

EX-CASHIER OF BANK OF LINNONT INDICTED

J. S. Mann Accused of Misapplied Funds, False Report.

BAIL IS PLACED AT \$10,000

True Bill Again Returned Against J. Al Pattison, Who Obtained Loan from Institution.

Two indictments were returned against Jerome S. Mann, former cashier of the First National bank of Linnont, by the federal grand jury at noon yesterday in connection with the operations of J. Al Pattison, arrested some time ago and again indicted yesterday. Bail of \$10,000 is named in the case of Mr. Mann. It is possible that other indictments may follow.

The first indictment charges Mr. Mann with misappropriating funds of the bank. The second charges him with making a false report to the controller of currency regarding the bank's affairs.

Attorneys for the First National bank of Linnont issued the following statement last evening:

Bank Not Involved.

"The indictment and arrest of J. S. Mann in connection with bills of lading and lumber invoices and acceptance forged by J. Al Pattison and sold by the J. Al Pattison Lumber company to the First National bank of Linnont in no manner involves the bank. Immediately upon discovery of the fact that this paper had been forged every dollar of it which had been carried by the First National bank of Linnont was personally taken up by directors of the bank and the bank is not now carrying and has not for some months carried any of the Pattison Lumber company obligations.

"Mr. Mann resigned his connection with the bank at the time, and is neither an officer nor stockholder of the First National bank of Linnont. During the past few months his entire time has been given to his life insurance business."

Funds Declared Misappropriated.
J. Al Pattison, operating as the J. Al Pattison Lumber company, is alleged to have forged trade acceptances in his scheme of high financing, and these were cashed with bank funds by Mr. Mann, who was then cashier of the institution. Mr. Pattison is jointly indicted with Mr. Mann in "aiding and assisting in misappropriating" the funds. The whole scheme is said to involve from \$125,000 to \$140,000.

As cashier, Mr. Mann did not, it is alleged, report a true statement of affairs of the bank to the controller of currency. Under the law, national banks cannot loan more than 10 per cent of the capital stock and 10 per cent of the unimpaired surplus. The Linnont bank had a capitalization of \$25,000 and a surplus of \$18,000, so that it could not have loaned more than \$4300. Mr. Mann reported that there were no loans in excess of the 10 per cent, whereas he is said to have loaned to Pattison more than \$40,000, or appropriating the entire capital and surplus.

About the time that Mr. Pattison's connection with the bank was discovered, it is said that a deficit of many thousands of dollars was made up, so that the bank was made perfectly solvent.

The inside story of the Pattison operations and the part which Mann played, and possibly the names of two other individuals, is not expected to come to trial. Government bank experts have been working on the case for weeks, and when the federal grand jury met, all the evidence was prepared and submitted.

DEFECTIVE BRAKE BLAMED

Reckless Driving Charge Dismissed, but \$5 Fine Imposed.

Mrs. M. Somerville, arrested Friday by Sergeant Ervin and charged with reckless driving, and with having defective brakes on her automobile, was fined \$5 on the latter charge yesterday. The policeman took her into custody at Williams street and Russell street, where he reported her automobile had struck another car and then run up on the curb.

Judge Rossman held that the accident was due to the defective brakes, and not to Mrs. Somerville's carelessness. He found her not guilty on the first charge.

V. R. Fitzgough paid a fine of \$10 for driving his automobile without lights. Patrolman Thorpe had arrested him.

Airplane Flight Is Planned.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 15.—The Vancouver World announced today that in co-operation with the Aerial League of Canada it is promoting an airplane flight across the Canadian Rocky mountains to demonstrate the practicability of a mail route. Trophies and purses will be awarded fliers. Only Canadian and British airmen using Canadian and British machines will be allowed to enter.

Westminster church tonight—"Colonel Watterson's Religious Confession."—Adv.

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SECRETARY OF WAR AND CHIEF OF STAFF ARRIVE IN PORTLAND.



Above—Newton G. Baker, secretary of war. Below—General Marshall, chief of staff.

