BALLOTING FOR HALL OF FAME IS CLOSED

20 Famous Men and 10 Women to Be Chosen.

204 NOMINATIONS MADE

National Institution Is Located on Heights of New York University, Overlooking Hudson.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—Balloting closed October 7 for the quinquennial election of 20 additional famous American men and ten famous American women to the Hall of Fame. There are 204 celebrities nominated for that honor. The result of the election will not be made public until November 1.

The Hall of Fame, a national institution, is located on the heights of New York university, overlooking the Hudson and Harlem rivers. It was organized 20 years ago with a gift of $100,000, which has since been increased to $250,000, the money to be used in building a museum and colonnade 500 feet long and to contain 150 panels for memorial bronze tablets. Fifty were to be inscribed in 1900 and at the close of every five years thereafter five additional panels were to be placed, so that the entire number would be completed by A. D. 2000. Only 56 in all, however, have been elected since the first votes were cast 20 years ago.

The ballots in the present election, which were mailed last July to 102 electors in various parts of the United States, college presidents, historians, professors, scientists, authors, editors, statesmen, supreme court judges, business men, publicists and others, contain the names of 177 men and 27 women, of whom 111 men and 23 women were hold-over nominations from previous elections.

Many Already Elected.

The initials "M. J. F." alongside the names of 20 men and one woman indicate that in a preliminary public nomination last May a majority of a special group of electors designated them as being "more justly famous." This makes them eligible to election by a majority vote and all others must have two-thirds of the vote cast. In the absence of Dr. Robert Underwood Johnson, now United States ambassador to Italy, the balloting is in charge of the acting director of the Hall of Fame, Mrs. William Vanamee of this city.

The following famous Americans already have been elected:

Authors—Ralph Waldo Emerson, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Washington Irving, Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, James Russell Lowell, John Greenleaf Whittier, George Bancroft, William Cullen Bryant, James Fenimore Cooper, Oliver Wendell Holmes, John Lothrop Motley, Edgar Allen Poe and Francis Parkman.

Educators—Horace Mann and Mark Hopkins.

Preachers, Theologians—Jonathan Edwards, Henry Ward Beecher, William Ellery Channing and Phillips Brooks.

Philanthropists, Reformers—Peter Cooper and George Peabody.

Scientists—John James Audubon, Asa Gray, Louis Agassiz and Joseph Henry.

Engineers, Architects—None.

Physicians, Surgeons—None.

Inventors—Robert Fulton, Samuel F. B. Morse, Eli Whitney and Elias Howe.

Daniel Boone on List.

Missionaries, Explorers—Daniel Boone.

Soldiers, Sailors—David Glasgow Farragut, Ulysses Simpson Grant, Robert E. Lee and William Tecumseh Sherman.

Lawyers, Judges—James Kent, John Marshall, Joseph Story and Rufus Choate.

Rulers, Statesmen—John Adams, Henry Clay, Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson, Abraham Lincoln, George Washington, Daniel Webster, John Quincy Adams, James Madison, Andrew Jackson and Alexander Hamilton.

Businessmen—None.

Musicians, Painters, Sculptors, etc.—Gilbert Charles Stuart.

Eminent men outside the foregoing classes—None.

Elected to the hall of fame for women:

Authors—Harriet Beecher Stowe.

Educators, Missionaries—Mary Lyon and Emma Willard.

Philanthropists, Reformers, Home or Social Workers — Frances Elizabeth Willard.

Scientists—Maria Mitchell.

Musicians, Painters, Sculptors, etc.—Charlotte S. Cushman. (M. J. F.).

Eminent women outside the foregoing classes—None.

1920 Nominations Listed.

The nominations for the election of 1920, from which 30 selections are to be made, are as follows:

Authors—William Lloyd Garrison, Horace Greeley, Francis Scott Key, Wendell Phillips, William Prescott, Noah Webster, George William Curtis, William Whitney, John Fiske, Francis Bret Harte, Walt Whitman, Thomas Bailey Aldrich, Samuel Clemens. (M. J. F.); Francis Marion Crawford, Charles A. Dana, Eugene Field, Henry George, Richard Watson Gilder, Joel Chandler Harris, Francis Lieber, Charles Eliot Norton, Thomas Paine. (M. J. F.); Edmund Stedman and Henry Thoreau.

Educators—Thomas H. Gallaudet, Samuel G. Howe, Francis Wayland, Theodore Woolsey, John Witherspoon, Samuel Armstrong, Borden Bowne, Daniel Coit Gilman, William H. McGuffey, Eliphalet Nott and Noah Porter.

