man's mother, which resulted in a quarrel. The victim is in a critical condition. The father is under arrest.

Advices received at New Orleans from Bluefields, by the steamship Jari, state that pandemonium reigned in that city the night of April 18. Drunken native soldiers paraded the streets, firing at inoffensive citizens and into houses. Several persons were wounded.

The first street-railway ordinance which provides for a 4-cent fare, 10 per cent compensation to the city and the option for municipal ownership has been introduced in the city council at Chicago. The company seeking a 20year franchise under these terms is the Chicago Western Elevated Railroad.

The members of the Samoan commiscion have arrived in San Francisco and wilt go to Apia on the transport Badger. Judge Tripp the American representative says that the commissioners are in thorough harmony in their desire to avoid international complications and are in accord on the main issues involved.

John Page, 77 years old, living at Springdale, Wash., applied for a pension. His son, James Page, company Second Oregon volunteers, was killed at Manila, March 19. He was 30 years old, single, and the sole support of his father, who is a widower. This is the first application for pension filed in Washington on account of the late war.

A story has reached Victoria from Alaska to the effect that a party of six returning Klondikers, one of whom is said to have been bringing out considerable treasure, have been drowned near Fify-Mile, where the river trail is now impassable. The story was given at Skagway by a late arrival, but it is unconfirmed by the other late comers, No names were given.

Governor Gage has appointed Dan Burns as United States semator from California to succeed Stephen M. White.

Ex-Governor Richard J. Oglesby felt tion of a court of inquiry. The court dead near Lincoln, Neb. He had been finds substantially that General Miles' in ill health for some time, but the end dead near Lincoln, Neb. He had been

Daniel E, Brewer, a prominent Chicago physician, in a lecture, advocated the establishment of a Tarpeian rock in Chicago, unless the city secures a new code of criminal law.

The jury in the Windsor hotel fire at New York, brought in a verdict that the fire was caused by accident. The police still have \$40,000 worth of unclaimed jewelry and other valuables recovered from the fire ruins.

Major Francis B. Dodge, of the pay department, recently relieved from duty at Denver, has been selected by the war department to disburse the \$3,-000,000 allotted by the government for the pay of the Cuban troops.

The United States Worsted Company, with a capital of \$70,000,000, and the American Plumbing Supply & Lead Company, with an authorized capital of \$85,000,000, have been incorporated under the laws of New Jersey.

N. M. Dyer, captain of the cruiser Baltimore, now at Manila, will return at once on account of sickness, and will arrive in Boston, June 30. The family has notified Baltimore city officials, and they will present him with a sword.

The president has appointed Colonel James F. Smith of the First California regiment, to be a brigadier-general of volunteers. The regiment is now in the Philippines. General Smith will be assigned to one of the brigades of General Otis' army.

At Springfield, Mo., a bold attempt was made to release from the county jail Jack Kennedy, Bill Ryan and Bill Sheppard, who are held here pending trial for the recent train robbery on the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Mem-

phis road, near Macomb, Mo. In the United States supreme court an opinion was handed down in the case of Oliver Wendell Holmes, jr., vs. G. D. Hunt, holding that copyright on a book, the contents of which have been published serially without being

previously copyrighted, is invalid. Captain Wild, of the United States cruiser Boston, has protested against the promotion of Colonel Miller to be brigadier-general as a reward for the capture of 11o 11o. It appears that this capture had been effected and that the place was simply turned over to Colonel Miller, who, up to that time, had nothing to do with its capture. This

action is indorsed by Admiral Dewey. There are 450 employes to every 100 Gen. Wheeler has recently had set as miles of railroad in the United States. cuff buttons two buttons that were shot | The Kiowa Indians in Kansas refrom lils uniform during the war of cently chose as "medicine man" the white widow of the previous incumbent

of the office. Mrs. McKinley, wife of the presilate George D. Saxton own the oil and by a man who wanted a lease.

THE FALL OF QUINGUA

a Horseshoe Trench.

The American Troops Continued Their Advance and Occupied the Town.

