

FIVE PRINCIPLES OF PEACE QUESTIONED

Senator Lodge Asks Postponement of Discussion.

NATION'S DIVISION FEARED

Secret Diplomacy, Freedom of Seas, Economic Barriers Are Among Number.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Five of President Wilson's 14 principles of peace were held up in the Senate today by Senator Lodge, the Republican leader, as questions which might lead to division among the nations which have conquered Germany and which certainly should be postponed until after the peace conference. They relate to secret diplomacy, freedom of the seas, economic barriers, reduction of armaments and the league of nations.

Views Should Be Known. "In the present situation," he said, "I think it is of last importance that those concerned in the actual negotiation of the treaty should at least know the views of the Senate, so far as the Postmaster-General, in control of the cables, and Mr. Cress, in control of the news, will permit."

In his discussion of the freedom of the seas the Senator called attention to "the strange development" in connection with the pending naval appropriation bill—the advocacy by Rear Admiral Badger of a programme calling for a Navy as large as that of England by 1925. "We need a powerful fleet in the Pacific, and I feel sure we will have a Navy sufficient to furnish that fleet to the Western Coast."

Heavy Indemnities Demanded. "In addition to these guarantees there must be heavy indemnities paid by Germany for the ruin she has wrought in Belgium and Northern France and in Italy, and for her destruction of vessels, both neutral as well as belligerents, through the use of submarines. In those indemnities the United States must have its proper and proportional share."

"It will be for the peace conference to determine what disposition should be made of the German colonies, but one thing is essential, and that is they should not be returned to the tyrannical misgovernment of Germany and that she should be deprived of those means for extending her commerce and building up military outposts in all parts of the world."

Of the league of nations, Senator Lodge said no definite plan has yet been put forth that would not cause indefinite controversy. "The attempt to form now a league of nations with power to enforce its decrees," he said, "can tend only to embarrass the peace that we ought to make at once with Germany. If it were successful and... were to come before the Senate, it might endanger the peace treaty and force amendments."

"Are we prepared to allow any association of nations by a majority vote to order the troops and ships of the United States to go to war? Unless we are prepared to do so, we are not prepared to join a league of nations which is going to enforce peace."

Treaty Cannot Exist. Discussing secret diplomacy, the Senator said this point of President Wilson need not be incorporated in the peace treaty, because secret treaties never have and cannot exist in this country. Urging postponement of action in the matter of economic barriers, he said it "opens a wide field of discussion," and "its settlement is not in the least essential to ending the war by a peace with Germany."

Russia, Senator Lodge declared, presents an important problem in connection with the world peace and reconstruction which cannot be skirted. All civilized nations, he urged, must aid in restoration of Russia. "We have no present government in Russia," he said, "with which any one can deal intelligently. The thing that

calls itself a government is no more fit to be dealt with in negotiation than a band of anthropoid apes."

Resolutions Are Considered. Before Senator Lodge spoke, the foreign relations committee met to consider the resolution of Senator Knox of Pennsylvania, Republican, proposing postponement of action on the league of nations and freedom of the seas and also the resolution of Senator Johnson of California, Republican, requiring an official statement of America's policy in Russia. Action on both resolutions was postponed and probably will not be taken up until after the holidays.

Occasionally Senator Lodge digressed from his prepared remarks. He received close attention from both sides of the House. In one of his extemporaneous statements Senator Lodge said: "The only alternative, if we are to have a league of nations, to travel all over the world settling disputes, is that all nations would have to be on the same footing and the Monroe Doctrine would have to be abandoned."

When the Senator concluded he was congratulated by several Senators, including Democratic Leader Martin and Senators King of Utah, Simmons of North Carolina and Smith of Georgia, Democrat.

Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, Republican, recalled the explanation President Wilson made on March 18 last, of the first of his 14 principles—regarding secret diplomacy. He said the President explained that negotiations might be private, but treaties public. "If that is all the President means," said Senator Kellogg, "it means nothing."

Senator Kellogg insisted that the people of all nations shall be advised of, and discuss the great principles before the peace conference and also consent and declared that untoward results could be avoided only if the Senate expressed itself frankly in advance.

"While I think it a grave mistake," he said, "on the part of the President to ignore the Senate because our ultimate responsibility in making the peace is quite equal to his own, I have no fault to find with his not appointing Senators as delegates to the peace conference."

Question Declared to Be Not Religious, but Political—Pogrom Agitation Propaganda.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—(By the Associated Press.)—In discussing the political situation in Poland, especially as regards the Jews, Professor P. Tuter, Polish editor and writer, said today: "The present pogrom agitation has been set up by the Jews at the expense of the Polish nation for the purpose of influencing the peace negotiations. The Jews expect to obtain national concessions."

"The Jewish question in Poland is not religious, since we have never interfered in that direction. It is political. What they really purpose to do through their nationalist party is not only to get schools, but to have their own courts of justice and also their own parliament. They really wish to form a state within a state, yet they intend also to take part in our own political life. It is absurd."

"They are now interfering with our new government and attempting to divide our political parties. There are five Jewish parties, the largest is the orthodox, but the Socialist party, which is divided in Bolshevik and Radical, is very active. "As for the pogrom situation, it is mostly propaganda."

ARMY CHANGES ANNOUNCED

Major-General Mencher to Command Air Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Appointment of Major-General Charles T. Mencher, who commanded the Forty-second (Rainbow) Division in France, as director of air service, succeeding John D. Ryan, was announced today by General March.

Congressional Recess Approved. WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Plans for Congressional recess, beginning next week, and continuing until January 2, were approved today by the House.

