VOL. 2.

HILLSBORO

ELECTRIC SUBMARINE TORPEDO PARLIAMENT OPENED

English Methods.

SEEMED EXTREMELY STRANGE few men could keep off the combined

Prefers the Way Our Own Congress Is Conducted.

London, August 14 .- One of the most interested spectators of the open- destruction. Mr. McDermott is coning of the house of commons today was fident that the new invention will in-Charles E. Crisp. Mr. Crisp was stantly shatter and sink the hulk. present in the speaker's gallery at the special invitation of William Court strong and formidable, can survive a Gally, who was re-elected speaker of shock from his torpedo. the house of commons today. Mr. Crisp, in conversation, after the house of commons adjourned, said:

"Before the house met Mr. Gully showed me the paintings representing the former speakers of the house of commons, and the comments which he made upon each of them were most in- manufactured and patented a new exteresting. Mr. Gully also showed me teresting. Mr. Gully also showed me the statues of great statesmen of the He made arrangements to sell it to past, and particularly called my at- China to be used in the war with Jatention to the fact that Pitt and Fox pan. With his explosive he crossed faced each other. I took great delight the Pacific, but his secret had been diin studying the portraits of the de- vulged and the Japanese government ceased British statement, for I have notified the authorities at Washington, spent many hours studying the lives who enjoined him from making furof Pitt and Fox."

It is probable that a mutual friend This same explosive is to be used in will arrange a meeting between Mr. the torpedo. Crisp and Mr. Gladstone, on the former's return to London from his visit NECESSITY OF INTERVENTION.

Mr. Crisp wrote the following ac- An Appeal From the Foreign Residents count of his impressions formed at the opening of the house of commons to-

The opening of parliament today held here today. It was decided to proved a great treat to me. Naturally I am interested in English forms and immediate intevention in China upon methods of legislation. One of the most striking differences between our methods and those in use here is that the speaker is nonpartisan. The mem- Press: bers of parliament are certainly a finelooking body of men. To an Ameri-Tsin express their sympathy with the can, however, it looked very odd to see friends of the Ku Cheng victims. They the members of the house sitting with consider the Chinese officials guilty,

"After the adjournment, I called upon the speaker, and was escorted by ments for the situation. They regard him to his official residence. I found the speaker a most agreeable gentleman. I also met Mr. Balfour, the for, as before, the officials will buy inconservative leader, and found him to be a spendid type of the English gentleman. When I was leaving the parliament house, Mr. Balfour accompanied me to the gate, where a large America must send an ultimatum crowd was collected. When they saw the conservative leader, they cheered him most enthusiastically. As there was no other business outside of the election of speaker, I was unable to learn much other legislative methods. I am satisfied, however, from what I office of the Hong Kong & Shanghai did see, that I prefer the methods of Banking corporation today it was our congress.

"After adjournment, Mr. Gully had ing which cabled an appeal to the me escorted to the floor of the house United States through the Associated afterwards found myself in an ex- China, is probably W. W. Dickinposed a part of the lobby of the house, of Tien Tsin, and a partner in the firm but Mr. Gully said it was the private of Collins & Co., well-known merdining-room of his official residence. chants. There we were joined by Senator Cabot Lodge and Henry White, ex-secretary of the United States embassy. We were escorted to the public diningroom of the speaker, in which we were introduced to his wife. Mrs. Gully is a most affable lady. The room was crowded with ladies, who were waiting to personally congratulate Mr. Gully upon his re-election.

'After leaving the speaker's residence, M. White took Senator Lodge and myself to the house of commons, where he introduced us to many of the leaders. We were next taken to the sent to Yucatan by shiploads from all room of Mr. Balfour and introduced to parts of Mexico, and there is every him. He is a man of much personal prospect of a terrible war. Several magnetism, and impresses one immediately as a striking intellectuality. Altween the Indians and the troops. though he did not appear to be so, I knew he was hurried, and so did not think it the proper place or time to broach the subject of bimetalism.

'As Mr. Gully had not been reelected when I first saw him, he was not in official dress. I made a remark on this subject, and he said that tomorrow he would only be in half-dress and wear a 'half wig,' as his election would then only be half approved. Wednesday, however, his election will have been fully approved, and he will wear his full official attire. All this strikes me as extremely strange.'

