

AMERICA MUST FEED HUNGRY, SAYS WILSON

President Pleads for Relief of Europe's Destitute.

GERMANS NOT CONSIDERED

Solitude Is for Peoples Made Helpless by War; Huge Appropriation Is Asked.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4.—President Wilson's first recommendations based on his study in Europe look to the relief of distress of populations "outside of Germany" which are threatened with starvation.

Request for immediate appropriation of \$100,000,000 to supply food to liberated peoples of Austria, Turkey, Poland and Western Russia, who have no recognized governments and are unable to finance international obligations was transmitted today to Congress by Secretary Glass on cables instructions from the President. Mr. Glass went personally to the Capitol for long conference with the speaker of the House, and legislation to carry out the President's recommendations will be introduced by them after conferring with Republican leaders.

Europe's Needs Enormous.

The President's message said that food shipments worth \$1,500,000,000 must be made from the United States to Europe in the next seven months. An international organization, directed by Herbert C. Hoover, will supervise the distribution of the supplies, most of which will be paid for by persons able to find the necessary resources.

Text of the President's message follows:

"Extended investigation and consideration of the food situation in certain parts of Europe disclose that essentially the urban populations in certain areas are not only faced with absolute starvation during the coming winter, but that many of the populations are unable to find immediate resources with which to purchase their food. These regions have been subjected to destruction by war, not only of their foodstuffs, but of their financial resources and their power of production and exports, that they are utterly incapable of finding any resources that can be converted into international exchange for food purchases.

Many People Are Helpless.

"While the Secretary of the Treasury can accept obligations of certain governments and through these measures their situations can be cared for temporarily, there are still other areas through Eastern Europe, Turkey, Poland and Russia, where such arrangements cannot be made. This applies more particularly to the liberated peoples of Austria, Turkey, Poland and Russia. In these countries freedom and government will slowly emerge from chaos and require our every assistance.

"The total shipments of foodstuffs from the United States to all parts of Europe during the next seven months will be likely to exceed \$1,500,000,000, and from our own resources we can afford to offer support to these countries destitute of resources and credit. The minimum sums upon which this work can be carried on for the next six months in the countries mentioned will amount to at least \$100,000,000 for such services and supplies as we can render and even this sum contemplates the finding of resources by so much of the population as can do so, and as much as can be given by the allied governments.

Liberal Assistance Urged.

"The high mission of the American people to find a remedy for starvation and absolute anarchy, renders it necessary that we should make the most liberal assistance to these destitute regions.

"The situation is one of extreme urgency, for foodstuffs must be placed in certain localities within the next 15 to 30 days if human life and order are to be preserved. I, therefore, request that you assist Congress to make available to me an immediate appropriation of \$100,000,000 for the broad purpose of providing for foodstuffs and urgent supplies, for the transportation, distribution and administration thereof to such populations in Europe, outside of Germany, as may be determined upon by me from time to time as necessary. I wish to appeal to the sense of charity and good will of the American people to the suffering and to place this act upon a primarily humanitarian basis of the first magnitude. While the sum of money is in itself large, it is so small compared to the expenditures we have undertaken in the hope of bettering the world that it becomes a mere pittance compared to the results that will be obtained from it and the lasting effect that will be gained in the United States through an act of such broad humanity and statesmanlike influence."

Speedy Action Is Asked.

After Secretary Glass had transmitted the President's message to Congress, Chairman Shirley called a meeting of the House appropriations committee for Monday to consider it. Mr. Shirley said if the committee approved the request for funds it would be incorporated in a separate appropriation measure and presented forthwith to the House.

Officials of the Food Administration, in discussing the situation informally with members of the appropriations committee, urged speedy action, declaring that their advisors showed the same conditions as those outlined by the President.

Hood River Skater Injured.

HOOD RIVER, Or., January 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. Fred Rand, known as one of the best skaters in the valley, suffered a broken wrist last night, when she fell on one of the Columbia sloughs north of the city. Her skates struck some unseen obstruction on the ice surface, throwing her violently. A number of minor accidents have been reported. Hundreds of residents of both city and valley have been participating in the skating.

