EVENTS OF THE DAY

News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Rudyard Kipling, the popular author, is said to be dying at his hotel in New

Texas is passing through an alarming epidemic of meningitis. Thirty deaths from the disease have occurred in Fort Worth in the past week.

A report from Madrid says that European troops have been landed at Ma-nils from warships. The Washington officials discredit the story.

A representative of the Associated Press learns that Pierpont Morgan is to bear the entire cost, amounting to about \$25,000, of the installation of electric lights in St. Paut's cathedral,

The naval committee of the house has directed a favorable report on the senate bill creating the grade of admiral and intended for Rear-Admiral Dewey. The committee also decided favorably on the senate bill granting two months' extra pay for naval service outside the United States during the war with Spain.

Lieutenant Commander C. P. Rees. U. S. N., who was the signal officer with Admiral Dewey's fleet and who stood upon the bridge with the admiral during the battle at Manila, has arrived in Topeka, Kan., to visit relatives. The naval officer was received by the governor and both branches of the legislature, and spoke briefly before both the house and senate.

An appeal has been received by the chamber of commerce of San Francisco on behalf of the flood sufferers of the Shan Tung province of China. Those signing the appeal are American and English people. They state that the Chinese of the district have raised something like \$70,000 American money, but this will go but a short way, as there are over 2,000,000 people starving.

According to the statement of Colonel Byrd, of the quartermaster department, there remain at Manila 2,000 of the 5,000 Spanish troops that were turned over to General Otis, as a result of the surrender of that place. Of the 3,600 who have been returned to Spain, about half were taken back by the Spanish government, so only about 1,800 have been repatriated so far at the expense of the United States. The remaining 2,000 he expects to leave Mantla for Spain within the weeks.

The government has sent 4,000,000 postage stamps to Porto Rico, for use in the postal system there.

Representatives of the Kickapoo tribe of Indians are in Mexico trying to get a concession of land from the government for a settlement. The tribe desires to move to that country.

A large sale of steers took place at San Antonio, Tex., on the 22d. The George B. Lovington Co. sold 8,000 2year-olds and 12,000 yearlings to another company. The price paid for the lot was \$375,000.

The pine timber lands of Southwest Virginia, East Tennessee and North-western North Carolina have been monopolized by Canadian and New England capitalists. The syndicate represents \$5,000,000.

The Nicaraguan government having placed too close a censorship on United States cable messages, and failing to listen to protests from this country, President McKinley has dispatched the cruiser Detroit to Greytown to demand an explanation

There is great activity in the iron industry, and many orders have been An order for 13,000 tons of steel rails for China will be sent abroad, as American mills have contracts for six months ahead.

An attempt to burn Manila was made by insurgents. Fires were started in two portions of the city, which raged all night long, sweeping away rows of buildings and devastating acres of property. After daylight the American troops drove every native out of the districts in which fires occurred.

The island of Negros, the fourth in importance in the Philippine group, has been completely pacified. Four commissioners from the island visited General Otis on the 22d and informed him that the insurgents had been driven from the island and the American flag raised, and they desired Otis to take possession, which he promised

Private Edwin W. Hampton, of Com pany H, Second Oregon regiment, was killed in a skirmish near Manila Tuesday. He is the first Oregon soldier to die in battle. At the same time privates Joseph H. Cardington, Christian E. Horn and H. D. Hazard, of Company E, First Washington regiment, were killed and Corporal W. B. Tucker, of Company H, of the same regiment, was seriously wounded.

A letter received from Dawson recently says that the first mail that has been received there since last fall ar-

2,500 letters. Funds for erecting a monument to the memory of the Oregon volunteers below the water line and her propellors are to be raised by the Woodman of before finally accepting the vessel from are to be raised by the Woodmen of the World in Portland by giving a her builders. When she comes off the series of patriotic benefits. These will begin in May. Excursions will run will become the crack ship of the mito the city so outsiders may attend.

LATER NEWS.

There are 61 caes of typhoid fever in the Seventh army corps in Cuba.

A dispatch from Rome Tuesday say Epitome of the Telegraphic the pope was taken suddenly ill that morning.

