

Save Time and Money.
It is the best weather to breathe
fresh, invigorating air, but take care
of lung, or else St. Jacobs Oil must
take care of it and cure it promptly.
It saves time and money.

When He Goes.
"Does your husband ever go to
church, Mrs. Badger?"
"Oh, yes, he goes quite regularly in
the winter time."
"Why does he go in the winter time
and not at other times?"
"Well, you see, he generally has the
quincy when the weather is raw and
thinks he is going to die."—Chicago
Evening News.

The Best

Medicine Money Can Buy
Is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It contains more
curative power, is prepared with greater
care by educated and experienced phar-
macists. It has the greatest sales and
effects the greatest cures. It is the medi-
cine you should take to purify your blood
and make yourself strong and healthy be-
fore cold weather comes.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all dealers. Price, 25c. Get Hood's.
Hood's Pills cure indigestion. 25 cents.

A Principle of Life Illustrated.
There are certain plants—the dod-
der, for instance, which begin life with
the best intentions, strike their roots
into the soil, and really appear as if
they meant to be independent for life.
But after supporting themselves for a
brief period they fix curious sucking
discs into the stem and branches of ad-
jacent plants. And after a little ex-
perimenting the epiphyte finally ceases
to do anything for its own support,
thereafter drawing all its supplies
ready made from the sap of its host.
In this parasitic state it has no need
for organs of nutrition of its own and
nature takes them away. There-
fore the dodder is a plant without a
root, without a twig, without a leaf,
and having a stem so useless as to be
inadequate to bear its own weight.—
Prof. Drummond.

Schilling's Best Tea

An inch of rain falling upon an area
of one square mile is equivalent to
nearly 17,000,000 gallons, weighing
145,800,000 pounds, or 64,844 tons.

The stability of the solar system
demonstrated by Laplace from New-
ton's law of attraction, is shown by M.
H. Poincaré to be a mistaken inference,
overlooking the modern conception of
energy.

When coming to San Francisco go to
Brooklyn Hotel, 226-212 Bush Street.
American or European plan. Room and
board \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day; rooms 50 cents
to \$1.00 per day; single meals 25 cents.
Free coach. Chas. Montgomery.

Coronium, known hypothetically as
a constituent of the sun, has been dis-
covered by Professor Nasini, of Padua,
in volcanic emissions. It is a gas ap-
parently much lighter than hydrogen.

No household is complete without a bot-
tle of the famous Jesse Moore Whiskey. It
is a pure and wholesome stimulant re-
commended by all physicians. Don't ne-
glect this necessity.

Furlough and Leave of Absence.
With the return of the volunteers
from active duty the terms "furlough"
and "leave of absence" have been em-
ployed frequently, and in many in-
stances improperly. A furlough is a
permission given by a commissioned
officer to an enlisted man or noncom-
missioned officer to be absent from
duty for a certain length of time.
Leave of absence is the term used when
a like permission is given to a com-
missioned officer by his superior.—New
York Tribune.

From active duty the terms "furlough"
and "leave of absence" have been em-
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duty for a certain length of time.
Leave of absence is the term used when
a like permission is given to a com-
missioned officer by his superior.—New
York Tribune.

Baker's Chocolate

celebrated for more
than a century as a
delicious, nutritious,
and health-forming
beverage, has our
well-known
Yellow Label
on the front of every
package, and our
trade-mark, "La Belle
Chocolatiere," on the
back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.
MADE ONLY BY
WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.,
Dorchester, Mass.

YOUR LIVER

Is It Wrong?
Get It Right.
Keep It Right.
Harris' Revealed Remedy will do it. Three
doses will make you feel better. Get it from
your druggist or any wholesale drug house, or
from Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle.

BASEBALL, FOOTBALL.

ATHLETIC AND GYMNASIUM SUPPLIES.
Send for Catalogue.

WILL & FINK CO. 330 Market St.
San Francisco.