The Sealers in Behring Sea,

San Francisco, August 14. - The schooner Uranus brings news that the sealers have reached Behring sea and are in imminent danger of seizure by the revenue cutters. This means a great deal to owners of sealing ven- rode into town a few minutes after propriation of \$101,000 for the two tures. The instructions under which noon. Deputy Marshal Johnson enthe cutters are boarding vessels this countered them alone, and leveled his year are to seize all seal skins. The Wincheseter and held them in place schooners are liable to seizure also, for until Deputy Weeks, of Hancock, Okthe international regulations are so lahoma, and his posse came up. The strict that vessels with guns for shoot- gang was completely surprised, and ing seals on board are not allowed in was disarmed. Those composing the Behring sea. The last news from the gang are charged with all crimes, United States cutter Corwin, which was received by those on the Uranus, was that she was expected back by Unimak island the middle of July. All tions in the Creek nation, after which the metals perfectly welded. The last these things indicate that the next they will be tried by the Oklahoma news received from Behring sea is authorities. likely to be sensational in its nature.

Inspecting Provincial Fisheries.

+ 47

Vancouver, B. C., August 14.-Pro- ister, was created a marquis without fessor Prince, of the Dominion fisheries knowledge. Feeling he has been department, is now here on official placed in a false position, he refused mon fisheries, he will endeavor to de-

CANADA COMPETITION

Oakland, Cal., August 14.—Charles Er-Speaker Crisp's Views on F. McDermott is perfecting an electric A Bulletin From the Agriculsubmarine torpedo, the invention of tural Department.

o Invention Intended to Put an

Dr. Gross, of Chicago, which he says

will ultimately put an end to marine warfare. With his torpedo, he says, a

navies of the world. The torpedo will

secret experiment will be made. An

old iron hulk is to be floated and the

Tien Tsin, August 14.-A meeting

of foreign residents of this city was

useless, we implore attention.

Who Dickinson Is.

The Indian Troubles in Yucatan.

San Cristobal, Mex., August 14 .-

Northern Salmon Pack.

Surprised the Outlaws.

from horsestealing to murder. Officer

Smith to answer for recent depreda-

Tokio, August 14.7-There is a cabi-

et crisis. Count Ito, the prime min-

vessels.

THE WORLD'S MARKET SERIES

be completed within a week. It will then be taken to Goat island, where a Total Trade of the Dominion Has Increased Twenty-One Per Cent in Ten Years.

torpedo will be sent down below the Washington, August 13 .- The exsurface of the water on its errand of tent of the competition of Canada with the United States in foreign markets is pointed out in a bulletin, to be issued by the secretary of agriculture in a few days. The bulletin is the fourth of the world's market series in course of publication by the department, and About the first of September a public embodies the reports of thirty of our exhibition will be given. By the use consuls in the Dominion. It shows that the total export of Causda inof electricity, with combinations of powerful explosives, Mr. McDermott creased from \$89,000,000 in 1885 to says he can destroy the staunchest of \$118,000,000 in 1894, or 33 per cent; the imports from \$119,000,000 to Dr. Gross, the inventor, recently \$123,000,000, or 13 per cent; and the total trade from \$198,000,000 to \$241,-000,000, or 21 per cent during the same period. The largest proportional increase was in 1892, when the value of the total trade exceeded that of the preceding year about 11 per cent. From 1888 to 1891, inclusive, the trade of Canada with the United States exceeded that of any other country, but ther negotiations with the Chinese. since then the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland has taken the first rank, with the United States second.

An important fact is that a large share of the agricultural products going abroad from Canadian scaports are cereals and flour in transit from the United States. Of \$27,000,000 of such products shipped last year, \$9,-000,000 was American merchandise,

communicate by cable the necessity of Of late years increased attention has been given by the government of Canbehalf of the United States and British ada to dairy interests, encourging the governments, and the following teledairy associations throughout the coungram was addressed to the Associated try, and passing strict sanitary laws regulating the manufacture of cheese "The foreign community of Tien and butter. No adulterations can be used, and the importation, manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and other similar substances is prohibited. and the British and Americans blame the continued apathy of their governed decreased from 10,500,000 pounds in 1888 to 5,500,000 in 1894, nearly 50 ception of the trouble. England's demands for an inquiry into the Ku Cheng massacre to be useless, nocent heads as substitutes for the acbutter exported.

tual criminals; they protest that the The statistics of the fishing industry Cze Chuen commission implicated the officials of that province. England and 000,000, and the latter over \$80,000,threatening reprisals. Diplomacy is 000. In wood pulp, in 1894, the (Signed), "Dickinson, Chairman." Dominion \$369,010.