VACCINATION IS REQUIRED

PATROLMEN AND FIREMEN TO HAVE SORE ARMS.

New Ruling Made at Request of City Health Office as Precautionary Measure Against Smallpox.

All persons entering city positions to which pensions are attached, such as the fire and police departments, must submit to a vaccination for smallpox, according to an announcement made yesterday by O. C. Bortmeyer, secretary of the municipal civil service board. Chief of Police Johnson and Fire Chief Dowell were notified to arrange for all members of their departments to submit to vaccination also.

The new ruling was made at the request of the city health office, because of the prevalence of smallpox in the city. City officials will not appoint any men to pension positions until they have been vaccinated, thus eliminating any chance of requiring the city to pay pensions to survivors of victims of the disease in the city service. It will also minimize the chances of the disease spreading among city employees, according to Dr. George Parrish, city health officer.

Two cases of the disease were reported to the health bureau yesterday, four on Friday and four on Thursday, making a total of ten cases of the disease for three days. All of the cases are mild, according to Dr. Parrish, and with strict quarantine in effect, there is little danger of the disease becoming epidemic in the city.

During the last week three schools were closed for fumigation. Two of the schools, the Ladd and Sunnyside, were reopened and the Buckman school will open tomorrow, according to Dr. Parrish.

RELIEF FUND NEARS GOAL

ABOUT \$68,000 SUBSCRIBED TO OVERSEAS SUFFERERS.

Drive Will Continue Over Until Monday, When It Is Expected to Complete \$75,000 Quota.

Cash on hand, coupled with conservative estimates of subscriptions partially collected but not yet checked, placed Portland's Armenian relief fund at approximately \$68,000 last night.

"Much to our disappointment we will not be able to go over the top until Monday," said Treasurer Ben Selling, "but our campaigners are working, and we feel sure now that our quota of \$75,000 will soon be in hand. In a cable direct from Tiflis, Persia, received yesterday by national headquarters and forwarded to Portland by telegram, a most touching appeal is made for more funds."

Mr. Selling added an appeal to those who have been overlooked by the solicitors, to send in their checks, and asks those who feel they can add to their former subscriptions to do so.

Among the new subscriptions announced last night were: Employees of

the O. W. R. & N. accounting department, \$281; Portland Woman's club, \$50; Portland grade teachers, \$50; Dr. R. G. Hall, \$50; Lavender club, \$25; Y. M. C. A. industrial department, \$24; Dr. Gustav Baer, \$25; Kaola company employees, \$19; railway mail service employees, \$7; Lipman & Wolfe Welfare association, \$5; Pacific market and employees, \$15.30.

Attorney George L. Rauch and members of the speakers' bureau will speak in the theaters and other meetings today and this evening. Among these speakers are Judge John H. S. Stevenson, Rev. Edward Constant, Captain Maurice E. Crumpacker, Lieutenant Robert S. Gill, Edson Watkins, Major Jack Hamilton and Dr. Edward H. Pence.

MILL ACCIDENT IS FATAL

D. C. Tullis Killed by Flywheel on Powerful Engine.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 15.—(Special.)—D. C. Tullis was killed and L. E. Cullis severely injured at the Western mill last night, when the flywheel of the big engine started unexpectedly and struck both men. The engine was "off center" and the men were using a lever or bar of iron to get it on when the accident occurred.

Mr. Cullis is suffering from a broken arm and severe bruises about the head and body, is not able to discuss the accident. Mr. Tullis was acting as "trouble" man on the night shift when Mr. Cullis was night engineer.

Tullis was 45 years of age and leaves a widow and five children.

Aberdeen Jail Is Prisonerless.

ABERDEEN, Wash., March 15.—(Special.)—For the first time in several months the city jail is without tenants and the doors are swung wide. The last cases before the city police judge were heard Thursday, and there were no arrests yesterday.

NEW LAWS DISCUSSED AT LEAGUE LUNCHEON

Legislators Speakers Before Civic Organization.