BUY THE GENUINE

SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

NOTE THE NAME.

THIS SYRUP FOR
Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore
Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever,
and all other ailments of the Throat and
Lungs. Sold by druggists.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS

Great Mistakes of Eastern Capitalists
in Neglecting to Hunt for Desir-
able Mining Investments.

One of the great mistakes made by
Eastern capitalists is to seek only for
developed mines to purchase, says the
Mining World. As a general thing,
owners of mines which can be worked
at a substantial profit have no need to
look for purchasers, and are not apt to
look for them. It is for this reason
that those who came to the West for
mines are disappointed; that, while
they are offered partly developed or
opened properties, the paying or going
mines are not then for sale, except at
what they consider high prices. After
a man or company has prospected,
opened and brought to a producing
point a good mine, it is worth as much
to them as any one, and the owners are
unwilling to sell except at a good profit.
In fact, such properties are seldom
offered for sale. People have to hunt
them up, and then have hard work to
get a bond on them, the owners gen-
erally preferring to keep on working.
There are great numbers of "going"
mines, with the necessary machinery,
in the West, but the owners do not let
them be "peddled" around for pro-
moters to bargain with.

Smelter Changes Hands.
The Tacoma smelter is to be the
largest on the Pacific coast. Three
hundred thousand dollars will be ex-
pended at once in increasing its capac-
ity and the reorganized company which
now owns the smelter has unlimited
capital at its command. The smelter
is to be controlled by the Bunker Hill-
Sullivan mine at Wardner, Idaho, the
largest and richest mine in the Coeur
d'Alene district; the Alaska-Trend-
well, Alaska-Mexican, and Alaska-
United States at Douglas Island, three
of the largest mines in the North.
Back of these properties is the wealth
of D. O. Mills and other New York
capitalists, and the Exploration Com-
pany of London, dominated by the
Rothschilde. Henry Bratnaber, the
Rothschilde's confidential agent and one
of the shrewdest mining men in the
country, is a stockholder in the new
company. W. R. Rust, of Tacoma,
continues as its manager.

Increase of Gold.
The year of 1898 shows a big increase
in the production of gold throughout
the world. The total is estimated at
\$75,000,000, divided as follows:
South Africa.....\$75,000,000
Australia.....65,000,000
United States.....60,000,000
Russia.....50,000,000
Other countries.....45,000,000
Total.....\$375,000,000
The output of the Klondike, included
in the above, is estimated at \$12,000,-
000. The exact figures, as they have
come to the directors of the United
States mint, are \$10,055,370. Of this
\$5,070,000 was handled by the assay
office at Seattle, and \$4,985,370 was
turned in for coinage at the San Fran-
cisco mint.

An Important Deal.
An important mining deal has been
consummated at Eureka, Cal. Moston
mine, in the northern part of Humboldt
county, owned by J. J. Moston,
Peter Hammer, Jacob Kahle, J. L.
Collison and Mrs. E. Welty, compris-
ing 8,000 acres of placer mining
ground, has been sold to Charles Foote,
of Chicago, for \$145,000. Foote has
already commenced development work
with a force of 35 men, and will begin
hydraulic mining early next year.

Iron Works Consolidated.
A meeting of the stockholders of the
Union iron works was held last week
for the purpose of increasing the capital
stock and for the purpose of ratifying
the consolidation of that company with
the Reid Machine Company, at Spo-
kane. Three new brick buildings have
been recently erected and several thou-
sand dollars' worth of machinery
added. The company has several
months' work ahead and contracts are
piling up rapidly.

Soap Works Sold.
The Findley soap works, of Van-
couver, B. C., have been purchased by
the Royal Crown Soap Company, of
Winnipeg. This company now prac-
tically controls the trade of the North-
west, and has a capital stock of \$250,-
000. The new owners contemplate
erecting a new building which will be
fully equipped with modern machinery
and a thoroughly efficient staff will be
employed.

