

GERARD'S SKELETONS FOLLOWING UP COX

Gerard Shows Bayonet Plot of Big Business Is False.

SCANDAL IN PRESS SLUR

Now That U. S. Knows Governor Got Rich Editor's Son Exempted, Voters Await Explanation.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 25.—It is now possible to view more comprehensively the campaign which has been waged by Governor Cox for the presidency.

The chief effort which Governor Cox has made to have himself elected has been to charge the republicans with raising huge campaign funds. The intimation that went with it was that the democrats are extremely poor and that the possession of the alleged campaign funds by the part of the republicans indicated clearly that Mr. Cox should be elected.

Relative to the campaign fund, Governor Cox first charged the possession of a \$15,000,000 fund and then raised it out west to \$30,000,000.

Cox Shows Own Election.

The governor has seen all kinds of plots to unhorse him. The reaction from the charge of the alleged large campaign fund, which was plot No. 1, has been extremely evident. Governor Cox, it is contended, not only did not prove anything, but succeeded in uncovering a lot of things which his advisers and friends sincerely wish had been left covered up.

Another plot which Governor Cox observed was the existence of a senatorial oligarchy whose aim, apparently, was to place this government under the domination of the senate. Commenting on this charge, Senator James A. McCreary, in a speech, characterized it as "rot." Senator Reed is a good democrat supporter.

Labor in Peril Plot No. 3.

Plot No. 3 was the organization of the business interests of the country to purchase the presidency. In the picturesque verbiage of the democratic candidate, the purchasers of the presidency were then going to place the bayonet at the throat of labor and have things all their own way.

James W. Gerard, former ambassador to Germany, and the late millionaire Marcus Daly of Montana, was on the witness stand and Senator Kenyon asked him if he knew of any similar situation that was helping to finance the republican campaign. Mr. Gerard, who is now the money-collector for the democratic organization, said he did not. "I do not," was his emphatic response.

Press Sealed Up Plot No. 4.

Then Governor Cox discovered another plot. The newspapers were seized. Wherever Governor Cox goes, his agents find these instrumentalities of public information closed against him and he sees Will Hays controlling the press of the country.

Yet when the investigating committee at Washington uncovered the fact that the governor had aided in obtaining the exemption of Robert Scripps, the young man whose father happens to control the Scripps papers, supporting Governor Cox, the New York Times, democratic, merely mentioned the fact at the hearing. The story and the New York World together, this salient disclosure altogether.

German Plot No. One.

Now Governor Cox is reported to have discovered another plot. The German leaders in this country are supporting Senator Harding for the purpose of getting easier terms for Germany.

The only thing coming out of the campaign fund charge was that Governor Cox lacked proof and that some republican must have been guilty of bad taste in wording their letters of appeal for funds.

It has also developed that Will Hays evolved the novel method of raising campaign funds by soliciting small contributions, a method which makes it impossible for individual contributors to claim the administrative elected is under obligations to them.

U. S. Pays Bourbon's Way.

So much for that. In the investigations at Washington, it has developed among other things, that a large proportion of official Washington went to the San Francisco convention at government expense.

Senator Reed, democrat, who is a frank, outspoken individual, says they should be cashed from the treasury. A suggestion which has elicited no comment from Governor Cox. As to the Scripps incident, Governor Cox probably will have considerable explaining to do.

In the first place the governor during his gubernatorial campaign denied having had anything to do with it. Yet his letter urging the exemption of this young man was produced by Young Scripps was 21 years of age.

His only newspaper experience had been that of a writer when he was 12 years old. Yet when war broke out it was found he was essential to the Scripps papers, and a job which had long been vacant, that of editorial director, was recreated for him.

Draft Board Overruled.

The local draft boards were overruled from Washington and young Mr. Scripps was put to work to save the country through the medium of these papers. He is still engaged in this laudable task by giving Governor Cox what support he can through his papers. He insists that Governor Cox's efforts to have him exempted have nothing to do with this support. That gratitude is no part of it.

Republicans have been wicked enough to see to it that this circumstance received no publicity. They are, they say, calling attention to the fact that it was Newton Baker's law partner who was the writer who conducted the exemption case of young Scripps.

