EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items Prom the Two Hemispheres Presented

in a Condensed Form.

Topgallant, a famous stallion, was sold in Chicago for \$20,000.

New bankruptcy rules, the supreme court announces, will take effect January 2, 1899.

A receiver has been appointed for the Chelsea Paper Company of Norwich, Conn.

Forty people were killed by the ex-plosion of a box of dynamite near the Reina battery, Havana.

The United States navy has landed marines in China to act as guard for the United States legation.

Japan will resist the great cuar, and preparations are already under way for driving the Russian troops from Corea. The Franklin stamp mill at Hancock,

Mich., has been destroyed by fire, the loss being \$150,000. Six hunderd men will be thrown out of employment for A special to the New York World

from Washington says: A cable be-tween the United States and the Hawailan islands will undoubtedly be provided at the forthcoming session of

At a banquet given in his honor at New York, Admiral Schley stated that he had a presentiment that Cervera would attempt to escape from Santiago harbor, and that he had made preparations to give him a warm reception.

According to a dispatch from Shang-hai to a London, England, news agency, the British admiral has hoisted the union jack over Ting Hai, capital of the island of Chu San, and over several other islands in the Chu San archipelago.

An English Carlist positively asserts that Don Carlo's army will take the field in Spain soon after the treaty is nigned. He declares that a loan has been fully financed, and that it is di-vided equally between France and England.

Damage by the terrible blizzard off the New Enlyand coast has been much greater than was indicated by early dispatches. In or near the harbors of Massachusetts alone not less than 100 vessels have been lost, and in most cases the fate of the crews is unknown. At least 170 lives have been lost.

Official statistics show that German tuberculosis and other diseases. In the district of Aix-la-Chappelle, for instance, 83 communes show that 749 storm. farms are so infected. At least 40 percent of all the German cattle have tuberculosis, and in some districts the percentage is as high as 79 per cent.

A powder mill at La Motte, Mo. blew up and six workmen were killed and severat injured.

Officers of the American Maize Propaganda are planning for an extensive exhibit of Indian corn at the Paris ex-

The official gazette of Madrid has published a decree accepting the resignation of General Blanco as governorgeneral of Cuba.

An anti-anarchist conference in which all the European nations are represented, has opened in Rome. The sessions will be prolonged until Christmas.

be recommended for Hawaii. The commission has completed the bill and its report will be ready when congress

Revolutionary bands in Brazil have rossed the frontier and are threatening to unite and march toward the capital of Uruguay. Troops have been

ent to pursue them. While rounding a curve near Burlingon, la., a passenger train was derailed. One woman was killed, a 2-year-old shild fatally injured, and 19 others

riously injuzed. The Italian government has sent an ltimatum to the sultan of Morocco the subject of the detention and ill eatment of Italians. A week has

An experiment in surgery is to be ried in New York. A man who blew way the side of his face and his nose ith a shotgun will have both replaced with new ones of rubber, covered with

eafted skin.

There has been street fighting among ne political parties at Seoul, Corea, n one side 28 persons were killed, and orther bloodshed is feared. The Japese government has been asked to nd troops to preserve order at Seoul. A prominent Cuban says the first obct of the Cuban commissioners now the United States is to raise funds ith which to pay the Cuban troops. also says that Cuba would desire to ngin free for awhile, YaY ultimately nexation to the United States is both ected and desired.

The steamer Monarch cleared from w Orleans for Liverpool with the gest general cargo ever carried from at port, embracing 20,680 bales of tton, 128,000 bushels of corn, 19,000

Sarah Bonnell, an Abilene, (Kan.) ing woman, has received a legacy of million dollars from a New York nd interested in her musical educa-She will go to Paris soon to comte her musical education.

LATER NEWS.

Prairie fires have caused great damage in Oklahoma and Indian territory during the past few days.

A riot in a political club at Chicago resulted in the death of one and the wounding of several others.

An engine driving a snow plow plunged over an embankment near South Berwick, Me., and the enigneer and fireman were killed.