The battle-ship Oregon accompanied by the collier Iris, saited from Hono-lulu for Manila February 20,

The sundry civil bill, together with a large number of public building measures were passed by the United States senate Tuesday.

The American Pottery Company, with its burden of \$30,000,000 capitalization, is likely to fail in its purpose of uniting the potteries.

Monday congress passed the army re-organization bill with an amendment providing that no permanent increase in the army shall be made beyond 1901. The German government has ordered

its warships to leave the Philippine islands and has placed German sub-jects there under the protection of the United States.

According to advices from Genoa, province of Barcelons, the number of disbanded Spanish sailors in Cuba who are joining the American navy is considerably increasing.

Six second-lieutenants in the regular army, just graduated from the mili-tary academy at West Point, have arrived at San Francisco, on their way to regiments.

The Southern Pacific overland from Portland ran into a landslide in a canyou 45 miles south of Roseburg, Or. The locomotive and baggage car were derailed, and the fireman badly injured. A tramp who was stealing a ride was slightly burt.

A dispatch from Vahi, capital of the island of Samos, off the west coast of Asia Minor, says that a boat belonging to the British torpedo-boat destroyer Bruiser has foundered in a squall off Samos, and that eight of her crew were drowned.

Orders have been issued to the hospital-ship Relief, now at New York, to sail for Manila at the earliest possible moment, and to move at as great speed as is safe. The Relief's cargo will consist of enough medical supplies for 25,000 men for a year.

The senate committee on naval affairs held a meeting Monday for consultation on the naval appropriations It was decided to antagonize the house increase for the navy, and the committee will recommend only six new war vessels instead of twelve provided for in the house bill.

Governor Rogers, of Washington, has vetoed the capitol building bill.

The gunboat Princeton sailed from Sues Monday for Aden. She is bound for Manila, where she should arrive in about three weeks.

The North Dakota senate has passed a commission of three physicians in each county for the examination of all applicants for marriage licenses.

In the federal court in Tacoma Judge Hanford has ordered a decree of foreclosure on the Shelton & Southwestern railroad. The sale of available property has been ordered to settle claims which all told, amount to nearly \$30 .-

Th extent of the loss by fire in the suburbs of Manila since February 22, has been given. Sixty buildings of stone and 150 substantial wooden structures with iron roofs were de In addition, 8,000 Nipa stroyed. houses of the natives were burned.

The Spanish senate has by a vote of shal Martines de Campos, signed by all Spanish generals in the senate, dethe conduct of the recent war. government supported the motion.

Two commissioners who returned to Manila from Malolos, the headquarters of Aguinaldo, report that 8,000 of the insurgents at that point are anxious to surrender, and that it is believed Aguinaldo is ready to receive peace proposals. The commissioners were sent to the insurgent stronghold under a flag of truce.

Officials of the German foreign office, have notified the United States embassy, at Berlin, that the government will henceforth admit American oranges, lemons and raisins without examination, and also all American fresh and dried fruit will be allowed to pass in bond through Germany without being examined.

It is announced that Germany will insist that Matsafa be made king of the Samoan islands. The United States, however, with the approval of England, is determined to support Malieton Tanus. Chief Justice Chambers will likely be recalled from the islands on account of the letter be wrote to his brother, and the publica-

tion of which offended Germany. In answer to their demand for increased pay, the Western Coal & Mining Company at Little Rock, Ark., has posted an ultimatum to the employee at all its mines at Denning, Coal Hill and Jenny Lind, stating that none of their demands would be granted. The miners refuse to vield, and it is now settled that the 4,000 men or more will quit work, closing down the entire dis-

A writ of habeas corpus has been applied for in the case of four Indians under sentence of death for murder.

The Japanese cruiser Chitose will be rived January 28. There were about placed in drydock at San Francisco, so that the naval constructor of the Japanese navy may inspect her plates

WARSHIPS ORDERED AWAY.

