

When Hot

Don't sweat and fret, but keep cool and take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is good advice, as you will find if you follow it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a first-class summer medicine, because it is so good for the stomach, so cooling to the blood, so helpful to the whole body. Make no mistake, but get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

Facts About Great Britain. "God Save the Queen" is sung in 20 languages.

Half the ships in the world are British. The best of them can be converted into ships of war in 48 hours.

The British own the largest part of North America, that is, Canada.

They own one-fourth of the railways in the United States of America and half of the railways in South America.

The total value of the United Kingdom is now said to be \$50,000,000,000.

Added to this, several thousand millions are invested out of the home country.

They have a million soldiers in India. Some of them have been brought to Malta.

Its subjects can travel entirely round the world without leaving the British empire.

There are 400,000,000 people in the British empire.

It is said that the queen would have to live another 70 years to enable her to see of all them pass before her, night and day, for all that time.—Chicago News.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous, and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pains and gives rest and comfort. Ten thousand testimonials of cures. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Sent by mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Professor Leist, of Moscow, claims to have discovered a terrestrial magnetic pole at Katchetovka, a village in the government of Kursk in Russia.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We have the undersigned, and believe him to be the most honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

W. W. & T. H. A. L. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. W. & T. H. A. L. Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

During the last year 1,591 persons underwent the Pasteur treatment for rabies at Paris.

Two bottles of Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a bad lung trouble.—Mrs. J. Nichols, Princeton, Ind., March 26, 1905.

Try Schilling's Best tea and baking powder. Used by Ancient Workmen.

A two years' study of Gizeh has convinced Flinders Petrie that the Egyptian stoneworkers of 4,000 years ago had a surprising acquaintance with what had been considered modern tools.

Among the many tools used by the pyramidal builders were both solid and tubular drills and straight and circular saws. The drills, like those of today, were set with jewels (probably corundum, as the diamond was very scarce), and even lathe tools had such cutting edges.

So remarkable was the quality of the tubular drills and the skill of the workmen that the cutting marks in hard granite gave no indication of wear of the tool while a cut of a tenth of an inch was made in the hardest rock at each revolution, and a hole through both the hardest and softest material was bored perfectly smooth and uniform throughout. Of the material and method of making the tools nothing is known.

The average amount of sickness in human life is nine days out of the year.

MRS. PINKHAM'S ADVICE.

What Mrs. Nell Hurst has to Say About It.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I wrote to you I had not been well for five years; had doctored all the time but got no better. I had womb trouble very bad. My womb pressed backward, causing piles. I was in such misery I could scarcely walk across the floor. Menstruation was irregular and too profuse, was also troubled with leucorrhoea. I had gotten up all hopes of getting well; everybody thought I had consumption. After taking five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and was able to do nearly all my own work. I mentioned the use of your medicine, and feel that I owe my recovery to you. I cannot thank you enough for your advice and your wonderful medicine. Any one doubting my statement may write to me and I will gladly answer all inquiries.—MRS. NELL HURST, Deepwater, Mo.

Letters like the foregoing, constantly being received, contribute not a little to the satisfaction felt by Mrs. Pinkham that her medicine and counsel are assisting women to bear their heavy burdens.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. All suffering women are invited to write to her for advice, which will be given without charge. It is an experienced woman's advice to women.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

It is said that the queen would have to live another 70 years to enable her to see of all them pass before her, night and day, for all that time.—Chicago News.

PANIC IN SANTIAGO.

Business Demoralized by the Uncertainty of the Future.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 1.—A panic-like feeling prevails in business circles here, owing to a fear that the Americans will turn the city over to the Cubans for self-government. No confidence exists, owing to the uncertainty of the future. Orders that were given during the first days of the American occupation have been countermanded by cable. European merchandise on through bills of lading via New York has been ordered unshipped and sold in New York, even at a sacrifice.

The same feeling extends to the Cuban merchants themselves, who seem to have lost faith in the ability of their own people to control affairs. The rebels demand independence, but the better classes, the merchants and landowners, dread such a possibility, and fervently hope that the United States will retain the reins of government in the island, as the only guarantee of stability or prosperity.

Senor Julian Cendoja, agent of the Ward line of steamers, says that a hundred Spanish merchants have applied for cabin and baggage room on the return trip of the steamer Philadelphia, which is expected today, and they will leave the city unless there is some assurance from the American government that it intends to control the administration of public affairs in Cuba.