John Warnock, a deputy sheriff, was shot and killed at Birmingham, Ala., by an escaped negro convict, whom he was trying to arrest. The murderer escaped.

An illicit whisky still as a side issue of a plant for the unlawful manufacture and imitation of well-known brands of wine has been unearthed near the heart of Chicago.

The cession of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines was practically accom-plished at Wednesday's session of the peace commission. These are the three main articles. Two hundred lives lost, 56 vessels

totally wrecked and 49 others hopeless ly stranded, and the worst probably not known, is the latest news from the fearful Atlantic storm. A freight train on the Norfolk &

Western railroad went through a bridge near Riverside, Va. The fireman was killed, the engineer seriously scalded and a brakeman fatally injured. Articles incorporating the O. R. &

N. Company have been filed with the secretary of state of Washington, and show that the extensions in Oregon, Washington and Idaho have long been in contemplation.

At the Loyal Legion banquet given in Manila 69 guests were present. Nearly every commandery was repre-sented. General Anderson presided and Rear-Admiral Dewey was received by a guard of honor from the Oregon regiment.

Cubans are starving to death in Santa Clara, and the Red Cross has been appealed to to furnish prompt relief. Women and children are suffering. If succor does not soon reach them all will have died. The Cuban troops are also in a pitiful condition for lack of supplies. The Red Cross will promptly respond to the appeal, but is handicapped by lack of funds.

Claude M. Johnson, director of the bureau of engraving and printing, in his annual report shows that during the year there were 92,979,478 sheets of stamps and government securities printed and delivered at a cost of \$1,-570,598. This sum, however, includes \$12,590 increase of stock, \$30,-000 paid for machinery and \$6,416 paid to outside employes.

Chas. W. Couldock, the well-known actor, died in New York.

Natural gas has been discovered on Summerland beach, near Santa Barbara, the note continues, "as she always has ter, a Down East lumberman, while one The steamer Wildwood sank at her

dock at Port Townsend during a heavy Many of the Manila soldiers want to

come home. They have been attacked by a serious case of home-sickness. Three negroes were lynched near Meridian, Miss. The crime alleged

was the thumping of a white man. The government has been officially advised of the successful termination of the Paris negotiations with Spain.

The steamer Detroit was lost on Shelter island, near Juneau. She had 27 passengers, all of whom were saved. The battle-ship Wisconsin, recently launched at San Francisco, is fast in the mud, and all efforts to dislodge her

have proved futile. Incompetent engineers are blamed for the breakdown of the cruiser Buf-A territorial form of government will fao, while on her way from New York to join Admiral Dewey's fleet.

Horse-stealing on a large scale is said to be going on in Eastern Oregon, and thousands of horses have disappeared from that section during the past year.

A writer in the London Contemporary Review, in an article characterizing William of Germany as the arch enemy of England, declares that country and the United States must stand shoulder to shoulder in the East.

General Blanco's retirement and the resignation of the autonomist cabinet increases the confusion in Cuba, which preceded American control. Fear is felt that the United States may not sesume immediate jurisdiction, and that confusion will result.

The steamer Portland, which was reported missing after the big Atlantic coast storm, has been lost off Highland ight with every passenger and the entire crew. The number drowned is about 100. Thirty four bodies have been recovered from the surf and the rescue work still proceeds. The Port-land was valued at \$250,000, and was insured.

News 18 at hand from Tien-Tsin that a large number of Japanese spies have been captured by the Russians at Port Arthur and shot. Seven Japanese, all officers of the imperial Japanese army, were taken, and on their persons were found drawings of the principal fortifications. But a day elapsed after their capture before they were marched out before a firing party of Russians and summarily shot.

gold output of the state has been curtailed at least 50 per cent by a prolonged drought.

Oliver Clement, aged 18, of Poplar Bluff, Mo., has married Mrs. Hannah McGinnis, aged 50. She was his stepmother's stepmother.

Though one of the youngest general officers in the confederate army General Wheeler was the oldest in the national service against Spain.

