

FUTURE IN RUSSIA AND SIBERIA DARK

Diplomats Alarmed at German
Encroachments; Japanese
Intervention Possible.

HUN DOMINATION FEARED

Washington Officials View Situation
With Grave Concern and Necessity
of Nipponese Going Into
Siberia Is Studied.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—(Special.)—Officials and diplomats here continue to watch the Russian and Siberian situations with grave concern.

Some experienced diplomats agree largely with the view of Lord Robert Cecil, published today, that if Germany becomes firmly established in Russia the Kaiser will be able to fight the world over.

There are increasing evidences that the allies, as well as the United States are disposed to take all possible steps to prevent Germany getting such a hold in Russia, or in Siberia.

Persons closely in touch with the situation and feeling in Japan concerning Siberia, look for Japanese intervention sooner or later.

Japan was kept out of Siberia by President Wilson's expressed objection to the sending of a Japanese army of occupation along the Trans-Siberian railroad.

Japanese Opinion Divided.

Japanese public opinion has not been united with regard to Siberia. A strong element in Japan is opposed to taking any essential steps which do not meet with approval in Washington.

But recent advices indicate that Japan is a unit as to the necessity for protecting Japan's vital interests. It is conceded by Japanese leaders, that no immediate military menace exists in Siberia. At the same time, the economic menace against Japan is said to be present and increasing.

In the face of an actual military menace, Japan would send an army into Siberia immediately, without waiting for the consent or approval of the United States, or any allies. So long as the economic menace against Japan is said to be present and increasing, it will be withheld.

Interest is shown here in editorial utterances in the French press during the past few days, urging the necessity for Japanese intervention in Siberia as an effect to the German offensive on the western front.

That the presence of a considerable force of Japanese in Siberia, for example, as far northwest as Irkutsk would compel the German high command to withdraw from France a sufficient force to offset it is conceded by military men here.

Slavs Oppose Japan.

There have been numerous indications that the Belshewiki and other Russian elements are strongly opposed to the intervention of Japan, despite the fact that British and French forces are now co-operating with Red Guard forces for the protection of the railroad reaching from Archangel and Kola to Petrograd.

While Japan is one of the allies, therefore, as this is the case, there can be no assurance that the Russians would permit an invasion by a Japanese army without a serious attempt at resistance.

The Russian-Japanese situation presents many angles. The most important task confronting Ambassador Ishihara, who is here, is to bring about a better understanding between the United States and Japan with regard to Siberia.

One element in Japan is said to feel that Germany and Austria-Hungary propose to dismember and apportion Russia. If this is done, Japan is said to feel that at least a portion of the province of Amur, which is almost at the door, should come to Japan.

HUNS ABOUT TO LOOT UKRAINE

Drastic Measures Taken in Order to
Obtain Food Supplies.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—An official dispatch today from Switzerland said the central powers are preparing to take drastic steps in Ukraine as the result of the difficulties in obtaining supplies from that country and the revolt against Teutonic rule.

The news reaching Switzerland from Ukraine by way of Berlin and Vienna, said the dispatch, "does not permit of a doubt but what we are face to face with a coup d'etat of the central powers. The latter, driven by famine, are ready to employ every means to seize from Ukraine the resources which she still contains. It is reported that blood has already been shed in Kiev in combats between the partisans of the new government and those of the former and the Kolische Zeitung, following the German practice of attempting to clear itself before being accused, hastens to announce that the troops of Von Eichorn are not actively participating in the combats. But the truth is quite otherwise.

"In well-informed circles in Switzerland it is not ignored that quite recently agents of Baron von Eichorn and Marshal von Eichorn distributed arms and munitions to their partisans. Considerable funds were distributed secretly by the German staff for the success of the coup d'etat."

"The Frankfurter Zeitung recognizes that the revolution now being dealt with in Ukraine is solely the consequence of the demands of the central powers, which want foodstuffs and cereals at all costs and which will not hesitate to do anything to obtain them. According to accurate information re-

ceived in Zurich, combats also took place at Ekaterinodar, at Kharkov, at Kherson and at Odessa, between the Germans and the Ukrainians in revolt. "Deportations into Germany continue. The commanders of the Ukrainian militia have been relieved of their offices and many thrown into prison. In spite of all these measures certain German papers said it is to be feared that the government of Kiev cannot fulfill the promises it made to the central powers on the question of food supplies."