Preachers, Theologians—Lyman Beecher, Horace Bushnell. (M. J. F.); Cotton Mather, Theodore Parker, Matthew Simpson, Francis Asbury, William Brewster, Dwight Moody, Roger Williams. (M. J. F.); Edward Everett Hale and Heinrich Muhlenberg.

Philanthropists, Reformers—Henry Bergh and John Brown.

Scientists—Spencer Baird, Nathaniel Bowditch, Matthew Maury, Benjamin Pierce, Benjamin Silliman, Benjamin Thompson. (M. J. F.); Josiah Gibbs, Samuel Langley, Henry Morgan and Simon Newcomb. (M. J. F.).

Engineers and Architects—James Eads. (M. J. F.); Alexander Holley, Henry Richardson, John Roebling, John Griffiths, Charles McKim, Robert Mills and John Stevens.

Physicians and Surgeons—Ephraim McDowell, William Morton. (M. J. F.); Benjamin Rush, James Sims, Crawford W. Long, Frank Abbott, William Bull, John Carnochan, Charles T. Jackson, Walter Reed, William Shippen, Jr. and Lyman Spalding.

Inventors—Charles Goodyear, Richard Marsh Hoe, Cyrus Hall McCormick, George Henry Corliss, Robert McCormick, John Ericsson, Stockton Borton, William Austin Burt, Walter Hunt, Ottmar Mergenthaler and Robert L. Stevens.

Samuel Houston Named.

Missionaries, Explorers—Samuel Houston, Elisha Kent Kane, Adoniram Judson, Merimether Lewis, Marcus Whitman, John Eliot, Jacques Marquette, William Clark, David Crockett, Jedediah Smith and Henry M. Stanley.

Soldiers, Sailors—George Clark. (M. J. F.); Stephen Decatur, John Fremont, Nathanael Greene. (M. J. F.); Nathan Hale, Thomas Jackson. (M. J. F.); Albert Sydney Johnston, George Meade, Oliver Hazard Perry, David Dixon Porter, Philip Schuyler, Winfield Scott, Philip Sheridan, Zachary Taylor, George Thomas, William Pepperrell, John Paul Jones, Joseph E. Johnstone, George B. McClellan and Matthew Perry.

Lawyers, Judges—Oliver Ellsworth, Edward Livingston, Lemuel Shaw. (M. J. F.); Roger Taney, Henry Wheaton, Thomas Cooley. (M. J. F.); William Evarts, Stephen J. Field, L. Q. C. Lamar, George McDuffie, William Pinkney and Robert Yates.

Rulers, Statesmen — Charles Adams, Samuel Adams. (M. J. F.); Thomas Benton, John Calhoun, Salmon Chase, DeWitt Clinton, James Garfield, John Hancock, Patrick Henry. (M. J. F.); John Jay. (M. J. F.); Robert R. Livingston, James Monroe, William Seward, Roger Sherman; Edwin Stanton, Alexander Stephens, Charles Sumner, James Blaine, Edward Everett, William Bradford, Abraham Gallatin, John Milton Hay, Robert Morris, Grover Cleveland. (M. J. F.); William McKinley, William Penn and Thomas Reed.

Businessmen—Stephen Girard, Johns Hopkins, Cornelius Vanderbilt and Marshall Field.

John Copley Mentioned.

Musicians, Painters, Sculptors—John Copley, Hiram Powers, Edwin Booth. (M. J. F.); Frederic Church, Joseph Jefferson, Frederick Law Olmstead, Theodore Thomas, Edwin Forrest, Winslow Homer, George Inness, Edward MacDowell, Augustus St. Gaudens. (M. J. F.); John Quincy Adams Ward and James A. McN. Whistler. (M. J. F.).

Nominations for the hall of fame for women are as follows:

Authors—Helen Jackson, Lydia Sigourney, Constance Woolson, Abigail Adams, Louisa Alcott, Alice Cary, Phoebe Cary, Sarah Fuller and Elizabeth Agassiz.

Educators, Missionaries—Sarah Judson, Alice Freeman Palmer. (M. J. F.), and Elizabeth A. Seton.

Philanthropists, Reformers, Home or Social Workers—Lucy Stone Blackwell, Eleanor Dare, Dorothea Dix, Mary Dyer Anne Hutchinson, Dorothy Madison Lucretia Mott, Martha Washington, Mary Washington, Ann Cunningham, Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton.