Manila, April 25 .- Four men of the Nebraska regiment, including Colonel Stotsenburg, Lieutenant Sisson, and three men of the Fourth cavalry, were killed, and 44 wounded in an engagement at Quingua. The Filipinos 1e-

treated with small loss. The engagement developed into a disastrous, though successful, fight. The insurgents had a horseshoe trench, about a mile long, encircling a rice field on the edge of a wood.

Major Bell, with 40 cavalrymen, encountered a strong outpost. One of his men was killed and five were wounded by a volley. The Americans retired, carrying their wounded under fire and with great difficulty, being closely pursued, fog enabling the enemy to creep up to them. Two men who were carrying a comrade were shot in the arms, but they continued with their burden.

Major Bell sent for reinforcements to rescue the body of the killed cavalryman, and a battalion of the Nebraska regiment, under Major Mufford, arrived and advanced until ohecked by volleys from the enemy's trenches. The Americans lay about 800 yards from the trenches behind rice furrows under fire, for two bours. Several men were sunstruck, one dying from the effects of the heat as they lay there waiting for the artillery to come up.

Finally the second battalion arrived, and then Colonel Stotsenburg, who had spent the night with his father at Manila, came upon the field. The men immediately recognized him and raised a cheer. Colonel Stotsenburg, deciding to charge as the cheapest way with a bullet in the breast, dying instantly, about 200 yards from the

Lieutenant Sisson fell with a bullet in his heart, the bullet striking him near the picture of a girl, suspended by a ribbon from his neck.

Filipinos stood until the Nebraska it plain to the United troops were right on the trenches, and expects an equivalence then they bolted to the second line of the trenches, a mile back.

The Nebraska regiment lost two privates and had many wounded, including two lieutenants. The lowa regiment had several wounded. The Utah regiment had one officer and three men wounded. Thirteen dead Filipinos

their safe shelter. The Americans carried the second trench with smail loss, and are holding

the town tonight. Colonel Stotsenburg had won a reputation as one of the bravest fighters in the army. He always led his regiment and had achieved remarkable popularity with his men since the war began. although, during his first colonelcy, the volunteers who were not used to the rigid discipline of the regular troops thought him a hard officer. The loss of the Nebraska regiment in the campaign is the greatest sustained by any regiment, and today's disaster has greatly saddened officers and men, who promise to take fierce vengeance in the next fight.

BURNED AT A STAKE. Georgia Negro Cut With Knives and

Then Set on Fire. Newnan, Ga., April 25. - In the pres ence of nearly 2,000 people, who sent aloft yells of defiance and shouts of joy, Sam Hose, a negro who committed two of the basest acts known in the history

here, this afternoon. Before the touch was applied to the pyre, the negro was deprived of his ears, fingers and other portions of his anatomy. The negro plead pitifully for his life while the mutillation was going on, but stood the ordeal of fire with surprising fortitude. Before the body was cool it was cut to pieces, the bones were crushed into small bits, and even the tree upon which the wretch met his fate was torn up and disposed of as souvenirs. The negro was cut in several pieces, as was also his liver. Those unable to obtain the ghastly relies direct paid the more fortunate possessors extravagant sums or hem. Small pieces of bone went at 25 cents, and a bit of the liver, crisply cooked, sold or 10 cents.

Sam Hose killed Alfred Cranford, s white farmer, near Palmetto, and outraged his wife, 10 days ago.

Demands Coghlan's Removal. Chicago, April 25 .- The Illinois Staats Zeitung, in a furious editorial on Captain Coghlan's utterances at New York, demands his removal, con-"The American government cluding: should get rid of officers of the kind of Coghlan.

The Counterfeiters' Plot. Philadelphia, April 22 .- Secret service men say the counterfeiters arrested here and in Lancaster, Pa., intened to attempt to bribe a trusted official of one of the United States sub-treasuries and dump \$10,000,000 of counterfeit notes directly upon the government. The gang had a \$50 hote and a \$100 note partly finished, and planned to make plates for a \$20 note. They had two men, some time after the foreman names of the persons who have fought paper and madefinery to carry out the had made his rounds, carried in open the government in this way will be the city. The vessel was given an en-

HAS ENTERED A PROTEST.