"Naturally the German authority throws all the blame upon the rade of Kiev and consoles itself with the scenes of murder and plunder which have taken place in the country, says 'Verbatim' as does the 'New Stuttgarter Journal'.

"The fact is that today Ukraine is occupied territory where the military authorities have the last say."

Progress of the War.

Austria-Hungary supplies some of the most important items of the current news. With a critical economic and political situation officially conceded to be developing at home, her armies at the front apparently are about to be launched in a new attack on Italy.

The crisis in Vienna is marked by the dismissal of the Austrian Parliament by the Emperor's order and the declaration that forcible measures would be taken to make a resumption of its sessions impossible. A statement issued makes it clear that the government was embarrassed by the divisions in the legislative body over the grave food situation and the various racial grievances in the Austrian body, political and desired a free hand in the next few months.

Meanwhile, Vienna dispatches have reported Emperor Charles leaving for the front and have announced greatly increased activity along the Austro-Italian lines, where a renewal of the Teutonic offensive has long been threatened. The Rome official statement does not give a like picture of the front line activities, but records intensive aerial operations with the entente armies, bringing down 14 enemy machines.

The German offensive in Flanders has been held up now for virtually five days since the enemy waves last dashed against the rock-ribbed defense of the British and French, early last week and the Ypres line stood firm under the attack. General von Arnim evidently has been forced into this inactivity by the severity of his losses and the time necessary to marshal new forces for a fresh blow.

Concededly, however, the enemy has fresh troops for a thrust of even greater power if he thinks it advisable to employ them here, and there have been indications for the last day or two that he was preparing to do so.

There has been a strengthening of the allied defense at important points along both the northern and southern sides of the Ypres salient. The French have thus operated successfully in the Loire region, which is one of the main objective points of the German attack by the Ypres line, and the British on Friday night strengthened their lines in the vicinity of Hinges, northwest of Bethune.

In Palestine the British have again met and defeated the Turks in engagements in the vicinity of the River Jordan. Attacks by the Ottoman troops on two successive days were beaten off with heavy losses to the enemy and in the fighting the British took more than 300 prisoners.

Dispatches from Paris announce that a German long-range gun engaged in bombarding the French capital has been put out of action through a direct hit by the French artillery.