Germany Recalls Her Ships From th

Philippines. Washington, March 2.-The German government has set at rest effectually the rumors of a purpose on its part, di rectly or indirectly, to embarrase the United States in the Philipppine islands, and has given a signal manifestation of its desire to promote the most cordial relations between Ger many and the United States by ordering the withdrawal of all vessels of its navy from Philippine waters and placing the lives and property of its subjects there under the protection of the United States government. This action is regarded as a master stroke of diplomacy, by which will be removed all possibility of a clash between German and American interests about Manils, and gives notice to all the world entertained any suspicion of sinister

The announcement of this act of the German government came at the close of a day that had been full of sensational rumors of a clash between the Americans and Germans in Manila, the rumors finally going so far as to assert that Admiral Dewey had fired on and sunk a German vessel at Manila. Any lingering fears in naval circles were set at rest finally at the close Manila to join various regular infanrty of the day by the receipt of some dispatches from Manila, but without mention of any untoward incident.

Finally at the close of the day, and after the official close of the departments, the announcement was made for the reason of the great confidence the the officials had in the falsity of the rumors, the statement being authorized that by one bold stroke Germany had removed all possibility of any clash at Manila. It was announced that the German government had ordered their ships away from Manila, probably to their new naval station on the Chinese coast.

The German government followed its announcement to the state department of a purpose to order its vessels away from the Philippines with a formal applicationn to the United States government to undertake the protection of all the Germans in the Philippines, not only in person but in property.

The president very promptly accepted the trust, and there will be no German ships, either at Manila or Ilo Ilo to distrub the relations between the two the countries by forming the base of sensational and false rumors.

EVENTS AT MANILA.

Filipino Rebels Keep Up Their Guer-

Manila, March 2 .- The rebels Malabon fired upon the cruiser Callao from the jungle yesterday while Admiral Dewey was visiting the Monadnock. Three shells were dropped by the monitor into the Malabon church, demolishing the structure and killing a number of tebels who were inside.

A factory at Malolos is reported to be running day and night to supply ammunition for the insurgents. The ignorance of the natives is shown by the fact that they have collected empty Springfield shells and are refilling them. Over 2,000 of these cartridges have been discovered in houses in Pandayean by an officer of the Washington

Death in a Tornado. Vicksburg, Miss., March 2.-Telegraphic advices from Yazo City give the details of the destructive tornado which passed over that section Sunday night. Many houses were blown down, and 12 or 14 persons were injured. 130 to 7, approved the motion of Mar- Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, together with their son, daughter-in-law and two children were carried bodily a distance manding parliamentary inquiry into of 300 yards by the wind. Hamilton and his wife were so badly injured that they died shortly afterwards. Mrs. Devine, a lady 78 years of age, was crushed by the roof of her house falling on her and is fatally injured. Eight or ten families were rendered destitute, and much suffering is reported. Horses, cattle and lowls were

killed in large numbers. Alleged Aid From Japan. Madrid, March 2 .- Reforma asserts that it has received letters from reliable sources, at Manila, saying 80 cannon, 30,000 rifles and several million cartridges from Japan have been landed at Sual, on the Gulf of Lingayen, on the west coast of the island of Luson, and about 100 miles from Manila, and have been taken thence to Malo los, the seat of the rebel government Reforma adda:

"Japan evidently intends to act to ward the Americans in the Philippines as the Americans acted toward the Spaniards in Cuba."

Search for Wellman

Christiana, March 2 .- The Morgen Bladet says that arrangements have been concluded by which a sealing vessel will search Frant Joseph Land for Walter Wellman and the members of his expedition to Greenland, unless the explorer returns shortly.

Spaniards Will Be Deporced.

Spanish miners who arrived on the Umbria Sunday destined for the West, have been ordered deported. It is asserted that they came under contract

New York, March 2 .- Fifty-three

to work for a wealthy Spaniard at Boise City. Crisis in Spain. Madrid, March 2.- A ministerial crisis is imminent. The cabinet is convinced of the impossibility of avoiding defeat in the final vote on the bill for the cession of the Philippines, as the opposition may increase, while the government cannot hope to gain a

single additional supporter. Honolulu, March 9 .- The battle ship Oregon, accompanied by the collier Iris, sailed for Manila Fabruary

THE ARMY BILL PASSED

Measure Went Through After a Stubborn Contest.

CONTAINS GORMAN AMENDMENT

The House Holds a Seven-Hour Sessio and Passes Two Appropriatlon Bille.