WHEN A FAMILY NEEDS A FRIEND

In the absence of Doctors Nobly Goes to War After Grip—Those wonderfully useful medicines, Hood's Sarsaparilla, Peptonin and Hood's Pills—comprising the new combination family treatment—are warmly recommended. If taken regularly, Hood's Sarsaparilla before meals, Peptonin after meals, and Hood's Pills at night as needed, they are reasonably sure to keep a family in health and prove to be reliable and always ready friends. They purify the blood, build up strength and regulate the system. Get all, or any one, as you think you need, from your druggist today.—Adv.

ITALY AND AMERICA UNITED IN FIGHT FOR COMMON IDEALS

King Victor Emmanuel Welcomes President Wilson and Anew Pledges Nation to Support of Cause of Liberty and Justice.

ROME, Friday, Jan. 4.—President Wilson was the guest of honor at an official dinner given at the Quirinal tonight. There were only two addresses, by King Victor Emmanuel and by Mr. Wilson. The King said: "You, yourself, Mr. President, have become our welcome and pleasing guest today, but in the consciousness of our people your personality already for a long time has inspired them in an ineffaceable way. It is that which in itself gathers all the powers which go to stimulate a will bent on liberty and justice and gives inspiration toward the highest conception of the destinies of humanity."

"The enormous salutations which have accompanied your passage through Rome today are attestations of sentiments of admiration and recognition that your own name and labor and the name and labor of the United States stir in the Italian people. The principles in which you in magnificent synthesis have summed up the ideal reasons of the war for liberty find resonance in Italian hearts."

"The best traditions of Italian culture, the liveliest currents of our national thoughts, have constantly aimed at the same ideal goal, toward the establishment of the international peace for which you have with tenacious faith stood before the vicissitudes of war and the fraternity of arms had established today's admirable communion of intentions and purposes between our two countries. The Italian workers had emigrated to your great republic. They had knitted America and Italy together with strong cords of friendship and these became reinforced by the spiritual affinity between both peoples who had a common faith in the virtue of free peoples and free governments."

"When Italy entered into the war a breath, a precursor of the American soul, penetrated into the rank and file of our workers who returned to the fatherland from America and brought into Italy an echo of their second Fatherland. Soaring correspondingly, the soul vibrated in the hearts of our emigrants enrolled under your banners when the American Nation under your leadership drew itself into the fight against the common enemy."

"It was natural that your visit, awaited with a most earnest desire, should take the form and expression almost tangible to this fervid agreement of intentions and of ideals, forming themselves between the two peoples and which are employed in a union always more intimate and a cooperation always more cordial in the face of the grave duties imposed by the common victory. Italy, having now gathered to her own bosom those brothers so long sorrowing under foreign oppression and having recognized the confines which alone can give her security and true independence, is preparing herself to cooperate with you in the most cordial manner to reach the most practical means for drawing into a single circle the civilized nations for the purpose of creating in the supreme form of a league of nations the conditions most fitted to safeguard and protect each one's rights."

"Italy and America entered together into the war through a rare act of will; they were moved by the purpose to co-act with all their energies in an effort to prevent the domination of force in the world; they were moved by the purpose to reaffirm in the scale of human values the principles of liberty and justice. They entered into war to conquer the powers of war. Their accomplishment is still unfinished and the common work must still be developed with firm faith and with tenacious constancy for the purpose of effecting the security of peace."

"I lift up my hand and in the honor of Mrs. Wilson, whose gentle presence adds charm to your visit; I drink to the prosperity and to the continuous and increasing prestige of the great American Nation."

President Wilson Responds.

In reply President Wilson spoke as follows: "Your Majesty: I have been very much touched by the generous terms of the address you have just read. I feel that it would be difficult for me to make a worthy reply, but yet if I could speak simply the things that are in my heart I am sure they would constitute an adequate reply."

"I had occasion at the Parliament of the afternoon to speak of the strong sympathy that had sprung up between the United States and Italy during the terrible years of the war, but perhaps I can speak more intimately and sincerely how sincerely the people of the United States had admired your own course and your own constant association with the armies of Italy, and the gracious and generous and serving association of Her Majesty, the Queen, who has been a source of pride with us as so many Italians, so many men of Italian origin, were in our own armies and associated with their brethren in Italy itself in the great enterprise of freedom. There has been no small matter and they complete that process of the welding together of the sympathies of nations, and these are going on so long between our peoples."