No One Able to Unlock the Doors of twenty-four hours.

stated that the chairman of the meet-Lebanon, Ind., August 13.-A mob of forty men went to the Springfield P. A. board will meet tomorrow, apand introduced me to the members. I Press regarding the recent massacres in afterwards found myself in an ex- China, is probably W. W. Dickin- demanded the keys of the cells of Mattremely handsom; room, which I sup- son, chairman of the municipal council thew Lewis and James Ray, who assaulted Mrs. Shields recently. The jailer, seeing resistance was useless, banded over the keys, and the mob kind. In case the newly appointed handed over the keys, and the mob proceeded to business. Everybody in police force cannot obtain possession the mob was drunk, and none of them seemed to be able to unlock the jail recognition from the police judge and door. After working about the locks setting up a little jail of its own. It is Couriers have arrived here bringing and bolts without result, they secured more likely, however, that the proinformation from the seat of the Indian war in Yucatan. The advices sledghammers and tried to break down posal for a settlement will be adopted. state that the Indians made a stand the doors. They proved too strong for and are preparing to make an attempt to them, however, and after two hours' drive the government troops out of the hard work they abandoned the job. territory to which the Indians lay claim. The Indians are armed with improved rifles. The government hit. Returning the keys to the jailer, night. Three stonecutters, H. forces on the frontier are being constantly augmented. They are being skirmishes have already occurred bement is over.

> Nebraska's Prison Contract. . Lincoln, Neb., August 13, -Contrac-Victoria, B. C., August 14.—The tor Dorgan has left the state prison for steamer Danube, from the north, regood, taking with him his personal ports that the pack of the Northern property. His \$33,408.90 warrant, British Columbia canneries is complete however, still remains in the hands of for the season, with the exception of State Auditor Moore. Dorgan secured

> about 5,000 cases. Sixteen canneries the penitentiary contract from Bankhave put up 174,000 cases against 130,- Wrecker Mosher, when that worthy 000 cases put up last year by twelve went to the Sioux Falls penitentiary canneries. The season has been satisfor stealing \$1,000,000 from the Capifactory everywhere, except on Rivers tal National bank. The state purchased inlet, where the pack is 10,000 cases his interest, but his creditors purchased the warrant. The land commissioners The run of salmon on Fraser river said the affairs at the penitentiary Sunday night was the best of the seawere in good shape so far as he knew son, and the canneries obtained more He was inclined to believe that from fish than they could can. Some boats now on the various officials would be caught 800 fish, the average being 250. obliged to depend on the board of public lands and buildings for the sinews of war in the line of food and clothing Eufalia, I. T., August 14 .- The outsupplies. This revives the old question laws who were expected here today of how much, if any, of the state's apyear's can be used in the maintenance

of the prison. Warden Leidilgh may possibly solve the problem by making the institution self-sustaining.

A Lost Art Discovered. Pittsburg, August 18. - George Crowley, Cornelius Shay and John Ryan, iron wokers have found the Grant Johnson will take them to Fort lost art of welding copper to iron or steel. They show several samples of record history gives of these metals having been welded was in 500 B. C. The value of the discovery comes in the fact that copper offers greater resistance to the action of salt water than any other metal.

The Carnegie Company has offered the men a fixed price for the secret. A shop has been fitted up for the men at business. Besides inspecting the sal- promotion, while certain of his col- the Homestead plant, where tomorrow leagues remaining unhonored. He left the men propose to weld a plate of termine the migrations of the halibut. the capital and will not return until copper to an ingot of nickel steel armor filed for probate today. She leaves up to the civil war were being warmly He is also considering the advisability the question is settled. Count Yama- plate. The Carnegie company hopes some \$166,000, of which \$30,000 is discussed, Mr. Chapman, in deference

BOTH SIDES OF THE LINE.