This is the question uppermost in everybody's mind. Spanish, foreigners and natives are all alike anxious for a definite expression from Washington of the policy of the United States with regard to Cuba, and until the expression is made, no resumption of trade or commerce can be expected in Santiago, where today both are in a demoralized and chaotic state.

APPEAL TO THE PRESIDENT.

Philippines in Europe Ask Us Not to Abandon Them.

London, Aug. 1.—Natives of the Philippine Islands and British subjects who have interests there are alarmed by the reports that the peace terms include the return of the islands to Spain. As a result they have held a meeting here, and after consultation with the Philippines in France and Belgium, have cabled to President McKinley and to Senator Davis, chairman of the senate foreign relations committee. The message to President McKinley is as follows:

"The Philippines resident in Europe pray you not to abandon the Philippines islands for the sake of peace with Spain. Our loyalty and trust in the honor of America, entitle us to your consideration and support. To hand over our country again to Spain is contrary to the humanitarian proceedings of your noble nation, and the wish of all classes. Civilization, trade and all will be lost if Spanish authority is re-established in any form."

The message to Senator Davis says: "A castrion agreement, binding Spain to form a government satisfactory to the inhabitants, is preposterous. To retain her sovereignty means deception, oppression and bigotry. We place our rights in your hands, and pray you to induce the president and senate not to abandon in the hour of peace a people who, trusting in American honor, fought for their common interests."

FATAL SAN FRANCISCO FIRE.

Five Persons Were Killed and Many Injured.

San Francisco, Aug. 1.—A fire, which broke out shortly after midnight in a three story frame building at 118 Oregon street, caused the loss of five lives and badly burned five persons, one of whom is not expected to survive. The dead are:

Kate Connelly, William White, Frank Kelly, George Hansen, C. A. Holmes.

The injured are: Mrs. Manuel Silva, badly burned and probably fatally injured internally; John King, burned on side and right arm; Chris Christian-son, burned on arms, face and head; Pat Donohue, burned on arms, face, chest and back; Edward M. Kenny, burned on arms, back, neck and thigh.

The building was a cheap lodging-house, and most of the inmates were longshoremen and people who work along the water front. Being of wood, the structure burned like tinder, and the victims were nearly all suffocated. The property loss is not over \$2,000.

Bound for Manila.

San Francisco, Aug. 1.—The third battalion, First South Dakota volunteers, and the Minnesota and Colorado recruits sailed today to join their comrades in the Philippines. The St. Paul will carry the troops to their destination. A fleet of tugs, steamers and launches gathered about the St. Paul and acted as an escort and on shore the wharves were lined with people who waved farewell to the departing troops. The rigging of the transport was filled with the soldiers, and two men, anxious to secure a lofty perch, climbed up to the mastsheads, from which points they waved flags. The soldiers were saluted by steam whistles and bells and the cheers of the soldiers filled the air as they passed down the bay.

Papers Forced to Advance Prices.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—All the morning papers of this city print an announcement that on and after August 1, the price will be 2 cents a copy. The increased cost of white paper and the enhanced general expense due to the war are the reasons for the advance.

Washington, Aug. 1.—Great Britain has notified the state department that she has selected her majesty's ships Albatross and Icarus for patrol service in Behring sea during the present season.

Destructive Missouri Cyclone.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 1.—A destructive cyclone swept over the southern portion of Buchanan county, at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon. A dozen farmhouses near Gower were demolished. Many persons were injured, but no fatalities are reported. Torrents of rain and hail accompanied the wind.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Aug. 1.—The United States monitor Terror has arrived here for the purpose of coaling.

Very many short-sighted people have prominent eyes.

WEEKLY MARKET LETTER.

(Reported by Downing, Hopkins & Co., Inc., Board of Trade Brokers, 211 to 214 Chamber of Commerce building, Portland, Oregon.)

The average wheat trader is bearish, but does not stand short, an advance of 1/2c to 1c running him in. He is afraid because farmers are not selling their wheat as freely as they did last year, although prices are but slightly different. Conditions a year ago were extremely bullish, foreign crops being short, and the majority of foreign traders were outspokenly bullish and had millions of bushels bought for September and December delivery. They kept up their buying right along and made heavy engagements for ocean freight. Freight from Chicago to Liverpool a year ago was 11 1/2c a bushel on wheat, and now they are 7.3-8. The American grain trader saw the largest exports for the twelve months ending June 30 that he is liable to witness in many years. Not one in the trade ever knew their equal, and they may not witness a repetition. Foreigners are now selling wheat short, as they know that their home crops are nearly equal to their requirements. France will need very little, if any, the Danubian provinces have a large surplus, and the majority of the European countries will not be in the market as buyers. Export houses figure that we will not ship more than 140,000,000 bushels of flour and wheat for the coming twelve months.