MARKET PROBLEM IS TOPIC

Senator Huston Points Out How in California Organization Gives Farmers Better Prices.

It was a snappy discussion that members of the Oregon Civic league heard yesterday at the regular luncheon meeting in the crystal room of the Hotel Benson on "Recent Legislation." S. E. Huston, senator, and Eugene E. Smith, representative from Multnomah county, were the principal speakers, and a number of other members were among the guests of the day. Senator Huston talked on the importance of legislation favorable to the marketing of farm products as a means of economy to producer and consumer and compared the situation existing in this state and California. He declared that the effect of organization in the southern state had resulted in obtaining better prices for farmers, while giving the consumer an advantage of lower prices. The underlying cause of dissatisfaction is usually deep seated, he averred, and frequently is not reached by superficial treatment. As an illustration of this the Non-Partisan league movement in North Dakota was cited, where, said the senator, the uprising of the farmers was founded upon real grievances, but in attempting to cure the ills the method adopted is likely to wreck the state. To combat bolshevism in any form it was held prudent to remove the cause.

Horne Bill Is Approved.

Representative Smith told the league that the criminal syndicalism act is as good a measure of the kind as has been adopted in the United States; that as originally framed it would have been evil in its effects, but as passed, with the words "for profit," in defining the motive for activities in violation thereof, it does away with professional agitators in Oregon. The Horne bill was defined as a measure which guarantees a square deal and the most important labor enactment written into the statutes. "Labor doesn't want to dictate," Mr. Smith said. "It merely wants a square deal for everybody."

Mrs. Alexander Thompson, representative from Hood River and Wasco counties, spoke briefly, heartily endorsing the Horne bill as the greatest enactment of the session, the success of which she attributed to the forcefulness of its defense by Representative Smith.

Solons Are Thanked.

Miss Julia Spooner, on behalf of the Portland Grade Teachers' association, expressed thanks to the members of the legislature for the creation of the court of domestic relations, and especially Senator Huston, who introduced the measure. She also expressed appreciation for the association, and said the gratitude of the public for this great welfare measure should be to those who so valiantly aided in supporting it, and the legislators who recognized its worth from the first and assisted in informing and convincing other members of the assembly.

Pendletonians Back From Belgium.

PENDLETON, Or., March 14.—(Special.)—Caught in Belgium by the German invasion while they were visiting their old home there, Polydore Moens, Pendleton farmer, and Mrs. Moens, with their two younger children, have just returned to Pendleton. Considerable fear was felt for their safety at the beginning of the war as it was some time before they could even get word to relatives here. It was learned finally, that they had managed to find a safe and comfortable refuge but would be compelled to remain where they were during the period of the war.

The Dalles Estate Valued \$100,000.

THE DALLIES, Or., March 15.—(Special.)—An estate valued at \$100,000

was left by Smith French, a pioneer merchant of this city, whose death occurred on February 27. His will, which apportions the property among the members of his immediate family, was filed for probate yesterday. While the bulk of the estate goes to his wife, substantial bequests are left to his son and daughter, Frank A. French of

this city and Dr. D. Gertrude French, church of The Dalles is a beneficiary of Portland. The first Methodist to the extent of \$1000.

DIRECT AND SURE The Church Bold Yet Tolerant

By Dr. JAMES E. TALMAGE
Of the Council of the Twelve, Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints;
Salt Lake City, Utah.
Note: For free copies of other articles of this series, send request to the author.

The establishment of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints was no experiment. Its actual organization as a body corporate was preceded by visitations of heavenly beings, by definite revelation, by prophecies as to the unfolding plan of the Divine purpose in these latter days, and by the publication of the Book of Mormon—a volume of Scripture which the Lord Jesus Christ, the Holy Priesthood with its expressly defined authority and appointment to organize and build up the Church, were made through Joseph Smith, who at the time of the first visitation was a lad in his fifteenth year.