She Finally Accepts the American Terms.

Porto Rico, Guam and the Philippines Are Now American Colonies-Spanish Resources Exhausted-No Conditions Are Attached to Her Consent.

000, and at a joint session of the peace commissions this afternoon consented without condition to the relinquish-Guam and the Philippine islands.

opened with a reference to the unequal

SEVENTY LIVES LOST.

Patalities From the Atlantic Coast Gale

Boston, Mass., Nov. 80.-It is known definitely tonight that more than 70 lives have been lost in the wrocks of tugs, schooners and coal barges during the storm of Saturday night and Sunday morning, and if the steamer Portland has gone down, as now seems possible, the list of casualties will rise to 170, with over 100 vessels of all descriptions ashore, two score of them to be total wrecks and an unknown num-

HUMBLED, BUT YET HAUGHTY

ber probably beneath the waves of
Massachusetts bay.

There is scarcely a bay, harbor or inlet from the Penobscot to New London which has not on its shores the bones of some stanch craft, while all along Massachusetts bay, and especially Boston harbor, the beaches are piled high Paris, Nov. 30.—Spain has accepted hourly lengthening, is still incomplete, the United States' offer of \$20,000,- for that ocean grave-yard of Cape Cod

without condition to the relinquish-ment of Cuba, and to cede Porto Rico, England, sank into insignificance before the story of destruction wrought by The document presenting this accept-ance contained only 300 words. It

that the Spanish commissioners, after and wreckage; no less than 29 vessels having taken cognizance of the terms are ashore at Gloucester, over 20 in proposed by the Americans, replied that the supposed safe harbor of Vineyard their government had tried to give as equitable an answer as possible, but that they were not prepared to commit schooners and a coal barge dash to their government to the acceptance of pieces on its sands, the rocks of Cohasthe principle embodied in the argu-

UNCLE SAM'S NEW TERRITORY, AS A RESULT OF THE WAR



The above map shows the territory that has been, or will undoubtedly be, added to the United States as a result of the war with Spain—Cuba, Porto Rico, the island of Guam, or Guahan, in the Ladrones, and a coaling station and port in the Philippines.

ment. Spain rejects these principles, ate, a well-known pilot-boat; Manches-

of her cause, the note then says she unaccounted for and probably lost. still adheres to these principles, "which she has heretofore invariably formumouth, Salem, Portsmouth, Portland

tted."

and other places where vessels were supposed to be comparatively safe, were for peace, she has gone so far as to pro- the scenes of numerous collisions bepose certain compromises, which the tween the ships and the wharves. Americans have always rejected. She two governments differed. These pro-posals for arbitration, it is added, the deavor to save life. Americans had equally rejected. These allegations in Spain's reply, as to attempted arbitration, refer to her proposal to arbitrate the construction of the third article of the protocol, and also to submit the Spanish colonial debt of Cuba and the Philippines to arbitration. The last proposition had been made in a written communication. Since its presentation, and in return for such arbitration. Spain offered to ced the territory in dispute. The Americans refused both propositions for arbi-

tration. Spain's reply today in substance con tinued by declaring that the United States has offered as a kind of compensation to Spain something very inadequate to the sacrifices the latter country makes at this moment, and she feels that the United States' proposals could not be considered as equitable. Spain has, however, exhausted all the resources of diplomacy and an attempt to justify her attitude. Seeing that an acceptance of the proposal made to Spain is a necessary condition to a continuance of negotiations, and seeing that the resources of Spain are not such as to enable her to re-enter upon war, she is prepared, in her desire to avoid tion, however harsh they may be. She is therefore to accept the proposals of which took place today.

at the last sitting.

The reading and the translation of the document occupied less than five minutes. At the conclusion of the translation the commissioners empowered Senor Ojeda, secretary of the Spanish commission, and Secretary Moore, of the American commission, to draw up articles which are to embody the relinquishment of Cuba by Spain and the cession of Porto Rico and the Philippines. These articles, which may be considered as constituting the

the American commission, as presented

conditions of peace, will be ready for submission on Thursday. The commissioners left the foreign office immediately after the secretaries had been directed to prepare the articles of the peace treaty.