Mexico Does Not Like an Alleged In

City of Mexico, August 13.-Much interest is felt here regarding the truth of the alleged interview with United States Minister Ransom telegraphec from Washington to the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, in which Ransom is quoted as saying that the new extradition treaty will be required in order to prevent embezzlers from the United States escaping extradition by using money among Mexican authorities. If Ransom is correctly reported, he will probably be regarded here as "persona non grata," the alleged utterance being a direct attack on the highest functionaries, for whom, while here, Ran-som expressed highest esteem. It is believed here that the minister was misrepresented. Mr. Gray, just before his death, was reported by all American journals as declaring that Guatemala was right in her contention with Mexico, an utterance that naturally gave offense here, but Gray died before there was opportunity for an explanation. Great apprehension is felt in all the

west coast ports regarding the continued ravages of yellow fever in Central American seaports. All vessels recently arriving from Central America have been treated as suspicious, principally those from Acajutla and Ocos.

The American Security Company, of New York, has opened a branch here, according to the terms of a liberal charter recently granted. The company will insure government employes and government bonds for contractors,

besides doing private business.

Due cause has been found for holding Landsbort, the alleged lover of Emma Thorn, the manner of whose death is in dispute.

Two persons of the twenty-two injured in the Tehauntepec railway accident have died. The road is new, and the track not altogether in good condi-

OMAHA'S POLITICAL ROW.

Talk of Settlement in the Local Courts

Omaha, August 13 .- There now appears to be a fair prospect that the fire and police board muddle will be ami-Through the quantity of butter export- cably settled in this city, as suggested by Governor Holcombe at the very in-

per cent, the value declined only from \$1,700,000 to \$1,100,000. This indiday settled none of the issues involved, The injunction case decided yestercates improvement in the quality of and in passing upon the petition for an injunction the judge intimated that the proper procedure would be for the and the forest products show that the claimants under the Churchill-Russell value of the former in 1894 was \$30,- appointment to bring quo warranto 000,000, and the latter over \$80,000,- proceedings against the old board. The present incumbents have always claim-United States alone imported from the ed that they were ready and anxious to join issues on the right to the office in a legal proceeding. While no agreement to this effect has yet been arrived at, one possibly may be reached within

Another story which is given credence in many quarters is that the A. session of the office and books, and, if refused, to attempt to take possession by force. The present police force is of the city jail, it counts upon securing

Ashtabula, O., August 13.-Six men They then emptied their revolvers into had a desperate battle in a box car bethe cells of the jail, but no one was tween Erie, Pa., and this place, last they said they would be back tonight Eastly, James Smith and John Meinand left. The mob was made up of hart, boarded the train at Erie to come men from Washington and Marion to Ashtabula. At a water tank three counties. The two negroes will be tramps entered the car. When the confined at Louisville until the excite- train had got under way again, two of the tramps drew revolvers and asked them to hand over what money they had. Smith had a revolver and showed fight. In an instant a battle between him and the two tramps was in progress. Eastly was shot through the groin, Smith received a wound in the neck and one of the tramps had a bullet through his neck. On arrival of the train here the wounded men were cared for. The tramp, who gave his name as John Cuddy, of Waterbury, Conn., is in a critical condition.

Mayor Sutro's Offer. San Francisco, August 13.—Adolph Sutro, mayor of San Francisco, has offered the state university regents thirteen acres of land within the city limits, on which to erect buildings for the affiliated colleges of the university In addition to this, he will deed to trustees of the city thirteen acres adjoining as a site for the Sutro library of over 20,000 rare volumes. The library and property are to be held in trust for the city, and the library will be free to all, irrespective of race or color. The gift, which has not yet been accepted, is valued at \$1,500,000, and will be worth \$2,000,000 when the contemplated improvements are made. Mayor Sutro is said to own one-tenth of the total real estate in San Francisco city and county most of it, however, is unimproved.

The Prohibition Removed. Colon, August 18 .- The governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica have notified steamship agents that the prohibition against the landing of priests and nuns has been removed, and

cept Chinamen. Will of Mrs. Talmage.

NORTH PACIFIC NEWS

Progressive Northwest.