Acres in Oregon.
From coast to west Oregon is 370
miles across, and 270 miles across from
north to south, giving it an area of 95,-
000 square miles. The acreage is great-
er than that of all the New England
states, West Virginia and Delaware
added, or greater than the aggregate
of New York, Pennsylvania and Dela-
ware, or Iowa and Ohio, or Illinois
and Louisiana, or of the total area of
England, Scotland and Wales.

Shipment of Apples.
L. A. Porter, of Lewiston, Idaho, is
arranging to ship 28 carloads of apples
—nine to Minnesota, seven to Grand
Forks, N. D., and twelve to Omaha.
Mr. Porter received an order from
Philip Armour, the millionaire, for a
special shipment of apples.

Salmon Season Closed.
The Columbia river salmon canneries
have closed their fall season with a
pack estimated at 115,000 cases. The
amount of fall salmon put up is the
largest in the history of the Columbia,
and the prices paid were among the
best. The spring pack on the Colum-
bia reached 883,600 cases and the total
for the year is thus placed at 489,600.

In all the camps of Baker City gold
fields development of quartz properties
is active.

The scarcity of water for mining
purposes was not confined to Oregon
alone. The comparative drought which
prevailed during the past year cut
down the output of gold in California
fully 80 per cent, and that state is con-
sequently not in the race with Colo-
rado, where placer mining is a second-
ary industry.

Portland box factories have received
several orders from British Columbia
this season for pine boxes. The mills
in the province were not able to supply
the local demand, although they have
been running on full time lately.

POISONOUS GERMAN TOYS.

Much More Danger in Them Than in
American Toys.

Washington, Nov. 28.—Dr. D. E.
Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal
industry, in his report to the secretary
of agriculture for the fiscal year ended
June 30, 1898, states that during the
year most inspection was in operation
at 135 abattoirs, as against 128 for the
previous year, and in 35 cities, as
against 33 in 1897. The number of
animals inspected before slaughter
numbered 51,335,398. Of these 9,328,-
237 were cattle, 10,028,287 were sheep,
408,199 calves, and 81,610,675 hogs,
showing a total gain over 1897 of
9,025,291. At the time of slaughter
81,116,833 animals were inspected, and
63,663 were rejected and 91,508 car-
casses and 48,189 parts of carcasses
were condemned. The meat inspection
stamp was affixed to 14,583,780 pack-
ages of mutton and beef and pork prod-
ucts, of which 374,181 contained micro-
scopically examined pork.

In connection with the examination
of imports from Germany, it was found
that German toys and colored goods
were poisonous, and all highly painted
German toys may be regarded as very
dangerous to children who may suck off
the paint or swallow the pieces that
may be chipped off.

The study of tuberculosis, with re-
ference to both men and animals, has
been continued, and reports received
indicate that in incipient stages of the
disease the serum is of considerable
value. This division contemplates be-
ginning investigations relative to Texas
fever, anthrax and other diseases.

The division of pathology has contin-
ued the experiment of dipping cattle
with a view to destroying the ticks,
which spread the infection of Texas
fever, and a substance has been found
in which the cattle may be immersed
without suffering any serious injury,
and which will destroy all the ticks on
an animal in a single dipping.

In making recommendations for the
fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, Dr.
Salmon adds that a sufficient appropri-
ation for extending and developing for-
eign markets for dairy products of the
United States be made, and that legis-
lation be sought by which the existing
system of government inspection and
certification of meats and meat prod-
ucts for export from the United States
may be extended (with suitable modifi-
cation), to include butter, cheese and
condensed milk.