Washington, March 1 .- After a contest that will be memorable in the his- overruled it. tory of the senate, the compromise army reorganization bill was passed this evening at 7:10. When the senand especially to any Americans who ate convened, at 11 o'clock this morndesigns by Germany, of the wishes and the bill might be passed during the tion and furnishing of the territorial day. Gorman, of Maryland, insisted capitol; authorizing a resurvey of certivate the friendship of the United that his amendment providing that the army should not be increased perma- brasks. nently, or beyond July 1, 1901, be incorporated in the measure. For several hours it appeared probable that his insistence at least would throw the bill over until tomorrow, and perhaps defeat it. An agreement was reached finally, however, and Gorman's amendment, in a slightly modified form, was accepted. The vote was 55 to 13.

Then the senate took up the sundry civil bill and completed its reading, all the committee amendments being agreed to, except those relating to the District of Columbia. The bill was then laid seide to be completed tomor-

In the House.

The house was in session seven hours oday, and sent to the senate two more appropriation bills, the army, which been under consideration for eral days, and the fortifications.

The former carried about \$79,000, 000, and the latter, approximately, \$4,700,000. The final conference report upon the Indian appropriation bill was also adopted. The only amendment of importance attached to the army bill was one giving two months' extra pay to enlisted men in the regular army who served beyond the limits pied nearly the entire day. of the United States during the war with Spain, and one month's extra pay to those who served in the United States. The discussion of the administration's policy relative to the Philippines, which has been occupying the attention of the members to the exclusion of almost everything else during the consideration of appropriation bills for the last two weeks, was continued today, several speeches being made on

the subject. A bill was passed appropriating \$5,000 for the investigation of leprosy in this country under a board to be se lected by the surgeon-general. Corliss (Rep. Mich.) stated that there were about 300 cases in the United States.

ANXIOUS TO SURRENDER

Rebels Weary of Warfare.

Manila, March 1 .-- Two commissionalso express the belief that Aguinaldo Spanish Commissioners Rossato and

ing near Calocan with dispatches for crown of Spain at her feet. the Spaniards. They said Aguinaldo and Sandiok are both at Malolos

ers, they will gladly release two the cavalrymen are clad in vague Cu-

Sinforesedode Lacruse and several hun-the palace, presented arms. Most of dred of the enemy left the Filipinos line them carried Cuban flags stuck in their crying "No quere mas combate los rifles. Americanos mucho bono." mandant said that fully 8,000 of his men had enough, and were anxious to

Among the enemy in the jungle many women and children are visible. A wom in laid down her rifle, and attempted to cross with the parleyers, ley party returned to the American seeing the islands under German conlines, the enemy on the right fired a tool. Matsafa in his attack on Malie-

SCATTERED FIRING.

This Alone Disturbed the Stillness a Manila Sunday Night.

Manila, March 1 .- Except for an occasional volley and some individual firing by the rebels from the jungle near Calocan, along the river and in

can confinue to annoy the soldiers in are quiet.
the daytime, but the Americans no The nav longer pay much atetntion to them, re- Oregon to arrive at Manila March 10. serving their fire until the rebels appear in the open in sufficient force to ustify a volley or an occasional shell. During the night time the men are accustomed to the enemy's salutes, and a majority of them remain undisturbed, ecured by the outposts and sentries.

In Manila absolute quiet prevails; the streets are deserted and the only sounds to be heard after ? c'clock in the evening are the tramp of the pa- here charged with complicity in the trois and sentries and the occasional canter of the hoofs of an officer's borse. Today's evidence goes to prove young The insurance companies, after a James' guilt. Express Messenger conference, have decided to accept war Hills practically identified James as The insurance companies, after a risks at an additional premium of 5% the chief of the gang concerned in the per cent per month.

Dennis B. Hurley, congressman from at Hot Springs, Va.