BRIEF REPORTS OF LATE EVENTS

Budget of Items Gathered Fron All Parts of Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Tacoma has a ladies' cycling club, with a membership of twenty-five. Seattle has raised in eash and provisions more than \$1,000 for the relief of Sprague, Wash.

The total taxable property of Spokane county, Wash., less exemptions, is valued at \$21,732,053. pects and at this time no news is emi-The Spokane Chronicle says that the

small white butterfly is damaging the pine forests in that vicinity. There is talk of annexing Fidalgo island to San Juan county, Wash., and making Anacortes the county seat.

sources and products at Waterville.

Wash., and also one in Coos Bay, Or. may find reason to regret that they did be excellent in Eastern Oregon now, and hunters come back laden with the more encouraging prospects, and the birds. Ex-Governor L. K. Church, of

Washington, has been appointed receiver of the Puget Sound National bank at Everett. Frank Patton, of Astoria, has made

to rebuild the saw mill there, if a sufficient subsidy is raised.

the Camp Watson mountains, in Ore- has declined about a quarter of a cent gon, is very poor, and that some sheep- and is quoted at \$14.20. Lead is a men have been compelled to drive their sheep out.

C. B. Johnson was sentenced by Judge Buck at Spokane to six years in the penitentiary. Johnson was arrest-ed four days before his sentence and pleaded guilty.

There are 150 children of school age on the Warm Springs, Or., reservation, but the school building will accommodate but sixty. A new building is being erected. The grasshoppers are reported to

have done damage to crops in some instances in the upper portion of the valley above Ashland, Or., particularly and 43 in Canada against 54 last year. where the harvasting was delayed. The Monte Cristo, Wash., school district has voted to issue \$7,000 worth

district is the largest in Snohomish county. Most of the women out camping at the Tollgate and Saling's camp, in Walla Walla county, Wash., have

of twenty-year school bonds. This

adopted bloomers as a costume for fishing, hunting and camp duties. R. D. Shutt, teacher at the Chehalis Indian school, near Yate City, tiary. In making the rounds of the

the Chehalis river last Saturday by repairs and changes he considered nec-

nections. Unsubstantiated charges, that will nade of improper conduct on the part ment of the House of the Good Shep-

herd in Seattle. The farmers around Oaksdale. Wash., are preparing to make an organized fight against the Chinese thistle. They claim the weed is brought by threshers from Walla Walla, and

Northern Oregon counties. This season seems to be particularly favorable to figs in Southern Oregon, A tree in General J. M. McCall's lot in Ashland has a fair crop of ripe and green fruit, the ripe ones being as perfectely matured as if grown in Sumatra, says the Tidings.

Mrs. Ethel Pitts, in her suit for di- chapel." vorce from Henry Pitts, brought in Tacoma, alleges that while living at pointed out leaks in the walls and roof. Kalama, July 31, 1891, Pitts compelled "And this window frame corresponds

Pitts is a negro.

some time ago, and a reward of \$100 be properly drained. was offered for the capture of the rob-

Frame, while fishing two weeks ago, saw a very brilliant meteor, which reached the earth just west of Doyle's house, on the north side of the river. The aerolite showed a very white light as it descended, and when near the ground it exploded with a loud report, emitting a blue flame. The particles fell just west of Doyle's house, and close to the county road. In the year 1862 a man by the name

of John Chapman located a quarter \$200,000. The exact amount cannot section of land where the city of be learned. Union, Or., now stands, says the Refree entry has been accorded to all exemployed Dave Thompson, now the Portland banker, but then a surveyor, to lay it out in town lots. It being at Brooklyn, N. Y., August 12.-The that period in the history of our counwill of Mrs. T. Dewitt Talmage was try in which those questions which led of introducing Eastern oysters and lob-sters into Pacific waters.

| Canton, O., to which place the remains to be able to cover all armor plates for to be able to cover all armor plates for to be able to cover all armor plates for to be able to cover all armor plates for to be able to cover all armor plates for to bis patriotism and loyalty to his feet. They are bound to their homes canton, O., to which place the remains to be able to cover all armor plates for the cover armor plates for the cover

NO SIGN OF REACTION. JUSTICE JACK SON DEAD Continues to Be Very Active

New York, August 12.-R. G. Dun Happenings of Interest in the & Co. say in the Weekly Review of Died Yesterday at His Home

ARGUS.