Italians' Course Commended.

"The Italians in the United States have excited a particular degree of admiration. They, I believe, are the only people of a given nationality who have been careful to organize themselves to see that their compatriots coming to America were from month to month and year to year guided to places in industries most suitable to their previous habits. No other nationality has taken such pains as that, and in serving their fellow-countrymen they have served the United States, because these people have found places where they would be most useful and would most immediately earn their own living and add to the prosperity of the country itself.

"In every way we have been happy in our association at home and abroad with the people of this great state. I was saying playfully to Premier Orlando that he had been so busy during the war in trying to put the people of the world under their proper sovereignties we would not be willing to part with the Italians in the United States because we too much value the contribution they have made, not only to the industry of the United States, but to its thoughts and to many elements of its life."

direct way the needs of the country you will not wonder that we were moved by its steadfastness. My heart goes out to the little, poor families all over this great kingdom who stood the brunt and strain of the war and stood their men gladly to make other men free, and other women and children free. These are the people and many like them to whom after all we owe the glory of this great achievement, and I want to join with you, for I am sure of joining with you, in expressing not only my profound sympathy, but my very profound admiration as well."

ROME PAYS ITS TRIBUTE

(Continued from First Page.)

save the picture an international touch. Before going to the Vatican, the President had his first real glimpse of the Eternal City. An early visit was paid to the Pantheon, where wreaths were laid upon the tombs of King Victor Emmanuel II and King Humbert there and then the Presidential party motored up the great hill overlooking Rome, where stands the imposing monument to Garibaldi.

The President alighted from his motorcar, and, standing bareheaded beside the statue of the great Italian and surrounded by the ruins of the historic centuries, he looked over the city lying below, crowned by the dome St. Peter's and with the Vatican gardens spread out before him. In the distance the broken columns of the old Forum and the tumbled walls of the Coliseum were visible.

Pope Receives President.

President Wilson received the impressive scene silently for several moments and then went on to the round of the great basilica. His first attendance at a meeting of the Royal Academy of Science and luncheon at the American Embassy came before the part of the program for today. While these earlier functions were in progress Pope Benedict was giving memory to a delegation of American newspaper men, to whom he expressed the greatest hopes for a lasting peace, his appreciation of the part America was playing in the efforts to achieve it and voicing his confidence in the continuing and increasing influence of the United States in the world's affairs.

Reception Cordial One.

In his conversation with President Wilson the Pontiff gave expression to identical sentiments and enlarged upon the themes. In view of the President's rejection of the papal peace offer months ago, the reception of the American executive at the Vatican today was looked forward to with great interest in all official circles, and the warm greetings exchanged by President Wilson and the Pontiff were commented upon with much satisfaction here.

Party to Reach Paris Tuesday.

The President's party is not expected to reach Paris until Tuesday morning, as the itinerary provides for stops at Genoa, Milan and Turin. The President is represented as expecting to find the peace delegates up to the point of deciding upon the first principles of the proposed league of nations, thus paving the way to the disposal of what he regards as the necessary preliminaries to the peace before his return to the United States about the middle of February.

Commander Freeman Quits Service.

SEATTLE, Jan. 4.—Commander Miller Freeman, who has been head of the naval training station at the University of Washington here since the United States entered the war, is to be succeeded by Commander O. A. Smith, it was announced today. Commander Freeman is to retire to his previous work as a Seattle publisher.

seemed to elude them, that seemed to run before them as they advanced, but never have they flagged in their purpose to achieve it, and I believe I am not deceived in supposing that in this age of ours they are nearer to it than they ever were before.

Mankind Has New Hope.

"The light that shone upon the summit now seems to shine almost at our feet and if we lose it, it will only be because we have lost faith. A breath of hope and of confidence has come into the hearts and minds of men. I would not have felt at liberty to come away from America if I had not felt that the time had arrived when, forgetting local interests and local ties and local purposes, men should unite in this great enterprise that will ever tie free men together as a body of brethren and a body of free spirits."