There was scarcely any conversation between the American and Spanish commissioners after the adjournment. Among the Americans only the most grave consideration for their Spanish colleagues was apparent.

Preparation of his biennial report to the legislature has been completed by

[The above map and statement was published immediately following the signing of the peace protocol. As a result of the Paris conference the United has gained every point therein predicted, together with the cession of the entire Philippine archipelago.] Basing her attitude upon the justice been between Cape Cod and Boston are

Every life-saving crew performed has also attempted to arbitrate some of deeds of heroism in rescuing crews from the material particulars upon which the stranded vessels, and tug-boat captains

> Washington, Nov. 30 .- The follow ing report of deaths among the American force at Manila was received from General Otis by the war department to-

"Manila, Nov. 29 .- Adjutant-General, Washington: Following deaths since last report:
"Nov. 21-Frank M. Harden, pri-

vate, company K, First North Dakota, typhoid fever. 'Nov. 22-Clyde Perkins, private, company K, Second Oregon, smallpox;

Walter Downing, private, company L, First Colorado, dysentery.
"Nov. 28—Charles McKinnon, priate, company F, Second Oregon,

"Nov. 25-Robert Davidson, vate, company G, Fourteenth United States infantry, malaria; James M. Clark, company K, First South Dakota, dysentery.

Found Dead in the Road. Union, Or., Nov. 80 .- A miner, Wi liam Lamb, was found dead near Sanger, a few days ago. He became lost in a snow storm and was found frozen to death. It was reported that bloodshed, and from considerations of there was a gunshot wound on his body, humanity and patriotism, to submit to and the coroner went out to hold an inthe conditions of the conquering na- quest, but this proved to be untrue. The body was brought here for burial,

Spanish Leave Pinar Del Rio. Havana, Nov. 80.—At noon today General Hernandez Velasco, with 2,000 Spanish troops, evacuated the city and province of Pinar del Rio. They left the city with bands playing and ners flying. General Velasco made a formal delivery to the mayor. Half an hour afterward a Cuban lieutenantcolonel entered with 250 men.

New York, Nov. 80,-The members of the Cuban committee in this city have received no word of the death of General Gomes. They discredit the

Many Will Muster Out. Washington, Nov. 80.-The war department, in view of the assurance that the Paris treaty will be signed, is arranging to muster out more troops. It is probable that from 80,000 to 40,000 volunteers will be mustered out as soon as selections of regiments can be made. The forces at Manila will not be reduced at present.

Grant C. Gillett, a well-known Kansas cattle baron, has failed for a large amount and fled the country.

ONE SURVIVOR

Steamer Portland Lost With All on Board.

Struck on Cape Cod During the Gala-Many Bodies Have Drifted Ashore.

Highland Light, Mass., Dec. 1 .- The teamer Portland, of the Boston and Portland line, has been lost on Cape Cod, with all on board. The lifesaving men, through a tlinding storm, yesterday morning at 6 o'clock heard s distress whistle, and last night at midnight the body of a man was found on shore. On the body of the man was a is still to be heard from.

The annoyance and inconvenience of the railroad and street-car embargo, had stopped at 10 o'clock. This man ife belt marked "Steamer Portland, of Alger recommends 100,000 men. was well dressed, wore black clothes and tan shoes, and had light hair and large woman, without covering of

It is believed that the Portland was disabled by the storm at 10 o'clock last night, being unable longer to hold up against the gale, and drifted on Peaked Hill bar, and went to pieces. No part of the ship has drifted ashore, and it is not known just where she struck. Boxes of tobacco, clothing, cheese, oil, etc., have been washed ashore, also life preservers marked with the words

Bodies of Victims Washed Ashore. Boston, Dec. 1 .- Dr. Maurice Richardson, of Beacon street, this city, was at his summer home, Wellfleet, during the storm, and corroborated the early account of the loss of the Portland, for he saw two of the bodies washed ashore, and on them were life preserv-ers marked with the vessel's name. Dr. Richardson was on the first train from Cape Cod which arrived in this city late tonight.