Cox's Explanation Awaited.

The republicans are wondering what explanation Governor Cox will make to the mothers of the country whose sons were enlisted under the draft, most of whom willingly enough, to the young man who produced the exemption case of young Scripps.

Used and to those who were breaking their hearts because for some reason or another they could not wear the uniform while young Mr. Scripps was equipped with a typewriter instead of a musket.

While Governor Cox is breathing fresh maledictions concerning the alleged underhold on the presidency, he develops in the hearing that the only Wall street influence notable in the campaign is that with which Governor Cox has been able to surround himself. James W. Gerard, now holding the democratic purse, millionsaire.

The committee with which he has surrounded himself compels such

OTHER COX CHARGES PROVE GROUNDFLESS

Probe Committee Apologizes to North Carolina.

\$50,000 FUND IMAGINARY

Campaign Investigators Clear State at Washington and Adjourn to Meet in St. Louis.

PIONEER GRAPE CULTURIST OF STATE IS DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—With the exception of a sub-committee inquiry into charges involving financing of the campaign of Governor Cox in Ohio in 1918 and completion of its investigation of conditions in Missouri, the senate committee looking into presidential campaign funds and political influences had cleared its slate today when it adjourned its session here to reconvene in St. Louis, October 18.

The Ohio inquiry will be conducted by Senator Edgar and Pomerehne in Dayton beginning October 7.

Lacking the testimony of E. H. Talbot of Dayton, who had been summoned in connection with the implied charge made before the committee yesterday that the Dayton Metal Products company had taken up a \$4000 note for Governor Cox in 1918, the committee conducted a hard drive toward clearing up loose ends of previous hearings.

The hearings were devoted to further inquiry into the activities of the league of a political power, the connection between the "Stars and Stripes," a weekly newspaper for former soldiers, and the democratic campaign organization; the interracial council and the association of foreign language newspapers; the T. Coleman DuPont, republican national committee member from Delaware, on the stand; and into trips of navy department officials and employees, including Secretary Daniels, to the Pacific coast during the time of the democratic convention in San Francisco.

Charge Found Groundless.

Incidentally, the committee heard details of what was described as "quadrant row" between republican factions in North Carolina, and apologized for having summoned Clarence R. Hugh from Elizabeth City, that state, for examination. It found no evidence of any \$50,000 fund provided by Chairman Hays of the republican national committee to organize North Carolina textile workers, as a political opponent of Mr. Fugh had charged.

Another witness told of a republican fund of \$4000 thus far raised in Pennsylvania, but denied all knowledge of any fixed quota, although pressed closely by Senator Reed, who asked that a statement be submitted to the committee by the republican organization, a Harding-Coolidge club, also was raising funds in Pennsylvania.

Considerable time was devoted to examination of Richard H. Waldo of New York, and it was from this witness that a statement was obtained that he understood B. M. Baruch and Secretary Meredith had helped finance the "Stars and Stripes" newspaper, having been "assessed" as leading democrats through the influence of members of the democratic national organization. Waldo said Baruch had "come through" under pressure with \$7000 and Secretary Meredith with \$5000.

Good Advice Followed.

"What do you mean by 'assessed'?" asked Senator Reed, referring to Waldo's statement as to the participation of Secretary Meredith and Mr. Baruch.

"I mean that they were advised that it would be a good thing for them to come through," answered Waldo. Explaining his connection with the matter, Waldo said he had been part of the "Stars and Stripes" organization when that name was originated by the paper published in France by the American expeditionary forces.

On his return to the United States, he said, he had been prominent in American work and had fought excitedly of the legion by opposing soldier bonus legislation. To carry on that fight, he had sought to purchase "Stars and Stripes," now published in this city, but had found the paper had no connection with the democratic political machinery that he believed it was being built up for "ultimate" partisan political purposes.

Renewed investigation of the books and activities of the league to enforce peace was conducted entirely by Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness. The senator went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Reed Jests Explanation.

"What is a 'non-partisan democrat'?" asked Senator Reed.

"A democrat who will vote for Harding," suggested Chairman Kenyon.