The world's crop is estimated at 344,000,000 bushels above last year's, which does not warrant higher prices unless there is an unusual wave of speculative buying, which for the present is not discernible. There is no bull leader, and no prospect of getting one. It is true that the farmers have more money and are in better position to hold their wheat, so that it may not be forced on the market as rapidly as in previous years. This may have a sustaining influence, but will make a slow and dragging market.

Exporters at the seaboard and elevator people here have been short for July, having accepted orders for shipment this month. This has created an urgent demand for prompt shipment. It is too late to get much wheat to the seaboard for this month's delivery, and the majority of the shorts have covered.

Seattle Markets.

Vegetables—Potatoes—Yakimas, \$1 per 100 lbs; natives, \$8@10; California potatoes, \$1.00 per 100 pounds. Beets, per sack, \$1.00; turnips, 75c; carrots, \$1.00; hot-house lettuce, —; radishes, 12 1/2c.

Fruits—California lemons, fancy, \$4.00; choice, \$3.50; seedling oranges, \$1.50@1.75; California navel, fancy, \$3@3.25; choice, \$2.50@2.75; bananas, shipping, \$2.25@2.75 per bunch; strawberries, \$1.50 per crate.

Butter—Fancy native creamery, brick, 17c; ranch, 14@16c; dairy, 12 1/2@15c; Iowa, fancy creamery, 20c.

Cheese—Native Washington, 11@11 1/2c; Eastern cheese, 11@11 1/2c.

Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, prime; cows, prime, 6 1/2c; mutton, 7c; pork, 7@7 1/2c; veal, 5@5 1/2c. Hams—Large, 10 1/2c; small, 11c; breakfast bacon, 11 1/2c.

Poultry—Chickens, live, per pound, 13c; dressed, 16c; spring chickens, \$2.50@3.75.

Fresh Fish—Halibut, 3@4c; steel-heads, 7@8c; salmon trout, 9@10c; flounders and sole, 3@4c; herring, 4c.

Oysters—Olympia oysters, per sack, \$3.50, per gallon, solid, \$1.80.

Wheat—Feed wheat, \$20.

Oats—Choice, per ton, \$28.

Corn—Whole, \$24; cracked, \$24; feed meal, \$24.

Feed—Chopped feed, \$17@21 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$17; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35.

Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$25; whole, \$24.

Flour—Patent, \$4.10, bbl; straight, \$3.85; California brands, \$5.50; buckwheat flour, \$6.50; graham, per bbl, \$4.25; whole wheat flour, \$4.50; rye flour, \$4.25.

Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$14; shorts, per ton, \$16.

Hay—Puget Sound mixed, \$8@10; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$15.

Eggs—Paying 18@18 1/2c, selling 20@21c.

Portland Markets.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 57c; Valley and Bluestem, 60c per bushel.

Flour—Best grades, \$3.60; graham, \$3.10; superfine, \$2.25 per barrel.

Oats—Choice white, 42c; choice gray, 40c per bushel.

Barley—Feed barley, \$21; brewing, \$22 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$15 per ton; middlings, \$21; shorts, \$15.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$10@11; Oregon wild hay, \$9@10 per ton.

Eggs—Oregon, 15c per dozen.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 35@40c; fair to good, 32 1/2c; dairy, 25@30c per lb.

Cheese—Oregon full cream, 11@12c; Young America, 12 1/2c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.00; springs, \$2.00@3; geese, \$3.00@4.50; ducks, young, \$3@4.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@12 1/2c per pound.

Potatoes—Oregon Burbanks, 30@35c per sack; new potatoes 50@55c.

Onions—California red, \$1.25 per sack.

Hops—5@12 1/2c per pound for new crop; 1896 crop, 4@6c.

Wool—Valley, 10@12c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12c; mohair, 25c per pound.

Mutton—Gross, best sheep; wethers and ewes, 3 1/2c; dressed mutton, 7c; spring lambs, 9c per lb.

Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$4.75; light and feeders, \$3.00@4.00; dressed, \$5.50@6.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef—Gross, top steers, 3.50@3.75; cows, \$2.50@3.00; dressed beef, 5@6 1/2c per pound.

Veal—Large, 5 1/2@6c; small, 7@8c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Nevada, 10@14c per pound; Oregon, Eastern, 10@12c; Valley, 15@17c; Northern, 14@15c.

Millstuffs—Middlings, \$18@20.00; bran, \$15.50@16.00 per ton.