Trade: Business continues unusually active for midsummer, and though there is a perceptible relaxation, there are no signs of reaction. The one change of HIS DEATH NOT UNEXPECTED great importance which the past week has brought is the amicable settlement between coal miners and employers in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. It is said about 100,000 men will have their wages increased after October 1 by this adjustment, and while the enlargement of purchasing power is of consequence it seems even more important that a chronic case of controversy has been removed by the new agreement as to company stores. There is no important change in crop pros-

nently good news. Wheat has declined a fraction with very scanty transactions, the extremely small Western receipts influencing the market for the present more than the restricted exports. The concerted Douglas, county, Wash., is agitating withholding of wheat by Western of health. Later he went to Thomasfor a permanent exhibit of its refarmers, if continued, would doubtless the wild and bracing climate would affect the price in the end, but it has Rumor has it that the raft builders already stopped Atlantic exports alwill build another raft at Stella, most entirely. The Western farmers Prairie chicken shooting is said to not ship their wheat at the proper time. It tends to lower prices with expectation of a heavy corn crop affects prices of provisions as might be ex-

has not yet outrun the demand. Besproposition to the people of Nehalem semer iron is a shade weaker, but grey forge has advanced about 60 cents, and finished products are remarkably firm. Sheepherders report that the grass on Lake copper has advanced to 12c. Tin trifle stronger at \$3.55. The anthracite coal market is completely demoralized, and prices have again yielded a little to about the lowest ever known.

Sales of wool are not as much inflated by speculation as they were during the first half of July, but they still exceed the usual consumption in the manufacture, amounting at the three chief markets to 6,259,300 pounds. Prices are very firm. Some staple cotton goods have again advanced in price and the market is unusually strong for the season. Failures for the week were 225 in

the United States against 264 last year,

THE OREGON PENITENTIARY.

Improvements That Superintendent Gilbert Thinks Should Be Made.

that the prison was in a very bad condition. Today he was seen and showed Wash., was saved from drowning in institution he called attention to the essary; to wooden window panes; to the general design. President Jack-In a few days the cable from the worn and rickety steps and stairways; son's administration was confessedly a mainland to Tillamook rock light to old and unsightly walks; to the house will be laid. A force of men newly-built flume that was contrasted and one of the lighthouse tenders are with the old, which, Mr. Gilbert said, busy with the work of making con- had rotted from allowing dirt to bank up against the timbers;-to an old tumble-down shed that covered the probably be investigated, have been pump engine; to the unkempt condition of the engine; to the neglected of those charged with the manage- appearance of everything in the mechanical departement. In the kitchen. Mr. Gilbert said: "This is simply terrible. It is the most rotten, dirty history. arrangement I ever saw for a state institution. This kitchen is in the basement, under the chapel, the center of the building, and steam and odors find their way to every cell."

"What changes would you suggest in the arrangement of the kitchen?" was asked the superintendent.

"There should be another ell to the building for a kitchen and dining room for the convicts. This would do away with feeding convicts in the cell. and the nausea of a kitchen under the

In the hospital the superintendent her to accompany him before a justice with the general dilapidation," he of the peace and marry him against said, as he pulled off a piece of timber her will, he telling her the replies to from the frame, exposing a deserted the questions asked in the ceremony. bumble-bee's nest. The superintenden thinks a new heating system is The Ollala postoffice was robbed needed, and that the grounds should

In answer to what course he would bers. The postmaster, W. R. Wells, pursue in the management of the inarrested two men. Dean and Miller, stitution, Superintendent Gilbert said who turned out to be the guilty parties. he would either have to make a deficit, The government, however, refuses to or curtail other expenses. The latter, pay the reward, claiming that the law he explained, was being done by suploes not apply to a postmaster who plying about half the discharged concaptures the robbers of his own office. victs with the suits they bring, instead The Gold Beach, Or., Gazette re- of purchasing new ones at \$15 each, lates that Charley Bailey and Dave and by saving the \$5 heretofore given released convicts.