Escaped a Live Wire.
Spokane, Wash., Nov. 28.—Wager
Hurlbut, aged 34, grasped an electric
light cord tonight, gave a gasp and fell
forward dead. The tragedy was enacted
in the barn at the residence of E. E.
Reid. The electric light there was out
of repair. Mr. Reid carried a lamp and
remarked that he could feel electricity
in the air. Hurlbut gave the cord a
pull and electric sparks flew from his
hand. He was dead in an instant. A
short circuit is ascribed as the cause of
his death, but electricians are puzzled,
as they claim under any possible con-
ditions the victim could have received
a greater voltage than 300. Hurlbut's
father and mother live in Garretts-
ville, O.

Old Agreement Restored.
Chicago, Nov. 28.—A local financial
news bureau announces that the passen-
ger rate difficulties between the Cana-
dian Pacific and Grand Trunk having
been settled, negotiations are now in
progress for the use by the former of
the Grand Trunk's North Bay line for
Ontario business to and from the
Northwest. Previous to the recent
rate war, the Canadian Pacific had the
use of the North Bay line, but this ar-
rangement was terminated when the rate
difficulties arose.

Klondike Mastodon Story.
Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 28.—J. W.
Nes, of Tacoma, is here with an inter-
esting Klondike mastodon story. He
says that of a big pile of bones found
on Sulphur creek, one was a tooth be-
tween 4 and 5 inches long, and near-
ly two inches thick at the base. An-
other was the leg of an animal from
the knee to the ankle. It was 5 feet
in length. From the ground to the
animal's body the distance was probably
over 10 feet. It was eight or nine
inches thick.

No Reforms in Turkey.
Constantinople, Nov. 28.—Several
Turkish ministers have submitted to
the sultan memorials pointing out the
disturbed state of the empire, and the
reforms they consider necessary. The
sultan is irritated at this attitude on
the part of the ministers, and it is ex-
pected he will dismiss several, although
it will be difficult to find substitutes
who do not favor reform.

Murder of Unusual Brutality.
Oakland, Cal., Nov. 28.—Today's
developments in the case of the 15-
year-old girl, Lillian Brandes, who
was found hanging to a bedpost in her
home at East Berkeley, confirm the sus-
picion that she was murdered. Her
father was arrested yesterday on sus-
picion, and today her stepmother was
also taken to the police station. Both
are detained pending the result of the
coroner's inquest.

Oregon and Iowa at Montevideo.
New York, Nov. 28.—A special to
the Herald from Montevideo says: The
United States battle-ship Oregon and
Iowa and the collier Celtic have ar-
rived here to re-coal and take on board
supplies of provisions.

Hand Cars Run Down.
Elkhart, Ind., Nov. 28.—While a
party of 23 people were returning from
a ball at Otis early this morning on
two hand cars they were struck by the
Lake Shore fast mail. William Sea-
benaki and William Kempler were
killed outright. Seabeni's two daugh-
ters were probably fatally injured.

General Wood has prohibited gam-
bling in Santiago, with a penalty of
\$1,000 for infraction of the prohibition.

London, Nov. 26.—The Peking cor-
respondent of the Daily Telegraph, re-
ferring to the "perniciousness of the
empress dowager's tenure of power,"
says: "She recently dismissed an
able minister, Chief Hu Yun Mei,
from the tzung-li-yamen, at the request
of General Tung, because she feared a
rebellion among the Kang-su troops of
Tung."

Paris, Nov. 28.—The cabinet has
decided to authorize a loan of 270,000,-
000 francs for the purpose of establish-
ing an Indo-Chinese railroad system in
connection with Chinese railroads.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 59¢00; Val-
ley and Bluestem, 63¢ per bushel.
Flour—Best grades, 35¢; Graham,
33¢; superfine, 32.25¢ per barrel.
Oats—Choice white, 40¢41¢; choice
gray, 38¢39¢ per bushel.
Barley—Feed barley, 31¢22¢; brew-
ing, 32¢ per ton.
Millstuffs—Bran, 16¢ per ton; mid-
dlings, 21¢; shorts, 16¢; chop, 15.50¢
per ton.
Hay—Timothy, 30¢10¢; clover, 37¢
8¢; Oregon wild hay, 68¢ per ton.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 50¢55¢;
seconds, 45¢60¢; dairy, 35¢45¢ store,
27¢32¢.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 11¢12¢;
Young America, 12¢14¢; new cheese,
10¢ per pound.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 22¢23.75¢
per dozen; hens, 23.50¢4.50¢; springs,
21.25¢3¢; geese, 25.00¢6.00¢ for old,
24.50¢5¢ for young; ducks, 24.00¢
5.00¢ per dozen; turkeys, live, 12¢
12.50¢ per pound.