Scientists—None.

Musicians, Painters, Sculptors—Harriet Hosmer.

Emminent women outside the foregoing classes—Sarah Bache and Pocahontas Rolfe.

DEPORTED REDS LOSE HALO

ANARCHISTS SENT TO RUSSIA SPURNED BY BOLSHEVISTS.

Emma Goldman and Alexander Beckman Only Persons of Party Favored by Government.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—The spectacular welcome accorded at the Russian-Finnish frontier to the anarchists deported to Russia from the United States early this year was short-lived, according to information obtained from Americans in Moscow by the Associated Press correspondent, who recently crossed Russia. It was learned that the revolutionary programmes advocated by the deportees from America, the majority of whom are anarchists, not communists, differ fundamentally from bolshevik methods.

To the bolshevik, the revolutionist who adheres to the anarchist creed is at almost as wide variance from the Lenine-Trotzky idea of government as is the reactionary who advocates the re-establishment of am imperial form of government or the creation of a constitutional regime.

Few of the anarchist deportees from America, it was learned, have succeeded in obtaining positions of responsibility under the bolsheviki, the majority having been assigned to clerical work in the various departments of the red headquarters at Moscow.

Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, most prominent of the deportees from the United States, are considered to have received the prize appointment, an assignment to the control of a train which left Moscow early in the summer for a trip through the Russian provinces for the purpose of gathering and recording statistical and historical data regarding the Russian revolution.

Although this work carries with it no opportunity for assisting in actively directing the bolshevik movement, it enables the former agitators in America to travel into the country districts, and therefore to obtain more food than in Moscow.

Propaganda printed in English supplied to the Associated Press correspondent in Moscow attacked the anarchist idea of communal life, and the exponents of the system were held up to ridicule, the favorite method of attack in bolshevik propaganda.

To Americans in Moscow who have appealed to the bolshevik foreign office for permits to leave Russia, soviet officials have stated that Americans in Russia will not be permitted to leave the country until the United States government negotiates with the bolsheviki and offers to release from custody in America a number of communists supposed to be detained there.

Replying to the statements on the part of the Americans that several hundred revolutionists already have been deported to Russia, the bolshevik officials, according to statements by the detained Americans to the Associated Press correspondent, replied that the deportees from America to Russia are anarchists and are not wanted there any more than they are wanted in America.

CHURCH MEET RESUMES

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION IN TOKIO IN SESSION.

Premier Hara Offers Delegates Use of Halls of Japanese Diet if Needed.

TOKIO, Oct. 7.—(By the Associated Press.)—Sessions of the world Sunday school convention which were interrupted yesterday afternoon by the fire which destroyed the great hall where the first meeting was held, were resumed today in the beautiful imperial theater. The playhouse was offered to the committee in charge by its founder, Viscount Eichi Shibusawa, president of the American-Japanese association. Premier Hara offered the committee use of the halls of the Japanese diet if necessary.

Other meetings are to be held in Manila, Hongkong and Canton and the Sunday school message will be carried from Tokio to Jerusalem through meetings in Japanese provinces, Corea, China, Singapore, Colombo, India, Cairo and Palestine.

Delegates to the convention are unanimous in praise of Miss Caroline Schereschewky, an American missionary and daughter of a former Episcopal bishop to China, for her coolness during the fire.

GERMANY HOLDS AIRSHIP

Zeppelin Destined for American Trip Not Surrendered.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—(Special cable.)—Representatives of the inter-allied disarmament commission went to Nauen Friday and demanded that the Zeppelin Airship company hand over to them the new giant airship which was specially constructed for service between Germany and America," says a Berlin dispatch to the Daily News.

"The Zeppelin company refused to surrender the airship on the ground that the company is allowed to retain all aircraft built six months after the signing of the peace treaty. It is proposed that the airship start her first trip to New York within ten days. It is built to carry 18 passengers."

On the great plantation of an American rubber company in Sumatra one of the chief difficulties of the plantation managers is to keep the sources of drinking water free from contamination. The 20,000 natives employed on the plantations show a fine disregard of all the rules of sanitation that are second nature to an American or European.

RED CROSS EXTENDS SERVICE OF AIDING

Yearly Statement Tells of New Health Department.

NURSE LISTS INCREASE

More Than 15,000 Communities in America Helped Fight Ills by Organization.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 9.—More than 15,000 American communities received aid during the year ending last June from the Red Cross in the adoption of precautionary methods against disease and disaster or in mitigating suffering.