> Duluth, August 12 .- John D. Rockefeller has settled the \$600,000 suit, in which William and John McKinley, of this city, are plaintiffs, and in which he was charged with robbing them of their mining property by means of fraud and false representations by agreeing to pay over about

The Sult Settled.

Survivors of the White.

Port Townsend, Wash., August 7 .-Six survivors of the lost sealing schooner White, which was lost last spring in Alaska, arrived today. All the survivors are horribly mutilated. having lost either fingers, toes, arms or

Near Nashville.

The First Man Appointed to the Su preme Bench by a President Elected by the Opposite Party.

Nashville, August 10 .-- The Hon. Howell Edmunds Jackson, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, died at his residence at West Meade, six miles west of this city, this afternoon in the 64th year of

his age, of consumption. Justice Jackson has been in failing health for the past four years, but it has been only in the past eight or nine months that the progress of the disease began to cause his family and friends uneasiness. Last year he went on a lengthy trip to the Far West, in search the mild and bracing climate would restore his once vigorous constitution. The trip did him little good, and after

a time he was brought home. At his home Judge Jackson seemed to improve slightly, until he went to Washington to sit in the second hearing of the income tax case. He stood the trip fairly well, but after his reprices of provisions as might be expected.

The industries continue to make progress and higher prices for iron and steel products prove that the supply has not yet outrun the demand. Best was near, and his death today was not unexpected.

Judge Jackson was twice married, the first time to Miss Sophia Mallory, daughter of David B. Mallory, a banker of Memphis, who died in 1873. To this union were born three children, Henry, William R. and Howell E. Jackson. Henry Jackson is at present soliciting freight agent of the Southern railway, with headquarters at Atlanta. William R. Jackson is dis-

trict attorney of the Chesapeake & Ohio, at Cincinnati. Howell E. Jackson is manager of the Jackson cotton mills, at Jackson, Tenn. In 1876 Judge Jackson married Miss Mary E. Harding, daughter of General William G. Harding. Of this union three children survive, Misses Elizabeth and Louise Jackson, and Harding A. Jackson. With the exception of Miss Elizabeth Jackson and William

R. Jackson, jr., who are in Europe, the children were at his bedside who he died. Howell Edmunds Jackson enjoyed the distinction of being the first man appointed to the supreme beach of the United States by a president elected by tendent A. N. Gilbert, of the state peni- without regard to political consideratentiary, has been credited with saying tions as such. It is true that precedents for such action are cited, but they are apparent rather than real. your correspondent over the peniten- President Washington's administration was meant to be nonpartisan, and his

> leged exceptions are found to be more apparent than real. The selection of Judge Jackson stands out boldly as a real exception. It clearly indicates that President Harrison fully appreciated that new issues were hereafter to divide the parties, and the appointment, therefore, marked a great epoch in American political

time when parties were reforming on

new lines, and similarly all other al-

Judge Jackson had been a lawyer ever since he was old enough for admission to the bar, and a judge during most of his adult life. Even in the heat and fury of the civil war, he was a judge rather than a partisan. He served with rare ability in the civil service of the Confederate government. and when the Democratic party of Tennessee divided on the question of the state debt, he took high ground in favor of paying dollar for dollar according to the original contract.

The New York Police Force.

London, August 12.-The Times this morning publishes an editorial on the split in the New York police force, in which it says: "It is greatly to be feared that Colo

nel Grant's action will stir all the old forces of corruption and misgovernment to renewed efforts. It is only too probable that the mischief done by his indiscretions cannot be undone. Tammany will strain every nerve at the autumn election, and will perhaps succeed, as it has succeeded after previous disasters. Its success would be public calamity."

New York, August 10.-James B. Haggin, one of the owners of the Anaconda mine, said today with considerable emphasis: "There is not an atom of truth in any statement to the effect that the Rothschilds are negotiating for the purchase of the Anaconda mine. There has been no approach of any kind toward such negotiations." Walter Lutgen, a partner of August Bel-mont, and Rothschild's agent in this country, also denied the report.

Had Been Killed by Indians.

Waukeemiss, O. T., August 9.-The three skeletons found west of here three weeks ago have proved to be the remains of two Fowler boys and their brother-in-law, who were killed by Indians in 1875. The remains were identified by an ankle brace which was found near the remains. Relatives of the Fowlers are wealthy residents of