Jermany Takes Exception to the Utter

washington, April 26.—The German Filipinos Were Driven From a Horseshoe Trench. Club banquet. The protest was lodged with Secretary Hay through German NEBRASKA MEN FIGHT HARD Ambassador von Holleben. Secretary Hay replied that the language could not be regarded as official or a public utterance in the sense that would warrant the department in acting. However, the navy department was fully competent to take such action as the case seemed to require.

There are semi-official intimations that the ambassador will not so much concern himself with the course of Coghlan as with the United States in dealing with Coghlan.

Hay Expressed Disapproval.

Bertin, April 26,-It is announced n a semi-official note today that United States Secretary of State John Hay has expressed to the German ambassador his strong disapproval of the conduct of Captain Coghlan, of the cruiser Raleigh.

FORTY-EIGHT NEW WARSHIPS. Uncle Sam's Navy Growing at a Rapid

New York, April 26.-A special the Tribune from Washington says: The completion within a few months of two great battle ships, the Kearsurge

and Kentucky, serves to call attention to the remarkable rate at which the American navy is growing at the pres ent time. Except among naval cers, who watch this progress, few persons realize that 48 warships are now under construction for the United States, involving expeditures under existing contracts aggregating \$33.336,-These vessels, when equipped ready

for sea, will have cost over \$50,000, 000. Eight of them are first-class seagoing battle-ships, as good as any affoat, without taking into account the superiority of the gunners, machinists and officers to man them. Sixteen are knots speed; four are heavy harborout of the difficulty, led the attack at defense monitors; one is a sister cruisthe head of his regiment. He fell er to the New Orleans, and 18 are tor

HAS AN AXE TO GRIND.

John Bull Will Not Abrogate Clayton New York, April 26 .- A special to

the Herald from Washington says: Al-In the meantime the artillery had though willing to abligate the Clark arrived and shelled the trenches. The Bulwer treaty, Great by action. This equivalent will be exact. eral years in the engineering departed during the negotiations of the ment of the Union Pacific at Omaha, ed during the negotiations of the American-Canadian commission, which

is to resume sessions in Washington in August next. It is because of a demand for con. side during most of the time. cessions equal in value to that which will be given to the United States in were found in the trenches. Their loss the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer was comparatively small on account of treaty that the negotiations have not

expected. It is apparent to the officials now that Great Britain proposes to use the further its own aims in connection with the settlement of the Alaskan boundary and reciprocity questions.

Great Britain is determined to make every effort to secure entry to the Northwest Territory through Alaska, and the United States is not willing to give it to her. It may be, therefore, that she will suggest that in return for such an outlet she will surrender ati her rights in the Nicaraguan canal.

President McKinley and Secretary Hay have determined not to enter into any negotiations with either Costa Rica or Nicaragua respecting the Nicaragua canal until the new isthmian canal commission has submitted its report. The Nicaragua canal commission will report within a short time, and the president will then announce the personnel of the isthmian commission. The new commission will then proceed to Panama and later to Nicaragua, and it is the expectation of the president of crime, was burned at the stake in a that it will submit its report in time public road one and a half miles from for consideration early in the next session of congress.

WORK OF A MOB.

The Alleged Accomplice of Sam Hose Hanged Near Palmetto.

Palmetto, Ga., April 26.-The body of Lige Strickland, the negro preacher who was implicated in the Cranford murder by Sam Hose, was found swinging to the limb of a persimmon tree within a mile and a quarter of this place early today. Before death was allowed to end the sufferings of the negro, his ears were cut off, and the small finger of the left hand was severed at the second joint. These trophies were in Palmetto today. On the chest of the negro was a scrap of bloodstained paper fastened with an ordinary pin.
On one side of this paper was writ-

ten: "New York Journal. We must protect our ladies, 23-99." The other side of the paper contained a warning to the negroes of the neighborhood. It read as folows: "Beware, darkies. You will be treated the same way."

Before being finally lynched, Strickand was given a chance to confess to the misdeeds of which the mob supposed him to be guilty, but he protested his innocence until the end.

CARRIED OPEN LAMPS. Explosion in a Coal Mine Killed Four

Men and a Boy. Denver, April 24 .- A special to the News from Albuquerque, N. M., says: Four men and a boy employed in Cook & White's coal mine at Madrid lost lamps.