"I saw two of the bodies picked up." said the doctor. "One was probably that of a deckhand, a man of about 20. He had on a life preserver marked 'Portland.' The other body was that of a stout woman. She, too, wore a life preserver with the steamer's name on it. Wreckage is coming ashore for 15 miles along the coast. Among the wreckage were cases of lard directed to Portland."

In addition to the two bodies, Dr. Richardson brought news that at Orleans the body of a girl about 20 was found. She had a gold watch and a pounded themselves to pieces, en-ring marked "J. G. E." Her watch deavoring to drag her from her rockter, a Down East lumberman, while one had stopped at 9:17. There are three tug and three barges known to have bodies at Nausett, eight at Orleans and through her, and had it not been for 28 at Truro and Wellfleet. The double wheel of the Portland came ashore at Orleans.

There were about 100 persons aboard the Portland, including 51 passengers. The Portland was built at Bath, Me., in 1890, and was a side-wheel steamer of 1,817 tons net burden. Her length was 280 feet, beam 42 and depth 15 feet. She was valued at \$350,000, and

was fully insured. Washed Ashore at Highland Light. Provincetown, Mass., Dec. 1.-Tw bodies that came ashore at Highland Light and are supposed to be from the Portland have been brought here. One is that of a well-dressed man. other body is that of a woman with only shoes and stockings on.

IN FEAR OF AMERICA.

European Powers Dared Not Interfere in Philippine Matters.

Berlin, Dec. 1 .- The Cologne Gazette says: "International envy has prevented Europe from opposing the excessive demands of the United States upon Spain. Although they might have profited by the situation, the powers feared to make a bitter enemy of America, with the consequent closing of her markets, if they opposed the annexation of the Philippines.'

Other German papers argue that the United States would never have dared to impose such conditions had it not been for England's support. This conviction of the Angle American agreemnet, giving the two powers the virtue of control of the "far Eastern question," intensified the situation. t is believed Great Britain will get Chusan as compensation and both England and America are suspected of having some disagreeable surprise in store. Sugnsta Breathes Easier.

Madrid, Dec. 1. - Senor Sagasta showed much emotion on learning that the Spanish commissioners in Paris had formally agreed to sign the treaty of peace on the American conditions, but he assured his friends that he was convinced he had adopted the best course in the interests of the country and the monarchy, adding that the news had lifted a great weight from the minds of the people. The Bank of Spain has made a fresh advance to the government of 60,000,000 pesetas, to cover the expense of repatriating the Spanish troops from the Philippines and the Antilles. The republican papers violently attack both the government and the Americans.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 1,- Dr. J. W.

Langford, of Arizons, and 12 of Roosevelt's Rough Riders have gone to San Juan hill, Cuba, to prospect for gold. In an interview here Langford said: Because of its pleasant climate I be

lieve Cuba to be a better gold field than the Klondike. I think Cuba is one of the best prospecting countries in the world. I expect to locate a claim on San Juan hill that a company will be able to work with large profit." MUSTERING OUT.

Volunteer Army Will Be Reduced by New York, Dec. 1.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: One of the first results of the determination

of the peace negotiations at Paris will

be an order for the mustering out of as many as 30,000 men of the voluneter ONE HUNDRED PERSONS PERISH army. The orders thus far cover about 85,000 men, but not more than 35,000 have actually been mustered out. The present army consists of about

180,000 men, exclusive of all ordered mustered out, 52,000 of whom are regulars. The forces contemplated for the islands are:

For the Philippines, 20,000; for Porto Rico, about 7,000; for Cuba, not more than 80,000. This, on the basis of 75,000 men for the regular establishment-which is

the number now reckoned on by com-petent military forecasters here—will leave 20,000 men for frontier and station work in this country. Secretary There are now 80,000 volunteers,

who are entirely useless, in view of the technical cessation of hostilities. Orpocket bore the words, "John W., Congress street, Portland." The body of a large woman without opened with a reference to the unequal terms of the United States, and said that the Spanish commissioners, after and wreckage; no less than 29 vessels identification.