"That states my case exactly," said Waldo.

Waldo denied that his attempt to purchase the paper had any connection with republic national politics and that he did not know that it had thus far been used by its present owners for any partisan purpose. He also denied that he sought to purchase the paper as a representative of the Democratic party.

Renewed Investigation of the Books and Activities of the League to Enforce Peace was Conducted Entirely by Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness.

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Waldo Denied That His Attempt to Purchase the Paper Had Any Connection with Republic National Politics and That He Did Not Know That It Had Thus Far Been Used by Its Present Owners for Any Partisan Purpose.

He also denied that he sought to purchase the paper as a representative of the Democratic party.

Renewed Investigation of the Books and Activities of the League to Enforce Peace was Conducted Entirely by Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness.

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

OTHER COX CHARGES PROVE GROUNDFLESS

Probe Committee Apologizes to North Carolina.

\$50,000 FUND IMAGINARY

Campaign Investigators Clear State at Washington and Adjourn to Meet in St. Louis.

PIONEER GRAPE CULTURIST OF STATE IS DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—With the exception of a sub-committee inquiry into charges involving financing of the campaign of Governor Cox in Ohio in 1918 and completion of its investigation of conditions in Missouri, the senate committee looking into presidential campaign funds and political influences had cleared its slate today when it adjourned its session here to reconvene in St. Louis, October 18.

The Ohio inquiry will be conducted by Senator Edgar and Pomerehne in Dayton beginning October 7.

Lacking the testimony of E. H. Talbot of Dayton, who had been summoned in connection with the implied charge made before the committee yesterday that the Dayton Metal Products company had taken up a \$4000 note for Governor Cox in 1918, the committee conducted a hard drive toward clearing up loose ends of previous hearings.

The hearings were devoted to further inquiry into the activities of the league of a political power, the connection between the "Stars and Stripes," a weekly newspaper for former soldiers, and the democratic campaign organization; the interracial council and the association of foreign language newspapers; the T. Coleman DuPont, republican national committee member from Delaware, on the stand; and into trips of navy department officials and employees, including Secretary Daniels, to the Pacific coast during the time of the democratic convention in San Francisco.

Charge Found Groundless.

Incidentally, the committee heard details of what was described as "quadrant row" between republican factions in North Carolina, and apologized for having summoned Clarence R. Hugh from Elizabeth City, that state, for examination. It found no evidence of any \$50,000 fund provided by Chairman Hays of the republican national committee to organize North Carolina textile workers, as a political opponent of Mr. Fugh had charged.

Another witness told of a republican fund of \$4000 thus far raised in Pennsylvania, but denied all knowledge of any fixed quota, although pressed closely by Senator Reed, who asked that a statement be submitted to the committee by the republican organization, a Harding-Coolidge club, also was raising funds in Pennsylvania.

Considerable time was devoted to examination of Richard H. Waldo of New York, and it was from this witness that a statement was obtained that he understood B. M. Baruch and Secretary Meredith had helped finance the "Stars and Stripes" newspaper, having been "assessed" as leading democrats through the influence of members of the democratic national organization. Waldo said Baruch had "come through" under pressure with \$7000 and Secretary Meredith with \$5000.

Good Advice Followed.

"What do you mean by 'assessed'?" asked Senator Reed, referring to Waldo's statement as to the participation of Secretary Meredith and Mr. Baruch.

"I mean that they were advised that it would be a good thing for them to come through," answered Waldo. Explaining his connection with the matter, Waldo said he had been part of the "Stars and Stripes" organization when that name was originated by the paper published in France by the American expeditionary forces.

On his return to the United States, he said, he had been prominent in American work and had fought excitedly of the legion by opposing soldier bonus legislation. To carry on that fight, he had sought to purchase "Stars and Stripes," now published in this city, but had found the paper had no connection with the democratic political machinery that he believed it was being built up for "ultimate" partisan political purposes.

Renewed investigation of the books and activities of the league to enforce peace was conducted entirely by Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness. The senator went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Reed Jests Explanation.

"What is a 'non-partisan democrat'?" asked Senator Reed.