Activities of the Red Cross in this endeavor were summarized today in the second of a series of statements, issued from headquarters here, outlining contents of the forthcoming annual report and showing another phase of Red Cross expenditures from funds given it by its 10,000,000 adult and 14,000,000 junior members throughout the country.

During the year the Red Cross organized its department of health service; extended its nursing service to meet a growing demand for public health nursing; taught its first aid to injured courses to thousands; and took the lead in the formation of the world-wide Red Cross societies, with headquarters in Geneva.

Many Health Centers Operated.

The department of health service, organized and at work during the last seven months of the year, was operating 128 health centers at the end of the year. From these radiated activities designed to improve the health of a community and to prevent spread of disease, while 435 Red Cross chapters engaged actively in disease-preventive work.

The health department also had 312 employes, serving at 52 public health hospitals, where 30,422 patients received aid. Fifteen hundred new members of whom 503 were women, were added during the year to the life-saving service, a branch of the first aid to injured department, in which a complete woman's corps has been organized.

For the nursing service, the year was one of transition from military to civil activities. During the war 20,000 graduate nurses were assigned to war service. Sick nurses were cared for in a convalescent home, built during the year at a cost of $16,000.

Nursing Enrollment Increased.

Enrollment in the nursing service increased from 35,426 to 36,705 during the year, and in an effort to increase the number of qualified public health nurses the national Red Cross and its individual chapters established approximately 600 scholarships over the country. Class instruction in home hygenics and care of the sick also increased threefold during the year, the attendance record being placed at 93,693. Two thousand nurses acting as instructors had charge of this work. The total expense of the nursing service was $1,129,966, a reduction of $48,371 over the previous year.

Among the achievements of the nursing department was the adoption by 35 states of a uniform method of work in connection with the Red Cross.

The work of the American society in the world-wide organization was described by the statement as "purely educational," serving to "blaze the trail for the league." Methods already worked out by the American society were adopted as the plan to be followed in all other countries.

NEW SLOGAN IS EVOLVED

"NO SEPARATE PEACE WITH GERMANY" LATEST.

Head of Democratic National Committee Hopes to Rally Supporters of League.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—George White, chairman of the democratic national committee, Friday announced a new slogan adopted by supporters of the league of nations idea for the remainder of the campaign.

It is, "No separate peace with Germany."

This rallying cry, Mr. White said, is echoed in the hearts of all who favor the league.

"The speech of Senator Harding at Des Moines verifies the proposal in his speech of acceptance and his vote on the Knox resolution in favor of a separate peace with Germany," the chairman declared.

"In the name of dead and living soldiers, sailors and marines who delivered the finishing thrust to the German army, and in the name of the men and women who labored here at home to support them, the democratic party resents this shameful proposal which can arise only from a desire to truckle to the sentiments of those who sympathized with the kaiser during the war."

In a previous statement Mr. White declared "the democrats have smoked Senator Harding out and he now has made the league of nations issue in the campaign clear."

"He has apparently scrapped the league, and along with it the Lodge reservations," Mr. White's statement added. "Also, frankly, I am amazed at Senator Harding's reiteration in his Omaha speech yesterday of his statement, 'I have a sympathetic feeling for Irish freedom. I voted that way in the United States senate.'

"On July 26, 1916, when the senate was considering the Pittman resolution asking clemency from Great Britain toward Irish political prisoners, Harding voted against it. November 18, 1919, he voted against a reservation for Irish self-determination. March 18, 1920, he voted against the Gerry resolution involving the principle of self-determination, and the original senate resolution of sympathy with the aspiration of the Irish people for a government of their own choice."

POWER PROJECT IS VAST

SUPER ELECTRIC SYSTEM DESTINED TO SUPPLY EAST.

Available Horse Power of Region Would Be Trebled by Proposed System.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—A saving of 30,000,000 tons of coal annually, representing $150,000,000 in value and the labor of more than 30,000 miners and the release of vast railroad carrying capacity for other freight, were pictured as among possibilities to result from the projected eastern industrial region super-power electric system, in an address Friday by W. S. Murray before the Water Power league.

Mr. Murray is chairman of the engineering staff assisting the government in developing plans for the project and supervised the electrification of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad.

He drew a graphic picture of the enormous industrial advantages promised if the great power project is carried out. Stretching from Washington to Boston and drawing its electrical power from both steam and waterpower generation, the system would be the paramount feeder of energy, he said, to all utilities, industries and railroads throughout that territory.