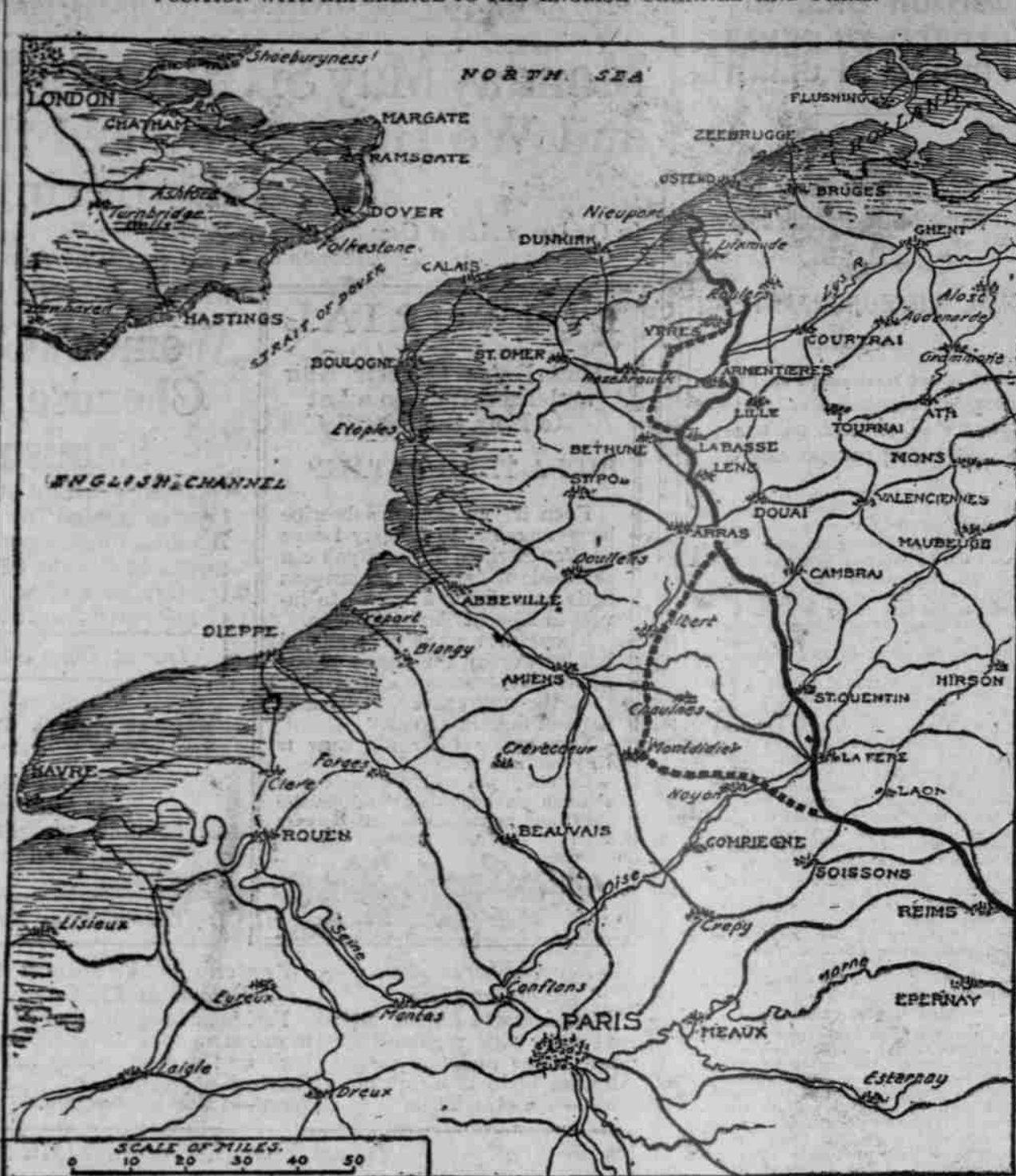
Fourth Nonsupport Charge Made.

Robert Green was charged with nonsupport in a complaint signed yesterday by his wife. He was arrested by Deputy Constables Glose and Watkins and is now in the County Jail in default of bonds. He has been arrested three times before on the same charge, but on each occasion has been released on his promise to provide for his wife and two small children.

Hawaii Gets New Governor.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Appointment of James C. McCarthy to be Governor of Hawaii was confirmed today by the Senate. The position pays \$7500 a year.

MAP SHOWING BATTLE LINE IN FRANCE EMBRACED IN RECENT GERMAN OFFENSIVE AND THE POSITION WITH REFERENCE TO THE ENGLISH CHANNEL AND PARIS.



HEAVY BLACK LINE INDICATES BATTLE FRONT BEFORE GERMAN OFFENSIVE BEGAN MARCH 21. DOTTED LINE SHOWS PRESENT FRONT.

ALLIES MAKE GAINS

Huns Renew Drive in Flanders,
but Are Hurdled Back.

GERMANS BOMBARD HILLS

Entente Positions on Scherpenberg
and Mont Rouge Under Tremendous
Fire of Enemy Guns, but
Boches Make No Progress.

(Continued From First Page.)

raided the German lines at Dog's Wood, in the Lorraine sector, penetrating through the Germans' first, second and third lines.

"The raid constituted the first time that American infantry in this section have operated under the protection of their own artillery."

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, Friday, May 4.—(By the Associated Press.)—Veterans of the defense of Verdun predominated among the French soldiers who gallantly defended Kemmel Hill against the Germans. They declare that Verdun was child's play compared to the conflict in Flanders recently. The bombardment at Verdun had set a high-water mark for concentration of guns of all calibers, but say those who went through it, it was nothing compared to what the French troops experienced during the German drive against Kemmel.

French Relieve British.

The French troops took up positions about Kemmel on April 22, relieving the battle-weary British. Throughout April 22 and 24 before the attack, the Germans maintained a tremendous bombardment and threw hundreds of thousands of gas shells mixed with ordinary explosive shells.