Potatoes—50¢60¢ per sack; sweets,
2¢ per pound.
Vegetables—Beets, 90¢; turnips, 75¢
per sack; garlic, 70¢ per pound; caulif-
liflower, 71¢1.35¢ per 100 pounds; cauli-
flower, 75¢ per dozen; parsnips, 75¢
per sack; beans, 30¢ per pound; celery,
70¢75¢ per dozen; cucumbers, 50¢ per
box; peas, 3.25¢3.50¢ per pound.

Onions—Oregon, 75¢81¢ per sack.
Hops—15¢17¢; 1897 crop, 4¢6¢.
Wool—Valley, 10¢13¢ per pound;
Eastern Oregon, 8¢12¢; mohair,
28¢ per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers
and ewes, 3½¢; dressed mutton, 7¢;
spring lambs, 7½¢ per lb.
Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, 4.75¢;
light and feeders, 3.00¢4.00¢; dressed,
5.50¢6.50¢ per 100 pounds.

Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50¢3.75¢;
cows, 3.25¢3.50¢; dressed beef,
5.6¢6.4¢ per pound.
Veal—Large, 5½¢6¢; small, 6½¢
7½¢ per pound.

Seattle Market.
Tomatoes, 50¢85¢ per box.
Cucumbers, 10¢15¢ per doz.
Onions, 85¢90¢ per 100 pounds.
Potatoes, 10¢12¢.
Beets, per sack, 1¢.
Turnips, per sack, 80¢85¢.
Carrots, per sack, 65¢.
Parsnips, per sack, 1¢.
Beans, green, 2¢3¢.
Green corn, 1.25¢1.50¢ per sack.
Cauliflower, 50¢75¢ per doz.
Celery, 40¢50¢.

Cabbage, native and California
\$1.00 to 1.50 per 100 pounds.
Apples, 50¢65¢ per box.
Pears, 75¢81¢ per box.
Fruit, 50¢ per box.
Plums, 75¢.
Figs, 50¢.

Butter—Creamery, 27¢ per pound;
dairy and ranch, 18¢20¢ per pound.
Eggs, 30¢32¢.
Cheese—Native, 12¢12½¢.
Poultry—Old hens, 12¢ per pound;
spring chickens, 15¢; turkeys, 10¢.

Fresh meats—Choice dressed beef
steers, prime, 8½¢7¢; cows, prime,
6½¢; mutton, 7½¢; pork, 6¢7¢; veal,
6¢8¢.
Wheat—Feed wheat, 22¢.
Oats—Choice, per ton, 22¢.
Hay—Fugot Sound mixed, 9.00¢10¢;
choice Eastern Washington tim-
othy, 12¢.

Corn—Whole, 33¢50¢; cracked, 22¢;
feed meal, 22¢50¢.
Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton,
24¢25¢; whole, 22¢.
Flour—Patent, per barrel, 3.50¢;
straights, 3.25¢; California brands,
3.25¢; buckwheat flour, 3.75¢; graham,
per barrel, 3.75¢; whole wheat flour,
3.75¢; rye flour, 4¢.

Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, 14¢;
shorts, per ton, 11¢.
Feed—Chopped feed, 17¢21¢ per
ton; middlings, per ton, 17¢; oil cake
meal, per ton, 35¢.