The islands of Boston harbor are any kind, washed ashore at Pamet without exception strewn with wrecks river, but there was no means of the Hull bill lacked 10,000 of complete enlistment. Secretary Alger refused to say

whether he would sak for more pay for enlisted men, but it is asserted that it will be impossible to secure the enlistment of 75,000 men unless there be granted greater pay than \$13 a month for each man. An increase of pay for privates in the service will be one of the almost certain developments of legislation for army reorganization, the argument being based upon the dangerous climates to be endured in the new

Washington, Dec. 1.-There is re newed talk of reorganization of the regular army by the present session of congress, and that a bill is now under preparation by the war department.

RAN ON A REEF.

Steamer Detroit Wrecked on Shelter Island-Passengers and Crew Saved. Seattle, Dec. 1 .- The steamer Cottage City, from Alaska, brings news of the wreck of the steamer Detroit on Shelter island. Her crew and passen-

gers, numbering 27, were saved. The Detroit ran between Juneau and Haines Mission. While making her regular run Thanksgiving day she struck a reef on Shelter island. The weather was terribly thick and a heavy snow storm raging. The rock tore great holes in her, as the engines the rocks she would have gone down,

drowning all on board. The passengers and crew were landed on Shelter island, where they are housed with scarcely any provisions,

under tarpaulins. The purser and two seamen went to Juneau in a small boat for relief, arriving there just before the Cottage City

around a fire and without food A steamer has gone to the rescue with

Smokeless Powder Factory Burned Pinole, Cal., Dec. 1 .- A disastrous fire at the works of the California Powder Company today destroyed several buildings and much valuable machinery in the gun-cotton department, entailing a loss of \$25,000 and the tem porary discontinuance of the manufacture of smokeless powder. The company had just made a contract with the United States government to supply an

immense quantity of smokeless powder. Regulars May Go to Manila. San Francisco, Dec. 1.—A rumor is current at army headquarters that be-tween now and January 1, 5,000 soldiers will be brought here to embark for the Philippines. It is expected that the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sev-enth, Thirteenth and Twentieth infantry will be assigned to duty on the islands and that some of the volunteers stationetd there will be returned to this country for mustering out.

Trial of Oakland Brutes Oakland, Cal., Dec. 1.-The trial of W. A. Brandes, accused of the murder of his 15-year-old daughter, has been set for December 1. He broke down in court and wept when the charge was read. His wife will be tried on the same charge on December 6. She is quite unconcerned, and, like her husband, has pleaded not guilty. They are accused of having beaten the child to death and then made it appear to be not until he was badly burned about a case of suicide.

Sealing Question Unsettled. Washington, Nov. 30 .- The Behring down by the concussion. sea question has reached such an advanced stage in the considerations of the Angle-American commission that a special meeting was held today to hear the report of the committee. After over two hours devoted to considering the report and the views of the respective sides, it was stated that no conclusion had been reached.

London, Dec. 1 .- The Daily Mail this morning makes the following announcement:

"We are able to state that on the in vitation of the secretary of state for the colonies, Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, some English capitalists have indicated their readiness to endeavor to revive the sugar industry in the West Indies if bounties are abolished. Sir Thomas Lipton is prepared to spend 1,000,000 pounds, and it is believed that some arrangements will be arrived at."

SCALDED TO DEATH

Terrible Accident on a Stockton Steamboat.

PART OF A BOILER EXPLODED

Six Persons Killed and Many Danger ously Wounded-Heartrending Scenes Among Sufferers.