BY A DECISIVE MAJORITY. United States Senute Passes the River

Washington, Feb. 27 .- After a see sion of nearly eight hours today, the Mr. Morton in the Oregon legislature senate, this evening, at 6:30 o'clock, on January 18, and which became a passed the river and harbor bill by the law on February 17, provides for the decisive vote of 50 to 3. The measure protection of the fruit and hop indus-

tion availed nothing. The sharpest contest arose over the Nicaragua canal bill amendment. A point of order was made against it that it was general legislation, but the senate, to which the vice-president submitted the point,

Among the bills passed by the senate today were the following: Authoriz-ing the legislative assembly of the territory of New Mexico to create an ading, it seemed more than likely that ditional indebtedness for the comple-

The army appropriation bill today was lost sight of in the general discussion of the policy of the government relative to the Philippines, and several notable speeches were made, especially that of Settle. General debate on the bill closed today, and tomorrow the bill will be taken up for amendment under the five-minute rule.

A sensational feature of the day was the speech of Johnson, of Indiana, who a fortnight ago made several notable speeches violently attacking the policy of the administration during the consideration of the army reorganization bill, returned to the assault, and delivered against the president and some of his advisers the most scathing philippic heard in the house for months. He sneered at the president and the influences which he alleged controlled him, impugned his motives, questioned his sincerity and likened him to Dickens' most contemptible character, charged the secretary of war with incompetency, and predicted that the president would in the end be engulfed by adverse public sentiment. The discussion of this measure occu

GOMEZ IN HAVANA.

The Cuban General Received With Mil-Havana, Feb. 27 .- The festivities today in honor of the fourth anniver-

struggle for independence were most spontaneous and wildly enthusiastic. General Gomez arrived on the edge of the town from Mariana at 12:30 P. M., escorted by the Second Illineds agent or railtoad agent, or other per-

and did not enter the city. When Gomez passed, the crowd went on all sides. The procession stopped frequently, eventually filing into the main streets of the city, passing Central Park and arriving at 2:30 o'clock

at the palace. There were many floats expressing ers who returned from Malolos under a the friendship between the United flag of truce today report that 8,000 States and Cuba. A handsome carrebels are anxious to surrender. They riage, containing ladies, and decorated \$100. with large Spanish, American and Cuis inclined to accept pacific overtures. ban flags, draped together with white ribbons and bearing the legend, Bogoto were permitted to pass our line "Unity, Peace and Concord," was vo-to confer with Aguinaldo in reference ciferously cheered. Still another float to Spanish prisoners at Malolos. They represented a Cuban woman holding an returned through the lines this morn-

No fewer than 25,000 people were in line, requiring three hours to pass a this state. While the Filipinos are not yet pre given point. The horses of the Cuban pared to surrender the Spanish prison- cavalry are scrawny and ill-fed, and Americans who have been held for six ban uniforms. All carried Remington weeks, on payment of \$30 value of food and clothing furnished them.

Shortly afterward the rebels sent out in lines of twos. The infantry occaflag of truce. Bornelli, Commandant sionally kept step, and as they passed

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 27 .- Accord ing to Samoan advices in Sydney newspapers brought by the steamer Miowera, an interview was had with Ma trafa in his camp after the battle by a reporter, who learned that Mataafa was equally averse with Malietoa to trol. Mataala in his attack on Maliebodies or injure the feelings of any white persons. The interviewer adds that it appeared to him that Mataafa was being urged on against his personal wishes to fight.

Dewey Wants the Oregon. Washington, Feb. 27 .- The following dispatch has been received at the

navy department from Dewey: Manula, Feb. 27.-For political rea the vicinity of San Pedro Macati, all sons the Oregon should be sent here at was quiet along the entire line Sunday once. The Yorktown has arrived. The Charleston and Petrel are cruising The enemy's sharpshooters at Calo- around the Philippine islands. Affaire

> The navy department expects the Reinforcements Arrive at Manila Manila, Feb. 27.-The transport

> on board, has arrived here from San Francisco, and the troops are being disembarked. Bad for Young Jesse James. Kansas City, Feb. 27 .- Jesse James, son of the famous bandit, is on trial train robbery committed near this city.

hold-up. Port Said, Feb. 27.-The transport the second New York district, is dead Sherman, from New York for Manila. arrived here today.