On the morning of the attack on Kemmel, the German gunners placed 10 big shells per second on the crest of the hill and during the day the French put on their gas masks 50 different times, for as fast as the wind cleared the gas away, another deluge

of the poisonous vapor poured over the hill. Part of the time the Polus had to sleep in their gas masks. Despite the great quantities of gas thrown the French had only 12 casualties from it, according to the latest reports.

Many Machine Guns Used.

A large part of the fighting was with machine guns, of which the Germans always had great numbers, and at times the German enfilading fire was terrific. The French artillery and machine guns, however, in their turn, reaped a great harvest from the enemy.

At times the French 75s got into heavy concentrations of infantry and literally tore them to pieces. The German losses in many instances are placed as high as 40 per cent.

French runners with messages refused to rest and kept at their task. The rationing of one famous regiment which fought at Verdun was a great feat. It was impossible to use the transport no rations were brought forward on machine-gun carriages under a heavy fire. The regiment had its bread and wine carried in barrels and finished neighboring regiments as well.

Nearly all the stretcher-bearers were killed. One worked six days and nights without rest.

German airplanes were out in force. They flew low and used machine guns continuously against the infantry.

SOLDIERS MAY SEE DRIVE

Antoists Having Room Asked to
Show Boys Highway.

Three hundred soldiers from Vancouver will be waiting today at the Y. M. C. A. for an opportunity to traverse the Columbia River Highway. Antoists having room for one or more soldiers are asked to call at the association building before 2 o'clock if possible. One hundred and fifty soldiers saw the highway last Sunday through the generosity of 50 automobile owners.

At the regular 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon meeting for men in the Y. M. C. A. auditorium today there will be a concert by Professor Walter A. Bacon's orchestra and attractive motion pictures.

Congress Asked for Moral Law.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Broader authority to protect the morals of soldiers and sailors was requested of Congress today by Secretaries Baker and Daniels. Secretary Baker wrote to the Senate military committee asking extension of the law permitting him to clean up immoral resorts within restricted zones.

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\$7.50

We were fortunate to have placed a large order for this bag previous to the advancing prices on "GENUINE COWHIDE."

That is the only reason you have the opportunity of getting a bag worth while at such a remarkably low price.

"LIKLY" construction, three-piece model with welt. Large pattern. Leather is medium weight, long grain cowhide. Has extra large corners sewed on riveted steel frame, leather covered steel form handle, concealed English lock and claw lift catches. Lining best quality checked serge, with regulation pockets, 18-inch size. Black only.



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Portland, Oregon.

REUNION COMES IN JAIL

TYNIK BROTHERS, ALIENS, MEET
AFTER TEN YEARS.

Paul Ordered Interned as Enemy of
Nation and Louis Will Probably
Follow Brother.

Federal officers yesterday assisted in effecting the first meeting between Paul Tynik and Louis Tynik, brothers, in the past ten years. The meeting place was the Multnomah County jail where both are being detained as Austrian alien enemies.

Paul was taken into custody some time ago and lodged in jail until an investigation could be made as to his standing as an alien enemy. He was found to be an Austrian alien enemy and a telegram directing his internment reached the office of the Assistant United States Attorney Veatch yesterday just as Veatch was questioning Louis, who was arrested a few days ago by the police as a vagrant.

Recognizing the similarity in names, Mr. Veatch consulted the record of Paul on file in his office and had but little trouble in establishing the relationship.

Louis admitted he had such a brother and, when asked, assured Mr. Veatch that he would like to see his relative again, having last seen him in New York City 10 years ago. Louis was immediately taken to the county jail and it is probable the visit between the brothers will be prolonged, as the United States Attorney's office has wired to Washington for authority to intern the long-lost brother.

200 CANDIDATES APPEAR

Teaching Positions in All Schools
Will Be Filled.

Nearly 200 prospective teachers in Portland schools have called at the office of Superintendent Alderman for interviews in regard to their qualifications for the positions which they seek. Yesterday forenoon 49 candidates were interviewed, and a number of additional applicants were in the administrative office later in the day.