Stockton, Cal., Nov. 29.—The most disastrous river accident in the history of Stockton occurred this morning at 4:20 o'clock, near Fourteen-Mile slough, when a part of one of the boilers of the river steamer T. C. Walker, which left San Francisco at 6 o'clock last night, was blown out, killing six and dangerously wounding 11 persons, while probably 15 or 20 others were more or less badly hurt. The T. C. Walker is owned by the California Navigation & Improvement Company, and ran between San Francisco and Stockton. The

dead are: John Tulan, captain of the T. C. Walker; Ferdinand Law, of Seattle; W. A. Blunt, the agent in charge of shipping of sugar beets from the Moss tract to the Crockett factory; Watson H. Henry, of Stockton, engineer of the T. C. Walker; Mrs. Henry Watson, wife of the chief engineer; Jerry

Dailey, fireman. Ten were wounded. The majority of the passengers were in bed when the explosion occurred, and were awakened by the report, which was as loud as a cannon's roar. People rushed from their rooms in their night clothes and found the whole forward portion of the steamer's upper works blown away. The electric lights had been put out, and the escaping steam enveloped the front portion of the boat, till it was impossible to see how much of the boat had been damaged. The screams of the men who were locked in their rooms near the

pilot-house were heartrending. Captain John Tulan had been blown from his bed against the door of the stateroom, and so seriously injured that he could not move. The door could not be forced open, as he was jammed up against it. One of the employes of the boat secured an axe and out the up-per part of the room away, and finally removed him, but not until he was virtually roasted alive. When pulled out, the flesh dropped from his bones in large pieces, and although he was suffering excrutiatingly he bore it bravely, and not a groan escaped him as he was

taken out of the steam. Watson H. Henry, the chief engineer, and his wife, were in their room near the pilot-house when the explosion occurred. Mrs. Henry was blown through the roof. The flooring was blown upwards, and she was hurled with great violence a distance of fully 20 feet, horribly crushed by the force of the explosion, and also badly scalded by escaping steam. Her injuries proved fatal at 12:30 this afternoon. She re-tained consciousness until a few mo-ments before her death. Her sufferings were so intense that she begged the physicians in attendance to end her life, but all that could be done was to left. They say the survivors are in a deaden the pain by the use of narcotics critical condition, shivering with cold Mr. Henry was terribly scalded. He was blown some distance away, but not as far as was his wife. He died

shortly after being brought to this city. W. A. Blunt was instantly killed. He was standing on the lower deck, as he intended making a landing a short distance above the place where the ex-

plosion occurred. Jerry Dailey, the fireman, was in the firehold of the boat when the accident occurred. The escaping steam completely enveloped him, scarcely a portion of his body escaping the scalding vapor. He died at the receiving hos-pital at 12:15 this afternoon. He had been in the employ of the California Navigation & Improvement Company

for about 14 years. Underneath the lower decks, where the deck hands slept, the groans and screams were heartrending. The unfortunate imprisoned men were receiving the full effect of the steam as it came from the boilers. Eight of them were almost roasted alive. Those who were able made their way to the deck as best they could, while the more seriously injured were unable to get out. The exposed portions of their bodies suffered the most. The arms and faces of those near the main entrance were frightfully scalded. Coratti Dominici. who was on the lower deck, was blown into the water, and had to swim ashore

after his back was terribly scalded. Louis Brizzolana, in company with Charles Maggini and wife, was standing near the pilot-house on the texas deck. The force threw him to one side, but body. Fortunately, Mr. Maggini and his wife escaped without so much as a scratch, though both were thrown

Revere. One was Michael Lee and the other an unknown negro. Both were drowned on Ocean avenue while trying to cross that thoroughfare, through which the tide was flowing.

Three Negroes Lynched. Meridian, Miss., Nov. 29.—Reports have reached here that three negroes were lynched last night four miles west of Meridian. Newton county farmers are said to be on the trail of others implicated in an assault on a white man, who came to Meridian Friday from Newton county and was pursued and fired upon by the negroes. A mob of armed farmers left for the scene, and while no definite news had been received, it is believed that they have summarily dealt with the blacks.