House bill No. 238, introduced by law on February 17, provides for the was under consideration throughout tries of the state, and the destruction the day, and on several of the commit-tee amendments a determined fight was plants. This law has the endorsement made, but in every instance the opposi- of the Fruitgrowers' Convention, State Horticultural Society and state board. Following is the full text of the act, as it became a law:

"An act to protect the fruit and hop industry of the state of Oregon. - Be it enacted by the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon:

"Section 1 .- That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation owning or operating any nur-sery, fruit orchard of any kind, hop yards, flower gardens or ornamental trees to throw cuttings or prunings from any fruit trees, nursery stock, ornamental trees or hop vines into any public road, highway, lane, field or other inclosure, or into any water course of any kind; but shall destroy such cuttings or prunings with fire within 30 days from the time such

cuttings or prunings are made. "Sec. 2.- It shall hereafter be the duty of any person, firm or corporation owning or operating any such nursery, fruit orchard, hop yards, flower garden or ornamental trees, and knowing such to be infected with any kind of insects, peets or disease to immediately spray or destroy the same in such manner as the fruit commissioner of the district may direct.

"Sec. 3 .- It shall be unlawful for Paris green, arsenic, London purple, sulphur, or any spray material or compound for spraying purposes, in quantities exceeding one pound without providing with each package sold a cerof, guaranteeing the quality and per ests of this country. cent of purity of said materials.

Such of the dispat

"Sec. 4.-Any person, firm or cor be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$25, nor more than \$100.

"Sec. 5 .- It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to im- son to believe he would have trouble port any infested or diseased fruit of in keeping order at Manila, where the sary of the beginning of the Cuban any kind into the state of Oregon.

"Sec. 6.- Every person who packs or prepares for shipment to any point without the state, or who delivers or causes to be delivered to any express point without the state, any fruit or wild with vivas, hats were flung in is infected with insect pests or diseases demeanor.

"Sec. 7. - Any person, firm or cor poration violating any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeancor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than

"Sec. 8. - It shall be the duty of the commissioner of the state board of horticulture of the district in which a violation of this act occurs to present the evidence of the case to the district attorney, whose duty it shall be to prospcute any persons guilty of a violation of this act, which prosecution shall be brought in any of the justice courts of

"Sec. 9. - Inasmuch as the horticultural interests of the state demand im-mediate attention this act shall be in Guatemala, in Central America. Ac-

FOR FISH HATCHERIES.

The Washington Senate Passes an Ap-

In the Washington senate Saturday there were passed five bills appropirat-ing a total of \$26,000, establishing fish harbor, Wenatchee, Skykomish, Nooksack and Snobomish rivers.

A bill regulating the practice of pharmacy was passed by a unanimous vote. Other bills passed were: Authorizing the appointment of deputy coal mine inspector; authorizing counties to invest the surplus current expense fund (this bill carries an emergency clause); one bill was favorably recommended. It set the legal rate of interest at 6 per

Governor Rogers' appointment o Dr. J. L. McIllhaney, of Everett, a member of the state board of health, was confirmed.

New bills introduced were: Appro printing \$3,100 for the relief of D. B. Ward, state immigration agent; in relation to the settlement and reclamation of 1,000,000 acres of granted arid lands, making an appropriation and declaring an emergency; an act empowering the board of land commissioners to relinquish granted lands back to the United States; this to apply to lands that have been selected, and, it for any reason the selection failed. Senator Preston explained the motive Scandia, with the Twentieth infantry of this bill, stating that an emergency existed in consideration of recent de cisions by the land department at

Washington. The sergeant-at-arms was instructed to purchase \$2 worth of stampe for each member.

In the House vanced on the calendar. Falknor said that it was stated to the judiciary com-mittee by the mayor of Tacoma that apply to convicts under sentence.

FRUIT AND HOP INDUSTRIES. REPORT FROM MADRID

European Troops Said to Have Landed at Manila.

CONSTANT FIGHTING GOING ON

Spanish Sources of Information Not to Se Relied Upon, Say Wash-ington Officials.

Madrid, Feb. 28 .- An official dis-

eatch from Manila says: "The situation here is very serious. The foreign warships are disembarking troops. General Rice will leave Manils and go to Zamboanga, island of Mindanao."