San Francisco Market.
Wool—Spring—Nevada, 10¢14¢ per
pound; Oregon, Eastern, 10¢15¢; Val-
ley, 15¢17¢; Northern, 9¢11¢.
Millstuffs—Middlings, 19¢21¢00¢;
bran, 14.50¢15.50¢ per ton.
Onions—Yellow, 30¢45¢ per sack.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 24¢;
do seconds, 21¢23¢; fancy dairy, 21¢
22¢; do seconds, 20¢24¢ per pound.
Eggs—Store, 18¢22¢; fancy ranch,
40¢42¢.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, Valencia, 9¢
2.50¢; Mexican lemons, 9¢9.50¢; Cali-
fornia lemons, 2.00¢2.50¢; do choice—
3.50¢4.50¢ per box.

Lord Salisbury's Pharaoh.
In these days, when the hand of the
anarchist assassin is lifted against sov-
ereigns and statesmen, says The Shef-
field (England) Telegraph, it is grati-
fying to know that Lord Salisbury has
a powerful life guard ever at his side.
There is at Hatfield a cherished breed
of faithful hounds of immense strength
and bulldog tenacity. One of these is
the premier's close friend and accom-
panies him in his walks about Hatfield.
So faithful a guardian is he that Lord
Salisbury, with a touch of his charac-
teristic playful irony, has called him
"Pharaoh"—because he will not let
the people go.

A mean rogue in Kentland, Ind., is
warned by a farmer, who has inserted
this advertisement in the local paper:
"I am watching for the man that
milks my cow. If I catch him, I in-
tend to shut my eyes and shoot at the
cow."

The Sultan's Pistol Practice.
Anarchist assassins will do well to
give the Sultan of Turkey a wide berth.
From a person of importance newly
returned from Constantinople I learn that
the Sultan, in fear for his personal
safety, has taken to revolver practice.
He shoots at a target daily, and has
become so proficient that he can fire
with equally fatal facility with either
his right or his left hand.

A single oyster in season produces
about 1,000,000 young.

High Mortality in Chile.
An article on the sanitation of San-
tiago in The Revista Chilena, states
that the death rate in Chile from 1885
to 1895 was 80.8 per thousand, and
from 1895 to 1899, 81.2. The number
of illegitimate births is also high; in
England the proportion is 1 to 18, while
in Chile it is 1 to 8, and during the
first quarter of the present year, 1 to
1.8. The natality is larger than in
other countries—45 per thousand; in
Germany it is 40; in England, 38, and
in France, 36. The infant mortality is
correspondingly high—87.74 per
cent in Santiago.

JUDGE DAY'S CABLEGRAM.

Inform the President That the Span-
iards Will Sign the Treaty.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Throughout
the peace negotiations, which are still
pending in Paris, the president has ex-
pressed confidence that a treaty, satis-
factory to the United States, should be
drafted and signed. From time to
time assurances of substantial progress
toward that end have been received from
the American commissioners. Today
advice was received by the president
from Mr. Day, president of the
American commission, reiterating the
assurance he had previously given
the president of the early and success-
ful conclusion of the work of the com-
mission.

Judge Day, it is understood, states
positively that the Spanish commis-
sioners formally will accept, perhaps
tomorrow, the terms of the United
States, and that a treaty drawn along
the lines of the agreement reached will
be drawn and signed in a few days.

The dispatch from Judge Day was the
first absolutely definite statement as to
the conclusion of the labors of the com-
mission that had been received, and
quite naturally, it afforded the presi-
dent and his advisers considerable satis-
faction.

It is probable that the president will
discuss in his message to congress,
which will be delivered one week from
tomorrow, the successful efforts of the
administration in the negotiation of a
peace treaty, although there is a possi-
bility that the treaty itself may not
have been signed at the time.

IN A STORM'S CLUTCHES.

A Blizzard Raged in the North Atlantic
and New England States.