"A democrat who will vote for Harding," suggested Chairman Kenyon.

"That states my case exactly," said Waldo.

Waldo denied that his attempt to purchase the paper had any connection with republic national politics and that he did not know that it had thus far been used by its present owners for any partisan purpose. He also denied that he sought to purchase the paper as a representative of the Democratic party.

Renewed Investigation of the Books and Activities of the League to Enforce Peace was Conducted Entirely by Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness.

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

Senator Reed, who had previously, Washington representative for the league as a witness, went through the list of subscribers, asking that they be identified by their business connections, and engaged in

ATTACK ON SHIPPING BOARD HELD UNFAIR

Democrat Says Harding Can Not Prove Charges.

STATE CERTIFIES BONDS

Interest Guaranteed by Commission for Irrigation Units.

PRaise Given to Marine

Bourbon Achievement Said to Have Been the Emancipation of United States Commerce.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—George White, chairman of the democratic national committee, in a statement tonight declared that "if the spirit of fairness and truth governed Senator Harding in his campaign, he would not have been guilty of attack on the shipping board and his attempted disparagement of one of the most facts of the administration—the upbuilding of the American merchant marine."

"One of the great problems of a new administration," he said, "would be to turn the 12,000,000 tons of war-created shipping into an effective agency of widened American commerce in peace. I do not know of a single feat of the present administration comparable to that of the United States shipping board."

Commercial Increase Cited.

"As usual the facts are in conflict with the Senator's statements. Prior to this administration only 8 per cent of American ocean-borne commerce was carried over American ships. Now more than 50 per cent is carried."

"Our flag goes to every port in the world, waving over American ships, and our merchant marine is second only to Great Britain's. From 216,000 gross tons production in 1914, we have grown to 4,000,000 tons in 1919 and 200,000 now toll at shipbuilding where but 50,000 were employed six years ago."

"The merchant marine has flourished particularly under democratic administrations. During the first half of the 19th century our flag sailed at the masthead in every port; in the latter half it was suffered to disappear. The democracy no sooner resumed power in 1913 than they took measures to promote shipbuilding and sailors began to be considered again. And from the time it was organized in January, 1917, to June 15, 1920, the United States shipping board constructed and delivered 5408 vessels of nearly 13,000,000 tonnage, and in 1919 doubled the British record."

"Talk about Americanism! What more American achievement could there be than to emancipate this nation from foreign domination of its commerce and to give to its farmers and shippers the advantage of ocean rates? What industrial feat more extraordinary than the transformation of Hog Island from a morass to the greatest hive of production on our soil?"

"Senator Harding is a member of the committee on commerce and he knows that the facts I state are true. He knows further than prompt cancellation of outstanding contracts when the war ended, a step that inefficiency would not have taken, saved the government \$600,000,000."

Association to Liquidate.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—The directors of the Salem Home Builders' association at a meeting held here last night let it be known that the organization proposes to liquidate with an assessment of 1/2 per cent for each stockholder. The association was organized to promote home building in Salem, but because of a lack of co-operation liquidation was considered necessary.

Brakeman Faces Serious Charge.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—Arthur Hevingham, a Southern Pacific brakeman recently indicted by the grand jury, was arraigned in circuit court today and was allowed until Tuesday morning to enter his plea. It is alleged in the complaint against the brakeman that he persuaded Grace Stevens, aged 15, to leave the train at Roseburg and remain in his company for several hours.

Commissioner Gram at Salem.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

LIFE VALUED AT \$100

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Brakeman Faces Serious Charge.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—Arthur Hevingham, a Southern Pacific brakeman recently indicted by the grand jury, was arraigned in circuit court today and was allowed until Tuesday morning to enter his plea. It is alleged in the complaint against the brakeman that he persuaded Grace Stevens, aged 15, to leave the train at Roseburg and remain in his company for several hours.

Commissioner Gram at Salem.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Brakeman Faces Serious Charge.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—Arthur Hevingham, a Southern Pacific brakeman recently indicted by the grand jury, was arraigned in circuit court today and was allowed until Tuesday morning to enter his plea. It is alleged in the complaint against the brakeman that he persuaded Grace Stevens, aged 15, to leave the train at Roseburg and remain in his company for several hours.