Onions—New, 10@30c per sack; do seconds, 20c; fancy dairy, 18c; good to choice, 15@16 1/2c per pound.

Eggs—Store, 14@16c; fancy ranch, 19@23c.

Citrus Fruit—Oranges, navel, \$2.00@2.35; Mexican limes, \$6.00; California lemons, 1.00@1.50; do choice, \$1.50@3.00; per box.

THE DREAM OF DON MONTIJO.



In the barber of Manila Lay the Admiral's lie. Rocking gently at its anchors in a sort of tropical swampy All those shapes of war and slaughter Slept upon the peaceful water. That was mixed with nothing sweeter from the overflowing pool.

Swung its scintillating languors In the hammocks by the Spaniards, Dreaming of the Guadalquivir and the country of the Cid; Longing for the lovely ladies Of Seville, Toledo, Cadiz, And the bulls and Separatas of Madrid.

In his cabin Don Montijo Being drowsy murmured "Oh! This is excellent business for a noble of Castile; I am weary of the Malay, I will sail forth and waylay The pignons of the Shooker and my vengeance he shall feel."

Then he said goodnight "Ave" And in dreams he roamed the navy For a great and brilliant victory over the ships of Uncle Sam! Oh he led them to a Tandango From Hongkong to Pango Pango And he chased them from New Zealand to the borders of Sam.

While he lay there softly sleeping, Up the deck, creeping, creeping, Came the lean and rusty greybeards of the little Commodore— You may say that he was plucky, You may call him only lucky, But torpedoes couldn't turn him nor his big guns along the shore.

Don Montijo woke to wonder At a sudden knock of thunder. He had found the Yankee gunners and they had him every time; In the harbor of Manila Lay the Admiral's lie. Tilly lashed under water, and the officers and the stow, George Horron.

FROM DUDE TO SOLDIER.

Checked Career of Hallett Alsop Borrowe, the Famous Rough Rider.

Hallett Alsop Borrowe, who went with the rough riders in Cuba and who was given charge of a dynamite gun capable of deadly execution, has led a life replete with incident.

When he was a young man he thought he would become a great artist, and studied art at the Columbia Art School. Then he thought that law, and not art, was his peculiar calling and entered the Columbia Law School. After a while he decided that neither law nor art was just what he was cut out for, and went across the water to see the world. He had already seen something of it in on this side. His father was Samuel Borrowe, Vice President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and young Borrowe had the entrée into New York society.

In England and France Hallett Alsop was put up at the most exclusive clubs and was distinctly "in the swim." When he returned to this country he had become a crack billiard player, a crack shot and a man about town generally. He was fond of dog fights and all sorts of "sporty" things. In short,

the mild art student was thoroughly transformed into the glib and giddy young man of the clubs and the inconsequential world. He stayed abroad a good deal and was attracting no particular attention in this country, being regarded by his acquaintances as neither better nor worse than the average man of his type, when suddenly came the Coleman Drayton scandal. The social prominence of all the parties concerned (Mrs. Drayton was a daughter of Mrs. William Astor) and the challenge to a duel (which did not take place) between Mr. Drayton and Mr. Borrowe kept society gossiping for a long time.

Finally that passed away and Hallett Alsop Borrowe was for a time forgotten. It was said that he was living quietly abroad. Suddenly it was discovered that Borrowe had returned to this country, forsaken the ways of his former life, and was employed as a car starter on the trolley road in Newark. He had started in to work for a living and had begun at the bottom of the ladder.

He worked hard, and finally was made a division superintendent at a salary of \$75 a month. For a time his doings in his new sphere of action were written about and talked about, and then the young man was forgotten again. He was not destined to remain forgotten long, however, for in November, 1898, it was announced that Borrowe had married Miss Anna Wheeler Corbin, Austin Corbin's youngest daughter.

It seems that the Borrowe and Corbin families had been intimate when Hallett Alsop was a schoolboy, and his especial friend had been the youngest daughter. The schoolboy love had remained through all the intervening years, and Borrowe had gone to work on the trolley line to prove that he had reformed and was living a life which made him worthy to marry his boyhood's love.

ON DRIVING HORSES.

Hints on the Care of Man's Noblest Animal Friends.