S NO MORREY TO K

Timber Cruisers That Left Seaside Were Poisoned.

lodies of Three of the Men Found-Parties Searching for the Fourth.

Astoria, Or., April 26 .- That the entire party that left Seaside April 7 on tested the American slapped his face a timber cruise are dead is an assured fact as the bodies of three have all heart.
ready been found and search is still in The party.

As soon as S. H. Doty's body was found and brought into Seaside Satur-'Indian Louie," and John Burke were engaged to start out in search of the remainder of the party, who consisted of of Seaside, who accompanied the party ter knelt and pleaded for his life. as a guide, as he was thoroughly famil-

iar with that section of the country. This afternoon "Indian Louie" re-This afternoon "Indian Louie" re-torned with the information that they day commuted the sentence to life imhad found the bodies of Heikman and Radir at the foot of Sugar Loaf mountain, some distance apart, and about three miles from where Doty's body was found. "Indian Louie" returned to give the news, while Burke continued to search for the body of Cloutrie. According to information received, there were no marks of violence on the bodies, and the cause of their death can at the present time only be surmised, but it is generally supposed that seriously injured and over a score it was the result of eating poisoned canned meat or vegetables.

A party started out from Seaside this afternoon to bring back the lodies, but it may be several days before they will torpedo-boat destroyers, averaging 29 arrive, as it is about 15 miles through a very rough country. Some writing are the most seriously hurt, but may be found on one of the bodies that may explain the cause of the cruisers' deaths, but it now appears quite certain that they had been dead longer than at first supposed. The last entry in the field notes found on Doty were dated April 9, only two days after the party had started out from Seaside.

P. E. Heikmann was 39 years of

A. J. Cloutrie was 65 years of age. He came to this county from Portland about four years ago, and lived at Sea-

"Indian Louie" today made the fol-

"My opinion is that Cloutrie got hurt in some way, and they all stayed progressed with the promptness at first with him until he died, meantime exhausting all their provisions. matches, etc. After Cloutrie's death they evidently were lost, and wandered proposition to abrogate the treaty to about seeking to recover their bearings. Whether the supposition that the death of any or all of the party was due to poisoning from canned meats or other edibles is true, there was nothing in their surroundings to indicate. Cloutrie was one of the most practical woodsmen in this section of the country. According to the notes found on Doty's body, the party was through its work and on its way out.'

ARMY AT CALUMPIT.

MacArthur's Troops Before the Rebel Manila, April 26 .- On General Hale's advance on Calumpit 50 Filipinos and one American were killed. Hale is now before Calumpit. The

the army beyond Malolos, and have started back to Manila. The Americans have evacuated Malolos, and hold only the railroad prop-

army gunboats are of no further use to

erty. Progress of Lawton's Troops. Manila, April 26.—Although the sticky condition of the ground, due to

a rain storm, seriously impeded its progress, General Lawton's column left San Jose today, and is expected to reach Norzagarav this evening.

Colonel Summers is marching from Bocave with two battalions each from the Oregon and Minnesota regiments, three troops of cavalry and two guns. In the meantime General MacAr-

hold, and General Hale, with several guns, is threatening the enemy's flank. A few rebels between Novaliches and La Loma have persistently interfered with telegraphic communication,

but the signal corps has repaired the breaks and captured severeal prisoners. A small body of rebels at Taktay was discovered this morning by the armored launch Napidan. A few shots scattered the rebels and drove them inland from the lake.

All is quiet along General Hall's and General Ovenshine's lines. Another Cigar Seizure.

Toledo, O., April 26 .- Revenue officers today seized 30,000 cigars with counterfeit stamps. The total seized in this city is now over 70,000.

Washington, April 25 .- In spite of all denials, it is true the cabinet and the president have discussed sedition and treason as shown in the messages and letters sent to the soldiers in the Philippines and intercepted by General their lives at noon today. Orders are Otis. It is believed the matter will be strict to the effect that only safety again taken up by the cabinet as soon lamps shall be used in the mine, but as details are sent by Otis and the made public.