The government has received a long dispatch from General Rice at Manila, but refuses to impart its contents.

The Imparcial, which asserts that it is in a postion to know the truth of the situation at Manila, says:

"There is constant fighting between the Americans and the Tagalos. The courage and stubbornness of the latter have caused great anxiety to the Americans, who do not conceal their belief that the war will be s long and desperate one. There is the greatest alarm among foreigners in Manila, the commanders of the foreign warships having decided to land forces to protect their subjects."

Discredited in Washington.

Washington, Peb. 28.-The government officials here discredit the stateany person, firm or coproration doing ment in the above dispatch that the business in the state of Oregon to sell foreign warships are disembarking foreign warships are disembarking troops at Manila. Spanish sources of information, respecting affairs in the Philippine islands, are not to be relied upon, they say, as the press and peo-ple of Spain do not heeitate to circutificate, duly signed by the seller there- late statements in mical to the inter-

Such of the dispatches reaching the war department today from General poration selling any of the above ma- Otis that were made public were conterials which do not conform with the fined to routine matters, while Secrecertificates furnished therewith shall tary Long said tonight he had not a be deemed guilty of a miedemeanor and, word from Admiral Dewey during the entire day. General Otis has repeatedly stated in his dispatches to the authorities here that he has the cituation well in hand, and there is no rea-

ream of his troops are stationed.

Rebels Are Desperate. Manila, Feb. 28 .- Last night the rebels concentrated in such numbers near the Chinese cemetery that General McArthur anticipated an attack and band and three battalions. These bac-son, or to any transportation company asked for reinforcements. Two com-talions then returned to their camp or corportaion for shipment to any panies of the Twenty-third regulars were sent to Calocan, and a battalion fruits, either fresh, cured or dried, that of the Twentieth regulars to the cometery, at about midnight, but the expectthe air and women showered flowers injurious to trees, shrubs, plants, ed attack was not made. The rebels, calls and yells of "viva independen cia," and "mucho malo Americanos," and firing volleys, disappeared in the

> It is believed their leaders are getting desperate, and are attempting to force the United States troops to make an attack, in the hope of breaking through the American lines, but the rebels are evidently unwilling to be pacified when foring the Americans. It is just possible, however, that they may be goaded into such a move

before more reinforcements arrive. Filibustering Expedition.

Kansas City, Feb. 28.—The Times prints the details of an alleged filibustering expedition having for its object full force and effect from and after its cording to the story, a regiment of approval by the governor."

1,000 men has been formed in Kanasa City, St. Louis and Chicago, and a second regiment has been formed in the East. Two companies are to leave Kansas City by rail, it is said, en route to the scene of the proposed invasion, via St. Louis and New Orleans. A Guatemalan named Sandoval, the representative of a former governor of hatcheries as follows: At Willapa Guatemala, is said to be the organizer of the expedition, and it is stated that the invaders are to receive their pay in grants of land and other privileges, in the erent of the success of the revolu-

Revenues of the Islands.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn has made a public statement showing the total receipts from customs and taxes received from the several ports in the islands of Cuba and Porto Rico and the Philippines, so far as reports have been received by the war department from the respective dates of occupation of said ports by the military forces of the United States to and including Janu-

ary \$1, 1899. In Cuba from July 18, 1898, to January 31, 1899 (six ports not reporting for January), \$1,812,872 was received. In the Philippine islands from August 13, 1898, to December 31, 1898, \$1,-819,818. In Porto Rico from August 15, 1898, to December 15, 1898, \$8,-

Reyes Defeated.

Managua, Nicaragua, Feb. 28.— President Zelaya's army has captured Cili mountain and Aguas Calientes, thus virtually terminating the Bluefields revolution. Extradition Treaty With Mexico. City of Mexico, Feb. 28.—The extra-

dition treaty negotiated between Mexi-co and the United States has been Minister Marisosi In the house Saturday the senate bill signed by Foreign Minister Marisca relating to paroling convicts was adand Ambassador Powell Clayton. The convention broadens the embe the bill is for the benefit of George
Boggs, whom the governor refuses to
pardon, and offered an amendment
that the effect of the bill should not journment.