The situation, in addition to its manifest economy in fuel would "treble" the available horsepower of the eastern region which now demands 17,000,000,000 horsepower, he said.

Read the Oregonian classified ads.

The Portland Hotel

"Why Do You Always Go to the Portland?"

So questioned Jim when they met on Broadway the other evening.

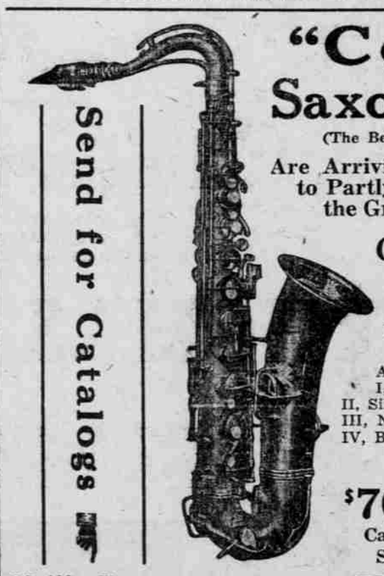
"Oh, I don't know," said Jim. "Sort of got the habit, I guess. It's so central there, the eats are good, and they treat a fellow well."

Try it for yourself and see if you don't indorse Jim's opinion.

Evening Dinner, $1.50
Noon Lunch - - - - - 75c

The Portland Hotel
Richard W. Childs, Manager.
C. D. Schreiter, Asst. Manager.

"For Anything Musical See McDougall First"



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Are Arriving in Quantities to Partly Take Care of the Great Demand

Get Your Order In At Once

New Wonder C Melody Saxophone, Low Pitch

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C. G. Conn, Ltd., Band Instruments
Vega Tu-ba-phone and Whyte-Laydie Banjos
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A Drastic Lowering of Prices on Men's Clothes

Our entire stock of Men's Fall and Winter Suits—including those from the Kirschbaum shops—go into this great reduction event. The newest of models—the finest of all-wool fabrics—the best of workmanship. Reduced as follows:

$40 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$32	$65 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$52
$45 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$36	$70 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$56
$50 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$40	$75 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$60
$55 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$44	$80 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$64
$60 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$48	$90 Suits and Overcoats	NOW	$72

The variety of fabrics, models and sizes is at present complete. An immediate selection is advisable.

Phegley & Cavender

CORNER FOURTH AND ALDER STREETS

PLAYING NOW! *PLAYING NOW!*

Ethel Grey Terry as Rose, the secret service operative who was assigned to ferret out the reason for Mr. Blizzard's mysterious straw hat factory.

"Blizzard" played by Lon Chaney. A historical character portrayal.

Chaney far excels even his wonderful work as "The Frog" in "The Miracle Man."

Charles Clary plays the doctor, who, as a young man attended the case of a boy who had been run over on the street, and unnecessarily amputated his legs. The boy's lifetime of revenge forms the theme of "The Penalty."

"THE PENALTY"

by **Gouverneur Morris**

A tremendous drama of the old Barbary Coast of San Francisco.

What was the secret of the tremendous power exerted by Blizzard over everybody he met?

Why did Rose, the secret service operative detailed to spy on Blizzard and ferret out his secret, end by falling in love with him?

Why did every crook in San Francisco tremble at his frown? Why did he hold thousands in peril of their lives? Come and see!

Barbara, only daughter of the doctor, played by Clair Adams. As a sculptress she uses "Blizzard" as a model for a bust of Satan, and in doing so offers him opportunity for revenge against her father.

Wilmot, played by Kenneth Harlan, the young physician who is desperately in love with Barbara. He does his utmost to free her from Blizzard's sinister influence and ends by falling into the cripple's snare.

A Crook, one of Blizzard's accomplices, played by Wilson Hummel. The scenes in Blizzard's house, in which the members of his gang report to him with the spoils of their thievery, are handled with a touch of grim realism.

Pete, the drug fiend, played by James Mason. He is particularly fine as the vindictive crook, who, desperate at Blizzard's reformation, plots his murder.

PATHE NEWS—COMEDY

CECIL TEAGUE

in another remarkable accompaniment and in concert today at 1:30 P. M.

PROGRAMME

William Tell Overture ..... Rossini
Narcissus ..... Nevin
Mighty Lak a Rose ..... Nevin
Selection from "Sometime" ..... Friml
"Bits of Hits" ..... Arr. by Teague

MAJESTIC

Direction of Jensen and Von Herberg