SAVED A MURDERER'S LIFE. How Alger Secured Commutation of the

Washington, April 27 .- President McKinley has commuted the death sentence of Rafael Ortiz, of Caguns, Porto Rico, who murdered Private Burke, of the Forty-seventh New York infantry, to life imprisonment. Secretary Alger CAUSED BY EATING CANNED FOOD was instrumental in securing this act of clemency, as the case was brought to his attention when he was in Porto

> Ortiz was in love with a Porto Rican girl before the arrival of the American soldiers in that island, and was loved in return. Burke won the heart of the dusky maiden, and when Ortiz proin the presence of his former sweet-

progress for the fourth, what was the oldest and weakest member of the with several companious, rushed up bebind him and cut his throat.

Ortiz was seized, convicted and sentenced to be shot. He was to have day afternoon, Louis Chance, known as been executed at San Juan the day Secretary Alger reached Caguas on his tour of inspection. The mother and sister of the condemned man and sev-P. E. Heikman, a civil engineer, of the road and stopped the progress of cator, of Portland, and A. J. Cloutrie, the secretary. The mother and daugh-

Secretary Alger suspended execution of the sentence until the case could be prisonment.

EXPLOSION OF BENZINE

Two Persons Killed and a Score jured in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, April 27.-By the explosion of 75 gallens of benzine in the laboratory of Frank H. Flees & Co., manufactureres of chewing-gum, today, two men were killed, three persons others were more or less injured by flying debris. The dead are: Walter those injured, Harry Randall, an employe, and Mra Givison, and her son

The explosion was a terrific one, and for a time caused the wildest excitement. No less than 100 buildings in the vicinity, most of them small dwellings, were damaged. The laboratory building was a two-story structure. At the time of the explosion there were only four mon working in age, and a native of Germany. His the building, who were preparing a mixture for the neating of vanilling

these will recover.

Rebels Made a Brief Stand and Then Fled.

AMERICANS LOST EIGHT KILLED

Capture of the City Gives Otto Strategie Control of the North Half of Luzon.

Monila, April 27 .- General Mac-Arthur has annihiliated Aguinaldo at

Calumpit. The insurgents made a brief stand against 6,000 Americans, and their field to the hills. The Americans lost eight

The capture of Calompit gives the Americans strategic control of the north half of Luzon, and is the final blow to the hopes of the rebei leaders

and the insurgent republic.

General Lawton today lost communication with General MacArthur, and now has to cover eight miles by courier. The signal corps is trying to estab-lish telegraphic communication again. General Lawton is now near Norsa

garay.

The March to Calumnit. Manila, April 27 .- General MacArthur's division fought its way to the Filipino trenches before Calumpit to-day, advancing four miles, mostly through woods and jungles, and crossing the Bagbag river. This was accomplished at a cost to the Americans of six killed and 28 wounded, the first South Dakota regiment being the hear-

After fording the river, the South Dakotans pursued the insurgents to the outskirts of the city of Calumpit, but that town was found to be so strongly protected that MacArthur deemed it best to withdraw the tired fighters and go into camp for a night's rest before making the final assault.

The largest buildings in Calumpit were being fired by the Filipinos while

the Americans were crossing the river, fully a mile away, showing the enemy's intention to abandon the village. The Filipinos have adopted a settled policy of retiring from one position after snother, inflicting the greatest possible damage from the advancing army. The forces today were well

Brilliant Charge of Kansans.

furnace in the next room, and the explosion instantly followed. Manwaring was instantly killed and Mc Kinley was so badly hurt that he died

several hours later in a hospital. Randall's escape was remarkable. He was blown through the roof a landed on an adjoining building.

LYNCHED BY NEGROES. Kansas Murderer Shot by Men of His

Kansas City, April 27 .- A special to the Star from Galena, Kan., savs: Charles Williams, alias Jones deolored), was shot to death at 3:30 this affax, a negress, yesterday. The mob. composed of about 25 masked negroes. went to the jail, and four gained entrance by breaking the door in. The first man had an ax, the second a rope, and the third carried a pistol. Williams was locked in his cell, but they lost no time in breaking the lock, and ordered him to come out. This he refused to do, claiming that he was innocent of the charge, and asked them to

only give him a fair show. At this the man who carried the revolver began shooting through the bars at Williams. Four shots took effect. killing the murderer instantly. The work of the mob was systematically and cooly done. They came quietly, did their work and dispersed without any demonstration. The coroner's inquest today held that Williams came to his death from the effects of pistol shots from an unknown person. No

arrests have been made, Used Strong Language.