New York, Nov. 29.—When the peo-
ple of New York awoke this morning,
they found the blizzard that raged when
they retired was still in progress. The
storm, which began with a soft, sleety
snow Saturday at noon, increased
greatly as the day wore on, with heav-
ier snow fall and the wind blowing a
gale at midnight. There was a slight
abatement of the wind this morning,
but the snow still fell and drifted bad-
ly and the temperature dropped rapid-
ly.

It looked this morning as though the
blizzard would continue all day, but at
10 o'clock there was a breaking away
in the west, and finally the storm
ceased altogether, and the severest
blizzard since the memorable blizzard
of March, 1888, came to an end. The
wind blew at the rate of 59 to 60 miles
an hour during the height of the storm.

A number of people are reported
frozen to death, and the property dam-
age is heavy.

At Boston.

Boston, Nov. 29.—A record-breaking
November blizzard swept over the
greater portion of New England last
night and today completely demon-
strating the force of every description and
well nigh paralyzing telegraphic and
telephonic communication, while the
northeast gale, coming on at high course
of tides, drove the sea far beyond its
usual limits and made a mark along
shore exceeded only by the memorable
hurricane of 1851. A dozen or more
coasting vessels were driven ashore in
Boston harbor during the blizzard, and
the great ocean steamer Ohio, of the
Wilson line, was torn from her moor-
ings and driven high and dry on Spec-
tacle Island.

Philadelphia Storm-Swept.

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—The bliz-
ard which came out of the West
reached this city at 11 o'clock yester-
day morning, and raged furiously until
1 o'clock this morning. As unexpected
as it was violent, it wrought great
havoc not only here, but throughout
the entire state.

NO EXTRA SESSION.

President McKinley and Many Promi-
nent Men Oppose It.

Washington, Nov. 29.—President
McKinley will try to avoid an extra
session, if that is possible. In this
effort he is likely to be seconded by a
large number of public men both
branches of congress and of both par-
ties. Public policy will dictate the
desires of some and selfishness that of
others. President McKinley will make
every effort to have the peace treaty
laid before congress immediately after
the holidays. He hopes to have it rat-
ified before the adjournment in March.
Meanwhile, it is expected that a bill
will pass for the reorganization of the
army, so that garrisons for the new
possessions will be provided for. Prob-
ably will be passed providing for the
temporary government of the Philip-
pines and Porto Rico, and possibly
Cuba, by the army officers command-
ing in each, until congress can provide
otherwise. Then congress will provide
for commissions to visit the different
islands and make recommendations
for their government to the next con-
gress. That is the scheme which will
be followed if there is no extra session,
and if everything goes through as
planned.

Added to the Navy.

San Francisco, Nov. 29.—At 9:22
o'clock this morning, in the presence
of a vast multitude, the battle-ship
Wisconsin was successfully launched at
the Union iron works. The Wisconsin
is the largest of the vessels built for
the United States government at this ship-
yard.

Bullfighting Not in Favor.

Denver, Nov. 29.—The committee in
charge of arrangements for the coming
convention of the National Livestock
Association has rejected a proposition
to make bullfighting a feature of the
outdoor sports on that occasion. How-
ever, a typical Western cowboy tourna-
ment will be given. Broncho-riding,
rough riding and roping and lassoing
of untamed horses and steers, and
the exciting operations usually associ-
ated with cowboy life on the plains
will be on the programme.

Edhem Ordered the Massacre.

Canea, Nov. 29.—During the trial
today of the murderers of the Tsankaki
family, the deposition of Musmians
was read. It said at the time of the
massacre Edhem Pasha, the Turkish
commander, assembled influential
Muslims and invited them to mas-
sacre all Christians found in Canea 24
hours after the meeting. Pasha's re-
marks were uttered in the presence of
Major Churchill, commander of gen-
darmes, who protested strongly and was
ordered by Edhem Pasha to leave the
room.