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From Many Thousand Bargains We Mention These Broken Lines and Surplus Lot of

Women's and Infants' Undermuslins To Close, This Sale at Half Price

Women who know values best will quickly recognize the unusual importance of this underpriced event. All garments offered have been taken from our regular stock lines—all are of reliable quality—well made and neatly trimmed and finished. The materials alone will cost you more than the prices quoted for this sale. Come and see.

- The assortment includes:
- Women's Drawers, Corset Covers and Brassieres.....
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 - Infants' Bonnets in many styles.....
 - Boys' Hats, Infants' Soft-Sole Shoes.....
- On Sale at 1/2 Regular Selling Figures

Six Big Specials In Seasonable

Woolen Dress Goods

Dressmakers and home sewers will find this sale to be an opportune time to purchase seasonable Woolen Dress Goods—for many of our leading lines have been undervalued in a manner to cause disposal before stock-taking. Here are six of the special offerings:

- Half-Wool Panamas at 39c Yd. 36-inch width—come in a number of good colors.
- All-Wool Serges at 69c Yd. Also cashmeres and plaids in 36-inch width.
- Black and White Fabrics at 69c Yd. 42-inch, half wool, black and white—fabrics with colored overplaids.
- 42 to 48 Inch All-Wool Fabrics at \$1.49 Yd. Granite plaids—neat check effects—gray stripe worsteds—diagonals and wide-wale serges.
- 54-Inch All-Wool Coatings, \$3.50 Yd. All-wool coatings in solid colors—the season's most favored weaves and shades—the very best of high-grade fabrics.
- 50 to 54 Inch Coatings at \$1.98 Yd. All-wool Bedford cords—diagonals—heavy serges—novelty checks—mixed tweeds—plain serges, etc.—all high-grade fabrics.



Women's Coats, Suits and Dresses

A Variety of Styles and Materials To Suit Every Taste—Every Garment A Decided Bargain This Special Price \$10.00 FOR CHOICE

Fortunate, indeed, is the woman who can arrange to attend this sale. It is the season's final price reduction on our remaining stock of broken lines in Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits and Dresses—about 95 garments in the lot and every one of desirable style and material—the assortment is too extensive and too varied to describe. Come, see for yourself what beautiful styles are to be had at the above extraordinarily low price. The Coats are of Egyptian Plushes and Zibelines. The Suits come in fine Serges and Chevots. The Dresses in Panamas and Wool Crepes.

All Sizes in the Assortment From 16 to 44. No Phone Orders and No Exchanges.

A FINE LOT OF SAMPLE Blankets Undervalued

Now is the time to replenish your blanket supply and here is the opportunity to do so at a splendid saving. We were fortunate in securing a full sample line, including both Wool and Cotton Blankets in several dozen styles and all sizes and weights—white, tan, grey and plaid—some are slightly soiled from handling—all are out of the ordinary bargains at prices quoted for this sale.

HALF LINEN Crash Toweling 17-inch width at 25c Yard

A good durable quality in white with blue border—very absorbent.

HALF PRICE for Hundreds of Remnants of Wash Goods 1/2 The Regularly Marked Remnant Prices—

- Mercerized Foulards—Silk Mixed Fabrics
- Madras Shirtings, One-Half Wool Suitings
- Fancy Waistings and Suitings—Galateas
- Velvet and Other Standard Quality
- Wash Fabrics—in white and colors
- All Lengths—All Colors—Best Patterns
- Choice From Entire Assortment at One-Half Remnant Prices—Come Early!

Bleached Sheets 72x90 inches at \$1.48 81x90 inches at \$1.69

Made of splendid quality Bleached Sheetting and without seam in the center.

Cambric Muslin 36-inch width at 25c yd.

Also a fine quality Bleached Muslin at same price and width.

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- Since optometry requires especial ability in both professional and mechanical work, men that are fitted to do both equally well are scarce.
- Therefore, you cannot be too particular about the selection of the man to whom you entrust your eyes.
- The professional work, the examining and measuring of your eye defects, must be skillfully done. The mechanical part, the making and adjusting of your glasses, is no less important.
- Our many years' experience is behind our system.
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