A driver should study and know the horse he is to drive. Being familiar with the spirit of the horse is one of the very important things. A driver must also know how the horse should be fed, if he has no one upon whom he can implicitly rely to do the feeding. Reviewing these general matters of both driving and feeding, a writer on the horse says that some can drive thirty or even forty miles at a good rate of speed and have the animal in better condition at the end than another after driving the same horse five miles. It is not by any means driving fast that injures a horse so much as improper feeding. Often more strength and vitality is taken out of a horse in two miles of fretting, through the mismanagement of the driver, than in going several times this distance with proper care. Some men cannot drive without a whip in their hands, whether it is needed or not, and while there is no doubt that in some cases the whip is necessary, yet it is often the cause of more fretting on the part of a lively

Shakespeare Does Ball.

Shakespeare, so far as is known, never witnessed a ball game, yet his works are replete with phrases often used by fans. Here are a few:

"Hit it, hit it, hit it!"—Love's Labor Lost, Act IV.

"Not one hit!"—Merchant of Venice, Act III.

"Base second mean," et cetera.—Henry IV, Act I.

"Our valor is to chase flies."—Cymbeline, Act III.

"On the bat's back I do fly."—Titus Andronicus, Act III.

"We can kill a fly."—Titus Andronicus, Act III.

"Where go you with bats?"—Coriolanus, Act I.

"Then thou wast not out!"—Tempest, Act I.

"Play out the game."—Henry IV, Act II.

"Who's out?"—Lear, Act V.

"To field with him."—Coriolanus, Act II.

"With two pitch balls."—Love's Labor Lost, Act III.

"They pitched in the ground."—Henry VI, Act I.

"I'll bring him home."—Pericles, Act IV.

"I'm right glad to catch."—Henry VIII, Act V.

"So easy a stop."—Henry IV, Act II.

"He stopped the flier."—Coriolanus, Act I.

"If he should even double."—All's Well, Act II.

"I will run no base."—Merry Wives, Act I.

"I'll run for thee."—Midsummer Night's Dream, Act II.

"Thou mayst slide."—Taming of the Shrew, Act IV.

The Frenchman's Fault.

While one of the American frigates was once at Malta some of the crew got into a terrible fight with the crew of a French man-of-war. At the investigation that followed the captain of the man-of-war said:

"You see, sir, it was all the Frenchman's fault. We was a walking down the street just as quiet as lambs, sir, when along come some Frenchmen from the Etowah. I wanted to be civil, so I says to 'em:

"Will you come in and take a drink?"

"Kay? says he.

"Kay? says Jimmy Legs, who was with me; 'what kind of an answer is that to give a gentleman?' and he up and hit him; and that's the way the row began, sir. You see it was all the Frenchman's fault, sir."

Roman Villa Discovered.

Another Roman villa has been dug up at Boscoreale, on the slopes of Vesuvius, near Pompeii, where the great find of silver ornaments was made two years ago. The walls are covered with beautiful frescoes, chiefly landscapes and marines. One represents a bridge over a river, with an angler fishing with a line. Four wine jars were in the cellar and seven skeletons have been found in the excavation.

Rolling-Pin Will Serve, Som Times, "Men differ," said the feminine person of varied experience. "Some can be conquered with tears, but with others it is necessary to resort to the batpin."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

One-half the world makes a good living working the other half.

Which do you like best—grocer-bills or doctor-bills?

Use the wholesome baking powder—Schilling's Best.

The First Use of Field Music.

Gustavo Kobbe writes an article on "The Trumpet in Camp and Battle" for the August Century. Mr. Kobbe says: "The first use of field music of which we have absolutely authentic information was at the battle of Bouvines, that village of French Flanders where the French have won no fewer than three victories—Philip Augustus defeating Otto IV of Germany there in 1141, Philip of Valois defeating the English there in 1340, while in 1794 the French defeated the Austrians at the same place. It was at Bouvines, in 1214, that trumpets sounded the signal for the victorious French charge, the first authentic instance of a command given by a trumpet call.

HAVE YOU A SON, BROTHER?

Hubbard or Lover in the Army or Navy? Mail him today a 25c package of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. All who march, walk or stand need it. It cures itching, tired, sore, swollen, sweating feet, and makes hot, tight or new shoes easy. Feet can't blister, get sore or chafe where Allen's Foot-Ease is used. 10,000 testimonials. All druggists and shoe stores sell it 25c. Sample sent Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

How to Tell Edible Wood Mushrooms.

Mrs. S. T. Rorer does dwellers in the country a good service by telling them how to identify the edible varieties of mushrooms that grow in the woods. Her article which is printed in the August Ladies' Home Journal, makes it clear that there are very many varieties of these delicious, nutritious fungi, and that they can be had in abundance throughout the summer for the mere gathering. To make her information the more useful Mrs. Rorer directs how the different kinds of the woods-grown delicacies are best cooked, how