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WALSH TESTIFIES IN BERGER TRIAL

Controversy With Postmaster-General Related.

SOCIALIST PAPERS AIDED

Restoration of the Mailing Privilege to Anti-War Literature Favored.

CHICAGO, Dec. 21.—Frank P. Walsh, ex-head of the Federal Industrial Relations Commission and later joint chairman of the Federal War Labor Board, was the principal witness for the defense at today's session of the trial of Congressman-elect Victor L. Berger, of Milwaukee, and four other Socialist leaders, charged with conspiracy to violate the espionage law.

He told of a controversy he had with Postmaster-General Burleson in July, 1917, at a hearing in Washington, D. C., over a request that the second-class mailing privilege be restored to the American Socialist and other papers. Walsh said he afterward wrote a letter to the Postmaster-General protesting against the official's action and the department's method of handling this class of cases and threatening to appeal to President Wilson. Postmaster-General Burleson, in his reply, characterized Mr. Walsh's letter as "impertinent and probably intended to be offensive."

Mr. Walsh testified that later he laid the case before President Wilson and suggested a number of reforms in protesting to the Washington officials was to safeguard the constitutional rights of free speech and a free press.

He said he had read several copies of the anti-war pamphlets circulated by the Socialist party, but had not been greatly impressed by them. On cross-examination he drew a distinction between what he thought should be barred from the mails and what should be excluded under the espionage law. He expressed the view that much of the Socialist anti-war literature might be mailed without doing any harm.

He said he did not agree with the Socialists that it was a capitalist war and vouchsafed the opinion that many persons who expect to make great fortunes out of the war would be sorely disappointed when they got through paying war taxes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 21.—Congress

was asked by Secretary of the Treasury Glass today to appropriate \$4,227,500 for completion of Postoffice buildings in 120 cities, construction of which was postponed during the war.

Klamath Falls Woman Resigns. Klamath Falls, Or., Dec. 21.—(Special.)—Worn out by the strain of a 20 months' chairmanship of the

Klamath Chapter of the American Red Cross, and compelled to leave for an extended time to recover her health, Mrs. H. D. Mertonson, yesterday after noon insisted on the acceptance of her resignation from this responsible post at a meeting of the executive committee. Mrs. S. E. Martin was chosen by the board to fill the vacancy during the remaining months of the year.

GOOD, OLD CHRISTMAS TIME! No Other Day Means So Much to So Many People. You'll want to give practical presents this year, so come to Gray's for some article of wearing apparel for man or woman. You have assurance its quality and style with values the best possible. Gifts for Men: SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, GLOVES PAJAMAS, GRIPS AND HANDBAGS, COLLAR BAGS, HATS CANES UMBRELLAS. For Ladies' Gifts: Nothing so practical as a NICE SUIT, COAT, DRESS or SPORT SKIRT, and right now we have Special Sale Prices. You can buy an Elegant Suit, Coat or Dress, worth \$40 to \$45, for \$29.50. A Suit, Coat or Dress, worth \$60 to \$65, for \$43.50. Handsome Plaid and Striped Sport Skirts At 25% Discount. REMEMBER—When your purchase amounts to \$4.00 or more in the Men's Furnishings and Hat Department you save 7%. To illustrate: On a \$5.00 purchase you pay \$4.65 in money. GRAY'S VALUES WILL TELL. R. M. GRAY 366 Washington At West Park

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Hazelwood Candies of the Real Christmassy Kind. —For the Christmas Tree —For Kiddies' Stockings —For All the Family. the best candies you've ever tasted—made by Hazelwood Master candy-makers. All the good old-fashioned kinds that every one from "the littlest boy" to grandmother likes—and many new kinds, too! Mixed candies in attractive Christmas Boxes to hang on your Christmas tree. Homemade specials—Chocolates and every other kind you can think of—thousands of pounds of them. BUY the Pound or Box Handsome Gift Boxes and Baskets Packed With Finest Confections. THE MOST WELCOME GIFT OF ALL FOR HER. Hazelwood Candies. The mother of "the best girl" can't possibly object to them. Your very own mother will be Oh! so happy with so sweet and wholly-to-be-enjoyed a gift. For anyone and everyone—they're an ideal Christmas thought.

YOUR CHRISTMAS DINNER. The Finest You've Ever Eaten! Just read this menu of the good things we've planned and are preparing for you—there's not a doubt but that you'll dine with us Christmas day. Christmas Day Wednesday, Dec. 25th. Dinner served, 12 noon, till 9 P. M. Music at Washington-Street Place \$1.25. MENU: Consomme in Cup, Cream of Tomato, Cream of Oyster Soup, Rice Olives, Choice of Roast Young Turkey, Cranberry Sauce, Roast Duck, Glazed Apples, Stuffed Spring Chicken, Giblet Sauce, Roast Veal, Dressing, Prime Ribs of Beef au Jus, Roast Veal Mashed or Baked Potatoes or Candied Nancy Hill Sweet Potatoes, Choice of Baked Hubbard Squash, Stewed Corn, Green Peas, Creamed Cauliflower, Spinach and Egg, Lima Beans, Choice of Waldorf Salad, Cream Dressing, Shrimp Salad, Mayonnaise, Lettuce and Tomato Salad, Choice of Christmas Ice Cream, Neapolitan or Princess Ice Cream, Plum Pudding with Vanilla Cream Sauce or Choice of any Pie, Tea, Coffee, Milk, Chocolate, Salted Nuts. Our Policy—To serve the Best Food at Lowest Possible Prices. The Hazelwood RESTAURANT AND CATERING.