London, April 27 -The 300th anniersary of the birthday of Oliver Cromwell was celebrated today. Dr. Joseph Parker, of the City Temple, delivered an extraordinary oration to a large congregation, and in the course of his remarks attacked the Prince of Wales thrur's division is in front of Calumpit, preparing to attack the rebels' strong-After eulogizing Cromwell, Dr. Parker the country mourn. We look to the prince for noble deeds and high example. When I see my prince and premier on the race course, I don't

like it." These remarks were cheered by the audience, and Dr. Parker then proceeded to make a rabid attack on the sultan of Turkey.

Strike at Cour d'Alene. Spokane, April 27 .- Miners in the Spekane, April 27.—Miners in the Coeur d'Alene country struck today.

J. Hudson McKnight, secretary of the The miners' union called out the employes of Bunker Hill and Sullivan he appoint delegates to attend the mines at Wardner, and the miners of the Last Chance mines also walked

all round, and recognition of the union. Deadman's Island Case. Vancouver, B. C. April 27 .- At an adjourned session thight the city counoil passed a resolution by a majority of one to wire Ottawa and ascertain if the government will grant a transfer of the lease of Deadman's island from

out. The men demand \$3.50 per day

Vicksburg, Miss., April 27,-The gunboat Nashville reached here late this afternoon and anchored opposite thusinstic reception.

Ludgate to the city.

The regiment was being held in reserve, and company K charged a distance of a quarter of a mile over a corner of the field to the bank of the river near the bridge, where the insurgents, from trench, were peppering the arnoted train, then about 200

down the track. The company found shelter in a ditch. Colonel Fred Funston called for volunteers to cross the river, and the colonel himself, Lieutenant Ball, a private of company K, a private of company E, Trumpeter Barsfield and Corporal Ferguson, of company I. crawled along the iron girders. morning in the city jail by a mob of this was going on the men of com-negroes. Williams killed Laura Can-pany K, from the ditch, were fusillading the trenches in the endeavor to divert attention, but the Filipinos got the range from a trench down, and bullets soon spattered the waters un-

> der the structure. Having reached the broken span the small but valcrous party of Americans slid down the caisson, swam a few yards to the shore, and crawled up the bank, the little colonel leading the way to the trenches, revolver in hand. while the few remaining Filipinos bolted.

> they could not shoot straight, and our boys could attend to them while we were crossing." GOT TWO STOMACHS MIXED.

Colonel Funston said afterward:

"It was not much to do; we knew

A Morgue Attendant's Mistake and Ite Result. St. Louis, Apirl 26. - Governor Stephens, of Missouri, has been requested by Eph Houston to commute the death sentence of Thomas Shackelford, who is now in the city jail. Houston was an attendant at the morgue at the time Taylor's body was brought there, and the doctor who held the post mortem examination gave him the stomach of the man to set aside. Soon after a dead man was brought to said: "When the prince fails, then let to how he came to die, and on the docthe morgue. There was some doubt as tor's order his stomach was also put aside. Houston says he believes he got

the stomachs mixed. Shackelford was convicted of murder in the first degree on the evidence adduced from the stomach, which was kept by Houston for the court.

Trans-Mississippi Congress Olympia, Wash., April 26.-The trans-Mississippi congress, asking that

meeting. The governor says he will

appoint as delegates any reputable citi-

zen of the state who may express a

willingness to go. Mrs. Sewall Thanks the Czar. Indianapolis, April 27 .- May Wright Sewall, honorary president of the national council of women, and vice-president of the international council, has addressed a letter to the can of Russia, thanking him in the name of the 1,250,000 women of the United States

included in the membership of the council, for his action in calling a convention of the representatives of all nations to consider the disarmament of the armies of the world. The same of the part of the same of the sa

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