Commissioner Gram at Salem.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Brakeman Faces Serious Charge.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—Arthur Hevingham, a Southern Pacific brakeman recently indicted by the grand jury, was arraigned in circuit court today and was allowed until Tuesday morning to enter his plea. It is alleged in the complaint against the brakeman that he persuaded Grace Stevens, aged 15, to leave the train at Roseburg and remain in his company for several hours.

Commissioner Gram at Salem.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

ATTACK ON SHIPPING BOARD HELD UNFAIR

Democrat Says Harding Can Not Prove Charges.

STATE CERTIFIES BONDS

Interest Guaranteed by Commission for Irrigation Units.

PRaise Given to Marine

Bourbon Achievement Said to Have Been the Emancipation of United States Commerce.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—George White, chairman of the democratic national committee, in a statement tonight declared that "if the spirit of fairness and truth governed Senator Harding in his campaign, he would not have been guilty of attack on the shipping board and his attempted disparagement of one of the most facts of the administration—the upbuilding of the American merchant marine."

"One of the great problems of a new administration," he said, "would be to turn the 12,000,000 tons of war-created shipping into an effective agency of widened American commerce in peace. I do not know of a single feat of the present administration comparable to that of the United States shipping board."

Commercial Increase Cited.

"As usual the facts are in conflict with the Senator's statements. Prior to this administration only 8 per cent of American ocean-borne commerce was carried over American ships. Now more than 50 per cent is carried."

"Our flag goes to every port in the world, waving over American ships, and our merchant marine is second only to Great Britain's. From 216,000 gross tons production in 1914, we have grown to 4,000,000 tons in 1919 and 200,000 now toll at shipbuilding where but 50,000 were employed six years ago."

"The merchant marine has flourished particularly under democratic administrations. During the first half of the 19th century our flag sailed at the masthead in every port; in the latter half it was suffered to disappear. The democracy no sooner resumed power in 1913 than they took measures to promote shipbuilding and sailors began to be considered again. And from the time it was organized in January, 1917, to June 15, 1920, the United States shipping board constructed and delivered 5408 vessels of nearly 13,000,000 tonnage, and in 1919 doubled the British record."

"Talk about Americanism! What more American achievement could there be than to emancipate this nation from foreign domination of its commerce and to give to its farmers and shippers the advantage of ocean rates? What industrial feat more extraordinary than the transformation of Hog Island from a morass to the greatest hive of production on our soil?"

"Senator Harding is a member of the committee on commerce and he knows that the facts I state are true. He knows further than prompt cancellation of outstanding contracts when the war ended, a step that inefficiency would not have taken, saved the government \$600,000,000."

Association to Liquidate.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—The directors of the Salem Home Builders' association at a meeting held here last night let it be known that the organization proposes to liquidate with an assessment of 1/2 per cent for each stockholder. The association was organized to promote home building in Salem, but because of a lack of co-operation liquidation was considered necessary.

Brakeman Faces Serious Charge.

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—Arthur Hevingham, a Southern Pacific brakeman recently indicted by the grand jury, was arraigned in circuit court today and was allowed until Tuesday morning to enter his plea. It is alleged in the complaint against the brakeman that he persuaded Grace Stevens, aged 15, to leave the train at Roseburg and remain in his company for several hours.

Commissioner Gram at Salem.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the Oregon Federation of Labor.

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—A jury in the circuit court today returned a verdict awarding to S. H. Howard, father of Theodore Howard who was killed here some time ago when he was struck by a bus operated by the Marion hotel and thrown in front of a street car, judgment in the sum of \$100.50 against the Marion Hotel company. The Southern Pacific company and John Barton Payne, a director of federal railroads, were released from any responsibility. Theodore Howard was riding a bicycle, according to the testimony given at

LIFE VALUED AT \$100

Father Who Asks for \$10,000 Gets Verdict and Small Damages.

SALEM, Or., Sept. 25.—(Special).—C. H. Gram, state labor commissioner, returned here this morning from Pendleton, where he attended the recent convention of the