To the earnest student of this unprecedented series of events, it is apparent—the positiveness and certitude with which the successive avowals of the youthful prophet were set forth. From his testimony of the glorious testimony by which the dispensation of the fullness of times was inaugurated, down to his last inspired utterances immediately preceding his death, his doctrinal teachings, his affirmations and prophecies were unweakened by qualification or ambiguity.

Plain and unembellished, by studied rhetoric or dramatic effect, his solemn avowments were free from even the shadow of the tentative or provisional. He voiced his message fearlessly and in the strength of simplicity, with no restraining afterthought of opposition, ridicule or persecution.

True to the character of a real prophet, he gave out only as he received—line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little and there a little. And behold, the precepts have arrayed themselves into a scriptural unity; the lines have fallen into order as verses of a revealed epic; and the little has grown to the fulness of the everlasting gospel.

The mission of Joseph Smith, prophet of the Church, he was instrumental in founding have from the first been before the world in their true colors. Though the unity of unattainable purpose and teaching, there is nothing in the latter-day Scripture that savors of policy or obscure intent.

Granted that the claims of the Church are bold ones, even strikingly so, and that some of them when first enunciated stood in disturbing contrast with certain theological dogmas long regarded as orthodox. Nevertheless, they were presented with an assurance such as only the certainty of their Divine source could justify or sufficiently explain.

In this age of free speech and liberty of conscience it is surely allowable to put forth views and publish affirmations relating to religious belief, even though the doctrines be opposed to earlier conceptions, provided the rights of men to accept or reject be duly respected. Consider the following instances of the solemn avowals made by Joseph Smith.

He declares that in answer to prayer, in the spring of 1820, he was visited by two Personages, in the form and likeness of perfect men and amidst light and glory indescribable, who were none other than God the Eternal Father and the Lord Jesus Christ; and that the former pointing to the latter said: "This is my beloved Son, hear Him."

Then on September 21, 1823, Joseph Smith was visited by the angel Moroni, who disclosed to him the depository of the ancient records from which the Book of Mormon has been since translated. Part of the angel's message on this occasion, as recorded in the words of the latter-day prophet, was "that God had a work for me to do; and that my name should be had for good and evil among all nations, kindreds and tongues, or that it should be both good and evil spoken of among all people." (Pearl of Great Price, p. 29.)

It is conceivable that an unschooled youth, of obscure parentage and humble surroundings, would venture to assert such future distinction without the assurance of unmistakable commission? Another of Mormon's predictions is thus stated by Joseph Smith: "He informed me of great judgments which were coming upon the earth, with great devastations by famine, sword and pestilence; and that these grievous judgments would come on the earth in this generation."

Furthermore, the angel cited Scripture from both the Old Testament and the New, relating to the gathering of Israel, vicarious work for the dead, and other characteristics of the last days, declaring that all these earlier prophecies were about to be fulfilled.

In 1822 a revelation was received by Joseph Smith definitely foretelling the civil war in this country, and specifying the defection of the State of South Carolina as the beginning. This portentous prediction followed: "The days will come that war will be poured out upon all nations," and that by bloodshed, famine, plague, as well as by earthquakes and other destructive natural agencies, the inhabitants of the earth would be brought into mourning and humiliation.

The word of the Lord, through prophets of these latter days, is voiced in definite and certain tones. For the Book of Mormon, etc., apply to bookkeepers or write direct to New Western States Mission, 810 East Madison St., Portland, Or., or to Bureau of Information, Salt Lake City, Utah.—Adv.

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"ASPIRIN" WAS TALCUM POWDER

Heavy Sentence Imposed on Manufacturer of Tablets.

NEW YORK, December 22.—A court of justice yesterday sentenced a manufacturer of counterfeit Aspirin tablets to a term of three years in prison and a fine of \$500. The defendant, a man of 35, was charged with having sold to the public thousands of counterfeit Aspirin tablets, which he had manufactured in his own laboratory. The tablets were found to contain talcum powder instead of Aspirin. The court found the defendant guilty and sentenced him to the penitentiary for three years and a fine of \$500. The court also ordered the destruction of all the counterfeit tablets.