No further applications for positions

for the coming year can be considered by the School Board. The election of teachers will occur at the next meeting of the board, and no applications received after April 15 will be passed upon. Portland will have no difficulty, it is said, in securing the required number of first-class teachers for the grade and high schools.

Injured Workman's Condition Grave

L. W. Van Fleet, who fell 90 feet from a scaffold while at work at the Columbia Engineering Works Friday night, is still in a serious condition at the St. Vincent's Hospital. Van Fleet received a fractured right leg and internal injuries. Reports from the hospital say that he is improving as well as can be expected under existing circumstances.

Little Things That Mean Much

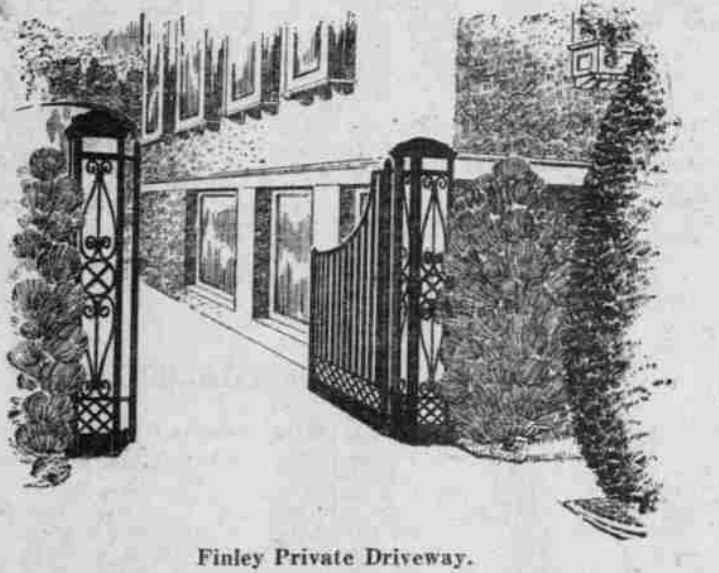
IN the time of bereavement, we don't stop to ask why things are done—or not done—to make this great trial easier for family and friends.

To soften and relieve the service of its old fear, was our first thought in planning the Finley institution. For instance, the private driveway avoids undue publicity.

This kind of service, while so distinctly a Finley idea, is for all, regardless of their means. No one else can, or does, offer more for a stated price.

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Progressive Funeral Directors
Montgomery at Fifth.



Finley Private Driveway.



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Eyes carefully examined and properly fitted with glasses without the use of drugs.

GET KRYPTOKS DIRECT FROM US

We design and grind genuine Kryptoks in our own factory on the premises.

With manufacturing restricted, there is naturally a great deal of substitution going on.

The wearer cannot tell Kryptoks by their looks, and, therefore, has to trust to the statement of the optometrists.

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"Only Spring Fever"

That's what you say when Nature protests against your activities these Spring days. You are drowsy; your joints ache; you hate to work. It isn't because of the weather. It's the fact that your system is clogged; your blood overloaded with the stagnant waste of the winter. Clear up your system and note the difference.

You Need a Good Tonic

Something that will purify your blood, invigorate your digestion, overcome the stagnation, which is usually catarrhal, and arouse your bodily activities. "Spring Fever" is Nature's way of saying you need Peruna, a tonic with laxative qualities, that will gently stimulate body functions, restore appetite, invigorate digestion, and assist Nature to drive out all catarrhal and inflamed conditions.

The liquid medicine is best for your home; the tablet form can be carried around with you for immediate use. Peruna has a record of 44 years of success. Its merit is responsible.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio



RECIPE TO DARKEN GRAY HAIR

A Cincinnati Barber Tells How to Make
a Remedy for Gray Hair.

Mr. Frank Harbaugh, of Cincinnati, O., who has been a barber for more than forty years, recently made the following statement:

"Anyone can prepare a simple mixture at home, at very little cost, that will darken gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. To a half pint of water add 1 ounce bay rum, a small box of Barbo Compound and 4 ounces glycerine. These ingredients can be bought at any drug store at very little cost. Apply to the hair twice a week until the desired shade is obtained. This will make a gray-haired person look twenty years younger. It does not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off."—Adv.